

Morning Daily Herald

15 CENTS A WEEK.

ALBANY, OREGON SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 8 1888

VOL. III—NO. 249

California, the Land of Discoveries

EUREKA

The motto of California means "I have found it." Only in that land of sunshine, where the orange and grape bloom and ripen, are the herbs and gum found that are used in that pleasant remedy for all throat and lung troubles, SANTA ABIE the ruler of coughs, asthma, and consumption. Foshay & Mason, of Albany, Oregon, have been appointed assistants to his valuable California remedy, and sell it under a guarantee at \$1 a bottle for \$2.50.

FOR SALE BY

Foshay & Mason,
Albany, Oregon.

THE KING OF CONSUMPTION CURES ASTHMA, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, CHEST, AND LUNGS—SOLD UNDER GUARANTEE. Send for circular, \$1 per bottle, 3 for \$2.25. ABIE TINE MED. CO. OROVILLE, CAL.

CALIFORNIA CURE

THE ONLY GUARANTEED CURE FOR CATARRH OF THE NOSE AND THROAT.

As every breath drawn into the lungs must pass over and become polluted by the irritation in the nasal passages, it must necessarily follow that following the cold, more gradually takes place, while the morbid matter that is swallowed and the mucous membrane covering the bones is eaten away and the bones themselves gradually decay. Such cases are in fact, objects of pity, as stomach from corroding sores reveal the corruption within.

DO NOT PROTESTANT.

If you have experienced any of the above symptoms, do not delay, but try CALIFORNIA CATARRH CURE at once. We positively warrant cure, a few applications relieve and a thorough treatment to cure. Six months treatment, for \$1.00; sent by mail. Santa Abie and Catarrh Cure. For sale by

FOSHAY & MASON,
Albany, Oregon.

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FOSHAY & MASON,
Albany, Oregon.

G. L. BLACKMAN,
(Successor to E. W. Langdon)

DEALER IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils,

Perfumery and toilet articles, also a full line of books and stationery, periodicals, etc. Prescriptions carefully compounded.

IN ODD FELLOWS TEMPLE,
Albany, Oregon.

THE RED FRONT.

W. C. TWEEDALE.

Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, Copperware,

Pumps, iron pipe, rubber hose and plumbing goods. Sole agents for the celebrated "Early Breakfast" cook stoves and ranges, and "Faultless" parlor heating stoves. Albany, Oregon.

AT COST!

STILL TO THE FRONT!

G. W. SIMPSON.

Having purchased the stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Etc., of C. B. Roland & Co. is now prepared to offer

Better Bargains than Ever!

Having a complete assortment of General Merchandise, bought at a big discount, which he still proposes to sell at cost. Purchasers will do well to call and get his prices before buying elsewhere, as you can save from 25 to 30 per cent. The highest market price paid for country produce of all kinds, either in cash or goods.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Albany Bakery!

Under the new management of

Parker Bros.

—WHO KEEP—

A full line of choice, family groceries and provision.

Canned pineapples,
Choice Table Delicacies
Ornamented cakes for
Weddings and Parties.

Salmon bellies, mackerel and salt fish of all kinds.

FRESH BAKED BREAD
Every Day.

Best Syrup, Pies, Cakes

TEAS AND COFFEE

Sandies Nuts, Raisins.

CANNED GOODS, ETC.

The best Soap in the market—

Le Roi Savon.

A fine assortment of domestic and Imported Cigars!

At John Fox's old stand, low Flinn new brick.

WOODIN & WILLARD
—LIVE—
Furniture Dealers
—IN A—
Live Town.

This is what Albany is at present, and in order to keep pace with the lively times in this city, they have enlarged their store and stock so that they now have the most complete and desirable line of furniture in the valley. Their double salerooms in Proctor's block are filled with an elegant assortment of new furniture, consisting of lounges in new patterns, fine gold picture frames, willow chairs, easy rockers, marble tables, brackets, etc., etc. An examination of the stock will show this to be true in every respect.

University of Oregon!
EUGENE CITY.

Next session begins on Monday, the 17th of September, 1888.

Free scholarships from every county in the state. Apply to your county superintendent.

Four courses: Classical, Scientific, Literary and a short English course in which there is no Latin, Greek, French or German. The English is pre-eminently a Business Course. For catalogues or other information, address

W. JOHNSON, President.

H. J. MINTHORN, Pres. B. S. COOK, Sec. S. FARRAR, Vice Pres. C. B. MOORE, Treas.

Oregon Land Company.

Organized for the purpose of buying and selling real estate, advertising the Willamette valley in all of the leading newspapers of the United States, employing eastern agents to direct home-seekers to the Willamette valley, and home agents in all the principal towns of Marion, Polk, Linn, Benton, Clackamas and Yamhill counties to aid in locating immigrants.

Cook & Mintorn, Managers.

