

THE COLUMBIAN.
St. Helen, Columbia Co., Or.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1882.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
1 year, in advance..... \$2 00
6 months "..... 1 50
3 months "..... 1 00

ADVERTISING RATES:
One square (10 lines) first insertion..... \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 00
E. G. ADAMS, Editor & Proprietor.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

Special Correspondence of the COLUMBIAN.
NEW YORK, September 15, 1882.
COME EAST, GO EAST.

The wife of Charles S. Carter, a Brooklyn lawyer, who was injured in the Ashtabula disaster, has begun a suit against a Flatbush Avenue Liquor Dealer for \$25,000 damages. Mr. Carter has been on a spree ever since he received the \$17,000 paid him four years ago by the Railroad Company and has done no business in all that time. His wife alleges that the Flatbush Avenue Saloon keeper furnished her husband with liquor in spite of her appeals and protests.

MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.

Lawyer Charles Kolowrat, of Brooklyn, has been arrested for swindling George Dietrick, a tailor, entrusted to him \$3000 in cash, to lend on bond or mortgage, but the unfaithful steward borrowed the money himself and ran away. Other clients have filed claims against him for funds misappropriated and Mr. Kolowrat has been caged.

CHEAP FARE.

About the beginning of last month the steamer *Shady Side* began to run between New York and Newark on the Hudson. Two days later her trips were extended to Haverstraw and a little later to Peekskill. At Yonkers much opposition was made to her landing, as there were already two steamboat lines between that point and New York. On one occasion the *Shady Side's* lines were cut and several of her passengers were assaulted. On the following day the citizens of Yonkers held a meeting and appointed a Committee of 100 to see fair play at the wharf. Although heavy locked gates had been put up, the crowd of people who wanted to come down to the city at a lower price than charged by the old lines broke through and the *Shady Side* took 189 passengers from Yonkers. So successful were the trips of the *Shady Side*, that her owners engaged a large boat and on Sunday the *Americus* began to run, charging 10 cents to Poughkeepsie. Yesterday, her first down trip was made. The *Americus* belongs to a secret order known as the "Sons of Columbia" who number 800,000 in the United States and 80,000 in this state alone. Their counsel are Judge Jere G. Black, Judge Barsley of Ohio and Gen. Ben. F. Butler. They propose to run from Yonkers to New York for 5 cents a passenger, and within 10 days there will start a line between New York and Albany, charging 10 cents a passenger for any distance. For freight they will charge \$1. per ton. It is stated that the managers will do even more than this. A line of steamboats on the Mississippi between New Orleans and the head of navigation is proposed and another from Buffalo to the upper lakes. Passengers and freight rates will be about one fourth what they are at present.

A STUPID SERVANT.

Owen McSorley, a real estate dealer of this city resides at New Brighton, Staten Island, in a handsome house surrounded with spacious grounds. In the library on the second floor he kept a safe which was at all times well filled with valuable papers. On Sunday he went out riding, leaving the house in charge of a man servant and hadly been gone 15 minutes when a stranger appeared and asked whether Mrs. McSorley had gone out with her husband. "O," said he, "I didn't know that was Mrs. McSorley." The carriage broke down just below here and Mr. McSorley asked me to come here and tell you to hurry down with a piece of rope." A clothesline was promptly seized and the man servant rushed down the road with it. On his way he met Mr. McSorley drying his clothes with his carriage in as good condition as when it left the coach house. The real-estate man, indignant at his servant's carelessness in leaving the house unguarded, whipped up his horse and reached home just in time to miss a gang of burglars who, under the direction of the obliging servant, had opened the safe and robbed it of \$15,000 in Bonds, \$650 in Bank Notes and gold and a valuable watch.

A full set of burglar's tools were left behind by the thieves, but Mr. McSorley had no use for them at present. He will give them to the owner, on demand.

BREVITIES.

