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Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 18.

COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1900.

NO. 30

E. E. WHITTAKER,
Dentist,
Coquille City, Or.

Opposite Hotel Coquille—east front.
Will visit London from 1st to 8th of each month.

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SANITARY CONDITIONS PERFECT.
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MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN
of the World, meets at Hersey Hall, 1st and 3d Saturday nights of each month. J. W. LENTZ, Consul. J. G. SIMMONS, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FOREST
Cura of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon. Geo. O. LARACH, C. R. H. N. LOHREY, R. S.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. & A. M., meets on Saturday evening or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited. C. R. MANBER, W. M. J. J. LAMB, Sec.

BUELAN CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S., meets Friday evening on 2d and 4th each full moon at Odd Fellows' hall, Coquille City, Oregon. April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30; and each Friday afternoon two weeks thereafter at 2 o'clock. MISS EMMA LOHREY, W. M. Mrs. Jennie L. Rose, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 63, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited. E. L. FRICHER, N. G. J. J. STANLEY, Sec.

CONCISE CAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F., meets every first and third Tuesdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Coquille City, Oregon. Extended to all visiting brethren in good standing. B. F. LAWRENCE, C. P. J. J. STANLEY, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F., meets every 2d and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall. Mrs. Clara Landreth, N. G. Miss Irma Lakens, Sec.

COQUILLE COUNCIL, NO. 38 OF THE Fraternal Aid Association, meets the 24 Tuesday evening of each month. Mrs. Alice Taitte, Sec. J. W. STOO, Pres.

SHAD HUDSON, J. E. HAYNES.

Hudson & Haynes,
Mining and Real Estate Agents
Eckley, Curry County, Oregon.
HAVE valuable Mines, Farms, Stock Ranches and Timber Lands for sale. House and 6 acres of land well improved in Wilbur, Douglas county, Or., for sale, or exchange for property in Myrtle Point.

Central Meat Market

Curran & Gass, Proprietors.

HAVING BOUGHT OUT THE CENTRAL MEAT MARKET, we will be able to furnish all kinds of Meat—Beef, Mutton and Pork, and will pay the highest cash price for beef, hogs, sheep, etc. CURRAN & GASS.

COOS BAY Marble and Stone Works
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.

Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc.
cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in my line of business. MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

CALL FOR ...
HOLBROOK, MERRILL & STETSON
Also BRIDGE & BEACH STOVES

Doors, Windows
and any other
Building Material,
Or any and everything
carried in a
First-class Hardware Store.

J. A. Lamb & Co.,
[Successors to J. J. Lamb.]

True as Ever.

Es for war, I call it murder—
There you hev it plain an' dat:
I don't want to go no farther,
Than my Testament for that,
God hoz said so plump an' fairly,
It's as long ez it is broad,
An' you've got to git up airy
Ef you want to take in God.
Taint your eppletts an' feathers,
Make the thing a grain more right;
Taint a toller'n' your bell-wethers
Will excuse yo in His sight.
Ef you take a sword an' dor it,
An' go stick a feller thru,
Guy 'ment ain't to answer for it—
God'll send the bill to yo.
Wat's the use o' "meetin'-point"
Every Sabbath, wet or dry,
Ef it's right to go a movin'
Feller-men like oats an' rye?
I druno but what it's pooty
Trainin' round in bob-tail coats.
But it's carous Christian dooty,
This here cuttin' folk's throats.
—James Russell Lowell.

In the Clutch of the Banks and Trusts.

