

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS FOR 1874.

For President, U. S. GRANT.

For Vice-President, SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

A. B. Mosham, of Umatilla County, W. D. Hale, of Washington County, Jas. F. Gastey, of Douglas County.

For Congress, JOSEPH G. WILSON, Of Wasco County.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. N. B. Humphrey, of Linn.

Taxation in Polk County.

The Mercury and Statesman are in a contest concerning the taxation in Polk county. The Statesman in an article on the subject, stated:

"We know of an owner of a little real estate in that county who paid last year taxes amounting to between nine and ten dollars. This year his taxes on precisely the same piece of property, is over twenty-four dollars—more than doubled in one year."

Whereat the Mercury charges the editor of the Statesman with penning an untruth, and further states that

"When the Democrats assumed control of affairs in Polk county, taxes were seventeen mills on the dollar and County Orders selling at a discount, and the roads and bridges in bad condition. Now, the roads and bridges are in good repair, the county does not owe a dollar, her orders are worth their face, there is money in the Treasury, and taxes only twelve mills on the dollar."

The Mercury is not the only Democratic paper in the State which has bowed over the glories of old Polk. The facts in the case are: during the Republican administration, eight or nine large bridges were built, which cost a large sum of money; the roads were kept in passably good repair; and while the rate of taxation was seventeen mills on the dollar, the valuation or all taxable property was such as to make the taxes light. How is it now? True, the Democracy have lowered the rate of taxation from seventeen to twelve mills on the dollar, but they have increased the valuation until taxes are nearly double what they were last year. We had occasion to visit Yamhill county last week, when a resident of that county, a man of high standing, told us that he had a piece of property in Polk county, the usual tax upon which had been nineteen dollars and a few cents. A short time since he sent twenty dollars over to pay his tax. A note came in return stating that a balance of fourteen dollars was yet due. He did not understand it and requested us to ascertain the facts. We inquired and was told that his land had been assessed and taxed at the regular rate, and the tax which was formerly nineteen dollars, was now thirty four.

True, our county is free from debt, but we have to pay more than double our former tax.

True, our County Orders are worth their face, yet there is no improvement going on to put them in circulation.

True, we have money in our County Treasury, but we have to swim our streams for want of bridges, and wallow through miry places for lack of proper culverts on our roads. There is not a large bridge in the county, with one or two exceptions, that is safe to cross with a heavy load. There is not two miles of road at one stretch in the county, that one can ride over in a buggy, without having to stop to pick the way over some bad place, and yet our officials will jingle the money in the Treasury, and talk about prosperity, and the lowering of taxation in the county. The people, however, are alive to these things, as will be seen in the next election.

CONVENTION.—The Polk Co. Republican Convention which met last Saturday, passed off harmoniously, and the ticket brought out, so far as we have been able to learn gives general satisfaction. The ticket is one which every Republican can work for with a good grace, and we expect to see every man on the ticket elected on the 3d of June. All that is necessary now is to be up and doing. Work for your time is short, and the matter is of too much importance to be neglected.

An Imbecile.

It has been truly said, that in the life of every one who lives to three score years and upward, there are times when he is incapable of acting with decision and discretion. How well has this been verified in the case of Horace Greeley. He commenced his career an ardent opponent of slavery, and he fought that institution until it was finally and completely overthrown. His actions in that contest were such as to prompt the most casual observer to believe that he was prompted by earnest convictions of right, and had his after course been consistent the name of Horace Greeley would have been honored and revered as long as there was anything in American history worth remembering. But does his after life corroborate and sustain those convictions? Far otherwise. Immediately upon the close of the war he became bail for Jeff Davis, the prime leader in defense of slavery, and one who had headed the armies of the South who were contending for the enslavement of the Africans. This act first roused the suspicions of the American people that all was not right with Greeley.

