

# Forest-Grove Independent.

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NO. 8

## THE INDEPENDENT.

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Physician and Surgeon,  
FOREST GROVE, OREGON.  
OFFICE—At his Residence, West of Johnson's Plating Mills.

**W. H. SAYLOR, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
FOREST GROVE, OREGON.  
OFFICE—At the Drug Store.  
RESIDENCE—Corner Second Block south of the Drug Store.

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SOLICITS THE PATRONAGE OF THE GROVE. Work warranted. Office at Walnut and Pine Streets.

**FOREST GROVE LODGE, No. 136, I. O. G. T.**  
MEETS AT ITS HALL EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, at 6 o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

**HOLBROOK LODGE No. 30, A. F. & A. M.**  
FOREST GROVE, OREGON. Meet Saturday before the Full Moon in each month. Brethren in good standing are invited to a feast.

### A Wisconsin Experience.

It is but a few since the people of Wisconsin mortgaged their farms to aid in the construction of railroads. And although they were badly swindled, yet in the long run the State has been greatly helped by the railroads. After more than twenty years of experience that State has just passed very stringent law regulating all the railroads within her limits. It is not a measure of hostility, but of prudence and self-defense. All railroads are divided into three classes for passenger rates. The first is limited in its passenger tariff to 3 cents a mile, with 100 pounds of baggage. The second is limited to 4 1/2 cents a mile. The third to 4 cents a mile. There are four general and seven special classifications for freight purposes. In the first classification, the maximum charge cannot exceed 6 cents per hundred pounds for the first 25 miles; for the second 25 miles not exceeding 4 cents per hundred pounds. The second class is limited to a maximum not exceeding 12 cents per barrel for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding 8 cents per barrel for the second 25 miles. The third class, F, not exceeding 15 cents per barrel for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding 6 cents per barrel for the second 25 miles and not exceeding 3 1/2 cents for each additional 25 miles or fractional part thereof, unless the fraction be less than 13 miles, in which case the rate shall not exceed 1 1/2 cents per barrel for such fractional part. Class G, not exceeding \$8 per car-load for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding \$5 per car-load for the second 25 miles, and not exceeding \$2 per car-load for each additional 25 miles, or fractional part thereof, unless the fraction be less than 13 miles, in which case the rate shall not exceed \$1.50 per car-load for such fractional part. Class H, not exceeding \$10 per car-load for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding \$7 per car-load for the second 25 miles, and not exceeding \$4 per car-load for each additional 25 miles, or fractional part thereof, unless the fraction be less than 13 miles, in which case the rate shall not exceed \$2 per car-load for such fractional part. Class I, not exceeding \$11 per car-load for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding \$8 per car-load for the second 25 miles, and not exceeding \$3 per car-load for each additional 25 miles, or fractional part thereof, unless the fraction be less than 13 miles, in which case the rate shall not exceed \$1.50 per car-load for such fractional part. Class J, not exceeding \$8 per car-load for the first 25 miles, and not exceeding \$6 per car-load for the second 25 miles, and not exceeding \$2.50 per car-load for each additional 25 miles or fractional part thereof, unless the fraction be less than 13 miles, in which case the rate shall not exceed \$1.50 per car-load for such fractional part.

The law provides that three Commissioners shall be appointed by the Governor, none of whom shall own any stock or bonds of any railroad company. They are to have power to classify all articles of freight, to enforce the law, and to collect all needed information. In short, Wisconsin takes the railroad bull by the horns, and holds him very firmly. The State, in its sovereign capacity, undertakes to regulate the whole internal railway economy, and has done it very effectively. When the State of California undertook to attain the result, it was seen there were too many railroad retainers in the Senate to gain the point. The result has only been delayed for a couple of years, when it is sure to be reached, and with a unanimity which the most abject railway organs will not care to question.—S. F. Bulletin.

