

THE COLUMBIAN,

St. Helen, Columbia Co., Or.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1884.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Year, in advance..... \$2.00
Six months " "..... 1.00
Three months " "..... .50

ADVERTISING RATES.
One square (10 lines) first insertion..... \$2.00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1.00
E. G. ADAMS, Editor & Proprietor.

TUESDAY'S CONTEST.

At this writing we are not prepared to mourn or be overjoyed. The Democrats have enough electoral votes assured if they have New York, but the returns from that state are so inconspicuous that we are hardly able to form a conclusive opinion. We have never lost faith in the ability of Governor Cleveland to carry New York, and we honestly think he has done so. The best figuring that our Republican friends can do would give Blaine about 1000 majority, but there are 254 precincts to hear from. With New Jersey, Connecticut and New York, we have 51 votes, which, added to the assured States give us 204, or three more than a majority. We shall probably get full vote to day.—Standard.

We are indebted to Judge Moore for the election returns of Columbia County which are as follows: Scappoose 35 R., 45 D.; Union 106 R., 64 D., 3 Butler; Rainier 85 R., 58 D., 6 Butler, St. John 3; Oak Point 33 R., 24 D., 1 Butler; Clatskanie 30 R., 33 D., 2 Butler; Marshland 30 R., 7 D.; Nehalem 52 R., 13 D.; Auburn 28 R., 26 D. Republican majority 155.

The election hinges on New York. Mr. Caudle was in the office of the Standard at 1 p. m. on Thursday and Mr. Noltner, the Editor, received a telegraphic dispatch that Blaine was 155 votes ahead and 149 precincts to hear from in the State of New York.

It is supposed Oregon has gone Republican.

The Virginias are doubtful. New Jersey and Conn. have gone Dem.

ECONOMY IN SCHOOL BOOKS.

Should We Have a Change?

To the Editors of the Columbian:
The publishers of Bancroft's Readers are placing those books before the County Superintendents of Oregon and asking their adoption in place of the Independent Readers in use during the past six years. That the public may know what is proposed, and what value lies in the proposal, we desire to invoke the kindly offices of the Columbian in placing the same before them.

1. THE EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES.—A comparison of the relative merits of the books as school readers cannot well be made in a newspaper article, where the books are not present to be compared. Without entering into such comparison, it will be recognized by every teacher and intelligent patron that the impetus given to the study of reading, and the interest awakened in it by the introduction into the schools of reading matter with bright new illustrations, cannot help being great. This new interest and enthusiasm will also communicate itself to other studies. No one doubts these propositions. As bearing on the question of the adaptation of the Independent Readers to present methods of instruction it should be stated, also, that the publishers of that series have issued an entirely new series within a year, based on methods quite opposite to those which obtain in the old books. The inference cannot be avoided that the series has lost the confidence of the old great body of teachers.

2. THE FINANCIAL GAIN.—This will appear (1) in the cheaper retail price of the Bancroft series after the books are once introduced.

BANCROFT.		INDEPENDENT.	
First Reader \$.25	First Reader \$.25	Second " .40	Second " .50
Third " .55	Third " .75	Fourth " .65	Fourth " 1.00
Fifth " .90	Fifth " 1.25		
Total \$2.75	Total \$3.75		

By a comparison of retail prices of Bancroft's Readers with those now in use it will be seen that Bancroft's are \$1.00 cheaper per set of 5 books, or 20 cents per copy, or 26 2/3 per cent. This is well worth saying.

The financial gain will also appear (2) in the gain at the time of exchange. At this point comes in the objector and says:

"But what are we going to do with our old books. We can't afford to throw them all away and get new ones."

The publishers were prepared for this objection, because it is not a new one. But they do not meet it as it has been met by other publishers on former occasions, heedless of the interests and wishes of the public. On the contrary the public interest has been consulted as well as the publisher's interest, and the objection is generously met by a proposition which not only calls for no sacrifice of any reader now in use, but on the contrary, when any such reader can be no longer used by its owner it will be accepted in full payment of the book next

required. The hardships which the public has herefore experienced in a change, arises from the following facts: 1st. That only the old reader of a particular grade was received for a new reader of the same grade; that is, a First Reader for a First Reader, a Second Reader for a Second Reader etc.

