

PROGRESS.

On the third day of March 1873, just one day before Grant was inaugurated for a second term, he signed the infamous bill which increased his salary from twenty five to fifty thousand dollars per annum. The same bill increased the pay of the members of Congress to seven thousand five hundred dollars per annum each, and gave the very members that passed the bill back pay for one year at the same rate, and also gave them for all time to come and one year back in addition to this great salary a large sum for traveling expenses, from their respective homes to Washington city; the amount left discretionary with each member, to be fixed by himself in strict accordance with the dictates of his, more or less, elastic conscience, so that under the law as it now stands, there is no telling what the pay of a member of the American Congress is, except that he, white or black as the case may be, gets seven thousand five hundred dollars per annum, and as much more as he may certify to under his hand to the disbursing officer, as paid out for riotous living on his way from his home to the Capitol and back.

The same infamous bill, gives to the speaker of the House of Representatives the sum of ten thousand dollars per annum; it increases the salaries of all the heads of departments and judicial officers; it gives the Attorney General ten thousand dollars per annum and places ten thousand more at his disposal to test his honesty; it gives to whoever the Congress may see fit to employ, eighteen hundred dollars annually, to stand in those halls of corruption, and pray aloud to Almighty God to spare that band of thieves from swift destruction while they legislate to destroy the people; it gives to seventy four Senators, for stationary and newspapers yearly, the sum of nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; it gives for clerks and stationary alone, for the benefit of committees of the Senate, the enormous sum of thirty five thousand dollars; it gives to some one without dehumanizing who, for miscellaneous items exclusive of labor without saying what, the sum of forty thousand dollars; it appropriates, or squanders, over fifty thousand dollars annually for a capitol police; it gives to clerks of committees of the House of Representatives and folders of documents for the members, the outrageous sum of one hundred and twenty-six thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars; it appropriates for one furnace keeper, two policemen, one night watchman and two door keepers at the President's house including one usher, the sum of seven thousand eight hundred and forty dollars; it absolutely appropriates to the President over and above his fifty thousand per annum, for private secretaries, executive clerks, stewards and messengers, the sum of thirteen thousand eight hundred dollars, and then as though not willing to limit our modern Cæsar in his expenditures, it appropriates the further sum, as contingent expenses for the executive office, of six thousand dollars.

In the above sketch we have given but a faint outline of this infamous bill. Sovereigns of Oregon how do you relish it? whenever your stomachs shall recover sufficient to receive another dose of this bill, you have but to indicate to the REPUBLICAN office and you shall have it in all its hideous deformity.

The direct way to seek the elective franchise for woman is to go to the State Legislatures for it. They have the right. It is lodged there, beyond question.—Bulletin.

Just so, and a Republican Legislature was applied to, last fall in Oregon, and absolutely refused even to allow women to vote on the liquor question, or any other. Did they do right Mr. Bulletin or not? Have you any mind on the subject? If so what is it?

The Mercury has a page of rather severe yet very modest criticism, on the life and conduct of our late Senator John Hiram Mitchell Hipple.

Who is Bishop C of the Willamette valley?

WRIT OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

To the Sheriffs of the several Counties within the State of Oregon:

WHEREAS, At a general election held on the third day of June, A. D. 1872, the Hon. Joseph G. Wilson was duly elected Representative of the State of Oregon in the Forty-third Congress of the United States; and

WHEREAS, Since the said election said office has become vacant by the death of said incumbent; and

WHEREAS, By provision of the Constitution of the United States, and the laws of this State, it has become the duty of the Governor thereof to issue his writ of election to fill such vacancy;

Now, therefore, I, L. F. Grover, Governor of the State of Oregon, do hereby command you and each of you to notify the several Judges of Election within and for your several counties, to hold a special election of Representative in Congress to fill the vacancy aforesaid, on Monday, the (13) thirteenth day of October, 1873, and that you cause all proper notices to be given thereof according to law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State of Oregon, at Salem, this tenth day of July, A. D. 1873.

L. F. Grover,  
Attest: S. F. Chadwick  
Sec. of State of Oregon

THE COMING ELECTION.—We publish in this number the proclamation of the Governor calling a special election to come off on the thirteenth day of October for the purpose of electing a member of Congress for the State at large. This of course will be a very important election to the people of Oregon, and every citizen of the State who enjoys by sufferance the high privilege of voting, should feel an interest sufficient to call forth energy and activity, and the work should be done at the primaries because beyond that point the people as such have no control; and that portion of our citizenry who are refused this great and most sacred right should not feel that they have no interest in this matter, but they too, should exert themselves in favor of the nomination and election of some man for that important office, who is capable, honest, and who entertains and maintains correct principles upon all the important questions pending before the people. We are aware that the absolute refusal, without the slightest shadow of reason, to permit participation in a right more sacred than all others in popular governments, has a direct tendency to lethargy and carelessness in the class against whom the unjust discrimination is made, but we hope that the noble women of Oregon will use what influence they are permitted to exercise, in the right direction irrespective of party name, and will assist in the selection of some man who is reliable and who is in favor of all proper reforms.