For particulars call at the Albany office in the Tate building, one door west of Stewart & Sox.

HODSON & DICKENSON, Managers

Executive Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned has this day been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of Charles Roth, deceased, late of Linn county, Oregon. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present them, to the undersigned at Harrisburg, Oregon, promptly verified, within six months from this date.

This 3d day of September, 1888.

MARTHA ROTH, Executrix.
J. K. WEATHERFORD, Attorney for Executrix.

Palace MEAT MARKET

JAMES V. PIPE, Prop.
First Street, Albany

The best variety of choice beef, veal, mutton, pork, sausage, etc., in the city kept constantly in hand. 100-100

Cash paid for all kind cck 75

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ALBANY, OREGON!

PRESIDENT, L. Flinn.
VICE-PRESIDENT S. E. Young,
CASHIER, G. E. Chamberlain.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. Accounts kept subject to check. Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer, sold on New York, Chicago, San Francisco and Portland, Oregon. Collections made on favorable terms.

DIRECTORS:
S. E. YOUNG, L. FLINN,
L. E. BLAIN, W. E. JURELL,
GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN,
JAN. F. POWELL, Assistant Cashier.

Willamette University
—GRADUATES STUDENTS IN—
Classical, Literary, Scientific, normal, Business, Law and

MEDICAL COURSES
—OLDEST, LARGEST AND LEAST EXPENSIVE—

In titution of learning in the Northwest. First term begins September 30, 1888. Ad. fees \$100. VAN SICK, President.
Salem, Oregon.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with multitude of low test, short weight all of phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 101 Wall St., N. Y.

D. W. CROWLEY & Co., Agents,
Portland, Oregon.

ATTORNEYS.

D. R. N. BLACKBURN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Albany, Oregon. Office in Odd Fellows Temple. Will practice in all courts of the state, and give special attention to all business.

WOLVERTON CHARLES E. ATTORNEY AT LAW, Albany, Or.—Office in rooms 13 and 14, Foster's Block, over L. E. Blain's store.

J. K. WEATHERFORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Albany, Oregon.—Office in Odd Fellows Temple. Will practice in all the courts of the state, and give special attention to all business.

PHYSICIANS.

G. W. HASTON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Albany, Oregon.

M. H. ELLIS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Albany, Oregon.

C. K. KELLY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Albany, Oregon. Office over Grand Hotel. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

REVERE HOUSE, ALBANY, ORE.—CHAS. Pfeiffer, Prop. Only first-class house in the city. Large sample rooms for commercial men. No. 21 Madison street, Albany, Or. Chronic diseases especially. Consultation free. Office hours: 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 3 P. M.

MRS. M. E. MCCOY, M. D. HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, office and residence corner of First and Baker streets, Albany, Or. Chronic diseases especially. Consultation free. Office hours: 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 3 P. M.

M. J. WOODWARD, HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN and surgeon, obstetrics, treatment of chronic diseases of women and children a specialty. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office in the Flinn block.

H. E. WELCH, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and jeweler, Albany, Oregon.

Magnolia Flour!

THE BEST MAGNOLIA FLOUR DELIVERED to any part of the city, for \$1.10 per sack. JOHN A. CRAWFORD.

Land Surveying.

PARTIES DESIRING SURVEYING DONE CAN OBTAIN accurate and prompt work by calling upon ex-county surveyor F. P. Fisher. He has complete copies of field notes and township plats, and is prepared to do surveying in Linn county. Postoffice address: Millers Station, Linn county, Oregon.

60 ACRES OF LAND—SITUATED 12 (12) miles east of Albany, near the Oregon Pacific railroad, 200 acres in cultivation, and contains sufficient water and timber for general use. Would make four good farms. Price, \$12,000, with terms to suit purchaser. For particulars apply to J. J. Dorris.

Palace MEAT MARKET

JAMES V. PIPE, Prop.
First Street, Albany

The best variety of choice beef, veal, mutton, pork, sausage, etc., in the city kept constantly in hand. 100-100

Cash paid for all kind cck 75

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JAN. F. POWELL, Assistant Cashier.

SCORED BY BLAINE

Clevelands Device to Divert Attention from Free Trade.

FREE MOTIVE OF HIS MESSAGE.

Threats of Retaliation Merely a Political Dodge—Mr. Blaine's Speech on the Fisheries Treaty.