2nd. That at the end of three months this mild extortion was replaced by a prompt advance to full prices for all books purchased, the old books remaining in the hands of the pupil, counting for absolutely nothing.

Bancroft & Co. present no forcing process of this kind. Their proposition differs from the above in both particulars.

1st. When school opens after July 1885, all children who have finished their old readers may exchange them for the new higher reader that must be bought in any event, and save 1/3 of the usual price. This saving considerably more than offsets in any family, any occasional old book which a younger child could take. Figure it out and see.

2nd. All children who have not finished their old readers, at the close of the preceding year, can give them in payment for the higher book which they need when the lower is finished—in six months or in twelve months or eighteen months or any other time when they need the higher book.

When they get these higher books for the first time in this way the prices will be for second reader 15c, instead of 50, third reader 25c, instead of 75, for fourth reader 30c, instead of \$1, for fifth reader 35c, instead of \$1.25.

On this proposition it is impossible for any one to figure out any expenditure occasioned by the change. There is none. So confident are the publishers of this that they are ready to furnish any family with a complete set of their elegant new readers, where a fair and full figuring does not show again to result to such family from the change.

Moreover, the new readers are all, from first to fifth, bound in cloth, without extra charge. A first or second reader bound in cloth will last twice as long as the usual binding—such binding as is employed on the present series.

But in addition to this the Independent series has a sixth reader which is used in many schools increasing the cost \$1.50. We have given the prices at which the Independent Readers have been sold. If these prices are reduced when the publishers solicit a new contract, it will be because our competition has forced them to it, but they have not, up to this time, been reduced in Oregon. It may be of interest to the public, however, to know that the publishers of the Independent readers offered them to the Board of Washington Territory on the 17th of last July at 30c a set cheaper than this. Why they were not reduced to the people of Oregon at the same time so that they could avail themselves of the reduction during the present year, it is not for the publisher of Bancroft's readers to explain.

We ask of the public the careful consideration of the above proposition. We think that the bugbear of extra "cost" in making a change, is put to death. We have made the statement as fairly as we know how to make it. We ask only that it should not be rejected without investigation and investigation is inevitable acceptance.

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.

Frank Watts is living in the central part of Arizona and has 500 head of stock and 53 horses. He sends the following account of Raymond's murder. All will remember him. He formerly lived on Scappoose. At his house we married Tredeau to Laura Weatherly.

THE HUACHUCA TRAGEDY.

The interest in the murder of the Rafferty-Fritz-Raymond families, in the Huachuca mountains, continues unabated. A representative of the CITIZEN, called on upon Hon. A. V. Lomeli, the Mexican Consul at Tucson, who stated that he did not believe the crime was committed by Mexican citizens. He says, if they had contemplated revenge that the Mexicans would have retaliated within a few days; that they would not have waited so long. Moreover, the Consul said that he had received trustworthy information, a few days ago, that the Mexican people were entirely satisfied with the efforts that were being made by the American people to arrest and punish the men who hung Quinones.

It is a fact well known to the Mexican people that another person, and not Rafferty, is generally believed to be the man that instigated the murder of the Mexican boy. Two other persons, living in Huachuca, were suspected by the Mexicans, as being more guilty than Rafferty. If the Mexicans therefore had sought revenge, the person so suspected would have been the first object of their retaliation.