The thieves are not all members of Congress, or Star-Route jobbers or bank clerks. A letter carrier has just been arrested for robbing the mails. He has confessed that, for several weeks, he has helped to support himself and family in this way.—The Rev. Mr. Newman, General Grant's former chaplain, holds forth in New York. In his last sermon he told his congregation that England was about to set the black diamond of Egypt by the side of the Indian Jewel in her crown and that she ought to have it. Then he said to the Lord: "Bless the Queen. Let Emperor William live long after Bismarck shall be forgotten." Addressing his flock again, he remarked smilingly that the Russian imperial family was pure and that the princess Dagmar was the special care of the Angels. Also that Francis Joseph was a good man. Likewise that the Emperor's wife although a great horsewoman, was above reproach. Dr. Newman's flock ought to feel very very proud of their shepherd.

Not far from the city, on a Long Island Farm, is an apple tree 14 feet, 4 inches in circumference, which has borne excellent fruit for a century.—The Hudson club's sixty two pigeons, let loose on Saturday, have all reached home. The best time made was 952 yards a minute.—Butler says, in Hudibras that a jail is a place that people would rather break out of than into, but the events of yesterday at Snake Hill where the Hudson (N. Y.) penitentiary lifts its gloomy front, would seem to set the statement a little awry. About 300 men wanted to get in and the keepers all of whom were inside could neither get out nor let others in, as somebody had stolen the keys. There is trouble between the Warden who is in and the Warden who is out. Both claim the position. The prisoners confined in the jail are thoroughly interested in the question as until it is settled they will get nothing to eat or drink and be prevented going to chapel.

INVISIBLE POISON.

How it Works Its Way Into the Body and How to Counteract it.

One of the great scourges of the present year in all parts of America has been malaria. This is a trouble so treacherous in its nature and so dangerous in its results as to justify cause apprehension wherever it has appeared. But there are so many erroneous ideas upon the subject that a few words are in order at a time when people are subject to malarial influences.

Malaria, which simply means bad air, is the common name of a class of diseases which arise from spores of decaying vegetable matter, thrown off from stagnant pools or piles of vegetation undergoing decomposition. These spores when inhaled with the breath or taken into the system with water soon enter the blood and germinating there find a foothold, whereby the whole system is poisoned and the various functions disordered. When the germ theory of disease was first advanced it was supposed that these spores were of animal nature, and like the bacteria in diphtheria were propagated in the blood, but they are now conceived to be of vegetable origin, like the fungi on decaying wood or in cellars. The source of this state of the air is generally swamps or stagnant pools, which, partially dried by the hot sun, send forth vapors loaded with this malarial poison. These vapors descend to the earth in the night, cooled by the loss of temperature, and breathed by the sleepers are readily inhaled. Hence persons living near stagnant pools or marshes are liable to chills and fever, and such localities are never healthy though they are more so when the streams flowing into them are pure, and also when the water is high. Again the drainage of houses, slaughter houses, barns, etc., are a fertile source of malaria. One will often notice in coming into the neighborhood of one of these sluggish streams that pass through almost every village a most villainous smell caused by the offensive refuse which communicates its bad odor to the atmosphere, especially on hot days. This absorbed into the system by the lungs or taken through water, which also absorbs it from the air, poisons the blood and deranges the whole system. This poison is also developed in force in wells and spring when they become low, and the result of drinking these is the same as breathing the poisonous air. In a time of drought the great quantity of vegetation that dries up in the meadows, stubble fields and pastures, the cornfields and forest leaves produces the same effluvia. On the prairies when large tracks of prairie ground are turned over, the decaying vegetation is a widespread cause of malaria.

The evils which follow malarial poisoning are almost infinite. Disease of a malignant and dangerous nature accompanied by symptoms the most distressing are certain to manifest themselves and life is a burden so long as this poison remains in the system. The indications of malarial poisoning are loss of appetite, shortness of breath, pains about the heart, wasting of flesh and strength, despondency, nervousness, dizziness, dull pains in various parts of the body, headaches, dizziness, a coated tongue and dry mouth, night sweats, muscular debility, puffing under the eyes, an unusual color, odor or sediment about the fluids passed from the system, &c. Any one of the above symptoms may be an indication of malarial poison in the body which necessitates immediate and careful attention.