From that time he has been watched, and now we see the point at which he aimed—a nomination for the Presidency. For a lifetime the great champion of a high protective tariff, he has fought hard and ably in defense of that doctrine, but in a moment of imbecility he has been lured from his wonted path, to accept a nomination on a platform, which, if it means anything, it means free trade. It has been stated that at the time Mr. Greeley became bail for Jeff Davis, a contract was made that he (Greeley) should be the Democratic nominee for President. This was credited by but few. The majority indignantly denied all such charges, but were at a loss to account for his action. He has belied all former protestations.

A lifetime champion of liberty for the blacks, he became surety for the leader in their enslavement.

A pretended opponent of Secession, he endeavored to reconcile the differences between the North and South, by "letting the South depart in peace."

A pretended advocate of a high protective tariff, he has given the lie to all his past record by accepting a nomination upon a free trade platform, all for the one purpose of securing the nomination, which was the great object of his ambition. But it is all of no avail.

He may train his hens to run the base and "tally" every time they lay an egg; he may peel his turkeys and hang them up to dry before making them into cider; he may sow his darling needles and mow them until he raises a good crop of genuine crowbars; he may trim and train his maple trees, until the little cakes of sugar which grow upon them may be of any shape he wishes, and in fact, accomplish as many impossibilities as his inventive genius may conceive, on his farm at Chappaqua, but he will find that the American people are not fools enough to indorse a man who shows that all his theories are visionary and his actions uncertain.

He will ere long see the error of his way, but we fear that it will be too late for repentance to be of any avail; he will be forced, like Seward, to exclaim: "Had I died in the height of my fame, when the dagger was plunged to my heart, what a noble death! But now I die in after years unwept, unhonored."

Greeley, adieu! We bid you goodbye without a tear. We witness your departure without a sigh, or a pang of regret, and your future life, of course, will be traced by other pens. If, however, when you shuffle off this mortal coil, those to whose embrace you have gone should fail to pay passing tribute, a few old friends in memory of the past, will gather around your resting place, and over your grave erect a four-tined fork, the use of which you well know, a fitting emblem of your past life and suitable monument for the departed, and as you have paid no attention to the warning voice of your fellow citizens, you would be sure not to notice the call of the Archangel, this tool will be useful in stirring up what Gabriel would be unwilling to handle.

The Sunday Schools of this place are preparing for a grand picnic to be given on the 25th inst.

Wilson and Burnett.

These two gentlemen spoke at the Court House Wednesday afternoon to a large audience. Mr. Burnett led in the discussion. He commenced with the Tariff, and after devoting over a half hour to its discussion, and stating that he was in favor of a tariff for revenue, wound up by saying, there was no taxation of this kind but worked an injustice thus virtually saying that he endorsed an injustice.

His next attack was upon the National Banking system and the funds employed in the operation of these Banks. He denounced these funds as "Privileged Capital," because they were founded upon U. S. Bonds, which were free from taxation. He favored taxation of these bonds, and before he was through with this part of his subject, admitted they were a species of property, which, in its very nature was free from taxation, and that it was the understanding at the time these bonds were issued that they should not be taxed.

He referred to the policy of the present administration, as one which was tending to the centralization of power, and striking at the liberties of the people, but failed to show any danger to be apprehended by the course of the government, or in what way the people were in danger of losing their liberties.

The remainder of his time was devoted to charges against the administration; suspension of the writ of habeas corpus; trial by jury, and other injuries, which he said were being imposed upon the people. His time having come to a close

MR. WILSON arose and in a very few moments disposed of all that had been said by Mr. Burnett. He thoroughly ventilated the speech of his opponent and held it up to view of the audience so ludicrously that even many of the strongest Democrats laughed at it. He then reviewed the Democratic platform fully and fairly. His charges and thrusts at Mr. Burnett were so severe that it elicited pity from many present, and one of our strongest Republicans was heard to say that if Wilson didn't quit being so severe with Burnett that he would vote for him through sheer compassion.

Taken as a whole, the effect was splendid for the Republicans, and the feeling created, if followed up will insure us a complete and glorious victory in June.