LEWISTON, Me., Aug. 25.—The second public address of Mr. Blaine on the political issue of the campaign was delivered here to night. Mr. Blaine spoke substantially as follows:

"I did not happen to have the opportunity of reading the full text of President Cleveland's message to the chief executive of the nation I must say that considering all the circumstances it is the most extraordinary document that ever was sent from the White House to the capitol. Here are the main facts of the issue between Canada and the United States, or, perhaps, to speak more correctly, between Great Britain and the United States in respect to the fisheries:

It was our belief, and still is, that after the articles of the treaty at Washington relating to the fisheries had expired the Canadian government behaved in an unneighborly, unseemly and unjust manner toward our fishermen in refusing them their rights which they had long enjoyed by prescription. In order to bring the government of the dominion to a just appreciation of the subject congress authorized the president in the spring of 1887 to adopt a policy of suitable retaliation, directing among other things that whenever and so long as American vessels were deprived of commercial privileges in the ports of Canada that Canadian vessels should be deprived of like privileges in ports of the United States. This, if I may indulge in appropriate slang, was genuine tit for tat policy, in which the punishment was admirably fitted to the crime.

President Cleveland declined to enforce this policy, and allowed outrage after outrage upon our fishing vessels to go unredressed. He was bent upon some form of negotiation with England, even against the express wish and will of the United States senate and in defiance of the treaty making power which the constitution assigns to the senate. Finally, without the consent of the senate and practically against its protests, the president organized a commission to frame a treaty that should settle points of dispute. He thus gave what was never intended by the constitution—a partisan side to international discussion. It was never designed by the founders of our government that intercourse with foreign nations should be conducted by republicans or by democrats, or by whigs, or by federalists. It should only be by the nation as a whole. Why should railways of the United States that annually transport \$95,000,000 of Canadian goods in transit, be deprived of their business and endure a large loss on account of a sudden whim of the president? Why should transit from Detroit to Buffalo and New York, over both American and Canadian rail be suspended when it has no relation whatever to the fishery question? Why should the large traffic between Quebec and Montreal on the one hand and Portland on the other, by which Portland becomes the winter port of Canada, be summarily stopped at the caprice of the president because of his chagrin over the action of an independent, but as he considers a refractory, senate? Is it the design of the president to make the fishing question odious by embarrassing commercial relations and commercial exchange along three thousand miles of frontier and to inflict upon American communities a needless, vexatious and a perilous confusion of trade? If congress will give him the enactments which he asked he will give them retaliation till they cry hold, enough, and will allow him to settle the fishery question in the precise manner which the senate now contemptuously rejects.

After all, fellow citizens, is not the president's position a mere political device to divert the attention of the American people from his free trade message and from the Mills tariff bill? Is not bluster on the fisheries to be the plea of the campaign for the democratic party? Are not permits for bravado to be issued by political agents of the administration marked on the back, "Good till the first Tuesday in November?"

We have our partisan differences as home and settle them on our own soil in our own way, but towards all foreign powers, on the globe we should present one united indivisible American republic. But this was not done. The treaty was launched as a democratic partisan measure rather than a patriotic American measure, and London

papers have been following their usual vocation of eulogizing the democracy and abusing republicans with greatly increased vituperation ever since it was found that the senate was bent on maintaining national dignity.

It is plainly apparent from the text of the constitution itself that the wise men who formed it intended that oratory legislative power should be committed to the majority, however small, but that no treaty could be framed without the overwhelming support of public opinion. They provided, therefore, that it should require in all cases two-thirds of the senate to ratify a treaty. But despite this the national administration went ahead, regardless of results, and negotiated a treaty so repugnant to the American instinct of national self respect that instead of securing ratification by two-thirds of the senate, it was absolutely rejected by a majority vote. What then? At the first rebound the president has leaped so far over the other side that he asks authority to cripple all commercial relations with Canada from Passamaquoddy bay to Vancouver's island. Having for three years offered to waive the rights of fishermen and national dignity at the same time, the president now desires to cross over to the other side of the question and out Herod, in his demands for redress. He seems eager to-day to discharge a whole battery of Krupp guns on the question, which last year a blank cartridge from a pocket pistol would have settled the whole affair. After subjecting the country month after month to the humiliation of an unprecedented surrender the president's supporters, with the zeal of new converts, rather with the extravagant enthusiasm of pretenders, are now manifesting such renewed deep and keen sense of the wrongs we have experienced from Great Britain in Canada in the matter of fisheries that they second the president's extraordinary commercial suit and in the slang of democratic heeled, they are "thirsting for Canadian gore." Democratic papers were but a short time ago telling Massachusetts and Maine that their contemptible little question over a few codfish on the banks of New Foundland was not worth consideration in the national congress, and if they kept annoying the country about it they would in the end drive congress into giving full markets of the United States to all fishermen of the Dominion.

