

REPUBLICAN



NOMINATIONS FOR 1872.

For President, U. S. GRANT, OF ILLINOIS. For Vice-President, HENRY WILSON, OF MASSACHUSETTS. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS: A. B. Meacham, of Umatilla County, W. D. Hale, of Washington County, Jas. F. Gately, of Douglas County.

Land Subsidies.

Much disappointment has been expressed by some of our Republican contemporaries concerning the subsidy plank in the Republican platform. Our neighbor of the Oregonian goes so far as to say that all who are not influenced by campaign clap-trap, are opposed to this plank in the platform. He seems to lose sight, or is willfully blind to the fact that many Republicans, as firm and reliable as any in the party, have ever been opposed to the policy of granting large tracts of the public domain to aid in public improvements of any kind. That, while they are anxious to have canals, railroads, and other improvements made, yet, they have thought, and still think, that they should be assisted by other aids than land subsidies. The utility of national subsidies has been tested and found to be universally beneficial, but in many instances might have been more so to the country at large, if proper checks and balances had been thrown around them. More especially does this land subsidy question come directly home to us of Oregon, as our State is composed of mountains and narrow valleys. The Willamette, the principal valley of the State lying between the Cascades and Coast ranges of mountains, is not so wide but that a railroad grant takes one-half the land between the two ranges of mountains. If we are to continue a policy of this kind, when our railroad grants are all made we will find when too late that one half of the agricultural lands of the State are in the hands of rail road and other monopolies. It is useless to say "restrict their price," for how easy it is for a railroad or other company to apparently transfer their lands for the price named in the grant, and yet really retain them in their own hands to be disposed of as they find to be most profitable. The idea advanced that had it not been for land subsidies we should not have seen a railroad in Oregon for twenty-five years, is simply nonsense. Other appropriations could have been made just as easily, which would have been of sufficient benefit to the railroad companies, and doubly beneficial to the State. Take for example, the Oregon and California road, to which a grant was made of twenty sections, or 12,800 acres to the mile. This at the Government price, one dollar and a quarter an acre would amount to the round sum of sixteen thousand (16,000) dollars to every mile of road, lacking only about two thousand (2,000) dollars of the average cost of the road. Then when the land is put at \$2.50 per acre, the price the company are allowed to charge, we have enough to nearly build two such roads, to say nothing of the private subsidies which are received from towns and individuals outside.

Suppose on the other hand, Government should subsidize this same company to the amount of sixteen thousand (16,000) dollars to the mile, in the shape of bonds or other securities, and keep the land in reserve for the actual settler? The country would be built up a great deal more rapidly, as the poor man, the laborer, would be anxious to procure a foothold, and willing to labor for its improvement. The railroad company would be anxious for immigration, for the more people there is along the line of the road the greater the amount of business done, and the more remunerative the road is. Much might be said on this side of the question, to prove to our brethren that this was not mere campaign clap-trap, but a lesson taught by experience and observation, and while not anxious to read

any one out of the party, yet, if we were to follow the example set by some of our contemporaries heretofore, we should be compelled to bid good-bye to some who are, apparently, at least, leaving the party on this one issue.

Still the Issue.

The great point still at issue, and about the only one really of importance in the present campaign, is the same bone of contention which has been quarreled over since the times of Webster and Calhoun. The Democrats as a party have always claimed the Government to be one of States, and not of the people in the aggregate. It is not to be supposed that they will in their next platform, if they should put forth one at Baltimore, go back on this, the great principle of the party. On the other hand, this being their pet principle, it can be taken for granted that they will do nothing which will come in antagonism to it. It is not our intention at this time to bring forward any argument upon this question of State Rights, or, more properly, State Supremacy. It has been submitted to the bayonet and decided in favor of the General Government. It has been submitted to the Halls of Legislation, and there received the same verdict. It has been submitted to the people, and the verdict sustained. Yet, notwithstanding all this, "not only the "out and out" Democrats still stick to this principle, but the "liberals" with Greeley at their head virtually endorse the same thing.