Another point was made by a gentleman who was in the Consul's office during the interview, namely, that all of the theories that this horrible crime was committed by Mexicans, are traceable directly to the men who hung Quinones,

or to their close personal friends. For instance, only one person on the ground saw the small footprints of unshod ponies, although a large number of people were present. One of the suspected parties is the man who reported to the Colchise papers the fact that the people in the vicinity believe the crime was the bloody work of Mexicans. The fact is, all the circumstances of this brutal crime indicate that it was the work of the men who hanged Quinones, and who were determined to exterminate the only witnesses to their crimes, namely, Jim Rafferty and Mr. and Mrs. Fritz. For instance: The pockets of Rafferty and Mr. and Mrs. Fritz were rifled and the trunks and drawers in the house were broken open, but Raymond's pockets were not examined, and \$10.40 was found on his person. Why were not his pockets rifled? Simply because the murderers were not primarily after plunder. Their mission was to destroy witnesses and all written evidence of their previous crime, if any such existed; and for this reason, after killing Rafferty and the Fritz's who had promised to testify on behalf of the state, an examination was made of their effects, so that no proof of the former crime might afterward be found on their persons or about their premises. But Raymond had no evidence about him to criminate them, therefore his clothing was not disturbed.

The men who murdered the Rafferty-Fritz and Raymond families are playing the old game of stop thief. It is easy to create a sensation against the Mexicans, especially in Cochise county. If they have committed the atrocious crime it is hoped the government of the United States will take measures to bring the guilty parties punished; but for the peace of our country, and to rid it of the devils who did this deed, if it was done by Americans, it is hoped that the authorities will give due attention to the matter.

About three days before the Republican primary election for delegates, Mr. James Rafferty came to this city and called upon the Mexican Consul, Mr. Lomeli. He said he could and would testify before the proper authorities who the murderers of Quinones were, because they were at his house the morning the boy was hanged. He said he was afraid to disclose the names of the parties till the authorities were ready to act.

Mr. Lomeli saw Sheriff Paul about the number of Quinones. The sheriff asked him whether the crime was committed in Pima or Cochise counties. Mr. Lomeli replied that Mr. Rafferty thought it was in Cochise. The sheriff of Cochise county, however, believed it was committed in Pima county; and while Mr. Rafferty was waiting for some law officer to arrest the criminals, they murdered him and thereby destroyed the most material witness for the state.

The murder of Quinones has been considered by some persons in the Huachuca as a meritorious act. They have done more than everything else to incense the Mexicans. If Rafferty was killed by Mexicans these people are responsible for it to a great degree. But the evidence shows that the murdered persons were killed by some one who had been mingling with them. Surely, Mexicans could not have approached the house without being suspected and preparations for defense made. Rafferty testifies that he was shot at from ambush several times, presumably by Mexicans. More likely these shots were fired by the murderers of Quinones, but run him out of the country for their own protection.

A careful examination of all the facts confirms the first suspicion of the CITIZEN, that the murder was not the work of Mexicans, but was the desperate act of men who found it necessary to kill everybody on Rafferty's ranch for their own protection. And it required quick work, for the murderers of Quinones knew that the law officers were then on their way to arrest them and subpoena Rafferty as a witness. The Rafferty family had to be killed that day or it would be too late, and poor Raymond fell a victim simply because he happened to be on the ranch at the time.

Our National War Songs.
We have just received from the publishers, S. Brainard's Sons, 136 State St., Chicago, an elegant book of 165 pages of our famous War Songs, full sheet music size, words, music and piano or organ accompaniment complete. No such complete collection has ever before been issued, and in sheet music form would cost over \$25. It has a title in five brilliant colors representing one of the most active engagements during the battle of Gettysburg, alone worth the price of the book. Best selling book of the season for Music Dealers, Book Sellers and News Agents. The complete work for introduction, until further notice, via mailed post-paid to and address for 90 cents. Address the publishers.

S. BRAINARD'S SONS,
136 State St., Chicago
Name this paper.

THE WORLD OF AGRICULTURE.

