Morning Daily Herald.

20 CENTS A WEEK. ALBANY, OREGON, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21 1891 VOL. VI NO. 271

FisherLP 21 Merch'tEx

REMOVAL

The Albany Furniture Co.

Have removed their entire stock of furniture into their elegant new quarters in the new Baltimore brick. They have added a magnificent line of newest patterns in bed-room and parlor sets and all kinds of fine furniture, and will have one of the finest furniture establishments in the city. Their prices will be found very reasonable. A fine line of carpets bought before the raise will be sold at low figures.

☞Call and see them in their new store.

L. T. BROCK & H. HYDE, - Proprietors

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Leader in popular prices in

BOOTS & SHOES and Gents

FURNISHING GOODS.

Sole agency for the Ludlow

Fine Shoe.

N. B.---I will continue to sell my dry goods at cost until they are all gone.

FIRST STREET, ALBANY, OREGON.

W. F. READ,

Headquarters for Furnishing Goods

We have in Stock now the Best as well as

the Largest Assortment of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS

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Every shown in Albany. We know that we can please you.

Commencing December 1st We will Mark

Our cloaks at cost. Come while the assortment is good. This is really the greatest drive ever offered in Albany. On account of the warm fall we find we are overstocked in Gent's Heavy Underwear and for the next tuirty days shall give extra bargains.

We can and will save you money. Call and get prices. A pleasure to show good.

RESPECTFULLY,

W. F. READ.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness more economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders Sold only in cans, ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st., N. Y.

LEWIS M. JOHNSON & Co., Agents, Portland, Oregon.

The Celebrated French CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded

Is sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of stimulants, tobacco or opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, etc., such as loss of vital Power, Wakefulness, Bearing Down pains in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervousness, Prostration, Nocturnal Omissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box; 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given with every $5 order received, to refund the money if a **Permanent** cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine Circular free, Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
Western Branch, Box, 27, Portland, Oregon.
For sale by Foshay & Mason, who esale and etail druggists, Albany, Oregon.

Faber's Golden FEMALE Pills

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

Sure Safe Certain

Don't be humbugged. Save time, Health and money. Take no other.

Sent to any address by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address **Aphro Medicine Company** West Branch Box 27, **Portland, Or.**

Sold by Foshay & Mason, Albany, Oregon

BANK OF OREGON,

ALBANY, OREGON.

CAPITAL.....$50,000

President.....H. F. MERRILL
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A general banking business transacted.

RED CROWN MILLS

ISOM, LANNING & CO., Props.

NEW PROCESS FLOUR.

(Superior for Family and Baker's use)

Best Storage Facilities

☞Highest cash price paid for wheat☜

ALBANY - OREGON

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

PRESIDENT—L. FLINN.
VICE PRESIDENT—S. E YOUNG.
ASHIER—E. W. LANGDON.

DIRECTORS:

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ALBANY OREGON

C. W. AYERS, ARCHITECT AND SUPERintendant. Office over First National bank building, Albany, Or. Work solicited from all parts of the county

MONEY TO LOAN—HOME CAPITAL ON good real estate security. For particulars enquire of Geo. Humphrey.

C. B. WINN, AGENT FOR THE LEAD ing fire, life and accident insurance companies.

HORSES FOR SALE—One sorrel horse, 9 years old, weight 1100; one gray horse, 8 years old, weight 1100; also a wagon, hack, harness, etc. Will sell for cash or exchange for other property. R. A. FRY.

THE COMMISSIONERS

Railroad, Fish and Food and Librarian Elected.

THE AGONY IS NOW OVER.

The Bills Being Pretty Thoroughly Worked Through—A Great Many Find a Quietus in the Committees.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—The legislature in joint session to-day elected the following officers: Railroad commissioners, George W. Colvig of Roseburg, Robert Clow of Junction City, A. N. Hamilton of Union; fish commissioners, F. C. Reed, R. C. Campbell, George Myers; pilot commissioners, J. F. Halloran, B. F. Packard of Astoria, J. A. Brown of Portland; food commissioner, W. W. Baker of Portland; state librarian, J. B. Putnam.

IN THE HOUSE.

Fulton's bill for the sale of tide and swamp lands was passed.

Cogswell's bill amending the act in regard to claims of deceased persons; passed.

Hirsch's bill allowing justices to commit persons to the asylum in the absence of county judges; passed.