In the fourth resolution of the Cincinnati platform can be found this language: "Local self-government, with impartial suffrage, will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power." This means plainly that the General should be subject to the State Government. That the State is supreme, and the General Government is but a creature formed by a partnership between the States, to be annulled at the will of any of them. It implies that this is a Government of Independent Republics, instead of an Independent Republic in and of itself, thorough and efficient in the passage and execution of its laws, and fully able to sustain itself from invasion from abroad, as well as suppress any rebellious uprisings which may happen within its own borders.

On the other hand the Republican party claims this to be an Independent Nationality, free and independent, founded upon the love and intelligence of the people, with no favors to ask of other corporations within its own borders, receiving its support directly from the people and bound to work in the interest of the whole people. With a strict watch upon the rights of the people and a desire to acknowledge them, it would be contrary to every principle of justice for those desires to pass unappreciated. Will the people of this country, after years of quarreling and fighting, allow themselves to be thrown into the same predicament upon the same issues? On the contrary, the indications are that the Republican party will come out of the present campaign more victorious than ever, and show to the world that when we do get an administration which is mindful of the best interests of the country and the people, they can appreciate it, and that they still view with an eye of suspicion anything which tends in the direction of the ground occupied by the friends of the doctrine of State Supremacy.

The nomination of General Grant, for the Presidency, in the National Republican Convention, in Philadelphia, was made by Hon. S. M. Cullom of Illinois. The following is the language used in making the nomination:

"On behalf of the great Republican party of Illinois, and of the Union, in the name of liberty, loyalty, justice, law, the interests of economy, good government, peace, and the equality of all before the law, remembering with gratitude his achievements as a soldier in the field, and his statesmanship in the Presidency, I renominate Ulysses S. Grant for President of the United States."

For full five minutes after the Hon. speaker had resumed his seat, the hall rang with loud and protracted cheers for the illustrious nominee.

Horace Greeley says he has learned that principles are inconvenient and he who hopes to succeed must wear them loosely.

PRICE OF IRON.—The demand for any article is sure to be checked when it is, from an extra demand or from any cause, run up to an extraordinary price. From an Eastern exchange we learn that the recent rise in England has been caused by a legitimate demand from Germany, France and the United States. The demand was so great, while the advance was going on at the same time in the price of coal and the numerous strikes of workmen, both in the iron and coal mines, who were demanding ten hours exorbitant pay for eight hours labor. These causes combined have run iron up to its present high price, and have to considerable extent checked its use, as brick and stone will be used more extensively, while the present high prices continue. On the other hand, these demands and consequent high prices, will stimulate to greater exertions on the part of manufacturers, until these markets which have hitherto been but poorly supplied will be overstocked and prices which are always regulated by the relation of supply and demand, will fall to the old prices and perhaps lower.

NEW POSTAL LAW.—Among the measures passed by the last Congress is the new postage law. The following is the text of the law and all we have been able so far to obtain:

"The most important is the authorization of one cent postal cards for correspondence or for printed circulars, similar to those which were introduced into Great Britain nearly two years ago, and are now in use in nearly all European countries. The House provided in the bill for cards with a paper flap to cover and conceal the writing. The Senate changed this to an open card. In conference Committee the style of the card was left to the discretion of the Postmaster General, who prefers the open card, and will order that kind only to be manufactured. The face of the card will bear a one-cent stamp, and will be provided with lines for the address, and the back will be ruled for the letter. The price on the card and stamp will be only one cent. It will probably be three or four weeks before they will be ready for sale, as the plates for printing have yet to be prepared. The postage on circulars, newspapers, and other transient printed matter, which, under the old law, was 2 cents for every four ounces or less, is now 1 cent for every two ounces or less. Small circulars, which formerly cost 2 cents to mail, can now be sent for 1 cent, an important reduction to business men who use the mails largely to advertise their business. The change is now in force, the law being immediate in its effect.

ABUSE OF GREELEY.—One of our Democratic contemporaries says that the Democracy cannot be beaten by the abuse of Greeley, indulged in by the Grantites." How about the abuse of Greeley indulged in by the New York World, "Brick" Pomeroy's Democrat and a host of other staunch Democratic journals? Will they have a tendency to defeat him? Certainly, they will not help to elect him.