The AGRICULTURAL WORLD, one of the best, if not the best, farm papers of its class, is making a great success of its plan inaugurated by its editor a few years ago. This plan is nothing less than the giving of exhaustive articles by the best writers on agriculture in all the countries of the world. The articles from the different States and Territories of our own country are particularly entertaining and instructive. Judge Parrish's articles on "The Farmer's relation to Law" are alone worth the price of the paper. Judge Parrish, who is one of the ablest judges and lecturers in the West, will soon leave for the South, with the view of supplying the paper with a series of articles on the agricultural features of that section. This journal also has a fine household department which makes it particularly attractive to lady readers. The price of the AGRICULTURAL WORLD (now in its tenth year) is only One Dollar per annum (26 numbers). In clubs of five, 80 cents each. Six months, 60 cents; three months, 40 cents. Sample copies, six cents. Two-cent postage stamps received on subscription. Address Agricultural World, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Mr. Bancroft, a member of the firm of A. L. Bancroft & Co., has been the past week in St. Helen for the introduction of the Public Schools of the County. The Bancrofts propose to allow every scholar the price of his old school-book of the old kind (Barnes) in a book of a higher grade of Bancroft's series, when he arrives at the status to require one; thereby the new school books will cost a mere trifle, and besides: they are more modern in their methods and more adapted to the children of this coast, being a native production by those who know the wants and wishes of our native-born children. Mr. Bancroft calculates that Columbia county will save \$157.50 the first year in schoolbooks by the introduction of this new series. Some may ask why do the Bancrofts offer such inducements, the reason is simply this, what they may gain in the future, Washington Territory has already accepted their series, and a great part of California, and the accession of Oregon would establish their books on a permanent basis.

The Cowlitz river steam-boat line has now become a good business route under the accommodating management of Capt Kellogg, Sons & Co. Quite a large traffic of both passengers and freight is had now by them on almost every trip. The two boats, the Kellogg and Toledo, call at all the way points on the Columbia as far as Rainier, and two days of the week go up the Cowlitz to the old Cowlitz landing, which is now called Toledo, seven miles above Pumphreys, and there connect by stage seven miles to the Northern Pacific Railroad, for Sound ports. A News reporter noticed yesterday a full load of both freight and passengers on the Toledo for the upper Cowlitz and way points, a token of the increased popularity of reasonable charges and accommodating management.—Portland News.

The New Orleans Fair.
Governor Squire received the following dispatch from Vice President Oakes, of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company:
ST. PAUL, Oct. 3d.
Gov. Squire.—Inasmuch as there seems to be some doubt as to the facilities offered by this company for the exhibition of products of the states and territories on our line of road, I desire to say that instructions to bill free of charge limited specimens of ores, fruits, forest products, or anything else pertaining to the state or territory through which our line passes. If you are not actively at work in getting together such specimens, advise that no time be lost; but that they be gathered up and be delivered for shipment, if possible, in time to reach New Orleans by the first of December, when the exhibition opens.
T. F. OAKES.

The actual establishment of an Art Club will do more than anything else to discover and develop the art talent in a community. It often happens, however that those who would like to start such an organization do not know how to go about it. The necessary information is fully given in the November Art Amateur, in a suggestive and stimulating article on "Working Art Clubs," an article which every amateur, desirous of self-improvement, should peruse with the closest attention.

We don't know where some of the journalists in this section got their training, but not a few of them seem to be nearly devoid of honest effort, as they are ignorant of the commonest courtesies that exist between gentlemen elsewhere. The editor of the "Mist," a sheet published at St. Helen, Or., boldly cuts editorials from this and other papers and uses them as original matter.—Portland Journal of Commerce.

THE ART AMATEUR.

always practical is notably so in its excellent November issue. "Lessons in Wood Engraving," "The Art of Embroidery," "How to Paint on China," "Material for oil Painting," "Working Art Clubs," and the pages of "Art Notes and Hints," and answers to correspondents, are of especial value. The large array of designs embraces decoration for a cup and saucer (snowdrop), a tea cosy (jasmine), an altar front (sixteenth century Spanish work), a figure panel for painting, four panels of carved wood, a page of butterflies, and a variety of designs for industrial art work. Among the more striking illustrations are two delicate yet spirited groups of nymphs and cupids by "Solon," in pure satyr decoration, "Love Set Free," and "Love's Mastery," two full-page fac-similes of etchings by A. Legros, "Sir Frederick Leighton," and "Death and the Woodman"; some bold figure studies by Joseph de Nittis, and a carved hanging cabinet designed by Benn Pitman, of Cincinnati. "The Modern Home" series is concluded with capital articles on "The Bedroom," by Roger Riordan and Clarence Cook. THE ART AMATEUR announces the early issue of three designs in color by Miss Dora Wheeler, viz: a decorative figure composition; a fat with cupids; and a charming decorative head of a child for a plaque. Price per annum, \$4; single numbers, 25 cents. Montague Marks, Publisher, 23 Union Square, New York.

