



EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic
News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from
the two Hemispheres presented in a
concise and readable form.

A serious snow storm is raging in
South Dakota.

The Chinese emperor and empress
will return to Peking.

Fire destroyed a considerable portion
of the Korean palace at Seoul recently.

General Botha has sent Lord Roberts a
statement of the terms on which he
will surrender.

The Japanese empress was attacked by
a lunatic who threw his purse and
his shoes at her.

The firm of William L. Strong &
Co., of New York, has failed, with
liabilities of \$6,000,000.

Henry Elling, a pioneer of Montana
and president of six banks in that
state, died at his home in Virginia
City.

During the progress of a bull fight
given by women toreros at Alicante,
Spain, the benches collapsed and eight
persons were killed and 800 injured.

According to Commissioner of Immi-
gration Fitch, of New York, immi-
grants have arrived in this country at
the rate of 1,000 per day from all
countries since July last.

Thirteen insane soldiers from the
Philippines, who had been confined in
the Presidio hospital at San Francisco,
have been sent to the government asy-
lum at Washington, D. C.

Yale college will educate free of
charge five Filipinos provided young
men of exceptional fitness and good
character be selected by Judge Taft, of
the Philippine commission.

At Denver, in an action begun by
Dean Hart to prevent Sunday theater
performances, Police Justice Thomas
decided in favor of the theaters, hold-
ing that the city ordinance on the sub-
ject is void.

The Peruvian bark Francisco Tozo
cleared from Astoria with a cargo of
529,054 feet of lumber, valued at
\$5,734.78. She was loaded at the
Knappton, Wash., mills, and goes to
Callao, Peru.

The state supreme court of Minne-
sota has decided that the so-called "jag
cure law" is unconstitutional because
it applies only to counties of over 50,
000 people and it is limited in its ben-
efits to a certain number in each county,
one per year to each 10,000 of people.

Admiral Carnegie has another surprise
for Pittsburgh, involving the expendi-
ture of several million dollars. His
purpose is said to be the establishment
of a polytechnic school for the instruc-
tion in practical mechanics and the in-
dustrial sciences. The amount of
money which will be spent by Mr.
Carnegie in founding and endowing the
school is \$3,000,000.

Ambassador Choate lectured on
Lincoln at Edinburgh.

Terry McGovern defeated Kid Broad
at Tattersalls, Chicago.

The treaty of Paris was denounced
at the Spanish-American congress.

Industrial commission hears testi-
mony on labor strikes and sweatshops.

Indemnity claims by Philippine cor-
porations will be submitted to congress.

A bill to disfranchise negroes was
introduced in the Georgia legislature.

President McKinley asks the mem-
bers of the cabinet to remain with
him.

Brazil and Argentina may force Chile
to grant Bolivia's demands in regard to
coast lines.

Union labor makes a demand for
state positions in Washington under
new regime.

An Idaho dance hall tragedy result-
ed in the death of two men at the
town of Gem.

In an explosion in a gelatine mixing
house of a powder company at Lo-
brante, Cal., 15 miles from San Fran-
cisco, one white man and two Chinese
were killed.

A special dispatch from Tien Tsin,
says a force of Russians has captured
the arsenal northeast of Yeng Tsin,
with trifling loss, killing 200 Chinese
and capturing a quantity of arms and
treasure.

Max J. Lasar, the diamond smuggler,
pleaded guilty in the United States
court at Buffalo, N. Y. He was fined
\$500 and sent to the Erie county jail
for six months. He smuggled dia-
monds which were sold for \$31,000.

The bodies of 22 persons who were
killed by the collapse of houses in-
jured by the typhoon which struck Hong
Kong recently, have been recovered.
More than 50 bodies have been taken
from the harbor, and the remains of
many victims are still to be found.
The damage to property and crops is
enormous.

Japan has passed a law to pro-
hibit lads under 20 years of age from
smoking.

The home of the late Bayard Taylor
at Westchester, Pa., known as Cedar-
croft, was sold at sheriff's sale to sat-
isfy a claim.

J. M. McKnight, formerly president
of the German National bank of Louis-
ville, has been sentenced to five years
imprisonment at hard labor for embe-
zlement.

LATER NEWS.

Sanitary conditions at Peking are be-
coming serious.

The good roads movement was form-
ally launched in Chicago.

Methodists convened in New York
denounced the Church of Rome.

Rebel and American activity in the
field has been greatly increased.

Kentucky bank is out \$301,000
through the dishonesty of a clerk.