The prospects, so far as they can be judged by the tenor of the press of the country, are now favorable for a straight nomination by the Baltimore Convention, and that the Democracy will depend upon a diversion in favor of Greeley, from the Republican ranks, for their success.—A vain hope, and one doomed to disappointment.

From the report of the New York Custom House Investigating Committee, it will be seen that the President has been completely exonerated from all censure, and the Committee further state that they see no abuses growing out of the general order business.

Zed Wilson and Ben Marshal were examined before Justice Crich, last Thursday, in Portland, on a charge of subornation of perjury. They were both bound over—Marshal in the sum of \$500, and Wilson \$100, to answer before the Grand Jury.

The report of the committee on plans of the Centennial Commission, recommends that ten architects be selected to prepare the preliminary plans of the buildings, who are to be paid one thousand dollars each. Ten other prizes, of one thousand dollars each are to be paid to other architects for sketches or drawings; while six of the most meritorious are to be selected from the twenty plans to be awarded the following prizes: \$15,000 for the first, \$10,000 for the second, \$6,000 for the third, \$4,000 for the fourth, \$3,000 for the fifth, and \$2,000 for the sixth.

State Items.

[Gleanings from State Exchanges.] Crops short in Yamhill. Salem has a Turn Verein Society. One case of small-pox in Eugene. Wheat 80 cts. per bushel in Albany. Burnett's majority in Baker county was 150.

The Insane Asylum contains 165 inmates. The report of small-pox in Tilamook is untrue. Major M. P. Berry has returned from Fort Hall.

The State Horticultural Society meets in Portland to-day. Counterfeit half dollars have made their appearance. Salem is luxuriating in "regular down east maple sugar."

A farmer in Marion county killed 8000 squirrels in May. Jackson county has sent two "brick makers" to Salem.

Prichard's is the name of a new Post office in Baker county. The burnt district of Corvallis is all built up with wooden buildings.

The mines near Randolph in Coos county are said to prospect well. Gen Conn is appointed Receiver of the Land Office at Linkville.

The Red Rock Democrat reports Baker City improving steadily. Baker County boasts of a yearling colt which weighs 820 pounds.

Orien Powers of Rye Valley suicided with a pistol, Sunday June 9th.

Mrs. Jackson of Yamhill county was found dead in her bed last Sunday.

A man named Sullivan was killed by the cars near Eugene on Saturday last. Fourteen Sabbath Schools are to unite and celebrate the fourth at Dayton.

Mrs. Earekson of Benton county fell dead last Sunday while dressing a baby.

Hon. J. G. Wilson is the Oregon member of the National Republican Committee.

One man sold a hundred gallons of strawberries in Albany in a single day, at \$1 per gallon.

Jackson county election returns, show the increase in the number of voters to be 164 in two years.

The Oregon State Agricultural Society owns 140 acres of land valued with improvements at \$10,000.

A little girl named Emma Carter was thrown from a horse and killed, near Eugene, one day last week.

Yamhill Co. Teacher's Association holds its fifth annual session at North Yamhill, commencing July 9th.

A schooner running on Klamath Lake was struck by lightning one day last week. No serious damage done.

The Jacksonville Brass Band was presented with a handsome American flag last week, by the citizens of Jacksonville.

G. O. Mercer of Benton county is to start soon for the Klamath Indian Agency, to complete a contract for surveying, so says the Gazette.

The exercises of Willamette University during the week are reported by the Statesman to have been more than usually interesting.

Peter Roldman of Yamhill county, says his gun "went off," and the bullet "went through" his arm, while he was hunting last Saturday. He didn't know why.

Sergeant Maloney, of Co. K, 23d Infantry stationed at Fort Klamath, was shot and instantly killed by a Corporal named Brooks who had just been discharged.

The breaking of a board on which she was crossing a ditch, accounts for Miss Mary Fehely of Jackson county, having to call the doctor to patch up a fractured limb.

Mr. Wm. Warren of Yamhill county, informs the West Side that he has a steer which has been bitten twice by rattlesnakes, from the effects of which he is likely to die.