Willis' bill against boycotts; passed.

Willis' bill regulating foreign insurance and surety companies; passed.

Fulton's bill exempting railroads to be built within two years from taxation; passed.

The house concurred in a resolution for the purchase of an electric light plant.

Cross' bill directing the use of road funds; failed.

Cogswell's bill to protect employes and laborers in the claims for wages; passed.

Carson's bill to regulate the practice of medicine; passed.

Hirsch's bill for $20,000 bonds to fund Salem's debt; passed.

Mackay's bill for a plumbing inspector in Portland; passed.

Gates' bill regulating the salaries of county treasurers; passed.

Mackay's bill to protect owners of floating logs; to judiciary.

Cogswell's bill for a railroad right-of-way through state lands; failed.

Tongue's bill requiring a two-thirds vote of churches, schools and societies for important acts; passed.

EVENING SESSION.

Cross' bill for creating the office of attorney-general; passed.

Fulton's bill for monthly terms of county court in Clatsop county; passed.

Weatherford's bill regulating smokestacks on Willamette river steamers; passed.

The house concurred in the senate joint resolution suspending the joint rule to allow the equalization bill to come in.

Tongue's senate bill for a state board of equalization; passed.

IN THE SENATE.

Thomas' military bill, carrying $16,000; passed.

Hilton moved that Johnson's house bill, authorizing The Dalles City to incur an indebtedness of $69,000 for water works be read third time; not carried. Watkins moved to indefinitely postpone it; not carried.

Armstrong's house bill for the right of a waterway for the state over the lands of Ellen Savage and Fred Yankee; read first, second and third time and passed.

House bills, third reading:

By Moore, for world's fair appropriation of $50,000. After some discussion Sinclair moved to indefinitely postpone the bill; carried.

Speeches were limited to five minutes, and the introducer of bills allowed to speak the second time.

By Story, licensing and regulating life and causalty insurance companies; passed.

By Moore, relating to the sheriff as tax collector; passed.

By Butler, regarding the cause of divorce; failed unanimous.

Joint resolution that the public building commissioners be constituted a committee of arbitration and be instructed to contract and enter into negotiations for the purchase of an electric light plant, etc., to be used in lighting the capitol and penitentiary; adopted.

By Stewart, relating to conveyances; passed.

By Barrett, defining when judgment may be had; passed.

House joint resolution that 11:30 o'clock be the time for holding a joint convention for the election of various officers by the legislature; amended to 2:30 P. M. and carried.

The president signed the general appropriation bill.

By Miller, punishing corporations for freight discrimination; failed.

By Welch, regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors; failed.

By Littig, for roads and bridges in Malheur county, $7500; laid on the table.

By Barnes, to tax stock temporarily pastured or grazed; indefinitely postponed.

By Thomas, transferring funds from the general to the military fund; passed.

Weatherford's bill to allow the Albany & Astoria railroad company to bridge the Willamette at Albany; passed.

EVENING SESSION.

Welch, to authorize J. Q. A. Bowlby et al to build a bridge over John Day river; passed.

Dustin, protecting elk, moose and mountain sheep; failed.

Tongue's bill providing for a state board of equalization was reported back by the assessment committee.

The rules were suspended and the bill read the third time.

A joint resolution was then adopted asking the house to take up the same under suspension of the joint rule concerning the passing of business from each house; adopted.

Indians Captured.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—A dispatch to the Times from army headquarters to-day from General Brooke announcing that Lieutenant Cloman, of the First infantry, had captured the Indians who murdered Lieutenant Casey and Herder Miller. The arrest caused no disturbance. They will be tried by the civil authorities.

Dillon and O'Brien in Prison.

DUBLIN, Feb. 20.—William O'Brien and John Dillon were transferred from Clonmel jail to Galway jail to-day. The inhabitants of Tipperary got wind of the affair, assembled in crowds at the station, and enthusiastically cheered the prisoners as they passed.

Another Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Arian Bergen, formerly a partner in the commission house of Trobock & Bergen, attempted suicide this morning by shooting himself over the left breast. The wound will undoubtedly prove fatal.

Laudanum Wouldn't Kill.

EUGENE, Or., Feb. 20.—John Alt, a butcher, made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide this morning by the laudanum route.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT

RAILROAD TRAINS AND ENGINES PILING UP.