The United States supreme court
sustained the Tennessee cigarette law.

Four men were burned to death in a
fire that destroyed a Pennsylvania ho-
tel.

The battle-ship Kentucky will en-
force the indemnity claim against Tur-
key.

In an engagement north of Manila 11
Americans and 50 Filipinos were killed.

There is a scarcity of food in Tien
Tsin, and already there is considerable
suffering.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty will be
the stumbling block in the way of
canal legislation.

Twenty-six Oregon counties that
have not remitted scalp bounty tax are
requested to do so.

The marriage of the Duke of Man-
chester and Miss Zimmerman, of Cin-
cinnati, is announced.

Past fiscal year was the most pros-
perous period known to American
shipping for some time.

A Chicago firm submits the best bid
for the construction of the new post-
office building, Salem, Or.

Fifty-six cases of yellow fever are
now under treatment in the city of
Havana, among them two Americans.

Fred J. Kisel, of Malheur county,
Oregon, has been appointed as a dele-
gate to the National Irrigation Con-
gress.

Rev. James Deighton, once a noted
London preacher, and an intimate
friend of Spurgeon, died at Huxton,
Eng., aged 63 years.

The population of Minnesota, as of-
ficially announced, is 1,715,754, against
1,301,826 in 1890, an increase of 449,-
668 since 1890, or 34.5 per cent.

The population of Pennsylvania, as
officially announced by the census bu-
reau, is 6,302,116, against 5,358,014 in
1890, an increase of 1,044,101, or 19.3
per cent.

Dispatches from Vladivostok say
the Chinese have destroyed 300 versts
of the southern section of the Manchur-
ian railroad. All the stations were
burned and much rolling stock was de-
stroyed. The damage is estimated at
10,000,000 roubles.

Two men held up a saloon at Tacoma
and secured \$12.

Fire at Canton, China, destroyed be-
tween 200 and 300 houses.

Robbers blew open the vault of a
bank in Quincy, Ill., and secured
\$2,300.

Fire at an Oshkosh, Wis., lumber
yard destroyed \$75,000 worth of fine
grade lumber.

The transport Logan has arrived at
San Francisco from Manila, with 273
sick soldiers.

Two men were killed and four seri-
ously injured in a train wreck near
Jackson, Miss.

The steamer Nome City has arrived
at Seattle from Nome with 259 miners
and \$100,000.

Fire destroyed the business portion
of the town of Philippi, W. Va., caus-
ing a loss of \$100,000.

A heavy snow storm is raging in
British Columbia, \$20,000 damage be-
ing done in Vancouver alone.

Two fishermen were drowned in the
bay at Seattle from a small sailboat,
which capsized in a gust of wind.

The American legation building at
Caracas was injured beyond repair by
the recent Venezuelan earthquake.

The University of Oregon football
team defeated the University of Cali-
fornia team by a score of 2 to 0.

The United Mineworkers have decid-
ed to bring into their organization all
workers in and about the mines.

Governor Candler, of Georgia, has
issued a call for a National Maritime
congress at Brunswick, Ga., January
30.

The murderous Apaches of Mexico,
will be hunted up in the mountains
and exterminated by the Mexican
troops.

Anarchists were not concerned in the
recent assault on Emperor William. It
was merely the act of a demented Ber-
lin woman.

Three Americans were killed in a
fight with 200 bohemians in the province
of Panay. The enemy lost 100 killed
21 wounded and 50 prisoners.

One hundred dead bodies were found
in a swamp just west of the city of
Galveston, Texas, on the island where
they had been deposited by the storm
of September 8.

In old Kentucky, a football game be-
tween a Cincinnati team and a Dan-
ville, Ky., team, ended in a fight in
which a majority of the Cincinnati
players were compelled to go to the
hospital.

More than 150 new school houses
have been built in Kansas within the
last year.

Apricots stand second to oranges as
a money making crop in California.
Roughly estimated, the present apricot
yield is worth \$2,500,000 to that state.

It has been discovered that Monon-
gahela river is ruinous to boilers, hav-
ing 16 grains of sulphuric acid to one
gallon—a disastrous ratio, according
to experts.

OPEN DOOR IN CHINA

Cotton Manufacturers of the
South Petition For It.

IMPORTANT TRADE NECESSITY

Secretary Hay Asked to Use His Good
Offices to Prevent Closing of
Markets to Americans.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Secretary Hay
has received a petition from nearly all
of the leading cotton manufacturers of
the South to take such action as may
lie within his power to prevent the in-
terference by any European power
which might close the foreign markets
to the cotton manufacturers of the
United States and injure other Ameri-
can interests.

