

Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 18.

COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1899.

NO. 3

DR. J. BURT MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

WILL promptly respond to all calls,
day or night.
Moran's BARBER SHOP
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BATH ROOMS,
OPPOSITE HOTEL COQUILLE,
Front Street, Coquille City, Or.
FIRST-CLASS SHAVES AND HAIR
cuts at living rates; nice Bathing
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THE COMMERCIAL
The most modern arranged BARBER
SHOP in Coquille City.
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Dealer in REAL ESTATE of all kinds.
MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN
of the World, meets at Masonic Hall
1st and 3d Monday nights of each month.
A. J. SARGENT, Secy.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTERS
of America, meets every second and
fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall
Coquille City, Oregon.
Geo. O. LEACH, C. R.

H. N. LORENZ, R. S.
CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 65, A. F.
and A. M., meets on Saturday evening
on or before each full moon. Visiting
brethren cordially invited.
HARRY KRAUS, W. M.
C. W. White, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S.,
meets Friday evening on or before
each full moon at 7 o'clock from April 1st
to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30; and
each fifteen days thereafter at 2 o'clock in
the afternoon.
Mrs. NORA A. McEVEN, W. M.
Mrs. JENNIE ROSS, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F.,
meets every Saturday evening. Visiting
brethren on good standing cordially
invited.
J. A. SEED, N. G.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I.
O. O. F., meets every first and third
Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows
hall. Cordial invitation extended to all
visiting patriots in good standing.
R. E. BUCK, C. P.

G. F. BOUZEL, Scribe.
MAMIE REBERKAL LODGE, NO. 20,
I. O. O. F., meets every 2d and 4th
Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fel-
lows hall. Mrs. JULIE COLLIER, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, Sec.

COQUILLE COUNCIL, NO. 85 OF THE
Fraternal A. O. U. W. meets the
2d Tuesday evening of each month.
Mrs. ELVA PANKENBURG, Pres.
D. F. DEAN, Sec.

**Central
Meat Market**
Curran & Gass, Proprietors.

HAVING BOUGHT OUT THE CENTRAL
Meat Market, we will be able to
furnish all kinds of Meat—Beef, Mutton
and Pork, and will pay the highest cash
price for beef, hogs, sheep, etc.
CURRIAN & GASS.

The Lone Star
C. O. GILKEY, PROPRIETOR,
Coquille City, Or.—Opposite Depot.

Keeps only Pure Wines and Liquors and
The American Club Whisky is one of the
specialties served in these Clubrooms.

PETER LOGGIE,
BANDON, OR.,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
A FULL LINE OF

Burial Caskets
AT
Lowest Cash Prices.

Orders left with R. S. KNOWLTON,
COQUILLE CITY, will receive prompt
attention.

**COOS BAY
Marble and Stone Works**
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.

Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Head-
stones, Tablets, etc.
Samaritan lost with stone coping
or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order.
Correspondence solicited from parties
living in the country or other towns who
may wish anything in my line of business.
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

NERVITA restores VITALITY
LOST VIGOR
AND MANHOOD
Cures Impotency, Night Emissions, Head-
aches, etc. A nerve tonic and
blood builder. Brings the
pink glow to pale cheeks and
restores the fire of youth.
By mail 50c per box; 6 boxes
for \$2.50; with a written guarantee
to cure or refund the money.

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Coquille Pharmacy

Coos Orchards and Dairies

STATE OFFICIAL INSPECTIONS IN S. W. OREGON.

State Dairy Commissioner and President Horticultural Board Visit Coos County.

[The Oregonian of the 3d inst. gives the following as summary reports of the official visits of J. W. Bailey, state food and dairy commissioner, and H. B. Miller, president of the state board of horticulture, to Coos county and other points in southwestern Oregon.]

REPORTS ON DAIRYING.

State Food and Dairy Commissioner J. W. Bailey and H. B. Miller, president of the state board of horticulture, have just returned from an extended trip of 400 miles by buggy through Coos county and portions of Lane and Douglas.

Mr. Bailey found two creameries in Lane county in successful operation, eight in Coos county, and one in Douglas county. He found Tillamook butter passing through the Willamette valley on its way to the Bohemia mines. On the Coast Fork in Lane county, Mr. Bailey says, there are excellent advantages for the establishment of creameries, as the soil will produce clover and vetches in abundance, and by the use of the stream for irrigation, seven tons of clover can be harvested from each acre every year and much pasturage provided besides.