The truth is, my friends, the democratic party has never been fortunate in conducting diplomatic negotiations with Great Britain. English partiality for the democratic party is not difficult to explain. It is not so easy because democrats are a free trade party and are now proposing to open our home markets for the benefit of British manufactures at the expense of American workmen, but it is that in every negotiation with a democratic administration England has succeeded in attaining the precise result which she desired. A great historic case in point is familiar to all who have studied our history for sixty years. Since the democratic party was first organized from the administration of Jefferson onward, there was a dispute between the two countries as to the rights of each bordering on the Pacific ocean and the question was adjusted from time to time by our earlier presidents and lastly by treaty made by Mr. Clay when he was secretary of state under Mr. Adams, provided for joint occupation of the country for a period, neither party losing their rights; but from pure demagogism democrats raised the cry in the national election of 1844 that the whole of what now constitutes British Columbia up to latitude fifty-four degrees, forty minutes, belonged to the United States. The democratic national convention affirmed our right to fifty-four degrees, forty minutes. President Polk made his campaign on it. They were ready to do anything to secure it, and they pressed it so far that as soon as Mr. Polk was inaugurated the democratic congress asked that notice be given to England for terminating the treaty of joint occupation. The next thing the country heard was that Mr. Polk's administration was compelled to surrender the whole territory to Great Britain, confessing that they had made pretenses which they were unable to maintain or defend.

President Cleveland is exactly following the precedents of his party in his negotiations with Great Britain—an alternation of bluffs and of surrender, both of which are equally inconsistent with the dignity of the nation."

STEAMSHIP DISASTER.

Two Vessels Collide—One Sunk and the Other Reached.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Allan line steamer, Prussian, from Philadelphia, on her way to Glasgow, while in the Clyde last night, collided with and sank the steamer Memming, which was almost cut in two. The Prussian was beached.

GENERAL NEWS.

Five Hundred Negroes in Arms at Fort Bend, Texas.

STATE MILITIA ORDERED OUT.

The Chinese Treaty in Statu Quo—Another Steamship Disaster—Minnesota Damaged Wheat.

The HERALD'S Special Dispatches.

RICHMOND, (Tex.), Sept. 7.—The negroes ordered to leave the Fort Bend country for the assassination of H. H. Frost will remain. A committee of six citizens went out to Jack and Tom Taylor's place, fifteen miles from Richmond, a stronghold of 500 negroes, to notify them that they had 10 hours in which to leave the country. They declined to leave and defied the whites. One of the committee returned to town and reported the decision of the Taylors, while others remained on guard. Forty men armed with Winchester's have gone out to enforce order. C. M. Ferguson, an offensive negro district clerk, has gone to the Taylor neighborhood. Matters have assumed a serious phase and two local military companies have been called into service. Gov. Ross has ordered the state rangers to the Fort Bend country.

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Young Lady Found Murdered in Her Room.

GLASGOW (Penn.), Sept. 7.—Miss Ada Flynn, a handsome and accomplished young lady, was mysteriously murdered in her home near here yesterday, during the absence of the rest of the family. It is supposed the deed is that of a robber.

MINNESOTA WHEAT.

A Scheme to Admit Damaged Wheat as First Class.

MINNEAPOLIS, (Minn.), Sept. 7.—The grain and warehouse commissioners to-day promulgated a rule admitting wheat damaged from 5 to 10 per cent. by frost to a grade as No. 1 hard. This decision caused a sensation among dealers, who vigorously protested. It will hurt the sale of Minnesota wheat.

AFRICAN EXPLORATION.

A Subscription of \$3332 for the Relief of Emin Bey.

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—Baron Oppenheim, of Cologne, has subscribed 14,000 marks to a fund for the Emin Bey relief expedition. Dr. Rolih's has published a letter, in which he approves the expedition, but favors the establishment of German stations at intervals of one week's march.

CHINESE AFFAIRS.

The Treaty Matter Postponed—Alleged Demonstrations Enticed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The department of state has received no information in regard to the reported riotous demonstrations in China and attacks on the American official residence at Canton. The department received nothing further in relation to the reported rejection of the Chinese treaty since the dispatch from Minister Denby Wednesday.

LATER.—Minister Denby has telegraphed that treaty negotiations have been postponed for further deliberations.

Notable Dead.

ATHENS, Sept. 7.—Lombard, minister of the interior, is dead.

Immigration Excision.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—At a trade congress at Bradford to-day resolutions were passed favoring the exclusion of semi-pauper immigrants, unless skilled workers.

Thurman's Health.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Allan G. Thurman awoke shortly after 10 o'clock this morning much refreshed, after nearly thirteen hours almost unbroken sleep. His physicians say he is much better, and will suffer no ill effects from his slight illness.

Catholic Conference.

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—The Catholic congress at Freiburg has unanimously adopted the resolution in favor of the temporal power of the pope, and condemns its alien penal laws affecting the clergy.

Settlement Demanded.

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—The German government has sent a note to England, requesting that a settlement of the Niger dispute be hastened.

People Everywhere

Confirm our statement when we say that Acker's English Remedy is in every way superior to any and all other preparations for the throat and lungs. In whooping cough and croup it is magic and relieves at once. Remember this remedy is sold on a positive guarantee.

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency and constipation. Guaranteed and sold by Foshay & Mason.