The petitioners declare that the "open door" policy is neces-
sary to secure the retention of the im-
portant trade in cotton drills and shir-
tings with China, most of which are
manufactured in Southern states. It
is declared the withdrawal of this
trade in Manchuria would seriously
affect not only the manufacturers of
cotton goods but Southern cotton-grow-
ers and employers and employees and
laborers in the cotton mills.

The petitioners represent fully \$15,000,000
in capital and declare they have lost
half their trade since the Boxer upris-
ing and are running on half time.

General Chaffee has cabled the war
department the following from Taku,
under date of November 16:

"Sixth regiment, United States
cavalry, will remain in China, under
command of Lieutenant-Colonel Theo-
dore J. Wint, with troops L. K. L. M.
"CHAFFEE."

CHINESE DISCOVERED AMERICA.

Evidence Contained in Ancient Records
Unearthed in Peking.

Monterey, Mex., Nov. 17.—The re-
port that American officers have un-
earthed ancient records in Peking show-
ing that the Chinese discovered Ameri-
ca 1,500 years ago, and erected temples
in Mexico, has aroused the greatest in-
terest among the scientific men of Mon-
terey and throughout this country.

The Chinese temples alluded to are in
the state of Sonora, on the Pacific
coast. The ruin of one of the temples
was discovered near the town of Ures,
in that state, about two years ago.

One of the large stone tablets found in
the ruins was covered with carved
Chinese characters, which were partly
deciphered by a learned Chinaman who
visited the ruins at the request of the
Mexican government. This Chinaman
made the assertion at the time that the
ruins were those of a temple which had
been erected many centuries ago by
Chinese, but his statement was not re-
ceived with credence.

It has been long claimed that the In-
dians of the state of Sonora are the de-
scendants of the early Chinese settlers.
They possess many traditions and
characteristics of the Chinese. If the
report of the finding of these records
in Peking is verified an expedition will
go from here to explore further the
ancient temples of Sonora.

Dishonest Officials.

Yokohama, Nov. 17.—Several mem-
bers of the Tokyo city council, having
been accused of accepting a bribe from
the Mitsui lead pipe factory, all the
members resigned en bloc, but were
subsequently re-elected with the ex-
ception of the incriminated members,
warrants for whose arrest have been
issued.

Fire in a Bridge Plant.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 16.—Fire
which started in the engine-room of
the Detroit Bridge & Iron Works early
today did between \$65,000 and \$75,-
000 damage. Five of the huge men
died in the explosion. The loss
threw the company into financial straits.
Repairs will be begun immediately and the
works started again as soon as possible.

Queen Drags Not Dead.

Paris, Nov. 15.—Inquiries made by
a representative of the press at the
Serbian legation here show that there
is no truth in the report published by
the Echo de Paris today that Queen
Draga of Serbia is dead. The legation
officials have not even heard that the
queen is ill.

Wealthy Man's Suicide.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 17.—Frank
Alderman, a wealthy real estate man,
killed himself today. He walked into
a hardware store, purchased a revolver,
loaded it and then sent a bullet into his
brain. He is thought to have been in-
sane. He was a prominent Republican
politician.

Another North Sea Cable.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Consul Leis-
ter, at Rotterdam, in a report to the
state department, says that a third
telegraphic cable has been constructed
recently between The Netherlands and
England and will expedite the delivery
of American cablegrams via London.

Farm Machinery Plant Burned.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—A special to the
Record from Geneva, Ill., says: Fire
totally destroyed the plant of the Ap-
pleton Manufacturing Company in this
city. It started in the paint shop.
The loss is \$250,000. The company
manufactured farm machinery.

MacArthur Removes the Conscription.

Manila, Nov. 17.—The conscription
was removed today. General Mac-
Arthur, however, has issued directions
to the cable companies ordering them
to furnish him with a copy of all press
dispatches.

Return of the Logan.

San Francisco, Nov. 17.—The trans-
port Logan arrived from Manila tonight
and went into quarantine. The Logan
brings 278 sick soldiers, 39 prisoners
and eight insane.

CIGARMAKERS RIOTING.