But if malarial poison could not find a lodgement in the human body, it would be just as harmless as the oxygen of the air. The great difficulty is that, after being absorbed into the system, it produces obstructions in the stomach and lungs, clogs the circulation of the blood, affects the kidneys, liver and other organs and brings on diseases of a most dangerous character. There is only one known way by which these diseases may be avoided or cured after they have once made their appearance, and that is by keeping the great purifying organs of the body in perfect health. These organs are the kidneys and liver. No one whose kidneys or liver are in a perfect condition was ever afflicted by malarial poison. And when these organs are disordered, they not only permit, but invite these diseases to make their inroads into the body. It is now admitted by physicians, scientists and the majority of the general public that one medicine, and only one whose power has been tested and proven, has absolute control of, and keeps the kidneys and liver in constant health and hence prevents malarial sickness. This remedy is Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, the most popular medicine before the American people, and sold by every druggist in the land. It fully counteracts the evil effect of malarial poison in the system, and not only banishes it, but restores the members which that poison has weakened. How well it does this can be learned from the following:

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26, 1882.—Moving from the State of New York to the Western country, I was attacked with malaria and general debility. I had lost all appetite and was hardly able to move about. I had tried a great many remedies, but nothing bettered my condition until I began using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, which seemed to help me right away, and I feel as well as I ever have in my life. It is a blessing to people to this malarial country. C. F. WILLIAM, 1412 Grand Ave., of William & Co., Hardware.

This great remedy has proven its power in innumerable cases, and is to-day more extensively used in malarial districts, whether in cities or in the country, than any or all other remedies for the cure of the same class of disease. No one can afford to trifle with the first symptoms of malaria, but instant care should be taken to check it on the start, before its evil influence overshadow the life.

The government commenced work Oct. 11th on the improvement of the lower Willamette. The dam across the head of Willamette slough will be strengthened and made two feet higher, the revetment below Coon island slough will be extended around into the Columbia to protect the bank which is being washed away, and the work of closing up the three sloughs on the east shore of the Willamette just above head of lower Willamette River will be commenced.

Jack Vincent, who was arrested in this city on Saturday evening Oct. 7th, upon the announcement of the death of Westfall, with whom he had some difficulty some time ago, leaves the city this morning for Chohalis, escorted by Sheriff Sheldon. At that place he will have his examination on the charge of murder.

Telegram.

"We are able to announce on authority that orders have been issued by President Villard, directing that the construction force lately engaged on the Columbia River Division of the O. R. & N. Co. be transferred without unnecessary delay to the line of the Northern Pacific between Portland and Kalama and the work will be at once begun and continued to the end that the railroad connection to the Pacific Division with the O. R. & N., Columbia river and Willamette valley roads be speedily achieved. This construction force numbers more than 1,200 men, who will be set to work within the next ten days, beginning at or near Portland and working toward Kalama.—New Tacoma Ledger.

Good advice in the matter of Investments or Speculations in Stocks, are worth a great deal. We hear that Messrs. E. de V. Vermont & Co. the correspondents of 400 American papers, send to subscribers, for \$1.00 per quarter, a *Private Financial Letter* of information, concerning the N. Y. Stock market. They are impartial and independent, and ought to be given a fair trial.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Watt bought the right of way from Dr. C. G. Caples for \$300, of Mrs. Joanna Maxwell for \$150, of Elzy George for \$50, George Merrill for \$250, and Mrs. Joseph Merrill for \$250. Hon. Norman Merrill made some reservations in her favor, to which the company acceded. They go through the orchard, but are not to remove any trees except those immediately in the way, all timber by being removed is to be hers, and they are to build roads for farm purposes under the track. Patrick Hughes would not agree on a price with the Railroad Company. The terminus will be on Specht's place. The R. R. will cross on to Deer Island.