ED. HERALD: In looking over the papers I run across this item: "Many cities wish money for electric lighting and traction plants, but the bank considers it advisable to restrict this borrowing to the limits of what is really necessary." It does not matter what country or what cities were in need of money it is all the same old story, "the bank" considers unnecessary. There is plenty of material within easy reach for the work, and plenty of men standing ready to do the work; men who know just how the work should be done, but all must stand still because "the bank" would be displeased should the work proceed. Notwithstanding the fact that the cities would be willing to give a mortgage involving every child anyway in connection with the city, even that would not be enough, but the men must stand idly by the material and not put forth their hands to mold into shape that which would harness the lightnings and make them blaze in their brightness, but must stumble along in the darkness. Wives must be denied many comforts, children must be ragged, and the men loaf around the saloons studying some nature of crime whereby they can make their homes more comfortable all because our present monetary system is a private enterprise instead of being owned and run by the government for the benefit of the whole people. Such conditions the people themselves are more to blame for their existence than any class of people, as any class or business can only act in consonance with the privileges granted them by the whole people. So long as the common voter will simply vote his party ticket without caring to consider what his party is like, it is useless for him to kick at what it imposes upon him; and what is the use in saying to him there are better conditions within his reach? His party bosses keep him so busy looking at defects in other systems, either imaginary or real, that the most flagrant wrongs are slipped by without his observation, and when he wincing he is told such things as a matter of consequence must be done. When he has to stand idly by the work that needs to be done, and suffer the pangs of poverty and the mental anguish consequent upon his want, he naturally turns his eyes towards something that might bring relief; but his bosses have anticipated all this and drawn the blinds over his eyes, and they whisper into his ears, these are events that can be looked for in the natural course of events, and any undue excitement on his part would only make matters worse instead of better, and they lul him into quietness.

The question I wish to ask is this: Is there not a day coming when the people will be sufficient confidence in the government they themselves established to respect its obligations, a government that can come to the relief of those in need so that they can go on and do the work that needs to be done; and they in turn learn to do the fair thing by the government? I think there is. THOMAS ECKMAN, Marshfield, Or., Feb. 12, 1900.

Biggie Horse Book is as full of good sense as an egg is of meat. Its motto: "Always speak to a horse as you would to a gentleman," is the keynote of its treatment of the whole subject. There are twenty-five chapters, including advice on feeding and watering, stable management, whims and vices, ailments and their remedies, harness hints, about stables, colts' education, care of the feet, etc. many of the illustrations have been made from life. The book is handsomely printed and substantially bound in cloth. The price is 50 cents, free by mail; address the publishers, Wilmer Atkinson Co., Philadelphia.

Wearly Watkins—Dusty, suppose you was Dewey? Dusty Rhodes—I won't do nothin' of the sort, I'm hungry, but I ain't a-goin' to ruin my stummock by thinkin' of the things he's got to eat.

How Are Your Kidneys?
Dr. Hobbs' Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

THE SITUATION IS ASTOUNDING.

Crisis in England Unparalleled Since Yorktown—May Mean Utter Defeat.

New York, Feb. 12.—The Tribune's London correspondent writes: "The astounding collapse of the upper Tagela campaign and the continuance of the impasse at Modder river and on the southern frontier of the Orange Free State have brought the English people to the verge of an imperial crisis unparalleled since Yorktown. That is an ominous word which the leading English journal was the first to use and it has been taken up with one accord by the press. Sir George White's garrison, like Lord Cornwallis's army, is hopelessly beleaguered and its fate seems to be sealed unless it can break through the enemy's lines and fight its way to the Tugela at the point of the bayonet, and the Kimberley garrison is in an equally precarious condition.

"The magnitude of the British military preparations has not intimidated the two little Dutch republics. If Dappysmith be their Yorktown, with the full force of the antagonist, they are in the way of winning it and bringing their war of independence to a close and there is no hostile fleet to be fought at sea by another Rodney, who may break the force of disaster on land by restoring the prestige of the British navy.

"The soldiers have done their work with splendid fortitude and gallantry and the administrative departments have supported them with untiring energy and amazing resources of organization. The generals have failed and the military staff, which has been responsible for the conduct of the war, has broken down and brought reproach upon the nation. If their advice was not heeded in June and July, when the mobilization of the army corps was urged by Lord Wolseley, they were allowed a free hand for the opening of the war in October, and have themselves to blame if they have been outmaneuvered and outgeneraled by Dutch commanders who had never studied the art of war, but had gone from their cattle-breeding farms to the battlefields among the kopjes.

"With their breasts covered with decorations won in conflicts with semi-civilized or barbarous races, and their self-esteem inflated with the vainglorious assumption that they were the only European soldiers with continuous experience in the science of modern warfare, British generals have conducted the campaign in South Africa as though it were a series of sham battles on Salisbury plain, regulated by drill book and the formulas of peace-training. At the opening of the war nothing like an intelligible or reasonable plan of military defense was made. There were between 15,000 and 20,000 regulars and local levies scattered along the western and northern frontiers of Cape Colony and in northern Natal. Military defense required concentration of these forces at one or two points, until reinforcements could arrive. In Cape Colony there was no attempt to choose defensible positions or to collect the forces, and in Natal an unsanitary station—Ladysmith—was held in force because it was the Aldershot of South Africa and a portion of the garrison was diverted to Glencoe for the protection of a coal mine.