RIPICULOUS.—The Democratic papers of the State are prating about the Grand Jury of Marion county putting off the trial of Sam May until after the election, stating that it is intended to procure his release through partisan juries and making capital out of it for political effect. After spending thousands of dollars for investigations, connected with his arrest, on a charge of defaulting to the amount of over \$14,000; having those indictments entirely quashed and then swearing out others to the meagre amount of \$830, it is not strange that they should harp about "actions for political effect. The charge is too thin. The thing goes for what it is worth and no more.

LUCID.—Gov Grover in his speech, at the Court House in this town, the other day said—The Lock Bill was introduced by a Republican, Mr. Thompson, Senator from Clackamas; that Gov. Woods signed the bill that he (Grover) signed, that if he signed a fraud Gov. Woods signed a fraud; but that the bill was amended and passed the Legislature. Query?—How could he have signed the same Bill that Gov. Woods signed when the Bill that he signed was an amended Bill to that which Woods signed? Grover failed, intentionally perhaps, to state the amendment. And this part of his speech, like the rest, is just as clear as some of the lakes that his colleagues have filed upon.

SIGNIFICANT.—That most of Gov. Grover's hearers, at his recent speech at the Court House were Republicans. That so many of the Democracy of Polk, won't swallow Grover, nor any other man of the "Possum" family. That Hayden was not at his usual post, that of introducing "big guns," and the office declined vacant. That L. Vineyard was appointed in his stead. "Sich" is life.

The Ninth Census Report has been received through the courtesy of Hon. Jas. K. Kelly.

BOSH.—Grover's speech was about the sickest attempt we ever heard at party vindication. He reminded us of a poll-parrot attempting to follow his master. His speech, written by some cheap demagogue, was well committed, but is not a masterpiece, and he may rest assured that the merits of it will never take him to Congress.

State Items.

[Gleanings from State Exchanges.]

Eugene is to have a three story brick hotel.

The Alsea valley, contains two hundred and fifty inhabitants.

Salem abounds in burglars, they seem to have a special pick at the doctors.

Early vegetables are plenty and cheap in the Jacksonville market.

The Salem papers say ripe strawberries were gathered at that place last Sunday.

Rich lead mines have been discovered in the Santiam District, in the Cascade mountains.

A new gold mine has been discovered on the Santiam, about 40 miles from Lebanon.

Umpqua merchants are now shipping their freight via Portland, and the O. & C. R. R.

A boy named Fleischman, was accidentally shot last Monday, near Gervais, in Marion Co.

A steam foundry is in full operation at Gervais, mostly engaged on work for the O. & C. R. R. Co.

Wm. Watkins expects to make 3,900,000 brick the coming season, with the assistance of his "pet lambs."

Mr. Myers is pushing forward with rapidly his Agricultural works in Salem, as we learn from the Statesman.

Nine fights within a half hour were reported from one standpoint, after the merry duels in Portland Tuesday.

Mr. Kirk, of Eugene, had two horses killed by the cars last week. They were promptly appraised and paid for by the Co.

J. J. Harlow, mate of the ship Windward, in Portland, was so severely injured on Tuesday that he died a few hours afterwards.

Lucky.—We notice A. Noltner, chief of the Enterprise has been elected Mayor of Oregon City. We congratulate Brother Noltner.

Capital Lodge I. O. G. T., has taken initiatory steps for having a grand G. T. Temple's celebration in Salem on the coming Fourth of July.

Two wagons loaded with goods for Jacksonville merchants arrived at that place on the 3d instant from Red Bluff, being the first this season.

Marion county has a Justice of the Peace who acts in the capacity of Justice, Constable and both Attorneys. Rather difficult we should say.

The ladies of Ashland are making preparations for holding a fair on the 28th of May, to raise funds to assist in building a church at that place.

T. M. Gale formerly of the Ensign has been re-galing himself in the matrimonial line. May the little Gales which refresh him never be *ful*, nor too much inclined to be *spually*.