A surprise party was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Slocum on Monday evening, it being the seventeenth birthday of their daughter Hannah. About eighty people were present most of whom were the young folks of our city. The guests bidden to the party give way to joy and gaiety unrestrained; some talked and laughed, some sang songs and played innocent games, while others danced. One young lady found a man—a whole man that she did not know what to do with,—he was so old and tough. To regale the inner man, viands are spread in prodigious profusion; the fiesta gives way to joyousness again, which continues until the hour of midnight, when each returned to his home, carrying in his mind recollections which many years of the "whips and scorns of time" will leave unimpaired.

La Center had a great excitement last Saturday. There was a deer run into the river by the dogs, and every fellow ran for his gun or pistol and out on to the bridge in front of the town, and each had a shot at the poor deer. All missed it, and some missed the river. After all had spent their ammunition, the deer got upon the bank unhurt, looked in astonishment at the crowd, and then jumped off into the brush.—Register.

Many persons are asking this question: Will the railroads make any reductions in fares to those who desire to visit the World's Exposition at New Orleans? The Director General has been informed that the Western Association of General Passenger Agents have voted to make round trip tickets at half rates. Other organizations and roads will do as well, if not better, and it is highly probable that excursion parties will receive very favorable offers to visit the Southern metropolis during the coming winter and spring.—Register.

COUNTERFEIT PRESENTMENTS.

Of our beloved ones are always treasures. We should never delay in securing them while we can; and to those of our readers who visit Portland, we would say, do not return without visiting the San Francisco Gallery, S. W. corner First and Morrison streets, and getting your photographs taken, you may not have another opportunity to secure a perfect likeness and a highly finished picture. Most centrally located.

PRENTICE'S Musical & Home Journal for October is as interesting and instructive as ever, the contents of which are poetry, stories, articles on "Pianoforte teaching" continued; "On Accompaniment," "Musical Mention," "Home Work," cares and pleasures," and the following music: "Marquis et Marquise," "In Summer-Time," and "Paradise Nocturne." Price \$1.00 per year. Single copies, 10 cents. 107 First Street.

Every effort is being made by the managers of the New Orleans Exposition to make it one of the grandest affairs ever witnessed, either in the country or in Europe. Every State in the Union and every civilized nation will be represented. A spirit of interest and encouragement is developing itself in almost every quarter of the globe for the promotion of this commendable movement.—Dublin (Texas) Enterprise.

Excursion Rates to New Orleans.

On and after November 20th tickets from Portland to the world's fair at New Orleans and return may be purchased by \$146.75. This is the first class rate. No excursion rates will be made on emigrant or second class tickets.—Telegram.

LOCAL NEWS.

Hon. J. C. Moreland came on Saturday last to deliver the final speech on the Republican side of the campaign. Judge Watson and a Mr. Edwards accompanied him. They and Hon. G. W. McBride made short speeches which were well received. Mr. Moreland's speech was very much liked at least by Republicans and frequently brought down the house. The Steamer Kellogg brought up a big delegation from Rainier and Columbia City, and the Court-house was full to overflowing.

EAST PORTLAND, Nov. 3 '84
MAJOR ADAMS—Please announce to the public through your paper that Dr. Harrington, Presiding Elder of Portland District will preach in St. Helens Saturday at 7 p. m. and Sabbath 11 a. m. Communion service after preaching. Preaching also at 7 p. m. Sabbath. All invited.
D. T. BROWN.