"The headquarters staff may not have been responsible for the first lines of colonial defense, but it must be held accountable for the strategic blunder of shutting up Sir George White's garrison in Ladysmith, instead of directing him to retreat, fighting at the Tugela and then at the Mooi river and keeping his communications open with the sea. If this had been done, he would have received reinforcements by the middle of November and the siege and fall of Ladysmith would have been avoided.

"Sir Redvers Buller left England with his plan of campaign clearly outlined. His army corps was to march through the Free State and Sir George White was to hold the enemy in check by remaining quiet in Ladysmith. Lord Wolseley, during the first month of the war, had one comment to repeat to his friends, and that was: 'White has only to stay still and wait for Buller to begin his march.' These were Aldershot conceptions, based upon peace training, without reference to the realities of military defense and actual warfare with the Boers. Sir Redvers Buller abandoned his plan of campaign when he reached South Africa, substituting a march to Modder river from the Bloemfontein-Pretoria parade, and after dragging the bulk of the army corps and Warren's division into Natal, put 20,000 men out of action in two unsuccessful attempts for the relief of Ladysmith.

"Lord Methuen's attack upon Magerfontein, in which the High-land brigade advanced in column

formation, was planned as a sham fight would have been on Salisbury plain, without thought of actual hostile force anywhere in the field. Colonel Long's recklessness in carrying his guns beyond the reach of his supporting infantry was a sham battle maneuver which would have brought upon him a reprimand even at Aldershot. There have been feint attacks, reconnaissances in force, column formations and drill-book tactics from the beginning to the end of the campaign, and the generals have never seemed to realize that they were not maneuvering on Salisbury plain, but were leading men under fire in battle with the Boers.

"It is impossible for Americans, who remember the training of their own civil war, to think of soldiers like Grant and Lee attacking strongly entrenched positions and conducting turning movements after the plan of Lord Methuen and Gen. Buller. They would not have fought three battles without scouting or reconnaissance, as Lord Methuen did, and then have flung their army against a strong position like Magerfontein in a frontal attack where the resistance was greatest without an attempt at maneuvring and all the Dutch to do the digging and to choose every battlefield and defensive position; and when there is an impasse, it orders the troops back to camp to play football and cricket until there are reinforcements for another frontal attack. It is Aldershot generalship that has created a crisis in the fortunes of the empire."

AWFUL CRIME.

A Farmer near Walla Walla Killed by His Grandson.

Walla Walla, Feb. 8.—B. F. Royce, a well known farmer, was shot and killed this evening, at his home twelve miles from here, by his grandson, Frank Royce. Frank Royce led the city this afternoon in a drunken condition. When he reached Dixie he became involved in a fight with Rufus Woods, biting the nose of the latter nearly off. Royce proceeded to the home of his grandfather, B. F. Royce, with whom he has been living, about two miles above Dixie. Woods followed in pursuit of Royce, and the two repeated the struggle in the presence of the aforesaid Frank Royce. Frank Royce pulled a gun, shot at Woods, but missed him and killed his grandfather. Young Royce then fired several more shots at Woods, but without effect.

After Royce saw what he had done, he set fire to the house, which burned to the ground and the old gentleman's body was consumed. During the trouble Mrs. B. F. Royce fled to the barn and found safety by hiding.

Frank Royce shot four times at F. M. Skinner, a railroad employe, who was working a short distance from the scene. Fortunately Skinner was unharmed. Royce then proceeded down the road with a Winchester in his hand and coming to the place of Ben Pileher, fired three shots through the house and then fled.

The sheriff and posse are in pursuit of Royce. Young Royce and been farming his grandfather's place. It is said that they had a difficulty over several matters. Royce is about 30 years old and has a wife and several children. B. F. Royce was a wealthy pioneer of this county. He was banded out of \$5000 last spring by "Crooked Mouth" Green.

The community is aroused and Royce will probably be lynched it is thought.

Later.—It is believed tonight that Frank Royce, after setting fire to the house and firing several shots, threw himself into the flames and was cremated with his grandfather.

British Resort to Old Methods.