The Jacksonville Sentinel contradicts the report that the Indians in the vicinity of Link river are troublesome, and says they are quiet, peaceable, and behaving themselves like "good Indians."

Mrs. Grotigot, of North Bend, is soon to be added to the list of insane in the Asylum, from Coos county. This lady was formerly an occupant of the California Asylum, and has relapsed after a seeming cure.

The Democratic Times, of Jacksonville, says that "Governor Grover has not permitted his organ, the Salem Mercury, to hoist the name of Judge Prim among the list of candidates at the head of its columns," and asks, "Can petty meanness descend lower?"

From the Rustic, published at Empire City, we learn that a petition is being circulated for subscription to assist in clearing a road from the terminus of the Coos Bay Wagon Road to the Randolph road, thus shortening the distance from Empire City to Roseburg.

Rev. P. S. Knight, of the Congregational Church, at Salem, closed the fifth year of a most pleasant and successful ministry at that church last Sunday. He has preached more than five hundred sermons in his own pulpit within the five years, and has during the time received sixty-three additions to the membership—making a total membership now of one hundred and fifteen.

The Republicans of Yamhill county have nominated the following ticket: State Senator, J. W. Cowles; Representatives, A. R. Burbank, T. R. Harrison; Clerk, R. Lampson; Sheriff, Robert Bird; Assessor, Isaac Davis; Treasurer, J. M. Kelly; Commissioner, Wm. Dawson, J. M. Hulery; School Superintendent, H. H. Hewett; Surveyor, Charles Handley; Coronor, Dr. H. V. V. Johnson. A. R. Burbank is named as Chairman of the Republican County Committee. Harmony and good humor prevailed. The ticket will receive the entire Republican vote.

R. FISKE.

C. M. HALL.

DRS. FISKE & HALL.

OFFICE—No 1 MOORES' BLOCK,

Salem, Oregon

10-11

The CITY BOOT STORE has long been Headquarters for the State of TIRREL'S CELEBRATED BOOTS, of which I have Exclusive Sale. Parties are cautioned to examine and find my name on them, as the country is flooded with a Rotten Boot, in imitation of the genuine article. Every pair of Tirrel's Boots sold at my establishment is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

REMEMBER that the above house sells no buff or split goods. No shoddy palmed off upon his customers for a superior article of French Calf. All pairs returned in a reasonable time, repaired free of charge.

J. W. GILBERT, Salem, 37-11

REAL ESTATE.

R. H. TYSON,

REAL ESTATE & GEN'L AGENT,

"REPUBLICAN" OFFICE,

Dallas, Oregon.

Special attention given to Sales or Purchase of Real Estate, Collection of Claims, &c.

Agent Union Mutual Life Insurance Co.

For Sale.

TEN ACRES OF LAND, with good House and Barn, all fenced and under good improvement, situated in the Town of Dallas, Polk County, an extraordinary opportunity.

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY SIX Acres of Land one Mile North of Eola, Polk County, good House, good Double Barn, and other Buildings. All under fence, with fine Orchard, and in high state of cultivation.

A HOUSE AND LOT IN CENTRAL SALEM, near the two Central School Houses. The House contains Eight Rooms, all Plastered, with Hard Finish, Barn, Wood House, and all conveniences to make it desirable.

A FARM OF 160 ACRES, 25 ACRES IN cultivation, 10 acres of fall wheat, 5 acres of meadow, good orchard, and well supplied with water. Situated three miles southwest of Simpson's bridge on Big Luckiamute. For sale at a bargain if sold soon.

A FINE MILL SITE IN SOUTH SALEM, on Williams Slough. A block of six lots, enclosed with Board Fence, good House, Barn, &c.

A GOOD STOCK FARM, CONTAINING 150 Acres, good House, two Barns, Orchard, &c., situated on Upper Salt Creek, 7 miles from Dallas.

