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IS MONEY WORTH SAVING?

None of Us Earn it so Easy as to be able to Throw it Away.

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T. L. WALLACE & CO., Albany's Leading Clothiers.

We will not wait until the end of the season to Knife Prices, but begin right now. TO DAY, such as they've never been knifed before.

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Our beautiful all new spring stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, hats and furnishing goods, is nothing less than par excellence.

Suits and overcoats for the tall, slim and stout man that no tailor on earth can beat for fit, style, workmanship and general make-up.

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In this department we are complete with the latest styles in children's wear, and mothers, if you'll take the time and look through our massive assortment in boys' clothing, you'll be money in pocket for the trouble.

We have sole agency HANAN & SON'S fine shoes and carry for the celebrated

T. L. WALLACE & CO.,

The birthplace of great and honest bargains, Strahan Block, Albany.

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WINTER GARMENTS

That we will sel at

REDUCED RATES! REDUCED RATES!

FURNISHING GOODS,

VELVETS, SILKS, SATINS AND PLUSHES, LADIES' AND

MISSSES SILK AND KNIT UNDERWEAR, COTTON

AND WOOL HOSE, EMBROIDERIES, SILK AND

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, SCARFS,

VEILINGS, SHAWLS, ETC.

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS GOODS!

G. W. SIMPSON,

FIRST STREET, ALBANY, OREGON.

CHINESE SUGGLING.

Arrest and Suspension of Officials at Port Townsend.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 5.—Attorney John Trumbull was arrested today on a charge of aiding and abetting the entering of Chinese into the United States.

CHILIAN VESSEL SEIZED.

Uncle Sam Takes a Hand in Suppressing the Insurgents.

SAN DIEGO, May 5.—This evening U. S. Marshal Gard seized the Chilean steamer Etaka, now receiving supplies in the harbor, and placed Capt. Manzoni under arrest.

Thayer is Governor.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 5.—The court has decided that Boyd is ineligible as governor, because he is not a citizen and decided that Thayer is governor.

The Celebrated French CURE

Warranted by APHRODITE'S



the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of stimulants, tobacco or opium, or the rough youthful indulgence, or indolence, etc., such as loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing Down pain in the Back, Seminal Discharges, Gleet, Neuritis, Nocturnal Emission, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotence, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price \$1 a box; 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given with every \$5 order received, to refund the money if the celebrated cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphrodite's Circular free. Address: THE APHRODITE MEDICINE CO., Western Branch, Box 27, Portland, Oregon. For sale by Foshay & Mason, who make and retail druggists, Albany, Oregon.

Faber's Golden FEMALE PILLS

For Female Irregularities, Headache, Pain in the Back, etc. Guaranteed to relieve monthly troubles, and to induce regular menstruation. Sure Safe Certain. Don't be humbugged. Save time, health and money. Take no other. Sent to any address by mail on receipt of price, \$2.00. Address: Faber's Medicine Company, West Branch Box 27, Portland, Or. Sold by Foshay & Mason, Albany, Oregon.

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THE PRESIDENT.

Oregon Extended a Royal Welcome.

AN OVATION EVERYWHERE.

The Trip Through the Great Willamette Valley.

AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Governor Penney's Speech: The President Greeted in Portland With Booming Cannons.

PORTLAND, May 5.—The early part of the journey of the president and party into Oregon today was made in a steady fall of rain varying from a drizzle to a light shower. This discouraging state of affairs did not seem to dampen the enthusiasm of the inhabitants, and they paid the chief magistrate every possible honor at each place visited.

AT EUGENE.

A large crowd, including Grand Army men and militia, were assembled at Eugene to greet the president, but all their preparations were for naught, as he was fast asleep in his car when the train drew up at that station, not to be awakened by the firing of cannon and the familiar strain of "Hail to the Chief," by a brass band. It was 6 o'clock in the morning but the people thought that the president should have acknowledged the compliment paid him, and they gave free vent to their indignation at his failure to appear. It is explained by the president's friends that the people of Eugene had been informed last night that the president's engagements for today made it absolutely necessary that he should have a full night's rest, and that it would be asking too much to expect him to begin the labor of the day at 5 o'clock in the morning. This, however, was the only disappointment of the day.