A Fire Adds to the Horrors of the Situation—Terrible Slaughter—Criminal Carelessness.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—A sheep train consisting of twenty cars was moving through the Fourth avenue railroad tunnel this morning when it stopped. Behind it came the New Haven local, and before the engineer of the local could see the standing train he ran into it. The rear cars of the sheep train were wrecked, as were some of those of the local. In a few minutes flames broke out and, to add to the terror of the confusion, a third engine, which was running without cars, ran into the wreck. The fire was soon extinguished and the work of rescue began. Five men were killed and seven hurt. None of the passengers are known to have been injured, the fatalities and injuries being confined to the employes of the road. A misunderstanding of signals by the engineer of the New Haven train is said to have been the cause of the accident.

Four more bodies have been removed from the wreck, and these, it is thought, will be all the dead. All were burned beyond recognition. A number of injured will probably die.

One of the injured died this afternoon.

The police announced to-day the total number of dead as six.

Engineer Fowler of the New Haven train was committed without bail. Both he and the fireman assert the block signals were set for a clear track. The lights on the rear of the Boston train had been extinguished and the fog was too dense for them to see it.

NICARAGUA CANAL MATTERS.

The Senate Discusses the Project and Its Bearings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The senate to-day, after passing a number of pensions bill, took up the Nicaragua canal bill. Vest, in opposition, said if, in view of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, the senators were prepared to say to the British empire that they would determine the question without any reference to her interests or wishes, then let them say that and accept the consequences, if not war, a condition of animosity, antagonism and distrust, which would operate injuriously on the interests of both countries of the world. Morgan explained if the work had to be done by the company it would cost $240,000,000, while under the pending bill the cost would not exceed $100,000,000. so instead of shippers having to pay $9.50 a ton, they would not have to pay more than $1 a ton. Edmunds spoke in defense and advocacy of the bill and without action the senate adjourned.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Commits Double Murder and Then Suicides.

LEIGH, Neb., Feb. 20.—This morning Al McCubbin, a well-to-do stockman living four miles from here, shot and killed his wife and hired man, Francis Yob, and then suicided.

FREE COINAGE.

The House Committee Gives It a Black Eye.

CONGRESS REMAINS GOLDBUG

Eight to Four Against Silver—Free Coinage Again Deferred—No Compromise Measures Could Be Adopted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The house coinage committee to-day, by a vote of 8 to 4, decided to report the senate free-coinage bill adversely, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

The four members in the minority were Carter, Bartine, Bland and Williams. The two first named are republicans and the last two democrats. The majority was: Wickham, Walker, Comstock, Knapp, Taylor, republicans, and Tracy, Wilcox and Vaux, democrats. When the free coinage men found that they were defeated on the senate free coinage bill, Carter moved a substitute, first a bill for the free coinage of the American product, and next one for the purchases of $10,000,000 of silver for three months and six million each month thereafter. Both were defeated. Only Carter, Bland and Bartine voted for the first and Carter and Bartine for the second proposition. The senate free coinage bill will now go to the foot of an overburdened calendar, with the committee recommendations that it does not pass. Before the committee closed the hearing this morning, congressman elect, Jerry Simpson, of Kansas, argued in favor of free coinage. The farmers demanded more money, he said. He did not care if free coinage caused foreign silver to come to the United States. He wished it would, it could not come too soon for it would give people more money.

The silver men generally are disposed to take to-day's action as practically the end of the silver legislation for this congress. An effort will be made to have the bill acted upon by the house, but its friends do not express any hope of success. Anti-silver men are well pleased and Representative Walker, expressed the opinion this afternoon that the bill would never see the light again in this congress.

The president has approved the act to amend the act regarding the forfeiture of certain lands heretofore granted for aiding in the construction of railroads.

A LARGE OIL DEAL.

The Standard Company Has Just Completedan Immense Purchase.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 20.—One of the largest deals ever made in an oil-producing territory has just been concluded between E. M. Hukill and the Standard Oil Company. The property comprises 20,000 acres of land in Green county, Pa., and in Monongahela and Marion counties, this state, which is a distinct oil and gas field owned and operated by Hukill. The field contains at present sixty producing oil wells, and four gas wells, of pressure. The daily output of oil is 1200 barrels. The price paid was $750,000, Mr. Hukill parting with all his property except three tracts of land, about which there is litigation. In this connection, it may be said the Standard Oil Company is at present leasing and buying immense tracts of oil lands. They have bought the entire county of Gilmer, outside of the county seat, and nearly all of Doddridge county and part of Mason, and every day new tracts are sold to them.