A FARM CONTAINING 250 ACRES, 100 Acres under fence, 63 acres under the plow, good House, Barn, and fine Orchard, situated 1 1/2 miles west of Dallas.

THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES of land, 200 acres under fence, 20 acres cultivated, good for farm, with lumber for house, good orchard, living water near all the year round. 3 miles south-west of Simpson's Bridge, Big Luckiamute.

A GOOD BUSINESS LOCATION AT EOLA, near Polk County, Warehouse with capacity of 40,000 bushels; trade already established with the interior, and connection with the Williams Transportation Company. Good dwelling house, and everything ready for occupation. A splendid opening for business. For sale cheap.

A SPLENDID FARM ADJOINING DALLAS, has good House, Barn, and other Buildings situated in Town. Two hundred and forty four acres, one hundred acres good plow land, ten acres of Fall wheat, about sixty acres ready plowed, and everything in fine condition for farming. Call on H. McCarter, on the premises, or the undersigned.

A GOOD DAIRY RANCH ON NETARTS Bay, capable of sustaining one hundred Cows, with all the necessary appliances for Dairying. A splendid chance is here offered for any one wishing to engage in this business, as everything is ready to hand for carrying it on.

A FARM, ONE AND ONE HALF MILES Northeast of Dallas. House, barn and orchard. Two hundred and forty acres, all under fence. Forty acres under the plow. A good opportunity for any one wishing a fine farm cheap.

TWO AND A QUARTER ACRES OF land in the town of Bethel, House, barn, workshop, and good orchard. A good chance for any wagonmaker, who wishes to locate where work of that kind is plenty.

FOR RENT.

A GOOD COMFORTABLE HOUSE AND Barn, with plenty of fire-wood convenient. Situate about two miles south-west of Dallas.

For Particulars enquire of R. H. Tyson, REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

TO BUILDERS.

LUMBER.

MBER.

LUMBER.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY calls the attention of Mechanics and Builders to the fact that they have refitted their Mill on the Little Luckiamute, and are now prepared to furnish lumber at the lowest CASH PRICES, and in quantity and quality to suit. Having better facilities than any other Mill in the county for the manufacture of a

SUPERIOR QUALITY

of LUMBER, it is our intention at an early day to add to the Mill an No. 1

"MATCHER AND PLANER,"

After which time we will be prepared to furnish lumber dressed and matched.

An excellent MOUNTAIN ROAD leads direct to the Mill. A liberal share of patronage solicited, SHRADER & CO.

THE HOUSE WE LIVE IN

AND THE

Inhabitants of the Human Body,

WORMS.

The cause of a great many diseases that have been pronounced incurable by the most eminent physicians, for the very reason that they overlooked the cause, and as life long Den Bergh has made the Entozoa, Dr. Van den Bergh has made the sick generally that by close observation and great experiments he has come to the conclusion that there are more acute and chronic diseases caused by Worms, Hydatids, Animalcules or other species of Entozoa. The public generally, or the profession at large, are not aware of the number of patients who are treated by eminent physicians for this, that, or such a complaint, without any relief. If the disease had been understood, a few doses of Dr. Van Bergh's Worm Remedy would have immediately cured the complaint and have saved a great many lives.

Inhabitants of the Human Body!

What think you, reader, of your body being a planet, inhabited by living races, as we inhabit the earth? Whatever may be your thoughts on the subject, it is even Dr. Van den Bergh's opinion that your body may be but a home for parasites that crawl over the surface, burrow beneath the skin, nestle in its crevices, and riot and propagate their kind in every corner of its frame.

The following is from the San Francisco Bulletin, of January 26th, 1872—a recent date:

Carl Martins recently died in Cleveland, Ohio, from eating meat affected with the Ova of Taenia Solium. At the Coroner's Inquest, on Tuesday, January 24, it was shown that three weeks before Christmas, Martins purchased a carcass of pork. Some of the meat was eaten the next day, and some was made into sausage. About ten days later some of the sausage was eaten, and in a short time the whole family were taken sick. Martins died on Sunday Dec. 31st, 1871. Mrs. Martins and her two children are now very sick, and the former is not likely to recover. The verdict was in accordance with the facts. For further particulars, see Cleveland, Ohio, papers of the above date. A Coroner's Inquest brought this fact to light.