ARRIVAL AT SALEM.

The presidential train, consisting of five Pullman coaches, drawn by engine No. 23, arrived at Salem this morning at 9 o'clock. Hundreds of people had assembled at the depot, and though the rain was coming down lively, they seemed oblivious of the fact, being intent only on welcoming the president.

The band of the Second regiment O. N. G., and the Independence band were present. Drawn up in line, as the train reached the depot, were companies B, H and A, of the Second regiment, and a company of cadets from Monmouth.

Governor Penney and Mayor D'Arcy entered the president's car, greeted President Harrison and escorted him and Mrs. Harrison to a carriage.

Sixteen carriages were occupied by the whole party, and the line of march taken up to the state house. On the way from the depot to the state house thousands of persons lined the sidewalks, and several hundred school children, each with a bouquet and flag, waved a cordial greeting.

The entire steps were thronged with people, who cheered and welcomed the visitors. Proceeding direct to the assembly chamber, the president and gentlemen of his party were soon seated in front of an immense concourse of people, all the available standing room being occupied.

At 9:35 a. m. Mayor D'Arcy called the assemblage to order, and welcomed the president and party in a brief speech.

Then followed a speech by the governor.

GOVERNOR PENNEY'S ADDRESS. Mr. President: On behalf of the people of the state of Oregon, I do, as its chief executive officer, extend to you, the president of the United States, a most cordial welcome. The freedom of the whole state is yours. Upon this occasion all party differences are forgotten, and the citizens of our state hail your presence here, as this thronged assemblage well attests, with sincere greetings. And even more itself appears to be in full accord with the sentiments of our people, for in valley and upon mountain side, spring has just now hung its leafy banners out as if to bid you welcome here. We were gratified when we learned of your intended visit, and it has afforded us an unfeigned pleasure to hear of the largely demonstrated that have been accorded you in all the portions of our common country which you have visited.

We sincerely regret that you could not have prolonged your stay within our borders in order to visit other portions of our state, embracing your itinerary, and for you would have received in all localities, from the mountains to the sea, the most hospitable greetings of our yeomanry. Mr. President, the people of this commonwealth, congratulate you upon the feeling of national unity everywhere manifested upon your journey, and it is their earnest prayer that the spirit of concord now happily existing among the people of our whole country may remain undisturbed throughout the remainder of your administration, and for unnumbered cycles to come. Again I assure you that Oregon extends to you a generous, heartfelt welcome.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S SPEECH.

As the governor concluded and President Harrison arose, the applause was long and hearty. He said in part: "It is very pleasant to be assured by those kindly words which have been spoken by the governor of this state and by the chief officer of this municipality that we are welcome to the state of Oregon and to the city of Salem. I find here as I found elsewhere that these cordial words of welcome are repeated with increased emphasis by the kindly faces of those who assemble to greet us. I am glad that there are elsewhere we look into the faces of happy, prosperous, contented, liberty-loving, patriotic American citizens, our birthright, the wise anticipation of those who frame our government, our national and constitutional organization, which has repeatedly in all the states of the Union, and here as I find here as I found elsewhere, a message for the North and for the South, and for the East and for the West, as I journey through this land. It is to hold up the law, and to say everywhere that every man owes allegiance to it, and that all law breakers must be left to the deliberate and safe judgment of an established tribunal. You are justly proud of your great state. Its capabilities are enormous; its adaptation to comfortable life are peculiar and fine. The years will bring you increased population and increased wealth. I hope they will bring with it, marching in this stately progress of material things, those finer things, piety, pure homes and order, which are great and fine. In closing, the president introduced Postmaster General Wanamaker and Secretary Rusk, each of whom made a short speech.

After a stay of an hour the party departed for Portland.

A short stay was made at Chemawa, where the president reviewed the pupils of the training school and addressed them briefly.

At Eugene, Oregon, the president received a more cordial greeting than was accorded him by the pioneers and army veterans at Oregon City.

A large evergreen arch, with the words "Welcome" in letters of flowers prominently displayed, was erected at the station. Standing beneath this the mayor of the city delivered an address of hearty welcome, and closed by calling for three cheers for the president of the United States.