When spring opens these new fields are to be developed, as tankages, pipes and timber are already being placed on the ground. The largest pipe in the country has just been completed. It extends from Morgantown, in this state, which is the center of the Hukill tract, to the works of the Atlantic Refining Company at Philadelphia. It has a capacity of 15,000 barrels per day, and will be operated at once to its fullest capacity. The Standard company has just erected tankage to the amount of 500,000 barrels and will handle all oil produced in West Virginia, which is now about 5000.

HEIRS TO A FORTUNE.

Money Confiscated by Napoleon Will Be Returned.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—Heirs to a French estate, said to be worth nearly $5,000,000, have been found in this city, Among the number are Jacob Flau, a tin and stove merchant, and Daniel Wolff, china and tin merchant. Another heir, a cousin to the two mentioned above, is Albert Hauck, a farmer, living in Indiana. The fortune was founded by Jean Thierry, who began a wandering life in 1730, when only 10 years old. In Rio Janeiro he established a business and soon accumulated a fortune, which he invested in the diamond field. In the year 1790, Thierry sailed for Venice, to spend his old age in enjoyment of his wealth. During the French revolution he deposited his fortune in gold in the mint at Venice. When Napoleon seized the city in 1797, he took many millions in gold there, including Thierry's fortune, to Paris. Thierry died before he recovered possession of his fortune, but the French government held that his claim was valid, as he was a French citizen living at Venice, and the fortune was held for his lawful heirs. Nothing was done to push their claim until lately, when a relative of Wolff's and Flau's secured copies of all the official documents bearing on the matter and presented the claims of his relatives in this city in the proper way. The French government, it is said, is willing to turn over this vast fortune as soon as the transfer can be legally made.

THE CAPITAL OF ALASKA.

The Efforts to Remove It From Sitka Will Not Succeed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—A Washington special says: The following important report has been made to Representative Payson, chairman of the house committee on public lands, by Special Agent Evans:

"Agreeably to your request received per Captain James Carroll, I will present my views respecting the proposed transfer of the seat of government of Alaska from Sitka to Juneau. Sitka was the seat of government during the whole period of Russian occupation of Alaska. It has been the capital ever since the cession of the territory to the United States. Whatever agencies and facilities exist for carrying on the general government of the territory have grown up and centered themselves at Sitka. Juneau is a mining town of temporary growth, without any sufficient accommodations for even the residence of officials. To erect buildings for public use would require much time and a large outlay to construct them. In fine, I have no knowledge officially, or otherwise, that indicates any immediate or remote necessity for a change in the location of the territorial capital, or any advantage to result therefrom."

THE DEAD HERO.

TRIUMPHAL FUNERAL MARCH TO HIS RESTING PLACE.

The People Throng to See the Funeral Train—Old Soldiers Show Their Love for Sherman.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 20.—The train bearing the remains of General Sherman was met at every station by large crowds. The entire trip from Pittsburg to this point has been interspersed with demonstrations of sorrow by all classes of people. At Richmond, Indiana, Governor Hovey boarded the train to escort the remains to Indianapolis. Richmond gave the train the grandest reception it had received since it left New York. Over 10,000 people were at the station. As soon as the old soldiers on the platform heard that General Schofield was on the train they called for him. General Schofield came to the platform and in a brief speech said: "There are thousands of my children here that I know. It is under sad conditions that we meet. We have all lost a comrade and a friend. Take good care of yourselves, boys, and good-bye." When Schofield finished speaking tears were rolling down the cheeks of many of the groups of old soldiers.

GREAT DAMAGE INFLICTED.

The Sleet Storm Breaks Down Wires and Poles.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—The sleet storm of last night was the most serious in effect on telegraphic communication experienced for years. This morning nearly all train dispatchers in the railroad offices here were without communication with outside points and trains ran as best they could without orders. Fortunately no accidents occurred. Great forces of linemen are out and communication with all points is being gradually restored. The Western Union Co. suffered more than at any time since the great sleet of 1883, not only the wires, but many poles were down. The Postal Co. was in the same condition. The signal service predicts that the warm rain of to-day will be followed by colder weather to-morrow.