CRAZY.—Some one of Holladay's worshippers has written a communication over the signature of J. G. in which he relates some of the most absurd things ever attempted to be placed before the people of Oregon to date. This crazy man says it makes no difference whether Bowly or Ben Simpson is nominated for Congress, every Republican in Oregon would come to time with a vim; he also remarks that the people have the best of Ben Holladay and monopolies in Oregon, because the roads don't pay, and Holladay and company having brought to, and expended large amounts of money in Oregon for the special benefit of her citizens, have the worst of it, and consequently Holladay ought to be idolized. Now we love check, but this suits us too well. The truth is he is wrong in each and every proposition, for either one of the gentlemen named by J. G. if nominated would be beaten a thousand votes by their own party. That kind of soft soder is too thin my dear friend, you must try something which contains a greater mixture of common sense, if you succeed in holding together this tottering form, whose trembling limbs have brought her to the door of justice.

Subscribe for the LIBERAL REPUBLICAN.

The Liberal Republicans of Oregon are determined irrespective of former affiliations, to support the best candidate presented by the present organized parties in Oregon at the coming election; and while it is true that they are not strong enough to run an independent candidate successfully, and do not intend to undertake it, yet it is by no means certain, that they do not hold at the present time the balance of power. A word to the wise is sufficient, and we give notice now, so that there shall be no misunderstanding, that if either of the present organized parties in Oregon, Republican or Democrat, shall place in nomination any old logy corruptionist, ringite or political or religious hypocrite he shall not be elected; and further that the Liberals flatter themselves that they are pretty well posted concerning the timber out of which a Congressman ought to be made, and they do not intend to be deceived. For the purposes above named the Liberals will be well organized in the State and will work for the right. Let Demagogues and political thieves beware.

We have always been of the opinion that the advocates of woman suffrage entertained greatly exaggerated ideas of the benefits to flow from its being established, and that its opposers, on the other hand, were in the habit of viewing its supposed evils and inconveniences through a glass that magnified about a hundred diameters; and we have further supposed that the large majority of intelligent people did not regard the question as one of very great importance, so far as relates to practical results.

The above is from the Oregonian, and the editor although a very good lawyer, talks all round the question, and very freely gives his opinion as to how others view the question on both sides, but he studiously avoids giving us his own opinion as to the correctness of the principle of female suffrage. Is it right or wrong brother Hill? and if wrong why? these are the material questions upon which we would like to hear you speak.

The Oregonian in speaking of Woodhull and Claflin remarks thusly. "We are greatly in error, and the ideas of almost the entire christain world are woefully out of order, or else those women have enough real wrongs to answer for without bearing the burden of fictitious ones." We are of opinion that both propositions named by that paper are true, to wit: that the editor is in "error" and the ideas of almost the entire christain world are, "woefully out of order."

The Oregonian says: "The New York Times as well as many other of the best journals of the east, is disgusted with the Beecher scandal." We should think they would be so, are the people of Oregon, "disgusted," with the Hippie Mitchell "scandal," yet in both instances the reproach was called out by the infamous conduct of the objects of the scandal.

JUMPED OUT OF THE FRYING PAN INTO THE FIRE.—Dr. Chapman of Portland has issued a card to the public in which he desires it distinctly understood, that his affiliations with the Democratic party have ceased; and further that he intends to labor for the success of the Grant brigade from this time on. We wish him much joy, and hope he will be able to give that much disgraced and fast decaying party a different tone, but we fear Dr., you have been induced to come to the rescue too late.

It is said that Senator Hippie has actually applied to the county court of the county where he resides to have his name changed to John H. Mitchell. Poor Mitchell, pride will have its fall, our sympathy with those who by reason of youthful indiscretion have fallen, forbid further comment, Mitchell, why did you do this thing?

A shower of frogs, which darkened the air and covered the ground for a long distance, is the reported result of a recent rain storm at Kansas city, Mo.