London, Feb. 9.—Lord Roberts has been ordered to be distributed, in the towns bordering upon the invaded colonial territory, an invitation to Free States and Transvaalers to go into the desert, offering them good treatment and restoration to their farms on British occupation of the republican territory. The manifesto guarantees that those bringing horses can sell them. The foreigners will have their passages paid to Europe.

Ole Gentlemen—Do you mean to say that your teachers never thank you? Little Boy—Never! We have moral suasion at our school. "What's that?" "Oh, we get kep' in, and stood up in corners, and locked out and locked in, and made to write one word a thousand times, and scowled at, and jawed at, and that's all."

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, to regain, full of life, nerve and vigor, take Dr. J. C. Lee's, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

SURRENDER TO BRITAIN.

Representative Hepburn Says That is What the Treaty Means.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Representative Hepburn (Rep.), chairman of the house interstate and foreign commerce committee, opposes the canal treaty with Great Britain now pending in the senate. "I think," he said, "that the negotiation of this treaty is very unfortunate and that it ought not to be ratified by the senate. I don't know that the pendency of the treaty will interfere with action by congress on the Nicaragua canal bill, but the ratification of the treaty would certainly impair the value of the canal when constructed.

"This treaty reaffirms the principles of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, conceding all the claims and contentions of Great Britain, though Great Britain has, by her own action, given us the right at any time to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It surrenders everything to Great Britain, abandoning our contention of years that we might abrogate the treaty at will.

"Moreover, it recognizes the right of any foreign power to interfere and dictate with the independent governments of this continent. It abandons the Monroe doctrine."

Preparing to Relieve Kimberley—Poor Cecil Rhodes Eating Horse Meat.

New York, Feb. 12.—The news printed in London today throws a great light on the war situation. Lord Roberts is not engaged in a movement against Bloemfontein, as had been hoped, but is at Modder river, and it is believed that he means to attack General Cronje for the purpose of relieving Cecil Rhodes and the besieged city of Kimberley, whose inhabitants have been eating horse meat for five weeks, and whose death-rate has grown alarmingly. General Cronje has strengthened his position in expectation of an attack. At Rensburg the Boers are strong enough to take the offensive.

The most depressing news, however, comes from Natal. The Boers have occupied a farm south of the Tugela near Cherevel, which is studded with hills from which the country can be commanded for miles around. It is reported from Durban that General Joubert is marching with a column of 6000 men to outflank General Buller. A Boer column is operating in Zululand and there seems to be alarm in Natal and a fear that General Buller's line of communication will be attacked. Although Winston Churchill telegraphs that General Buller is about to make a fourth attack on the Boer front, the London papers call attention to the fact the general has removed his headquarters from Spearman's Camp to Springfield, and apparently does not believe that General Buller will attack again.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. Get C. C. Call, druggists refund money.

Tribute to the Trusts.

A Wichita, Kansas, paper has been investigating the prosperity of this trust ridden country with the following result:

- Do you know!
- That it requires 50 per cent more wheat to buy a stove than it did in '96?
- That it requires twenty bushels more of corn to buy a wagon than it did in '96?
- That it requires 100 per cent more corn or wheat to buy a copper kettle than in '96?
- That it requires twice as much fire to buy a roll of rope as in '96?
- That it requires 40 per cent more corn to buy a plow than in '96?
- That it requires 75 per cent more corn to buy a hoe, a rake or a shovel, or spade or bolt, than in '96?
- That a set of common wheels cost \$7 in '96 and now cost \$12.50?
- That the price of cultivators is higher by \$3 or \$4?
- That galvanized barbed wire costs \$4 to \$4.50 a hundred pounds more than in '96?
- That you pay 100 per cent more for glass than in '96?
- The rates of freight are back to the exorbitant figures that caused the popular revolt in legislation a few years ago?

An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

During the early part of October, 1896, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state. —B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyant, Ill. For sale by R. S. Knowlton.

Sick Headache

Is the cause of untold suffering to many women; of neglected families and unhappy homes. Pleasure is banished from the life that is subject to these attacks, and yet it is possible to be free forever from such trying ordeals. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, by enriching the blood, toning up the nerves, and strengthening the stomach, make sick headache impossible, and restore nervous energy to the despondent sufferer. The full name: **Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People** is on every package of the genuine.