Two thousand Carlists were defeated by 900 Nationals, in the Province of Tarragona. The Republicans lately dispersed several bands of Carlists in Arragon and Albicete. A sharp contest occurred at Little Rock on the 30th of April, between a party of Brooks' men and a detachment of Baxter's force under Col. White in which Brooks' party had nine killed and twenty wounded, and the rest were captured. Seven of Baxter's men were wounded. The decrease in the public debt during April is \$2,900,000. The statement shows a decrease of the Treasury balance in currency of \$5,280,74; special deposit in legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, \$51,860,000; coin balance, \$33,710,800; coin certificates, \$90,301,952; outstanding legal tenders, \$382,000,000; amount of fifty-two bonds outstanding to date, \$4,733,000.

Mr. R. J. Baker, of Lane county, will in a few weeks, start with 300 head of cattle for the Palouse country. He intends crossing the Cascade mountains over the McKenzie road.

### Miserable South Carolina.

The following from the San Francisco Chronicle of recent date shows up some of the beauties of carpet-bag government:  
The sort of reconstruction practiced upon South Carolina has pressed her very hard. Her taxable values before the war were nearly \$500,000,000, they are now reduced to \$150,000,000, or \$165,000,000. Up thatno \$500,000,000, before the war, was raised, for the ordinary current expenses of the Government, the sum of about \$100,000; but upon the reduced values of \$140,000,000 there is now raised the annual sum of over 62,000,000. Considering the loss and depreciation of property, the reduced ability of the people to pay, and the false and exaggerated assessments made, the proportion between the tax now raised before the war would be fifteen or twenty to one. The funded debt of the State has been increased from \$6,000,000 to \$16,000,000, with an undefined margin of floating debt and unacknowledged bonds. In one year 268,000 acres of land were forfeited for non-payment of taxes. The carpet-bagger's hand has indeed been heavy on South Carolina.

The tax-payers of the State held a Convention and sent a delegation to Washington to lay before the President and Congress the pitiable story of wrong and outrage to which they have been subjected. Unfortunately, one of the speakers at that Convention indulged in some violent and uncalled for remarks, especially personal toward the President, and these were duly reported to him. The result was that General Grant, according to the Washington correspondents, avenged himself by snubbing the tax-payers' delegation and that of the Charleston Chamber of Commerce which waited upon him on a like errand. He told them that he felt sympathy for all people who suffer misgovernment as the people of South Carolina suffer, but that much of his sympathy for the suffering thousands of that unhappy State had been destroyed by the alleged intemperate words of one of them. It is, to say the least, unfortunate that the President should not possess sufficient self-control and magnanimity and statesmanship to overlook such merely personal matters, in the consideration of topics of the gravity of this appeal from the oppressed, betrayed and wretched people of an entire State praying against the corrupt and unscrupulous administration of the affairs of their local government.

The representatives of South Carolina are now before Congress asking for some measures of relief.

### Patrons of Husbandry.

Under the auspices of the Grange a corporation entitled the Northwestern Shipping, Storage and Commission company filed articles of incorporation at the county Clerk's office in Portland last week. The following are the articles of incorporation with the names of the incorporators attached:

Article 1. The name assumed by this corporation, and by which it shall be known, is the "Northwestern Shipping, Storage and Commission Company of the Patrons of Husbandry," and its duration shall be perpetual.  
Article 2. The enterprise, business and occupation of this company shall be, the shipping, storing, buying and selling of produce, goods, wares and merchandise, and the buying and selling of real estate.  
Article 3. The principal office for the transaction of business shall be in the city of Portland, County of Multnomah, State of Oregon, but this corporation shall have agents and subordinate offices at different points in the State of Oregon and Washington Territory.  
Article 4. The capital stock of this corporation shall be \$10,000 in United States gold coin.  
Article 5. The amount of each share of capital stock is hereby fixed at twenty dollars, and no person shall be allowed to subscribe for or ever become the owner of more than ten shares at any one time.  
In testimony whereof, and of our adoption of the foregoing articles of incorporation, we, the undersigned incorporators, have hereto set our hands and seals, this 21st day of April, A. D., 1874. WILLIAM BARLOW, ARTHUR WARNER, A. J. DERRAM, Sr., JOHN MOORE.