The reception in Portland. The scene at the east side approach to the Morrison street bridge, on the arrival of the presidential train, was one of excitement.

The approach, driveway and platforms were crowded by a seething mass of humanity, anxious, all, to see the president.

When the "pilot" train, with the legislative committee, local reception committee and visiting committee, came in, it was just 12 o'clock.

Two minutes later the whistle of the presidential train was heard, and then began the firing of the welcome signal guns. Twenty shots were fired as the train rolled by the platform and came to a stop.

President Harrison emerged upon the rear platform, and his appearance was a signal for prolonged cheering. Removing his hat, he bowed to the crowd, and another round of deafening cheers broke forth.

THE WELCOME SPEECH AND RESPONSE. Just at this point Mayor DeLashmunt and Mrs. DeLashmunt arrived, and the mayor, shaking hands with the president, said: "Mr. President, allow me on behalf of the citizens of Portland to extend a warm welcome to you and our distinguished friends to our city."

The president responded promptly by saying: "I thank you, Mr. Mayor, for the courtesy. Introductions then followed, and in a minute more the presidential party was seated in carriages, which were handsomely decorated with flowers.

The party then proceeded across the bridge, being flanked on one side by a double column of the G. A. R. and the Marine band. The crowd was so dense that as

the procession moved across the bridge the structure swayed to and fro like a small plank. All the while a score of steamers which had been stationed above and below the bridge sent up just a shade of whistling. All the craft on the river were gaily decorated with flags and bunting.

When the bridge was crossed the carriages turned up Front street, the president's carriage resting at South Hill, till the line was formed ahead, and exactly at 12:30 the forward order was given.

The procession in four divisions was viewed from the reviewing stand by the president, and he was saluted by this regiment. The scene was most impressive and was witnessed by an immense throng.

The rain had the effect of preventing the arrangement of elaborate displays, but so soon as the weather moderated sufficiently the national colors were displayed everywhere. The buildings along First street were in holiday attire. Flags, streamers, festoons of bunting and evergreens and pictures of the president and Mrs. Harrison were used in profusion, and everywhere the eye was greeted with artistic decorations of every description.

The Portland hotel was handsomely bedecked with flags and festoons of the national colors. Tropical plants were placed in the main court yard, and the entrance was completely enveloped in graceful folds of red, white and blue, intermingled with bunches of flowers and evergreens. The reviewing stand opposite the hotel, on Sixth street, was almost hidden from view with the national colors.

Considering the short season, the time in which the work had to be done, it must be said that the city along the line of march was appropriately decorated, and Portland has reason to feel proud of its efforts.

In the afternoon there was a general suspension of business. President Harrison held a short reception at the hotel to members of the G. A. R., and Loyal Legion. At 4 o'clock a cable car decorated with evergreen, bunting and flowers, was placed at the disposal of the presidential party, who were taken to Portland Heights and had pointed out to them different points of interest from that commanding view of the city. Postmaster General Wanamaker paid a visit to the postoffice during the afternoon.

Fully 10,000 people gathered in the industrial fair building this evening, where an informal reception to President Harrison was held. The interior of the building was elaborately decorated with evergreens, bunting and flowers. President Harrison was introduced to the assemblage by Mayor DeLashmunt in a brief address of welcome, in response to which the president spoke as follows:

THE PRESIDENT'S PORTLAND SPEECH. Mr. Mayor and Fellow Citizens: No more brilliant and inspiring scene than this has been presented to our eyes in this wonderful series of receptions which have been extended to us on our journey. You have been filled with regret to-day that your weeping eyes did not present to us the fair spectacle which you had hoped, and yet this very discouragement has but added to the glory of this magnificent reception (cheers). To stand in the bright sunshine of a general day and to wave a welcome is not so strong a proof of the affectionate interest of a people as you have given to-day, standing in this downpouring rain (cheers). In the presence of a multitude like this, in a scene made brilliant by these decorations, I stand inadequate to any suitable expression of gratitude that fills my heart (cheers). I was quite inclined to stand by the superintendent of the census in the count which was made of the states, but I am afraid if I had witnessed this scene pending your application for a reason that it would have been granted laughter and cheers. I am sorry that it could not have been made as the people turned out to give us this welcome. I am sure no one would have been missed (laughter and cheers). This state is interesting in its history; the establishment of the authority of the United States over this region was an important event in our national history. The possession of the Columbia and of Puget Sound was essential to the completeness and roominess of our empire. We have here in this belt of states, reaching from the Gulf of California to the straits of Fuca, a magnificent possession which we could not dispense with at all (cheers); that this river of yours should be made safe and deep so without obstruction to your commerce is to be decided (cheers). It should receive those appropriations which are necessary to accomplish the purpose in view (cheers). I believe you may anticipate largely increased commerce, looking as you do towards the regions across the Pacific, it would be natural that this important exchange with them a great and increasing commerce (cheers). I am in entire sympathy with the suggestions of the mayor that it is important that this commerce be carried in American ships (cheers). I believe it is the duty of the national government to take such steps as will restore the American merchant marine (cheers). Why

shall we not have our share in the great commerce of the world? I cannot but believe, and such inspiring presences as this but kindle and confirm my belief, that we are come to the time when this nation should look to the future and step forward bravely and courageously in new lines of enterprise (cheers). The Nicaragua canal should be completed (cheers); our harbors should have adequate defense, we should have upon the sea a navy of first class ships (cheers). We are here in the most kindly relations to the South American and Central American countries; we have been content that Europe should do the commerce of these nations, we have not availed ourselves of the advantages of the neighborhood and of the friendly kindred republican institutions to develop our commerce with these people. We have fortunately as a result of the conference of American nations, I am sure, not measure that I confidently hope will bring to us speedily our just share of this great commerce (cheers).

PROUD OF OREGON.

"Yes, you may well be proud of Oregon, but, my countrymen, above all, crowning all, greater than all, is our American citizenship (great cheering). What should one of these states be without the other? what is it that gives us prestige abroad and power at home? Is it that we have formed a government of the people, that we have one flag and speak with one voice to all nations of the earth? Enthusiastic cheering. Again I assure you, that you have given us to-day what is to my mind under conditions taking into account, and the population of your city, the most splendid demonstration we have seen on the whole journey." Prolonged cheering.

THE PARTY LEAVE FOR THE SOUTH.

After the president had finished his address, Postmaster General Wanamaker and Secretary Rusk made brief remarks. At the conclusion of the exercises the president bowed acknowledgments to the crowd as they passed by him, and received informal introductions. Mrs. Harrison and the other ladies of the party did not attend the exercises at the Exposition building, but remained at the hotel, where they were accorded a reception by the ladies of Portland. The presidential party left at 1 o'clock a. m. for Puget Sound.

A CRISIS REACHED

Report of the Grand Jury in the New Orleans Affair.

NO INDICTMENTS RETURNED.

An Appeal to Congress for Protection from the Lawlessness of the Mafia Organization.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—After six weeks of investigation the grand jury has completed its labors in the Italian case, and this afternoon presented a voluminous report to Judge Barr. The report recites the killing of Chief of Police Hennessy, the trial of the Italians, etc., and referring to the verdict rendered says: "We cannot be mistaken in the assertion that the verdict was startling, amazing, a bitter disappointment, shocking to public opinion, provoking repeated accusations that some of the jury have been unfaithful to their office.

We are lead to conclude that the jury undertook to try the case when it was submitted, by their own estimate of the value of statements made by parties not called as witnesses. With strange unanimity they dwelt upon what they knew by reading and hearsay of certain incidents of the assassination prior to the trial, and made the basis of a powerful persuasion for giving to accused the benefit of doubt and concluding their deliberations in their favor.

It is clear that as affecting three of the accused, Politz, Scalfetti and Monasteri, the jury engaged in deliberation four or five hours and on repeated ballots voted six guilty and six not guilty. This is a clearly defined indication of the conviction that the evidence was sufficient to justify the six jurors who stood resolute and determined for a verdict of guilty, making it well nigh impossible to reach any other conclusion than a mistrial. The three accused named above were probably unwilling actors designated by the leaders of the conspiracy to execute the villainous part in which they had neither personal motives nor interest. Following this investigation it was quickly learned that the talemans had been approached in various manners, the vile work even being carried forward in the court room during the trial. One favorable expression was that big money might be made by going on the jury and doing right.