Farmers in that section are making poorer farms and poorer farmers, he says, by raising about 10 or 12 bushels of wheat per acre, while they might make their land and themselves richer by growing clover and making butter and cheese for their home market.

The Reed creamery at Gardiner, together with the farm and dairy adjoining, is one of the most successful and complete in the northwest. It is conducted by a nephew of the late Senator Reed, and is modern and scientific in every respect. The present output of the creamery is 400 pounds per day. Willamette valley farmers could learn many valuable things by a visit to this dairy. The silo is the great feature here, where timothy, red-top, clover, wheat, oats, peas and even wild swamp grass are put into valuable form for food through the silo.

COOS COUNTY'S DAIRYING ADVANTAGES.
Coos county has three great and growing industries—lumbering, coal mining and dairying. Each of these is practically in its infancy.

The dairy industry is the most valuable, having a greater socializing influence, and is therefore nearer to the hearts of the people than the others. During all these years of depression, the people of Coos county have been sustained in comfort by the dairy, and it is now in a more flourishing condition than ever. The total value of dairy products in Coos county will not fall below an average of \$1000 per day, and the distribution of this is so extended and perfect as to send joy and thrift into many homes.

The natural elements upon which the industry thrives are climate, clover and water transportation. Cheap and quick transportation of milk and cream from the cow to the creamery constitutes the main feature of their advantage over most other sections of the state. The virtues of the silo and the growing of clover and vetches on the hills are things that have yet to be learned by the Coos county dairymen.

Improvement in stockbreeding is not as great as it should be, for many of their cows are absorbing the profits of others. More thought is being given in this direction, and good results are sure to follow.

One of the deplorable features of the industry is found in the size of the rolls of butter, ranging from a pound and a half to a pound and three-quarters; none of the creameries put up a full two-pound package.

This is done at the instance and for the advantage of the retail dealer, who is no doubt deceiving his customers. The creameries get no benefit, as they sell by actual weight, but the retailer sells by the roll. As all of the output of these Coos county creameries is marketed in San Francisco, the Oregon consumer is not affected.

The creameries are models of cleanliness, and the dairymen, as a rule, keep their places in excellent condition. The entire industry has an air of prosperity about it that is quite refreshing, and when all the marshes, swamps and hills, suitable to the dairy business in Coos county, are fully developed, it will be ten times greater than today.

Butter from Coos county already finds a market in Alaska, Japan, the

Philippines, China and South America.

After a critical examination of the economic side of the question of butter and cheese production, under the most favorable conditions in Coos county, Commissioner Bailey is convinced that many points in the Willamette valley have equal advantages, and that butter and cheese-making should become the leading occupation in western Oregon.

OREGON ORCHARDS

President Miller's inspection of orchards shows an almost entire failure of fruits in the commercial orchards of the southern part of Lane county, and many trees dying from the effects of the winter's freeze.

The line of injury to trees seems to be the north line of Douglas county, as no case of winter killing was found in either Douglas or Coos counties. The fruit crop in these counties, although good, is not more than half what it would have been with a favorable spring.

The large orchards of Douglas county, as far as the trees are concerned, are in good growing condition. The Italian prune tree leaf is beginning to curl some and the board of horticulture recommends the splitting of the bark of the body of the tree, from the ground to the limbs, as a relief.

The crops of French prunes in all the orchards visited in Douglas and Coos counties was remarkable, and the trees were all in perfect condition.

COOS COUNTY FRUIT.

There are no large commercial orchards in Coos county, and none being planted, although 40,000 bushels of fine apples were shipped last year. Most of the orchards are from one to five acres in extent, and were planted by the early settlers along the river bottoms, and were intended for home consumption. Coos county is becoming noted for its very fine apples, and apple-growing, on a large scale, could be made profitable by a judicious selection of land and varieties.

The Gravenstein is the best of all varieties there, and reaches nearer perfection under the climate and soil conditions of this section than any other place in the state, or on the Pacific coast. One man marketed 800 bushels of apples from a single acre last season. Good apple orchards, with fair crops, are to be found on both branches of Coos river, and all places along the Coquille and its tributaries.