He Will Defend Himself.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—James H. Beatty, nominated by the president as United States judge for Idaho, and whose nomination has been opposed by the Idaho senators on the ground that he was connected with the Claggett faction, has arrived here and appeared before the subcommittee of the senate to defend himself against the charges preferred against him.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Money on call easy, closed offered 3; sterling exchange quiet, steady.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Wheat shipping grades, $1.38¾ @ $1.40 per cental; milling, parcels $1.42½ @ $1.43¾ per cental.

More of the Beautiful Snow.

SISSON, Feb. 20.—A light snow is falling to-day. The storm is heavy in the mountains. Mount Shasta presents the appearance of solid marble.

THE SLUGGING MATCH

La Blanche Knocked Out on the Twelfth Round.

ATHLETIC CLUB'S RENEWAL.

A Hard Fought Match—The Usual Amount of Bruised up Humanity—A Brutal Exhibition Eagerly Watched.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—The California athletic club to-night resumed its monthly glove contests, which have been discontinued since September last. The principals in to-night's event, which was for a $2500 trophy, were George LaBlance, the "Marine," and Johnny Herget, better known as "Young Mitchell, San Francisco middleweights. LaBlanche was knocked out in the twelfth round.

La Blanche entered the ring at 9:10 and Mitchell followed a moment later. La Blanche appeared much more finely drawn than when he fought Dempsey. At 9:23 the time was called and La Blanche took the center of the ring, while Mitchell feinted around him. The men finally came lightly together in a clinch, Mitchell's right falling on La Blanche's ribs. Mitchell again led and was stopped by a right in the mouth. In the lead Mitchell slipped around the Marine's neck and both went to the floor.

Second round—The Marine rushed Mitchell to the ropes. The latter cleverly ducked a wicked swing and twice landed on the Marine's ribs, causing him to reel. Mitchell found no difficulty in stopping the Marine and landing heavily.

Third round—Mitchell countered with his left on La Blanche's ear, but caught a sounder on the chest. La Blanche rushed, but Mitchell ducked and lifted him from the floor. La Blanche attempted to play groggy and was jeered by the spectators.

Fourth round — La Blanche's blows proved ineffective and his swings were coolly dodged by his opponent.

Fifth round — Mitchell rushed and landed a left on the Marine's face. La Blanche rushed, lifting Mitchell and throwing him on the floor. Mitchell was distressed, but landed two good left hand swings on the Marine's jaw and neck.

Sixth round—Mitchell got a good left on the Marine's cheek, when the latter twisted him backward to the floor, but apologized at the cries of foul. He again rushed, but Mitchell caught him each time on the ribs, ducking as he did so.

Seventh round—The referee cautioned Mitchell to stand and fight, and Mitchell caught the Marine a right hander on the nose, sending him to the floor.

Eighth round—Young Mitchell found the Marine's mouth with a left hand stop, which was the only good blow of the round.

Ninth round — Mitchell grazed La Blanche's cheek with his right and the Marine dropped to the floor.

Tenth round—Mitchell's stops were too much for the Marine's rushes, and a punch full in the chest sent him to the floor.

Eleventh round — The men warmed up to the work in this round and the exchange of blows were more even.

Twelfth round—About the middle of the round a few blows having been struck after a little fiddling by La Blanche, Mitchell, in stopping a lead of the Marine's, hit him lightly with his left on the jaw. The Marine dropped and rolling over on his face remained raised on his wrist until counted out.

Immediately after the close of the fight the board of directors held a meeting for the purpose of awarding the victory. The circumstances of the fight were so suspicious however, that the directors decided to make no award, and postponed consideration of the matter until next Monday night. As the articles of agreement say the fight must be won to the satisfaction of the club all bids remain open until the directors' decision is rendered.

THE STATE FAIR.

President Apperson Calls a Meeting of the Board.

PORTLAND, Feb. 20.—President J. T. Apperson, of the state fair association, has called a meeting of the board to commence at Salem, March 6th. The ostensible purpose of meeting is to transact such business as may properly come before it. A more definite purpose of the session however, it is understood, is to take action on the racing programme, some features of which met opposition of horse breeders at owners immediately after its publication.

Portland Wheat Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 20.—Wheat: local trading is of fair proportions at steady prices; quote valley $1.25@1.27½; Walla Walla $1.15 @1.17½.

Opposed to the Silver Bill.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 20.—The state senate to-day by a vote of 16 to 14 adopted a resolution protesting against the passage of the silver bill.