Serious Trouble Between Two Rival
Unions at Tampa.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 19.—Rioting be-
tween International and Resistencia
Unions of cigarmakers began here to-
day at the factory of Gonzales, Mora
& Co., of Tampa and Chicago. This
firm was working a full force of Resis-
tancia men, numbering about 500.
The Internationals marched to the fac-
tory and demanded that these men
come out. This was refused and the
Internationals declared they would put
them out. The premises are enclosed,
and as an international man started to
enter the gate the Italian doorkeeper
fired on him. This was followed by a
fight in which several hundred were
killed. The front and side of the
buildings were riddled with bullets,
but no one has been reported injured.
Police officers dispersed the mob.

Every factory closed at noon for the
day. The mayor has sworn in 100 ex-
tra policemen, and the sheriff has ad-
ded numerous deputies to his force. The
mayor issued a proclamation forbidding
marches, processions and demonstra-
tions of the rival trades unions, planned
for tonight.

The Internationals have about 800
members here, while the Resistencia
members number over 3,000.

Since the rioting, the city has pre-
sented a wildly excited condition, and
the streets in the neighborhood of the
cigar factories have been thronged
with people. This afternoon a mass
meeting of business men passed a resolu-
tion authorizing the chairman to ap-
point committees, which the unions
did. These committees met and agreed
that all the men should go to work to-
morrow morning. The Internationals
have agreed to this proposition practi-
cally, but the Resistencia Union is
still considering the matter. It is
thought it will be adopted before mor-
ning. All the factories are now heavily
guarded by deputies.

MESSENGER BAXTER'S VICTIM.

Council Bluffs Robber the Outcast of a
Wealthy Family.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The bandit who
was killed October 8 last by Express
Messenger Baxter, on the Kansas City,
St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad, is
said to have been the outcast of a
wealthy Massachusetts family. This
information was given by Lieutenant Ro-
man, of detective headquarters, by a
"crook" whom the veteran detective
has known for years.

"I have no reason to doubt the man's
story," said the lieutenant, "and al-
though he is a thief, I have confidence
in his word. A week or 10 days be-
fore the train hold-up on the Kansas
City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs rail-
road, my informant met the man here
in Chicago. The plans were then be-
ing made for the hold-up. 'Keep your
eyes on the express man,' said the man,
'and you'll hear of something near Council
Bluffs.' My informant did not then
know that a train was to be held up,
but when he read of the attempted rob-
bery and the killing of one of the band-
its, he knew who it was that did the
job. Later he saw a picture and de-
scription of the dead robber and recog-
nized the man at once. He would not
tell me the name of the thief who was
killed by the express messenger, as he
said it would only sadden a family who
have had their share of sorrow for the
acts of a wayward son."

WHOLESALE BODYSNATCHING.

Horrible Discovery Made in a Michigan
Cemetery.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Nov. 19.—The
authorities of this city were informed
today of a horrible case of wholesale
bodysnatching which took place in the
Springbrook cemetery in Nottawa
county, nine bodies, so far as known
at present, were exhumed and all but
one were those of persons who had died
within the past year. The ninth vic-
tim, which is supposed to have been
Mrs. Henry Knowles, although the
body is in such a state of decomposition
as to be unrecognizable, was dis-
covered in a hedge fence about a quar-
ter of a mile from the cemetery. She
died about five years ago. The cem-
etry is in an isolated spot, and up to
Wednesday there had not been a burial
there for nearly three weeks. When
Isaac Dunton, the sexton, went to dig
a grave yesterday, the discovery was
made of remnants of coffins, which
seemed to have been knocked apart
with an ax and were strewn about the
graveyard.

Remains of a Train Robber.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 19.—Between
Cactus Grande and Florence a party of
hunters found a skeleton which is be-
lieved to be the remains of Bert Al-
ford, leader of one of the most desper-
ate bands of train robbers that ever
operated in Arizona. There is scarce-
ly any doubt that he was killed by
William Stiles, one of the members of
the gang. Wild animals had torn all
the flesh from the skeleton, but pecu-
liar marks on the skull and fillings in
the teeth made identification sure.

Three Hanged in Arizona.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 19.—Unless
the unexpected happens and further
clemency is extended by President Mc-
Kinley or Governor Murphy, three men
will be hanged Saturday for murders
in Arizona. Thomas and William
Holdeman will be executed at Tomb-
stone for the killing of Ted Moore, and
Santiago Ortiz will pay the death pen-
alty for the murder of W. S. Moffat.

Head-End Collision.

Oil City, Pa., Nov. 19.—A head-end
collision between a Pennsylvania extra
freight train and a Lake Shore pas-
senger train occurred two miles west of
Folk town. Both engines were de-
molished, all of the passenger coaches
lost the tracks, and 40 oil and coal
cars of the freight were derailed.