We had a stove shipped us from W. S. Davis & Co., Cincinnati Ohio, marked, "St. Helen, via Astoria." Watkins, Muckles' store-boy, says it was shipped to Portland. What for is past finding out as it was marked "St. Helen via Astoria." We have their receipt for it to the Overland Railroad sent us from San Francisco with that direction on it, and if they don't come to time we shall sue the O. R. & N. Co. for their delinquencies. We will teach them to mind the Muckles' intervention in our affairs. We have plenty of money to pay all freight of articles shipped us, and don't owe any steamboat for freight, and probably if our debts were paid and the Muckles' debts were paid we should have as much property as the Muckles. All their boasted wealth has been made by stealing the use of Frognore anyway.

Received *Killey's Fashion Magazine*. It is full of interesting stories, in prose and verse, useful home articles, amusing and instructive sketches, a profuse illustration of the fashion of the day, and invaluable shopping information. Just the book for every home. The Autumn number is if possible, an improvement on the Summer number. Published quarterly, and only 50 cts. per year, or 15 cts. per single copy, by E. Ridley & Sons, Grand, Allen, and Orchard Streets, New York City.

Joseph Copeland has received an interesting letter from his son Isaac at Monmouth. He has joined the Good Templars, and a Debating Society, and is trying to improve every privilege to make himself an educated man. He works Saturdays to help himself in matter of finances, and means to do the best he can.

A rural swain in the lower part of the county thus addressed in a letter his dulcinea. "I hope these few lines, dear Christeener will find you well and your hunkle, your haant, and Jane and the little boy." It found her mad she blomed on him, he could not turn her whither he wanted her.

Young Westfall, Orin Kellogg's brother-in-law is dead. Jack Vincent who shot Westfall some time ago at Toledo, has been arrested, as the surgeons who examined young Westfall think his death caused by wounds, and not by the typhoid fever. Orin Kellogg is recovering.

Prof. Vertelli exhibited at Westport. One prize was a pair of hams, one of the renowned 22 is supposed to have drawn those hams. After starting, a part of his troupe held a matinee for 2 1/2 hours, and kept the balance waiting in a boat though it was blowing a stiff gale all the time.

D. W. Prentice & Co.'s Musical Journal for October contains, besides interesting items, the following music: "Tis Darkest Ere The Dawn." Summer Holidays. Laugh, Sing, Jump. Published at 107 First Street, Portland Or. Price 75 cts. per year, single copies 10 cts.

Dean Blanchard's new boat, the *John West* has been in St. Helen. She shipped an assorted cargo. Merritt Pomeroy holds some kind of a position on her. We couldn't find out what. She is very pretty, and puffs like Sam Hill, like a little man on important business.

The wife of J. H. Edmunds is in the States. Mr. Edmunds seems to be a very pleasant man, and says he has good run of custom. He has also bought out Enoch Shintaffer's rights in the dwelling house occupied by him, and will soon move his family into it.

Mrs. Lucy Kinder, who lately deceased was a very neat housekeeper, a beautiful woman and a splendid singer, and very agreeable in her manners. But the fiat has gone forth, no matter how pleasant and agreeable a person may be Death claims all alike.

Mrs. N. Morse has recommenced her private school.

NEWS DROPS.

Mitchell has 40 votes.
A perfect deluge of rain.
The legislature will close next Friday.
Mr. Isaac Thomas is very obliging about our mails.
Mr. and Mrs. Young are doing well in the *Dart House*.
Mr. Nunan is a Virginian, and a very pleasant gentleman.
Esq. Perry has returned home, and everybody appears pleased.
A new lawyer, Mr. Dillon, has come to practise law in St. Helen.
Mr. Whitney has heard from Mr. Taylor. He don't like Vermont.
B. F. Wood is in town. He laments his brother's death very much.