French prunes do very well, and will thrive on all the hill lands where there is sufficient depth of soil. There is much more value in the hill lands, both for the production of clover and fruit, than the residents realize, and Mr. Miller would advise the more extended use of the hills for orchard-planting.

There is some orchard-planting on tide lands, and this trouble can be overcome by planting on the hills. Orchards planted on the hills will not thrive without thorough cultivation, and the fruit-growers of Coos county must not expect the hills to produce a large crop of apples and several tons of clover to the acre during the same season. Many hill orchards were found abandoned because they would not perform this prodigious task.

A few peach trees, quite thrifty, and well loaded with fruit, were found on the headwaters of the Coquille, and Mr. Miller would recommend the planting of enough peaches in these sections to provide for the growing home market.

The apples grown in Coos county are entirely free from the greatest of all pests, the codlin moth. This feature makes apple growing a very attractive line of horticultural work there, as few localities in the world are now exempt from this disastrous insect. While there is no absolute certainty that this pest will not eventually become acclimated and thrive there, investigation proves that it has been continually introduced from California, but so far has not been able to perpetuate itself.

There is no doubt but that some feature of climatic conditions has so far proven to be a perfect check to the development of the moth.

All other pests and tree diseases common to other sections of the state were found plentiful, the most disastrous to the apple being the bark disease known as the apple canker, and persons planting apple orchards are warned to look out carefully for this, as it often comes in the nursery stock. Orchardists not familiar with it should have their young trees examined by the horticultural commissioner before planting, as it is almost certain to ruin the trees by the time they come in bearing.

President Miller finds that it will be necessary to have a deputy inspector of nursery stock coming into Coos bay, to prevent the introduction of scale and infectious diseases. Spraying and improvement

in methods of caring for orchards will have to begin in Coos county if they succeed in developing their horticultural industry to the extent that their soil, climatic and market conditions seem to justify.

Light on a Dark Subject.

There is a never ending babble about "over production" among small potato theorists, who trace all the miseries of life to the superabundance of the goods of life. Well, there is overproduction of certain kinds.

There is an overproduction of loafers, eating up other people's bread.

There is an overproduction of gangrenous corporations, devouring mankind's substance.

There is an overproduction of blarney-mouthed politicians, whose politics are spoils and plunder.

There is an overproduction of hair-brained college professors, who always hate the masses by whom they are fattened.

There is an overproduction of dirty legislation in every state legislature in the country.

There is an overproduction of literary picaninies, who have flooded the market by their overproduction of trumpery in books.

There is an overproduction of corporation tools in both houses of congress and in all the legislatures of the country.

There is an overproduction of slysters, heartless and brainless, at the bar, and of judicial mercenaries on the bench.

There is an overproduction in all quarters of suborned newspapers, and of subscribers ready to sell their souls for a job on them.

There is an overproduction of clerical charlatans who preach lies for money.

There is an overproduction of millionaires, drudges, monopolies, tramps, cormorants, speculators, toadies, starlings, cornerers, mill children, factory women, bedazzled Jezebels of fashion, and painted wasps of unclean "society."

There is an overproduction of rent, profit, interest and cheating.

There is an overproduction of adulterated articles of food, shoddy garments, hardware, hardware, bogus jewelry, watered stock and clapnet.

But, if one may judge from the conditions of the masses of the people everywhere, there is no overproduction of those things required for the life and well-being of mankind, such as befitting houses, clothing and food, or those things which make the world pleasant, such as proper furniture, works of art, books and so forth, or those things needed by the community for social growth. Moreover, the industry of the world's workers, organized in the way most advantageous to those workers, would not, with the help of all the machinery yet invented, produce a surfeit of those things at any time within the next hundred years.—Reno, Plaindealer.

A Conclusive Example.

The Arkansas Hot Springs supply a conclusive example of the benefits of government ownership of land and water. Instead of selling or giving them away, four sections (2640 acres) of land, of which 900 acres has been laid out as a park, have been reserved and held by the government. The water rents are used to improve the reservation. The springs yield 950,000 gallons daily. The receipts from bath-houses, etc., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, were \$18,371; the disbursements for salaries, repairs, fuel, light and cold water were \$12,388, leaving a net profit to the United States of nearly \$6000. Indigent persons supplied free and have also access to a free dispensary under a United States surgeon. The resident population of Hot Springs is 8000, besides 7000 visitors. How much better it would have been if all such natural benefits had been held by the state or the general government for the benefit of the entire people?—S. F. Star.