A story is going the rounds of the papers to the effect that the "spirits" have informed some Benton county men where to find \$13,000 in gold.—and they found it. Liberal spirits those.

A young lady about 13 years of age, daughter of Chris. Taylor of Monroe, was thrown from a horse one day last week. Her foot became tangled in the stirrup and the horse dragged her until life was extinct.

A man in Bargas diggings in Baker county, while watching his sluice box, during the night saw two men approach for the purpose of robbing the box. He "dropped on" one of them with a revolver, but not sufficiently to stop him, when the two left.

The Roseburg Plaindealer says: "There is now a quantity of freight at the end of the track near Oakland, marked for Jacksonville. This indicates that our friends south already appreciate the value of the railroad. When the road shall have been completed to Roseburg, we have no doubt that the Jacksonville merchants will find it to their interest to ship all their goods by this route, instead of bringing them up the Sacramento."

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY. Published by L. Samuel.

General Advertising Ag't. 93 Front st.

Ackerman's Dollar Store, No. 99 Front st. Importers of Fancy Goods, Toys, Crockery, etc., etc. Store House, First st. bet Oak & Pine. Everything neat. B. Longfellow Proprietor.

BOOKS, STATIONERY & PERIODICALS. BANCROFT & MORSE, Agents for Mable, Todd, and Co's celebrated GOLD PENS.

Trivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co's School Books Just Published, a full line of Legal Blanks for This State.

Berman, the only direct importer of Clothing in the city, cor. Front & Washington streets.

Chas. C. Barrett, WHOLESALE.

Bookseller & Stationer, LARGEST STOCK IN PORTLAND.

No. 79 Front and No. 5 Washington streets. BECK, WILLIAM & SON, 129 Front street, Importers and Dealers in

GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS of every description.

Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, Bells, Bird cages Baskets, Croquet Games, and baby carriages Agents for the "California Powder Works," also for the "Wheeler & Wilson Sewing machines."

Beck, John A. 129 Front st., practical Watchmaker & Jeweler. Work done for the Trade.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS. HINES & BACHELDER, 93 Front Street.

Bigam & Rembert, First bet. Oak & Pine bet. 1st & 2nd Sts. Range, Kitchen Utensils, Buchanan, W. A. S. W. cor. First & Taylor st. Cheapest Furniture House in Portland.

CARPETS. WALTER BROS., 89 Front st.

Clarke Henderson & Cook, 81 & 83 First St. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Millinery, &c.

Coleman & Rosenfield, 158 Front st. Commission Merchants & Dealers in Grain, Prunes, Raisins, &c.

Congie, J. B. mill & dealer in Saddles, Harness, & Saddlery Hardware, 96 Front st.

Currier, W. & Co., 103 Front st. Merchant Tailors & Clothiers. Hats, Furnishing goods.

DeLashmuita & Gatman, 22 Front st. Real Estate Agents, money loaned, houses rented.

DENTAL GOODS, C. H. Woodard & Co 101 Front street.

DUGGINS, C. H. Woodard & Co. 101 Front Street.

Orders from any portion of the State or Territory carefully filled by mail or express.

Elliott & Lowenstein & Co. Furniture and Carpet dealers—stores from 134 to 138 First St.

Employment Agency. Withall & Hoffman, 50 Front st. Furnish all kinds of help.

Fording & Beebe, 10 Front street. Commission Merchants and dealers in Domestic Produce.

Fullerton Livery Stable, cor. First & 8th st. F. Corbett, Proprietor. Turkeys, all on hand.

Fullerton & Robert, cor. First & Washington st. Dealers & Manufacturers of Fine Goods.

Fullerton, Dr. Dentist, Office, No. 2, Dugan's Block, cor. First and Washington st.

Gill & Steel, 75 and 77 First St. Dealers in Clocks, Stationery, & Musical Instruments.

GRAND MUSIC STORE, The largest Music House on the Coast.

STEINWAY PIANOS, BURDETT ORGANS & G. L. DeFRANS, Manager.

SOLE AGENCY FOR THE "Howe" Sewing Machine.

Agents wanted.