Prevented Negroes From Voting.

Lexington, Nov. 19.—A. S. Thomp-
son, a prominent farmer of Bourbon
county, George Leary and Samuel
Adams, colored, were held in \$1,000
bail by United States Commissioner
Hill to the federal court the first day
of January, at Frankfort, charged
with conspiracy to prevent negroes
from voting at the last election. It is
charged that crap games were started
and the negroes participating were ar-
rested just before the election so as to
keep them away from the polls.

BOXERS' FATE FIXED

Princes Tuan and Chang Go
to Prison for Life.

OTHERS FARE LITTLE BETTER

Moderate and Humane Course of the
United States Has Advanced
Its Prestige in China.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Minister Wu
has received from Director-General
Sheng the following cablegram, which
he communicated to Secretary Hay to-
day:

"An imperial decree of November 13
deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chang
of their ranks and offices, and orders
them to be imprisoned for life; Prince
Chang and secondary Prince Liang to be
imprisoned; secondary Prince Liang to be
deprived of his rank; Duke Lan and
Liang Nien to be degraded in rank;
Kang Yi being dead, no penalty can be
imposed upon him; Chao Shu Chiao to be
degraded, but retained in office, and
Yu Hsien to be exiled to the farthest
boundary."

The Chinese officials mentioned in
the decree are among the highest in
China, and comprise most, if not all,
of those against whom the powers de-
manded rigorous punishment. Prince
Tuan stands at the head of the anti-
foreign and Boxer movement. Previous
edicts degraded him and took away his
office and servants, but this judgment
of life imprisonment is the most severe
thus far given to any of the leaders
responsible for the trouble. From a
Chinese standpoint, it is an extreme
penalty to a prince of the blood, but
it remains to be seen whether the pow-
ers will regard it as adequate to Prince
Tuan's offense. The others mentioned
were Tuan's active associates, and two
of them were specifically mentioned
for punishment, along with Tuan, in
Secretary Hay's note of October 3, in
which he advised the Chinese govern-
ment that this country would expect
these officials to receive their just des-
erts.

Kang Yi is one of the officials who
died suddenly when the demands for
punishment had been made, probably
by suicide. Yu Hsien is another who
was thought to have committed suicide,
but the reports indicate that he is still
alive.

Wise Course of the United States.

There is no hesitation in energeti-
cally denying the European implication
that the United States government is
moved in its Chinese course by senti-
mental and unbusinesslike considera-
tions. On the contrary, it is pointed
out that, while sentiment is on the
side of our government in this matter,
it is accompanied by the soundest busi-
ness considerations. The animating
purpose of the state department now is
to prevent the destruction of Chinese
integrity upon pretexts; to maintain
the open door, for which our govern-
ment long has contended, and to secure
indemnities for the past, and guaran-
tees for the future.

A TERRIBLE PENALTY.

The Limon, Colo., Murderer Burned at
the Stake.

Limon, Colo., Nov. 19.—Chained to
a railroad rail set firmly in the ground,
on the exact spot where his heinous
crime was committed, Preston Porter,
or, as he was familiarly known, John
Porter, this evening paid a terrible
penalty for his deed. It was 6:23
o'clock when the father of the murder-
ed girl touched the match to the fuel
which had been piled around the ne-
gro, and 20 minutes later a last con-
vulsive shudder told that life was ex-
tinct. What agony the doomed boy
suffered while the flames shriveled
up his flesh could only be guessed by
the terrible contortions of his face and
the cries he gave from time to time.

The executioners, who numbered
about 300 citizens of Limon county,
had not the least semblance of the or-
dinary mob. Their every act was de-
liberate, and during all the prepara-
tions, as well as throughout the suffer-
ings of the negro, hardly an unnee-
cessary word was spoken. Grimly they
stood in a circle about the fire until
the body was entirely consumed and
then quietly they took their way back
to Limon, from whence they departed
for their homes shortly afterward.

Attack on the Kaiser.

Breslau, Nov. 19.—Emperor William
was the object of an attempted outrage
today which, however, failed. As he
was driving in an open carriage to the
cavalry barracks, accompanied by the
hereditary prince of Saxe-Meiningen,
a woman in the crowd hurled a
short-handled chopper, or hatchet, at
the carriage. The hatchet struck the
carriage, but the rapidity with which
the vehicle was passing saved its occu-
pants.

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A CLERK STOLE \$201,000.

He Has Been Missing Several Days and
the Bank Is Closed.

Cincinnati