Sworn and subscribed to before J. C. Moreland, Notary Public for the State of Oregon.  
125,000 brick already in the first kiln at the penitentiary.

### Remedies for the Evils of Intemperance.

Rev. Dr. Stebbins of the First Unitarian church in San Francisco delivered a lecture on intemperance lately in that city in which he gave the following remedies:

When we talk of prevention, we must first deal with primary causes, the cause of causes; and, to use a medical phrase, we must have constitutional treatment, not symptomatic. There must, first of all, be moral treatment for the building up and strengthening of character. This begins in childhood, in the family, at the mother's knee, and the father's leading of the hand. It includes home influence and parental training. What we want, and what we must have, is not special vices, but general training for the establishment of controlling virtue. Here is where we all err and fall, from want of elevation in the great power of education. The speaker dilated on what the home influence over children should be—a power which should mould their lives and give them force of character to acquit themselves with principle and honor and self-control in the affairs of life—and he observed that we should equip our children for the world as if they were to receive no help from anywhere out of home. Of immediate remedies, he did not favor entire suppression of drinking, and confessed that he himself was not a total abstainer, and does not see the necessity for it. He thought the sale of liquor should be regulated by law; that the number of houses should be reduced, say to 300 and the whole trade placed in the hands of decent, substantial men. A tax might be put on them, and if by this means \$50,000 annually could be raised, a good use to which to devote the money would be to support a well-managed home for the indigent, where those who were beyond self-control might receive proper medical treatment. As to the drunkard, he could only be reached by the influence of personal friends and family. He believed that if twenty prominent citizens would make it a rule to banish wine from their tables, it would have a wholesome effect in setting an example for reform.

### TELEGRAPHIC.

**Ames, April 25.**—In the battle of the Hilsbant 8,000 natives made a general attack on the Dutch positions at Kraton, but they were repulsed with great slaughter, after eight hours fighting. All the Dutch forces except a garrison of 2,500, now in Kraton, will return to Java tomorrow.

**Monroe, La., April 28.**—The river has fallen an inch and a half in twenty-four hours. The steamer Gary Owen reports the water as falling all the way down.

**Boston, April 29.**—The city's tribute to the memory of Sumner, in Masonic Hall, this afternoon, in spite of the rainy weather, was very imposing. The audience, which crowded the hall to its utmost capacity, included members of the State and city Governments, Legislature, Judges of Courts, and many prominent persons from other States. Senor Schurz, Orator of the Day, was introduced by Wendell Phillips.

**Washington, April 29.**—The House Committee on commerce has finished the preparation of the annual River and Harbor Appropriation Bill, and will report it to the House shortly. It contains items of \$25,000 for removing the wreck of the ship Petrician from San Francisco harbor; \$20,000 for the improvement of the Willamette and Columbia rivers, from Portland to the ocean, and \$20,000 for the improvement of the Upper Columbia. The bill also contains provisions for surveys of the estuary in Santa Barbara channel, near Point Meyer; of the Sacramento River, from and including the Hog's Back up to Colusa; of Feather River, from the mouth to Marysville, and the San Joaquin River below Stockton. Surveys are also directed for the Dalles and the Cascades in Oregon; for Skagit, Snohomish and the Chehalis Rivers, in Washington Territory, and for the Snake River in Idaho.

**Bayonne, April 29.**—Reports that the Carlists have evacuated Portugaletta and Tures are untrue. Dispatches from the seat of war say Concha is marching with 20,000 men to attack the Carlists at Bilbao in the rear, while Serrano makes simultaneous attacks in front. The Carlists are reported entrenched.

**SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.**—On Market street, near Sutter, Abraham Solomon, a boy about 16 years old, attacked a younger boy named Messenger. An elder brother of the latter interfered to stop the fight, when Solomon drew a pistol and threatened to shoot him. At this juncture Mrs. Messenger went to stop him, and caught hold of the pistol. In the struggle the weapon was discharged, shooting off one of Mrs. Messenger's fingers and hitting Solomon in the head, killing him almost instantly.