Among the talemans a number of our citizens have nobly come forward, furnishing a link in the missing links in the chain of circumstantial evidence drawn around this organized band of jury bribers. The grand jury knows that the list of the talemans was in the office of O'Malley & Adams at 11

o'clock Sunday morning, February 22, though the trial judge had issued orders that the list should not be made public, or given to the counsel on either side until Monday. It is not shown by whose hands the list was secured, but enough is secured to confirm the secret and the powerful influence of the so-called private detective agency and Counsel Adams to handle the machinery of the court. The evidence shows that the lists of names were tampered with when drawn over to the jury and before they reached the jury box in the court.

Sufficient evidence was offered by voluntary and reliable witnesses to justify the indictment of six men as follows: Thos. McCrystal and John Conroy, with Dr. C. O'Malley, for attempting to bribe talemans; and Bernard Gladi, Chas. Granger and Fernand Arman for attempting by each to bribe three different talemans.

We are forced to the conclusion that Dominick O'Malley is chargeable with knowledge of and participation in most, if not all, of the unlawful acts in connection with that celebrated case. Without his assistance and corrupting influence we believe the verdict would have been radically different, and as a natural consequence the tragic occurrences of the 14th of March last, never would have been recorded.

The grand jury recites the pernicious combination of jury bribers, the blood-curdling crimes of the Mafia society, it being almost impossible to discover the perpetrators or secure witnesses. Among them are men born in New Orleans, of Italian origin, using their power for the basest purposes, he it said to their eternal disgrace.

The jury declares that a crisis is reached, and it becomes the duty of the next congress to quickly enact such vigorous laws that complete protection shall be afforded. The report says: It is shown in evidence that the gathering on Saturday, March 14, embraced several thousand of the best, best and even the most law-abiding citizens of the city. Evidence is before us from official sources, that eleven persons were killed in the attack on the prison. Eight of them were beyond question American citizens. The magnitude of the affair at the prison makes it a difficult task to fix the guilt upon any number of participants. In fact the act seemed to involve the entire people of the parish and city of New Orleans. In view of these considerations a thorough examination of the subject has failed to disclose necessary facts to justify this grand jury in presenting indictments.

AN OREGON MAN.

HON. C. A. DOLPH MAY SUCCEED SAWYER.

The Latter Will Probably Resign at an Early Day—New Circuit Judges to be Appointed.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Hon. C. A. Dolph, of Portland, Oregon, brother of Senator Dolph, has filed his indorsements at the department of justice to succeed Circuit Judge Sawyer. This may be considered a little early to take such steps, but it is gossip here that Judge Sawyer has decided to resign as soon as the president has disposed of the work of appointing the nine circuit judges provided for at the last session to relieve the supreme court. It is said the Oregon delegation has decided to press Dolph energetically, at least Mitchell and Sherman will be active. Chief Justice Blake, of Montana, is also a candidate. He has not filed his recommendations yet, but has had some correspondence about the matter with Attorney General Miller. He is getting ready to present his claims. It is said he has the Montana senators behind him and that he will receive from them an energetic support. This rather conflicts with the report that United States District Judge Niles, of Montana, will be pressed for promotion. It is believed that Nevada's strength will be concentrated on United States District Judge Hawley, but personally he will take no hand in the matter. So far Washington and Idaho have not been heard from. It is still believed that ex-Representative Morrow is reasonably sure of appointment as one of the nine new circuit judges the president will appoint. In such an event it is claimed that California will not stand a very good show to furnish a man to a coe d Sawyer.

A Precious Pair.

KNOWSVILLE, Tenn., May 5.—A special says Abingdon, Va., is in a fever of excitement over the arrest of Dr. Baker and Mrs. Gilmour, prominent and widely known, on a charge of murdering Mrs. Baker, wife of Dr. Baker, and attempting to murder W. R. Gilmour, husband of the woman under arrest. Mrs. Gilmour confessed that Mrs. Baker was killed. She acknowledged that Dr. Baker sent the woman poison, which she gave her husband, but his life was saved. It is said Baker and Mrs. Gilmour were criminally intimate.