Will Burn a Valuable Library in the Street.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—A special to the Chronicle from Toledo, Ohio, says: On the evening of August 15th, in the middle of the street in front of the Memorial United Brethren church, this city, the elegantly bound volumes which compose the library of Marshall O. Wagoner, formerly one of the most pronounced agnostics in the world, will be burned.

He was recently converted to Christianity, and made a public declaration of faith a few weeks ago and became a member of the United Brethren church. The library is valued at several thousand dollars.

The professional musician works when he plays and plays when he works.

Oregon Troops Mustered Out.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—The Second Oregon regiment was mustered out of the service of Uncle Sam today; each man received his discharge papers from the mustering officer, and passed on to the paymaster who gave each soldier what money was due him.

As the men were assembled for the last time previous to their dissolution as a regiment, General Owen Summers addressed them with a few words of farewell and advice. He cautioned them not to do anything in the short time that remains before they are finally disbanded, to reflect on the excellent record they have made, and also to be on the lookout that no one should take undue advantage of them. General Summers, who is very popular, was enthusiastically cheered by the men of his command.

A Silkworm of the Sea.

Silk is obtained from the shellfish known as the pinna (mytilide), which is found in the Mediterranean. This shellfish has the power of spinning a viscid silk which in Sicily is made into a regular and handsome fabric. The silk is spun by the shellfish, in the first instance, for the purpose of attaching itself to the rocks. It is able to guide the delicate filaments to the proper place and there glue them fast, and if they are cut away they can reproduce them.

The material when gathered (which is done at low tide) is washed in soap and water, dried, straightened and carded, one pound of the coarse filament yielding about three ounces of fine thread, which when spun is of a lovely burnished golden brown color.—New York Herald.

A Trolley Accident.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 7.—A trolley car jumped off a bridge here yesterday, killing twenty-nine people and badly injuring twelve more.

To those who may still be alarmed by the grossly exaggerated reports about the kissing bug-aboo, there will be relief in the information from L. O. Howard, the government ornithologist, that the application of ordinary household ammonia relieves the pain and prevents any serious effects of the bites and stings of all kinds of insects.

Exchange: The true standing of an editor is appreciated after death, if not before. A lawyer sent the following words of consolation to the widow of an editor: I cannot tell you how pained I was to hear your husband had gone to heaven. We were bosom friends, but can never meet again.

Salem Statesman (Rep): Wheat will be more than a dollar a bushel this year—for the farmers who feed it to the right kind of hens. For those who sell it for shipment to Europe, it will probably be less than a half a dollar a bushel.

Eugene V. Debs: Government ownership can be no worse than government receivership. The U. S. courts are rapidly becoming repair shops for wrecked railroads.

The Best Remedy for Flux.
Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. S. Knowlton.

The National Land List.
The only genuine real estate paper published in America. It circulates in every state in the Union. Parties interested in buying, selling or exchanging land, merchandise or other property will find what they want in THE NATIONAL LAND LIST. It is jam full of special bargains and offers of exchange. Single copies by mail 10 cents. Address The National Land List Publishing Co., Green Ridge, Missouri.

A little school girl of a neighboring town wrote the following composition on "Saw Mills": "Saw mills is very useful. If it was not for saw mills we wouldn't have no sawdust for to stuff our dolls. If I was a doll, I would rather die than to be stuffed with straw. Straw is very ticklesome when you ain't got anything else on your inside. I know a good deal more about saw mills but my paper is all gone."

"May I print a kiss on your lips?" I asked, and she nodded her childish assent. Then we kissed. And I rather guess we printed a large edition.

Little Willie had a mirror and he looked the backs all off, thinking in his childish error it would end the whooping cough. At the funeral Willie's mother smartly said to Mrs. Brown, "Was a chilly day for Willie when the mercury went down."

Good Man—Do you know what becomes of little boys who use bad words when they are playing marbles? Bad Boy—Yep! Dey grows up an' plays golf.