**LITTLE ROCK, May 1.**—The situation here is practically unchanged. Brooks still occupies the State House with about 500 men, while Baxter is at the Anthony House with 300. The United States troops continue to occupy a position between them. Gen. Fagan, an ex-Confederate, assumes command of Brooks' forces in the State, and calls on his old comrades to rally to his standard. Both parties appear to be waiting for definite news from Washington.

Colonel White's account to Baxter of the fight near Fine Bluff yesterday, is that 200 men gathered for Brooks near New Gascony, and being unable to secure transportation to Little Rock they began plundering the citizens, when White asked and obtained leave from Gen. Newton, Baxter's commander-in-chief, to disperse them. He went with a force of 90 men into Jefferson county, where he found them and sent three officers to command them to disperse. As the officers came in range they were fired upon, when White ordered an advance, and a fight ensued, resulting in killing and wounding twenty of Brooks' men and eight of two men, the rest dispersing. White had seven men wounded and three horses killed. He paroled all the prisoners, except the two leaders—Murphy and Van Desante.

The Gazette's Pine Bluff special tonight gives essentially the same account as the above, except that it places the casualties at six killed and wounded of White's party, and twelve wounded of Brooks' men. It is said that similar bands are in Jefferson and Arkansas counties and that White has been ordered to disperse them.

**MADRID, May 2.**—This morning's official advices announce that the Republicans have entered Bilbao. The Carlists are retreating in great disorder. There is intense excitement in Madrid.

**LONDON, May 2.**—A Post editorial on American affairs remarks that the hopes of a complete victory in the next election entertained by Unionists, or, properly speaking, republicans, are melancholy to contemplate. Should they be realized, the Declaration of Independence would be celebrated by a declaration of independence of common honesty. The most ominous feature is that the struggle is sharply defined by geographical limits and threatens to become sectional, like the anti-slavery contest.

**MILWAUKEE, May 2.**—Governor Taylor has issued a proclamation in reference to the resistance of railroads to the new railroad law. He says: "The competency of legislation to regulate railroads is conceded, yet the St. Paul and Northwestern Companies have announced their determination to operate their roads without reference to the provisions of the act. This is at once a source of profound regret, and in marked contrast with the patience and submission exhibited by the people in the presence of what they have deemed unjust and burdensome exactions of railroad companies in the past, and if persisted in, it must seriously disturb the business and greatly imperil the industries of the State." The proclamation concludes as follows: "I therefore enjoin all railroad corporations, their officers and agents, personally, to submit to the law; for since the Executive is charged with the responsibility of seeing that the laws are faithfully executed, all the functions of his office will be exercised to that end, and for this purpose he invokes the aid and co-operation of all good citizens."

**St. Louis, May 4.**—The Democrat's Little Rock special says Judges Leale and Bennett, of the Supreme Court were arrested last night on their arrival by the Memphis train at Argenta, opposite Little Rock, by Captain Williams, acting under order of Governor Baxter. The Judges refused to be arrested without proper authority. Williams thereupon forcibly arrested the Judges. Judge Stephens, of the same Court, was also on the train, but Williams appeared ignorant of the fact.

**WASHINGTON, May 5.**—The Senate Finance Committee, by a majority vote, agreed to recommend the incorporation of the following provisions in the House Finance bill: To fix the maximum of greenback circulation at \$382,000,000 and to issue \$164,000,000 of new National Bank notes, retiring for each million of such issue a half million of greenbacks, until the total greenback circulation is reduced to \$300,000,000, and fix January 1, 1877, as the date for the resumption of specie payments.

**MEMPHIS, May 7.**—A planter from Chicot county, Arkansas, who arrived here to-day, brings distressing accounts of suffering among laborers and families in that section. Many of them are living on carcasses of animals that died of starvation or were drowned.