Now I would ask how many more such deaths an inquest would bring to light? Ponder well, reader, upon this, and think of the thousands that die every year and no cause can be assigned for their death. Now the question that would naturally enter the mind of the reader is, what shall I do? The advice of the Doctor would be to go to some one that is competent of treating such complaints, and who is there more competent than the one that has made Worms a specialty.

TANIA.—Yesterday, Dr. Van Den Bergh exhibited to a number of parasites which had been removed from persons afflicted. There were several different species, one of which appears to be entirely unknown to the medical profession. This new Tania is stained something like an orange seed, but perfectly flat, or rather like a cucumber seed, with a tail about a quarter of an inch in length. Another was a tape worm 37 feet in length, and consisted of 2,600 joints. Amos medical men there exists no little difference of opinion relative to the origin of these Entozoa. One class of writers believe that these parasites, or at least many of them, originate in the endowment of animal molecules with vitality from the parent body, favored by certain states of the vital forces of that body; the states originating their organization and promoting their growth and propagation. That all descriptions of Entozoa are met with far more frequently where animal food is used in greatest abundance is an indisputable fact, especially where the food is the flesh of the "unclean beast," which the Jews and Mohammedans are forbidden to partake of. But our intention is not to write a treatise on this subject, we only wish to chronicle the fact that Dr. J. W. Van Den Bergh has found a medicine—a simple vegetable, which grows in abundance in California, which is a dead shot to all Entozoa, of whatever description, generally accomplishing its object in from an hour and a half to six hours.—Morning Call.

Had we space here, hundreds of testimonials could be produced testifying to the truth of the assertions that have been made, but it would be useless, and would occupy the reader's time.

The following are some of the diseases that Worms are often mistaken for:

Dyspepsia, Chronic Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Consumption, White Swelling, Palsy, Spasmodic Rheum, Local weakness, Nervous Debility, Epileptic Fits, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Incontinence of Urine, Gravel, Flor Albus, Diabetes, Dropsy, etc.

Dr. V. would advise those ladies troubled with any Irregularities of the Uterus to try his new remedies and get cured.

Dr. Van Den Bergh's Infallible Worm Syrup for Children. Warranted to expel the worms. Price \$1. Sent everywhere upon receipt of price.

Dr. J. W. Van Den Bergh's Hair Tonic—a sure cure to destroy all animalcules of the hair follicles, prevents falling out, and promotes the growth of the hair. Price \$1.50. Warranted.

By Consulting and Undergoing a

SIMPLE EXAMINATION

The afflicted can learn if their disease is caused by Worms or not; at all events, Dr. Van Den Bergh can tell them from what disease they are suffering.

Symptoms of Worms,

Alternate paleness and flushing of the countenance, dull expression of the eyes, drowsiness, itching of the nose, a swollen upper lip, tongue whitely furred and thickly speckled with red points, foetid breath, an enlarged abdomen, a partial or general swelling or puffiness of the skin, a starting in the sleep and grinding of the teeth, a sensation as if something was lodged in the throat, a gradual wasting of the flesh, sickness of the stomach, vomiting, a short and dry cough, appetite sometimes voracious, at other times feeble, bowels sometimes constive, at other times loose, great fretfulness and irritability of temper, pains in the stomach and bowels, colic, flatulencies and palsy.

If the Worm Syrup is not to be had in your town, send orders to the manufacturers, and it will be sent to any address. Direct orders to Dr. J. W. Van Den Bergh, P. O. Box 173, Salem, Oregon.

Letters describing the symptoms will be promptly answered, and persons living at a distance will be saved the expense and trouble of calling upon the Doctor.

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