Money to loan on real estate security by F. A. Moore Esq. St. Helen, Oregon.
One of the young Woods is dead. He is said to have been a fine young man.
Francis Miles has returned from Forest Grove and is attending Mrs. Morse's school.
Mr. Hancock and son Charlie, are down on the Cowitz at work on their new home.
Hon. S. L. Lovell is in town; like Bostonians he knows who's a who and what's a what.

The Muckles are raising the buildings on Mill-row, Columbia Street, Mr. Stuckles Chief Architect.
Hon. G. W. McBride has had pretty good health spite of his arduous duties as Speaker of the House.
Mr. William Slavens has returned from Skamokawa. Reports Wash. Muckle lost a valuable ox.

Hancock's cow has gone to Captain Pope's; and the calf has left for parts unknown. Sic Gloria transit mundi.
The tipsy washhouse in front of St. Helen has sobered up, and will soon be occupied by the "heathen Chinese."
Miss Laura Carrico is a fine penman and one of the best looking girls in the County. Mr. Carrico has a fine family.

We witnessed the parting kiss of a saw-millionaire going to Portland. It was heart-rending. We burst a button off.
Joseph Copeland informs us the *Toledo* is being repaired in fine style. The Cowlitz is up, and she will soon be needed.

Mr. Ellis has returned from Southern Oregon and will occupy during the winter the house soon to be vacated by Mr. Hancock.
It is said the last meeting of the Good Templars was very interesting, and that Mrs. Stewart's essay was tiptop and pleased every one present.

Dr. Stewart and J. W. Campbell have returned from a hunt in the mountains. The Dr. killed a bear and deer. There stopping-place was Dennison camp.
The quarry near the corner of Frog more on the town claim is very fine and has a splendid face so Stephen O'Meara informs us. Mr. O'Neal is working for Riley.

A Chinaman not long since called on us and addressed us thus, "You tell me where Chinaman cook muley stone?" We directed him to the quarry, and he replied, "Too much obliged."

The steamboat in process of erection was modeled by Mr. Peterson, one of the owners and when completed will cost \$9,000 or so. A roof has been erected over it to shield workers from the rain.

Mr. J. S. Davenport has sent away his billiard table, and will soon start a regular coffee house. The interior of the building will be parted off into rooms, beautified by an arch &c by the owner, Judge Moore. His Advertisement will be changed next week.

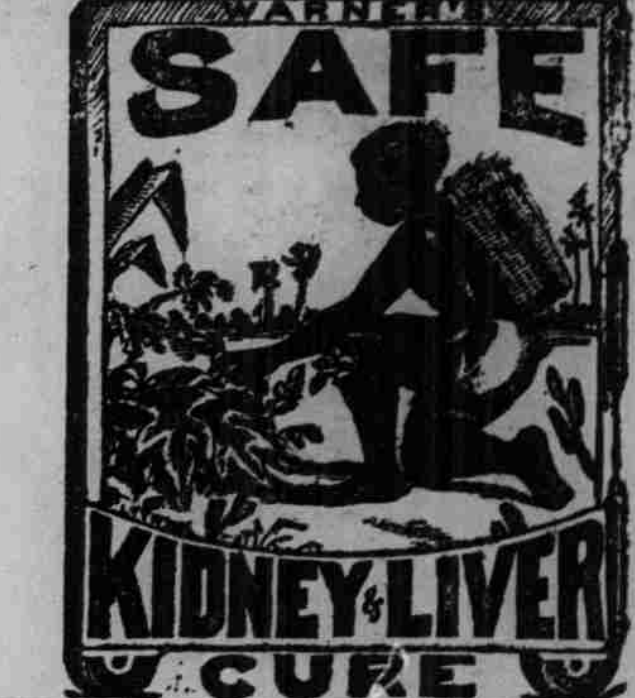
We met at Blakesley's hotel Messrs. Myers and Nounan, contractors of the N. P. R. R. Mr. Nounan had a topographical survey of the route. Mr. Myers informed us he was the builder of a bridge at Staunton, Virginia, which Genl. Grant destroyed in the war.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OREGON, Oct. 12, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge of Columbia County at St. Helens, Oregon, on Monday, Nov. 20, 1882.
Entry No. 4334 for the s. w. 1/4 of s. e. 1/4 of Sec. 20 T. 8 N. R. 2 W.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:
Geo. F. White, of Castle Rock, W. T.
George M. Rogers, of " " " "
George W. Taylor, of " " " "
Robert Rockwell, of " " " "
L. T. BARIN, Register.
v3n10c13