"SECURE" THE SHADOW.

Ere the substance fade, and when you visit Portland, make it a part of your business to call on W. H. Towse, at the San Francisco Gallery, S. W. corner First and Morrison streets, and have your photograph taken in the highest style of art.

We were at Columbia City the other day. The School house there is nearly completed. It is hard finished. Mr. Harris has been the architect of the building which is commodious and well-planned. Mr. Harris has had finished three rooms in his own house which is adjacent.

We have received "Ridley's Fashion Magazine" for Autumn, from Grand, Allen and Orchard Streets, New York City, 50 cents per year, or 15 cents a copy. Any one who wants to get posted on fashions, can easily do so by sending for this. It is very fine indeed.

J. S. Davenport has an enlarged photograph of Bertie Laughlin from New York also of Mrs. Laughlin. Ed Gore and his mother Mrs. West and one of Mr. T. Cooper's children will receive enlarged portraits soon. They are cheap, and done in first-class style.

The news from Dr. Stewart is not very encouraging. Mrs. Drew and Mrs. Godkin have both received letters of quite a gloomy character. All hope for the best, and kind wishes and prayers are fervid and many for the Dr.'s speedy recovery.

Mr. S. A. Miles was present at Charles Swager's funeral. He says the house was crowded, and a most excellent discourse was delivered by Rev. Mr. Pierce. There were few people present from St. Helen, as the day was very stormy.

A poor old man who lives up on the Slough or Island was brought into St. Helen nearly lifeless. Some one had stolen his boat and he was in pursuit and got lost, and had staid out all night. A. H. Blakesley acted the Good Samaritan.

Bids are ordered published for carrying the mail from St. Helen to the cars at Milton, also from Columbia City to the depot a mile below that place. Some think through mail will only come that way, but way mail by the boats.

If you want to see a horseman as is a horseman see Jim Muckle sitting astride of that cream-colored "orse like an old-fashioned clothes-pin. He looks like death on the pale horse, and said he was running for County treasurer.

We have received H. O'Neil's Fall and Winter Fashion Catalogue No. 3. This is very full of everything to post one on the styles and latest modes and requirements of housekeeping. 6 Ave. & 20th St., New York City.

Mr. Fred Holman spoke the other evening at Columbia City in favor of Democratic principles. It is said only one Democrat was present, and he from W. T. The young gentleman is a cousin of Alfred Hobman.

From Portland we have J. Selling & Co.'s Catalogue and also S. Lippman & Co.'s Fall and Winter Catalogue full of everything anybody wants if they only have the where-withal with which to purchase.

We have received from A. L. Bancroft their series of School readers, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5. They are marvels of beauty, we will next week publish a critical review of them.

Miss Henrietta G. Moore, the great temperance lecturer, is to lecture in St. Helen some time in November. We are not apprised of the precise time.

The new bridge over Frogmore Canyon is nearly completed, and looks beautifully. Everyone says it ought to have been built twenty years ago.

Visitors to Portland

Should not forget to call at Towne's San Francisco Gallery, where may be seen photographs of all the leading men and women of Oregon and Washington Territory. Skillful operators always in attendance, and the most minute attention paid to pictures of children. Don't forget the location, S. W. Corner First and Morrison streets, up stairs. No trouble to show specimens to visitors. Street railroads pass the door every ten minutes, and this is the nearest gallery to the five principal hotels.

THE CITY OF BOSTON.

Boston was the first solid bit of ground in the universe. The more intelligent and highly organized animals of the Miocene and Pliocene periods lived at Boston. Here the Pterodactyl mused over the past, and the Megatherium pondered the future. The first man was a Boston man. He was developed from spores out of Boston mud. He took out a patent for himself so that he could not be imitated. Boston was vaguely known to the Greeks. It is the real site of the fabled Atlantis. Moses would have got to Boston had not the Israelites been so stupid and obstinate. King Solomon always had an aspiration to get to Boston. Plato did long to visit the neighboring groves of Concord, and hold sweet communion with the Concordians. Galileo involuntarily turned the first telescope in the direction of Boston. The Egyptians built the Pyramids, hoping to see Boston from their summits. Diogenes was rolling his tub toward Boston when death overtook him.—New York Graphic.