**St. Louis, May 6.**—The Democrat's special gives an account of the capture and escape of the Justice of the Supreme Court, Bennet and Searle. Lieut. Summerhill moved them after their capture to the outskirts of the

city, whence by Gen. Blocher's orders, they were transferred to Benton. Summerhill having learned that assassination was intended for the prisoners, disclaimed complicity and offered them his aid in making their escape. This was effected and the prisoners were supplied with revolvers, which they subsequently gave up to their escorts, Summerhill and Thompson. Soon after, meeting a squad of United States troops, they were taken under their protection and conducted to Little Rock.

**MADRID, May 6.**—Serrano arrived this afternoon, and was received with great enthusiasm. Triumphant arches were erected and houses were decorated with flags.

### OREGON.

The municipal elections at Corvallis will hinge on the temperance question. License or no license is the issue.

Some hunters near Frank Copple's coal mine, in Clackamas county killed three California lions and a wildcat one day last week.

The Annual Conference of the U. B. Church of Oregon will convene at Philomath, Oregon, May 22, 1874. Rev. Bishop Edwards is expected to preside.

Prices of stock in Douglas county: Cattle yearlings, \$7@8; two year olds, \$12@15; milk cows, \$18@27; beef, on foot, 4c; hogs, 5c@5 1/2c on foot; sheep, \$2@3 50 on head.

The Dallas paper learns that the recent frosts have damaged the fruit prospects in some localities in that county. Al. Graham, on Salt Creek, reports his plants entirely destroyed.

A little boy near Sublimity has over three hundred specimens of insects, properly preserved and classified. That youth ought to be appointed "Bugmaster General" of the State.

The contract for the erection of a hall for the Grange on Muddy creek, Benton county, has been given to Mr. W. Pitman, who will at once proceed to work. The sum to be paid is \$1,285.

Mr. T. H. Gaunt, of Yamhill county, died at the Dalles of consumption on Thursday last week. His son T. C. Gaunt, of Union, lies dangerously ill of the same disease at the same place.

The prospect for an abundant fruit yield throughout the Willamette valley is good. This pleases immigrants from the Western States, where most of the orchards have been winter-killed.

Mr. Parmer, of Polk county, while plowing with his horses last Monday one of them became suddenly ill, and died in a few hours. A post mortem examination was had, and it was found that the stomach of the animal was almost entirely gone, nothing left but a web-like, not sufficient to hold the food it eat. The strangest part about it is, this horse ate a hearty dinner a few hours before, and seemed as healthy as any horse. There have been several other horses died in the same way recently, and horse doctors can make nothing out of it.

A few days since a member of the Champions of the Red Cross, a Good Templar and a Granger, became involved in some little difficulty with the saloon keeper at the Dalles, and they resolved to close his establishment. And this was not a difficult job, it seems, for the Champion of the Red Cross held a mortgage on the saloon and fixtures, which he immediately foreclosed, took possession "chebang," locked the door, put the key in his pocket, and walked proudly away. This is "preying" with a vengeance. This action on the part of these persons closed up the only saloon in Dallas.

The Statesman says "a company has agreed to put up a bridge across the Willamette at Salem for the sum of 50,000. If they can obtain the contract so as to commence operations by the 1st of June, they will complete it this season.

A number of the citizens of Clatsop county met at the Court House in Astoria on the evening of May 1st, and organized a County Woman Suffrage Association. After fully discussing the different matters and adopting the preliminary measures, the meeting adjourned until Friday evening to hear the reports of committees on Constitution and By-laws, and fully organize by electing officers.

The Grand Encampment of the Independent Champions of the Red Cross, in session at Salem last Wednesday, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Grand Commander, C. E. Burrows, of Salem; Grand Counselor, T. B. Handley, of McMinnville; Grand Secretary, E. P. Smith, of Silverton; Grand Treasurer, Mrs. Hattie M. Bowker, of Salem; Grand Senior Champion, Mrs. Z. P. Tozier, of Hillsboro; Grand Junior Champion, Mrs. A. C. Hays, of Milwaukie; Grand Captain of the Host, W. H. Rubel, of Dallas; Grand Chaplain, Rev. J. P. Adams, of Sheridan; Grand Mistress of Ceremonies, Mrs. D. L. E. Lupper, of Albany; Grand Sentinel, W. H. Smith, of Jefferson.