Mrs. Fannie R. Stoddard, of Martineville, Mo., says: "I used to have terrible sick headaches, which I had as far back as I can remember. In recent years they were getting worse. A few years ago I took treatment of a specialist in Kansas City, but it only relieved me for a while. When I came here two years ago my health was miserable. My husband, when he had great fits, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People insisted that I commence using them. After taking a few doses I could see an improvement, and my headache and spells were not so severe. I used four boxes, and since that time I have not had any of those attacks, and I never felt so well in my life."

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to mankind as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, invigorating the body, regulating the functions, they restore the strength and health in the exhausted patient when every effort of the physician proves unavailing.

These pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Hand-somely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.

By JACOB BIGGLE

- No. 1.—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK. All about Horses—Common-sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations, a standard work. Price, 50 cents.
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- No. 4.—BIGGLE COW BOOK. All about Cows and the Dairy business—having a great sale; contains 40 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 cents.
- No. 5.—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK. Just out. All about Hogs—Breeding, Feeding, Butchery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 50 beautiful illustrations and other engravings. Price, 50 cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old—it is the great, bold-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head, and quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 6 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL.

Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.

WILMER ATKINSON
CHAS. F. JENKINS. Address: FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA

A \$65.00 Machine For \$18.50

Cash with Order and Coupon



The Improved "Arlington" Sewing Machine

NEW HOME STYLE LATEST BEST CHEAPEST

Shipped to anyone, anywhere, on 10 days' free trial, 10 days' without making one cent in advance.

10 years' written warranty with each machine.

A strictly high-grade Sewing Machine, made throughout in the best possible manner, with modern improvements, and a mechanical construction such that in its simplicity with great strength, these features give it a durability, and making it impossible for the machine to be put out of order. It sews fast and makes a perfect stitch on all kinds of material, and all classes of material. Always ready for use and unexcelled for speed, durability and quality. Notice the following points of superiority:

- The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw. Strong, substantial, neat and handsome in design, and beautifully ornamented by gold. Red plate has rounded corners and is inlaid or covered with gold. Highest Arm—Space under the arm is 24 inches high and 3 inches long. This will admit the largest skirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Threading—Absolutely no holes to put thread through, except eye of needle. Shuttle is cylinder, open on end, entirely self-cleaning, easy to put on or take out; bobbin holds a large amount of thread. Stitch Regulator is on the bed of the machine beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 8 to 22 stitches to the inch. Feed is double and extends on both sides of needle; never fails to take roads through, never stops at seam; movement is positive; no springs to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—Filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not run while winding bobbin. Light Running—Machine is easy to run, does not fatigue the operator, makes little noise and sews rapidly. Stitches in a double lock stitch, the same on both sides, will not unravel, and can be changed without stopping the machine. Tension is a flat spring tension, and will admit thread from 8 to 120 pound cotton without changing. Sewer gets out of order. The Needle is a straight, self-setting needle, flat on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is round, made of one hundred steel, with oil cup at the bottom to prevent oil from getting on the goods. Adjustable Bearings—All bearings are case-hardened steel and easily adjusted with a screw driver. All motion can be taken up, and the machine will last a lifetime. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and includes a free extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One ruler and gatherer, one hander, one shirring plate, one set of four hemmers, different widths up to 3/4 of an inch, one locker, one under leader, one sheet or attachment foot, and one tread center. Woodwork of finest quality oak or walnut, Gothic curve and drawers, nickel-plated hinges to drawers, brass to wheels, and device for replacing belt.

DON'T PAY SEWING MACHINES BUY DIRECTLY OF MANUFACTURERS AND OUR GREAT OFFER. \$25.00 to our Special Wholesale Price, for \$18.50. In order to give every reader of this paper a chance to get a first-class machine at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of \$18.50 cash and coupon, we will ship the above-described machine anywhere securely packed and crated, and our measure delivered. Ten years' written warranty with each machine. Money refunded if not as represented after thirty days' test trial. We will ship C. O. D. for \$10.00 the privilege of twenty days' trial receipt of \$10.00 as a guarantee of good faith and charges. If you prefer thirty days' trial before paying, send for our large illustrated catalogue with testimonials, explaining fully how we ship sewing machines, and how we make one at the lowest manufacturer's prices without making one cent in advance. The best plan is to send all cash with order, as you then have the \$1.00 discount. Remember the coupon must be sent with order.

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Value \$5.00
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