Mr. H. N. Warner, of Minden, Neb., said:

"In 1894 I was attacked with paralysis in my left side. You might stick a pin to the head into my left hip and I would not feel it. I was unable to do any kind of work and had to be turned in bed. I made up my mind that I could not be cured as I had used all kinds of medicine and had tried many doctors. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and commenced their use last September. Before I had finished my first box I felt better, and by the time I had used six boxes the disease had entirely disappeared, and I have not been so free from pain since I was a boy. The paralysis also disappeared, and although two months have passed since I finished my last box, there has been no recurrence of the disease."—From the Gazette, Minden, Neb.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing remedy for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuritis, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

The Man Who Lost Hope

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Beautifully Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.

By JACOB BIGGLE

No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK
All about Horses—Common sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 cents.

No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK
All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how; contains all colored life-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 cents.

No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK
All about Poultry; the best Poultry book in existence; tells everything; with colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 103 other illustrations. Price, 50 cents.

No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK
All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great deal, contains 8 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 120 other illustrations. Price, 50 cents.

No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK
Just out—All about Hogs—breeding, feeding, butchery, diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful life-like reproductions and other engravings. Price, 50 cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Poultry, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS.

FARM JOURNAL

In your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the best hotbed of news, hit-the-nail-on-the-head news, after you have said it, Farm and Household news of the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for a DOLLAR BILLS.

Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.

WILMER ATKINSON, Address, FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA.
CHAR. F. JENKINS.

A \$65.00 Machine
For \$18.50
Cash with Order and Coupon

The Improved "Arlington"
Self-Feeding Sewing Machine
NEW HOME STYLE
LATEST BEST CHEAPEST

Shipped to anyone, 10 days' free trial, in our own homes, without asking one cent in advance.

A strictly high-grade Sewing Machine, built throughout in the best possible manner. It possesses all modern improvements, and its mechanical construction is such that it is combined simplicity with great strength, thus insuring ease of running, durability, and making it responsible for the machine to be put out of order. It sews up and makes a perfect stitch with all kinds of fabric and all kinds of buttons. Always ready for use and unrivaled for speed, durability and quality of work. Notice the following points of superiority:

The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw, substantial, neat and unobtrusive in design, and beautifully ornamented in gold. The plate has rounded corners and is inlaid or counter-sunk, making it flush with top of table. Highest Arc—distance under the arm is 5 1/2 inches high and 8 inches long. This will admit the largest shirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Opening—Absolutely no holes to put thread through except eye of needle. Shuttle is cylinder, open on end, entirely self-cleaning, easy to put in or take out; bobbin holds a large amount of thread. Stitch Regulator is on the bed of the machine, beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 8 to 22 stitches to the inch. Feed is double and extends on both sides of needle; never fails to take needle through; never stops at seams; movement is positive; no springs to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—Winding the bobbins is automatic and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not run while winding bobbin. Light Running—Machine is easy to run, does not fatigue the operator, makes little noise and sews rapidly. Stitch is a double lock stitch, the same on both sides, will not unravel, and can be changed without stopping the machine. Tension is a flat spring tension, and will admit thread from 2 to 120 spool cottons without changing. Never gets out of order. The Needle is a straight, self-adjusting needle, flat on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is made of case-hardened steel, with cut edge at the bottom to prevent all from getting on the goods. Adjustable Bearings—All bearings are case-hardened steel, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One rubber and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four buttons, and one threader. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One rubber and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four buttons, and one threader. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One rubber and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four buttons, and one threader. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One rubber and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four buttons, and one threader.

DO NOT PAY HIGH PRICES FOR DIRECTLY OF MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS' PROFITS
OUR GREAT OFFER, \$29.50 in our Special Wholesale Price, but only \$18.50 in our Special Retail Price, when you order a new "Arlington" Sewing Machine, we make a special coupon offer, giving every reader of this paper a chance to get a first-class machine at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of \$18.50 each and coupon, we will ship the above-described machine anywhere securely packed and insured, and with a money order. A few years' use of our "Arlington" Sewing Machine, if you are not satisfied, money refunded (not as represented after thirty days' test each machine). Money refunded if not as represented after thirty days' test each machine. We will ship C. O. D. for \$19.50 with privilege of twenty days' trial receipt of \$5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and charges. If you prefer thirty days' trial before paying, send for our large illustrated catalogue with testimonials, explaining fully how we ship sewing machines anywhere to suit in advance. At the lowest manufacturer's prices without asking one cent in advance. The best plan is to send all cash with order, as you then save the \$1.00 discount. Remember, the coupon must be sent with order.

Or make your order through "The Herald," without extra cost.