### BETWEEN THE YEARS.

We stand upon the bourne, my Soul and I,  
Of this year's sea, and mark the waters  
Ebb  
To join the undefined and crystal waste  
Of sea beyond, and standing so, we sigh  
To see no ship of ours carrying by.  
Worthily freighted, and with full sails  
graced.  
And yet, because the two seas are embraced  
By one o'er-arching span of hopeful sky,  
But do not quite despair, who are so poor.  
But climbing by our faith the bridge of bliss,  
We see the chasm passed; we see our feet  
Planted upon the New-year's smiling shore,  
And, there, innumerable ships that woo  
The earnest seelers to an empire sweet.—  
(H. M. Dodge in Christian Union.

### ALL SORTS.

"Letting off sleep" is a little boy's definition of snoring.

The song of the ladies' temperance bands—"Ging thro' the rye."  
Should cremation ever become adopted as a system, the expression, "Peace to his ashes," will mean something.

A Western paper announces the death of a lady celebrated for the "purity of her character and complexion."

O, bother cremation! We have to earn our living—and we don't want to run our head.

The New Orleans crusaders announce that "the horn of the ungodly shall be put down." That is where horns are generally put.

Inscription on a tombstone in Columbia, Tenn.: "Escaped the bullets of the enemy to be assassinated by a cowardly pup—a kind husband, an affectionate father."

Butler will be fifty-six years old next November. The proposal to make the anniversary of his birth a day of national fasting and prayer excites much enthusiasm.

An English judge, Baron Alderson, on being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

The Chicago Tribune prints a poem in which the writer wishes that she had "a heart full of sweet yearnings." How the persecuted author must have yearned to fumble among that compositor's hair.

Twenty-one freshmen were lately suspended from an English college because a professor couldn't find out who placed a ten-ounce tack in his chair. He however, knew all about who sat down on it.

Kansas judges are either very generous or else they have little dignity. One of them was called "Old Skillet-legs" by a lawyer, and he only imposed a fine of seven shillings for the contempt of court.

A little boy, carrying home some eggs from the grocery, dropped them. "Did you break any?" asked his mother, when he told her of it. "No," said the little fellow, "but the shells came off some of 'em."

"Nothing," said an impatient husband, "remind me so much of Balaam and his ass as two women stopping in church and obstructing the way to indulge in their everlasting talk." "But you forget, dear," returned the wife, meekly, "that it was the angel who stopped the way, and Balaam and his ass who complained of it."

A young man having put a crown piece into "the plate" in an English church by mistake, instead of a penny, asked to have it back but was refused. In once, in forever "Aweel, aweel," granted he, "I will get credit for it in heaven." "Na, na," said Jeems, the door-keeper, "y'll get credit only for the penny ye meant to give."

The average Burlington, Iowa, saloon keeper must be had indeed. A learned divine in that city recently addressed one of them as follows: "Wretched man! If the bed of that river was bank high with the sands of salvation, and a universe of opium coming down from the mountains, there wouldn't be enough to wash your feet."

A dear good fellow at the South telegraphs to his fiancée at Portland, Me., to the following thrilling effect: "To—Your life is a rich banquet of happiness, yourself the sweetest flower. If northern winds whisper southern wishes, how happy you must be. Good night. Happy dreams, sweet love, Frank." Four doctors are in attendance upon the telegraph operator.

An old gentleman of the name of Gould, having married a very young wife, wrote a poetical epistle to a friend to inform him of it, and concluded it thus:

So you see, my dear sir, though I'm eighty years old,  
A girl of eighteen is in love with old Gould.  
To which his friend replied:  
A girl of eighteen may love Gould, it is true,  
But believe me, dear sir, it is Gold without U!

The amplest arrangements are being made for the Grangers' picnic to come off at Hillsboro the latter part of this month.

disc. chas. A. S. WAT. DEALER in the city. Forest Grove, May 12th. Please call on me. Respectfully.