Haskney & Stomme, Grocers and dealers in all kinds of seeds, cor. First and Main st.

Hamburger, B. 133 First St., importer and dealer in Staple Fancy Goods, Millinery.

Hendrie, D. H., Photographer Artist, s. w. cor. First & Morrison st. Child's Port. specialty.

Henderson, L. S. & Co., 109 Front st. Manufacturers and dealers in Jewelry, Watches &c.

Howard G. L., 28 Front st., wholesale dealer in Groceries, Doors, Wagon Materials, &c.

Hodge, Cabel & Co., 97 Front St., wholesale dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

HOME Sewing Machine, straight needle, "lock stitch." Competition challenged. M. E. Traver, 112 Front st.

Huggins & Shouder, Nos. 106 112 First st. Importers Furniture, Bedding, &c.

International Hotel, cor. Front & Morrison st.

M. Rudolph, Pr. Free Business steamers.

John J. Co., 81 Front st., wholesale and retail dealer in Fine Clothing, Furnish Goods.

Mason Dorce Restaurant, private rooms for Families, cor. 1st & Pine st. Q. Voss Pr.

Martin, E. and Co. dealers in Wines and Liquors, O. S. N. Co's Block, and San Francisco & Schmeer, 111 Front st., wholesale and retail Confectioners.

Miller, John B., 93 First st. Watchmaker and Jeweler, offers to the public a fine assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Moutier & Co., Front near C. st., dealers in native and foreign Wines and Liqueurs.

Northrup, E. J., Hardware, Iron, Steel, Hubs, Spokes, Hardwood Lumber, &c., Portland.

Occidental Hotel, corner of First & Morrison streets. Smith & Cook, Proprietors.

Parsons, Watkins & Corbett, Real Estate Agents, 90 Front St. bet Alder & Washington.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS. C. Woodward & Co., 101 Front Street.

Ree, J. M. 127 Front street, wholesale dealer in Tinware and stoves.

Reichter, Paul 105 First street, imp'r of Berlin wooden carvings parlor ornaments, &c.

Rider, G. C. Real Estate and Money Broker, 92 Front Street, Portland.

Rosenbaum, I. S. & Co., Tobacconists, importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

Russ House, Front st. On First Class Principles. Thomas Ryan Proprietor.

Sherlock, S. 61 Front & 62 First st., dealer in Harness & Saddlery, & Saddlery ware.

Simon, J., 36 Front st., dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds, Window and Plate Glass.

Sinsheimer, H. 157 First st., imp'r of Pianos Organs, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments.

STONE, B. L., No. 107 Front Street. Watchmaker and Manufacturing Jeweler, is appointed Agent for Waltham, Waltham, E. Howard & Co. Chas. E. Jacob and California Watches also for all the production and imports of the California Jewelry Company, San Francisco. Send for circular. Watches repaired in the very best manner, WARRANTED to give satisfaction.

Skidmore, S. G., 123 1st st. Druggist & Apothecary. Perfumery and Toilet articles.

Snow & Ross, 73 First st., Pictures, frames Moldings, art materials drawing instrumts. Smith, Put., Broker, 90 Front st. Dealer in Legal Tenders, Gov. Bonds and Gold Dust.

Smith & Davis 71 Front st. wholesale, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, etc.

Terry Bros. No. 178 First street, manufacturers, and dealers in Furniture, Bedding &c.

The Clothing Store, 113 Front st., Clothing & Fine good Boots, Shoes. Harris & Prager

Tuttle, H. H. 142 & 144 Front street. Dealer in Wagons an Agricultural Implements.

Vyne E. D. n. w. cor. 1st & Oak st. dealer in fine Brandy, Wines, Eng. Ale & Porter.

Tyler J. A 147 Front st. wholesale dealer in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, etc.

Williams & Myers, 5 Central Block Front st. Commission Merchants deal' in 'n'de

Walley & Fechner, Attorneys and solicitors in Bankruptcy. Office O. F. Temple

REAL ESTATE.