The Grover's last trip brought a large number of Chinamen to Salem, the Look at Oregon City seem to be a God send to Salem, as they supply that virtuous city with plenty of Chinamen and Chinawomen, and Salmon in abundance to feed them.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Halifax, July 15.—The bodies of a man, woman and child, steerage passengers, were recovered from the Atlantic wreck on Friday last, in a decomposed state, and buried at Prospect.

Kingston, Jamaica, July 15.—A Spanish man-of-war has arrived here. Her coming created considerable alarm for the safety of the steamer Virginus. The Spaniard threatens to take her to Quesada, and her Captain declares he will blow her up, no matter at what sacrifice, rather than permit her to be captured. The United States Consul went last evening with some Cuban gentlemen, residents here, to solicit the interference of the British Colonial authorities. The excitement in the city, growing out of the affair, is very great.

New York, July 15.—Senator Morrill, of Maine, it is understood is preparing a speech for delivery next Winter in support of the retrocession of the salary bill. Senators Edmunds of Vermont, and Schurz of Missouri are the only two Senators who have not drawn regularly since the 3d of March their monthly salary, based upon the new salary bill. Both are in Europe.

Louisville, July 16.—there were four fires here last night. The losses aggregate over \$100,000.

New York, July 15.—Ex-Senator E. S. Mills, President of the Brooklyn Trust Company, was drowned this morning while bathing at Coney Island.

President Grant has arrived to attend the meeting to day of the trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund.

Louisville, July 16.—four fires broke out last night within the space of two hours and a half. The first occurred in the lumber yard of Long & Brothers—little damage. The second in the candy manufactory of Conrad Uhlner, Market street. Loss, \$10,000. The next fire occurred on Third, between Main and the river, originating in J. E. Wither & Co.'s fine cut tobacco establishment, destroying that and adjoining buildings, occupied by Herbert & Wright, furnishing establishment. Loss of Herbert & Wright, \$5,000—no insurance. The fourth fire occurred in Bombergers & Bloom's block, fourth street, between Green and Walnut, destroying Vernon's grocery, Madame Buckley's fancy dry goods store, and a vacant house in the block, and injuring considerably Pargy's restaurant and confectionary store. Pargy's loss is estimated at \$4,000. The buildings destroyed were very handsome and valuable, but it is impossible to give an estimate of loss and insurance at present.

STATE ITEMS.

Oakland has a money order office attached to its Postoffice.

Col. Humason of the Dalles has corn the stalks of which are ten feet high.

The losses of the fire in Corvallis during the past year amounted to the sum of \$9,300.

W. F. Potter, of Corvallis was thrown from a horse last week and very badly injured.

A large rattlesnake was killed in Jacksonville last week. Fortunately these pests are scarce in Oregon.

George J. Whiting has been appointed a Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon, to reside at Pittsburg, Pa.

A school of young ladies, under the auspices of Sisters of Charity, is about to be opened in Corvallis.

Gov. Grover has appointed E. D. Williams, of Portland, and J. J. Shaw, of Salem, Notaries Public.

The account of expenditures on the New Court House at Salem, shows that up to June 30th, the aggregate was \$81,883 83.

Marion county at the beginning of this month, had \$4,138 29 in her Treasury, and was in debt to the amount of \$10,410 83.

Fifteen hundred dollars' worth of books have just been added to the State Library, many of them excellent works on the law.

The mails from Roseburg to Coos Bay and back is now conveyed by Hill's stage line over the Coos Bay road, leaving Roseburg every Monday.

Since the close of the Modoc trouble the Link river country is being settled up. As a stock raising country that section is said to be hard to beat.

A hungry brother burglarized the residence of a Salemite on Friday night of last week, and carried away a large amount of edibles, but left the table and stove.

Notice is given that there will be a meeting of the Marion County Farmers' Club held at the Legislative Hall in Salem, Saturday, July 26, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Champions of the Red Cross, at Oakland, have leased a commodious hall in which to hold their meetings. The Good Templars will probably occupy the same hall.

Mr. Jacob Short arrived in the Dalles last week across the mountains with a band of six hundred fat sheep from Marion county, for which he paid from \$1 to \$1 50 per head.

Frank Caldwell, of the Cove, Union County lost his life a few days since, while driving logs down the Willowa river. He ventured in the river with a boat in order to loosen a jam of logs, when the water getting the best of the boat, turned it over and Mr. Caldwell was carried under the logs, and has not been seen since.