The Carson (Nev.) Appeal is responsible for the following story: A gentleman who took a trip into the country, when on the plains, a mile from any house, noticed a cat, a huge one, almost as large as a fair-sized dog. It was lying upon the ground, its feet upmost, in such a way that he had no doubt that it had fallen a victim to some vicious dog. Around it, feeding unsuspectingly, was a flock of small birds. The apparently lifeless cat was within range of the vision of the observer for some time, and just as he was thinking how much easier it would be for the animal to fight than and catch a bird by deceiving it than by slipping up to it, he was astonished to see the cat suddenly roll over and grab one of the feathered tribe that was very near. The other birds flew away 100 yards or so and alighted. The cat only made one or two mouthfuls of the game, and then crept around to the windward of the birds, laid itself out again, and once more successfully played the dead dog. The gentleman drove away without seeing how many birds it took to satisfy the feline.

ALL PERSONS are hereby warned not to buy or receive any property or pay any money to Henry Stickle my husband, as he is threatening to leave me. Dated October 4th, 1884.
SARAH STICKLE.

ST. HELEN, OREGON, Oct. 6th, 1884.
I hereby certify the public that whereas my wife, Sarah Stickle, and Henry Stickle, husband, I shall pay no bills for her contracting or be responsible for any debts she may make.
HENRY W. STICKLE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, VANCOUVER, W. T., Oct. 1st, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this Office by Robert G. Keady against the heirs-at-law of Patrick Finnegan deceased, for abandoning his Homestead Entry, No. 2241, dated Feb'y 29th, 1881, upon the North West Quarter of Section 2, T. 10 North, Range 2 West, Will. Mer. in Cowitz County, Wash. Terr., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this Office on the 15th day of Nov. 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
FRED W. SPARLING, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, VANCOUVER, W. T., Oct. 1st, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Kelso, Wash. Terr., on Tuesday, November 11th, 1884, viz:
Lewis Curtis, Homestead Application No. 4019, for the West 1/2 of South East 1/4 and East 1/2 of South West 1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Benjamin F. Curtis, Homestead Application No. 4011 for the South East 1/4 of North West 1/4 and Lots 3 and 4 of Sec. 1, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Alice Laughlin, widow of Silas Laughlin, deceased, Homestead Application No. 4012, for the South West 1/4 of North East 1/4 and Lots 1 and 2, of Sec. 4, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Alice Perrier, Homestead Application No. 2233, for the South West 1/4 of North West 1/4 and North West 1/4 of South West 1/4 of Sec. 4, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
FRED W. SPARLING, Register.

Send six cents and receive from a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the work-shobless. Send for it. At once address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Consolidated Notice for Publication
LAND OFFICE AT VANCOUVER, W. T., September 20th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court at Kelso, Wash. Terr., on Tuesday, November 11th, 1884, viz:
Lewis Curtis, Homestead Application No. 4019, for the West 1/2 of South East 1/4 and East 1/2 of South West 1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Benjamin F. Curtis, Homestead Application No. 4011 for the South East 1/4 of North West 1/4 and Lots 3 and 4 of Sec. 1, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Alice Laughlin, widow of Silas Laughlin, deceased, Homestead Application No. 4012, for the South West 1/4 of North East 1/4 and Lots 1 and 2, of Sec. 4, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
Alice Perrier, Homestead Application No. 2233, for the South West 1/4 of North West 1/4 and North West 1/4 of South West 1/4 of Sec. 4, T. 10 N., R. 3 W., and names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. J. Cravat, S. H. Rogers, Thomas E. Rogers, and John U. Hartley, all of Little Falls, Lewis Co., W. T.
FRED W. SPARLING, Register.

Send six cents and receive from a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the work-shobless. Send for it. At once address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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