R. H. TYSON, REAL ESTATE & GEN'L AGENT, "REPUBLICAN" OFFICE, Dallas, Oregon.

Special attention given to Sales or Purchase of Real Estate, Collection of Claims, &c.

Agent Union Mutual Life Insurance Co.

For Sale.

TEN ACRES OF LAND, with good House and Barn, all fenced and under good improvement, situated in the Town of Dallas, Polk County, an extraordinary opportunity.

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY SIX Acres of Land one Mile North of Kola, Polk County, good House, good Double Barn, and other Buildings. All under fence, with fine Orchard, and in high state of cultivation.

A FARM CONTAINING 320 ACRES, one and one-half miles south of Dallas. A good barn, house, orchard, and other improvements.

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN acres of prairie, two and a half miles west of Bethel.

A HOUSE AND LOT IN CENTRAL A Salem, near the two Central School Houses. The House contains Eight Rooms, all Plastered, with Hard Finish, Barn, Wood House, and all conveniences to make it desirable.

A FARM OF 160 ACRES. 25 ACRES IN cultivation, 10 acres of fall wheat, 5 acres of meadow, good orchard, and well supplied with water. Situated three miles southwest of Simpson's bridge on Big Luckiamute. For sale at a bargain if sold soon.

A FINE MILL SITE IN SOUTH SALEM, on Willamette Slough. A block of Six Lots, enclosed with Board Fence, good House, Barn, &c.

A GOOD STOCK FARM, CONTAINING 480 Acres, good House, two Barns, Orchard, &c., situated on Upper Salt Creek, 7 miles from Dallas.

A FARM CONTAINING 250 ACRES, 100 acres under fence, 60 acres under the plow; good House, Barn, and fine Orchard, situated 13 miles west of Dallas.

THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES of land, 200 acres under fence, 25 acres cultivated, good log barn, with lumber for house, good orchard, living water near all the year round, 3 miles south-west of Simpson's Bridge, Big Luckiamute.

A GOOD BUSINESS LOCATION AT Buena Vista, Polk county. Warehouse with capacity of 40,000 bushels; trade already established with the interior, and connection with the Willamette Transportation Company. Good dwelling house, and everything ready for occupation. A splendid opening for business. For sale cheap.

A SPLENDID FARM ADJOINING DALLAS, good House, Barn, and other Buildings situated in Town. Two hundred and forty four acres, one hundred acres good plow land, ten acres of Fall wheat, about sixty acres ready plowed, and everything in fine condition for farming. Call on H. McCarter, on the premises, or the undersigned.

A GOOD DAIRY RANCH ON NETARTS Bay, capable of sustaining one hundred Cows, with all the necessary appliances for Dairying. A splendid chance is here offered for any one wishing to engage in this business, as everything is ready to hand for carrying it on.

A FARM, ONE AND ONE HALF MILES Northeast of Dallas, House, barn and orchard: Two hundred and forty four acres all under fence; Forty acres under the plow. A good opportunity for any one wishing a fine farm cheap.

TWO AND A QUARTER ACRES OF land in the town of Bethel, House, barn, workshop, and good orchard. A good chance for any wagonmaker, who wishes to locate where work of that kind is plenty.

A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS IN THE Southwest part of Dallas, for sale cheap, for cash, or in exchange for country property. Inquire of C. Hughes, or the undersigned.

FOR RENT.

A GOOD COMFORTABLE HOUSE AND Barn, with plenty of fire-wood convenient. Situate about two miles south-west of Dallas. For Particulars enquire of R. H. Tyson, REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

TO BUILDERS.

LUMBER. LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY calls the attention of Mechanics and Builders to the fact that they have refitted their MILL on the Little Luckiamute, and are now prepared to furnish lumber at the lowest CASH PRICES, and in quantity and quality to suit. Having better facilities than any other Mill in the country for the manufacture of a

SUPERIOR QUALITY

of LUMBER, it is our intention at an early day to add to the Mill an A No. 1

"MATCHER AND PLANER,"

After which time we will be prepared to furnish lumber dressed and matched.

An excellent MOUNTAIN ROAD leads direct to the Mill. A liberal share of patronage solicited. SHREAGER & CO 34.