A Mr. Thompson, residing about two miles from Marion, while engaged in drawing hay into a mow by a patent hay-fork, with horse power, met with a very severe, if not fatal accident, on Friday last. It appears he was standing behind the horse that was lifting the load of hay, when the singletree broke and flew back with great force and struck Mr. Thompson in the side, tearing a terrible gash, breaking off a piece of his liver, and but for his unaccountable presence of mind, would have let his bowels out. When seen by his partner, Mr. McArthur, he was standing holding his bowels from protruding, apparently full conscious and fully realizing the situation. Drs. Smith of Jefferson and Carpenter of Salem were summoned as soon as possible. The majority of men would have died on the spot, but his coolness and courage may save his life.—Bulletin.

There is considerable excitement in the city in consequence of rumors that smallpox is prevalent. We apprehend that most of the excitement has grown out of the action of parties who removed a patient from the Metropolitan Hotel to a vacant house in the south part of the city without notifying the city authorities, and thus imperilled the health of the neighborhood. Out of this matter have sprung rumors of smallpox hidden away in every part of the city. There is no cause whatever for alarm. The Mayor and Committee have always taken every possible precaution against the spread of this contagion in the city, and the result has been that the disease has never become general.

Sam May, a self-confessed and thoroughly proven thief, could not be convicted in Marion county. Whitley, in whose favor many points were established which were at least entitled to consideration, was readily convicted of assault with intent to kill.—Courier.

A female witness in the Whitley case was impeached on the ground of gross immorality. In order to sustain her testimony, and notwithstanding the fact of her well proven lewd character, Rev. J. James was sent for and put upon the stand to show that said woman was a member of good standing of the M. E. Church! The Eldorado Ditch in Baker County is now carrying only 800 inches of water, from which is realized about six hundred dollars for each twenty four hours; this is over and above the running expenses.

Joseph Mason, of Weston, was struck in the face with a blacksmith's hammer, last week and badly hurt.

THE TERRITORIES.

The Annual "hoss regatta" began at Boise City on the 10th inst.

A P Vandwyer, Internal Revenue Inspector for this coast, is in Boise, looking after revenue affairs in Idaho.

The Municipal Government of Boise City cost the taxpayers \$1,807 during the past year. There is \$77 balance in the Treasury.

A school teacher named W. C. Smith has somewhat suddenly and mysteriously disappeared from the precincts of Boise City.

The Tribune learns from Mr. Ezra M. Meeker the celebrated Panyllap hop-grower, that his crop this year will be 20,000 pounds at least. Last year he raised 14,000 pounds, and as good prices ruled in the market, he realized six thousand dollars for his labor and investment.

WEATHER RECORD FOR JUNE 73

Kept by T. Pearce, Eola, Ogu  
Lat 44° 37' Long 123° 5'  
1, m'tempt, 58°, cloudy S. B. wind N  
2 " 58, clear, S B wind N  
3 " 63, cloudy, wind South  
4 " 61, cloudy, wind South  
5 " 55, cloudy, wind Southwest  
6 " 55, cloudy S B wind N  
7 " 53, clear, S B wind N  
8 " 47, clear, wind N  
9 " 61, clear, S B wind N  
10 " 56, cloudy wind North  
11 " 53, clear wind N  
12 " 59, cloudy S B wind North  
13 " 57, clear, S B wind North  
14 " 59, clear wind North  
15 " 51, rain .16 wind South  
16 " 55, rain .45 in wind South  
17 " 54, rain .38 in wind South  
18 " 52, clear seabreeze wind South  
19 " 51, clear seabreeze wind North  
20 " 50, cloudy wind South  
21 " 49, rain .28 in cloudy wind South  
22 " 56, clear seabreeze wind North  
23 " 51, cloudy seabreeze wind South  
24 " 52, cloudy wind North  
25 " 54, clear seabreeze wind North  
26 " 57, cloudy wind South West  
27 " 58, cloudy wind North  
28 " 56, clear Seabreeze wind N  
29 " 55, cloudy wind North  
30 " 57, clear Seabreeze wind North

During the Month of June 1873 there were 4 rainy days, with 1.16 inches water, 21 clear days and cloudy days 15.

Mean temperature for the month 64°  
Highest 73 deg on the 3th Lowest 51 deg on the 29th

Mean temperature for month 55°  
Highest 63 degrees on the 3d Lowest 49 deg on 21 st.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was at the June term 1873, of the County Court for Polk County Oregon, duly appointed administrator of the estate of Elijah Smith deceased. All persons holding claims against said estate are required to present the same to me at my residence near Dallas Oregon, for allowance within six months from the date hereof, or be forever barred therefrom by said administrator.

Dallas, Oregon, June 2, A. D. 1873.  
Gold Hubbard  
administrator

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