Notice For Publication

LAND OFFICE AT VANCOUVER, W. T. September 30th, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Kalama, Wash. Ter., on Friday, Nov. 10th, 1882, viz: Charles L. Large, Pre-emption Declaratory Statement No. 1104, for the North East 1/4 of Sec. 12, Tp. 9 N., R. 1 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:
George F. White, of Castle Rock, W. T.
George M. Rogers, of " " " "
George W. Taylor, of " " " "
Robert Rockwell, of " " " "
FRED. W. SPARLING, Register.
v3n906



The leading Scientists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by diseased Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.
It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhoea or Falling of the Womb.
As a Blood Purifier it is unequalled, for it cures the organs that MAKE the blood.
This Remedy, which has cured some wonderful cases, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at \$1.25 per bottle. For Wholesale, enquire for Wm. H. Warner, of Dr. H. A. BETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE Remedy.
H. H. WARNER & CO. Rochester N. Y.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OREGON, Oct. 13, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that Stephen A. Neppach of Multnomah County, Oregon, has made application to purchase the s. w. 1/4 of s. e. 1/4, s. w. 1/4 of s. e. 1/4 and s. e. 1/4 of s. w. 1/4 of Sec. 12, T. 7 N. R. 4 W. Will. Mer. under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and in Washington Territory."
All adverse claims to said tract must be filed in the U. S. Land Office, at Oregon City, Oregon, before the expiration of sixty days from this date.
Given under my hand this 13th, day of October 1882.
L. T. BARIN, Register.
v3n10c13

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Lands.

LAND OFFICE AT VANCOUVER W. T. October 9th, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878 entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and in Washington Territory," Charles Muckle, of Columbia County, Oregon, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the s. e. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 8 N. of Range 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.
Testimony in the above case will be taken before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Kalama, W. T. on Saturday, December 16, 1882.
Any and all persons having adverse claims to the above described lands, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.
FRED. W. SPARLING, Register.
v3n10c13

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Lands.

LAND OFFICE AT VANCOUVER W. T. October 9th, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and in Washington Territory," Edward T. Bodine, of Cowitz County, Wash. Ter. has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the East 1/2 of Section 22, Township 8 N. of Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.
Testimony in the above case will be taken before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Kalama, W. T. on Saturday, December 16, 1882.
Any and all persons having adverse claims to the above described lands, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.
FRED. W. SPARLING, Register.
v3n10c13

Notice of Application to purchase Timber Lands.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OREGON CITY, OREGON, October 6, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that B. W. Flood of Columbia County, Oregon, has made application to purchase the s. w. 1/4 of s. w. 1/4 of Sec. 20 T. 7 N. R. 4 W. Will. Mer. under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and in Washington Territory."
All adverse claims to said tract must be filed in the U. S. Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, before the expiration of sixty days from this date.
Given under my hand this 6th, day of October, 1882.
L. T. BARIN, Register.
v3n906

Notice of Application to purchase Timber Lands.

LAND OFFICE AT VANCOUVER W. T. September 29th, 1882.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878 entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and in Washington Territory," Charles H. Harmsday, of Cowitz County, Wash. Ter. has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the East 1/2 of North East 1/4 and East 1/2 of South East 1/4 of Section 22, Township 9 North of Range 1 W. of the Willamette Meridian.
Testimony in the above case will be taken before the Register and Receiver, at Vancouver, W. T. on Wednesday, December 13th, 1882.
Any and all persons having adverse claims to the above described lands, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.
FRED. W. SPARLING, Register.
v3n906