

Public Library
Portland, Or.
Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 18.

COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1899.

NO. 2

DR. J. BURT MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

WILL promptly respond to all calls, day or night.
Moran's BARBER SHOP
AND
BATH ROOMS,
OPPOSITE HOTEL COQUILLE,
Front Street, Coquille City, Or.

FIRST-CLASS SHAVES AND HAIR CUTS at living rates; nice Bathing apartments.

THE COMMERCIAL
The most modern arranged BARBER SHOP in Coquille City.
M. M. McDonald, Proprietor.

C. L. MOON,
Attorney and
Counselor at Law
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

Real Estate and Collections a Specialty.

John F. Hall,
Attorney at Law,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

Dealer in Real Estate of all kinds.
COQUILLE GRANGE No. 290. Patrons of Husbandry meet at 10 o'clock a. m. each month at 10 o'clock a. m.

E. Pannenberg, Sec.
MYRTLE CAMP, No. 127, WOODMEN of the World, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening at Masonic Hall 8:30 and 31 Monday nights of each month. A. J. Stryker, Com. George T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTERS of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening at Masonic Hall Coquille City, Oregon. Geo. O. Leach, C. R. H. N. Lorenz, R. S.

GEN. LYTTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R. meets every first Monday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend. B. H. Harkin, Post Com. J. Quick, Adjutant.

GEN. LYTTLE, W. R. C., NO. 9, MEETS in Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday afternoon in each month. Mrs. W. Hitz, Pres. Mrs. Ida Harnington, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. & A. M., meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited. HARRY KRIS, W. M. G. W. White, Sec.

BUELL CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S., meets every Friday evening on or before each full moon at 8 o'clock from April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30 and each fifteen days thereafter at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Nora A. McEwen, W. M. Mrs. Jennie Ross, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited. J. A. Sheer, N. G. J. S. Lawrence, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F., meets every first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting patriarchy in good standing. R. E. Book, C. P. G. F. Boutwell, Sec.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 39, I. O. O. F., meets every 24 and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows hall. Mrs. J. C. Collier, N. G. J. S. Lawrence, Sec.

COQUILLE COUNCIL NO. 88 OF THE Fraternal Aid Association meets the 2d Tuesday evening of each month. Mrs. Ella Pannenberg, Pres. D. F. Dean, Sec.

Central Meat Market
Curran & Gass, Proprietors.

HAVING BOUGHT OUT THE CENTRAL MEAT MARKET, we will be able to furnish all kinds of Meat—Beef, Mutton and Pork, and will pay the highest cash price for beef, hogs, sheep, etc.

The Lone Star
C. O. GILKEY, PROPRIETOR.
Coquille City, Or.—Opposite Depot.

Keeps only Pure Wines and Liquors and The American Club Whisky is one of the specialties served in these Clubrooms.

Best Billiard Table in Southern Oregon
PETER LOGGIE,

BANDON, OR.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
A FULL LINE OF
Burial Caskets
AT
Lowest Cash Prices.

Orders left with R. S. KNOWLTON, COQUILLE CITY, will receive prompt attention.

COOS BAY
Marble and Stone Works
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.

Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc.

cemetary lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in my line of business.

Initiative and Referendum

FIFTEEN GOOD REASONS FOR IT
BY PROF. FRANK PANSONS.

Is it Not Possible for All Reformers to Rally Under This Flag and Win for the Rights of the People?

"Is self-government right?" If so, the referendum and initiative follow. I believe in self-government for the sake of justice, safety, manhood, education, development, and therefore I believe in the referendum as the most promising means of enabling the people to exert a more real and effective control over legislation, whereby we may expect to secure a more perfect government by and for the people.

Direct legislation means simply an actual instead of a mere theoretic sovereignty of the people. We are governed today, not by a democracy, but by an elective aristocracy holding for a term. The people are sovereign only at the moment of election—the men they elect become their masters for one, two, four, six years, as the case may be. Self-government is one thing—the choosing of men who are to govern you is a very different thing. A child may choose its guardian; a slave might be given a voice in the selection of his master and yet be absolutely subject to his dominion after the choice were made.

Power will be used in the interest of his possessor. If the power of government is to be used in the interest of the people they must have continuous and effective possession of the government. We call our legislators "agents" and the people their "principals"—queer agents who can give away their principal's property despite his protest, and are not responsible to him during their term of service; queer principals who cannot veto his "agents' plans, no matter how much he objects to them, nor instruct his agents what to do when he sees fit, nor discharge said agents when they refuse to carry out his orders; queer principals who has to obey the commands of his agent instead of giving him his orders.

Legislators and city councils not infrequently submit to the people questions of importance on which they wish to enact an honest law, but they never submit a franchise steal to the people. When they are acting from honest motives they find the referendum very helpful in coming to a wise and just conclusion, but when they are acting from corrupt and selfish motives they have no use for the referendum. Valuable gas, electric light and street-railway franchises would not be given away to lobbying corporations if we had the referendum.

- I like to sum up a few of the probable benefits of direct legislation by predicting that the initiative and referendum
1. Will substitute a real self-government for an elective aristocracy.
 2. Will put a check on corrupt legislation.
 3. Will destroy the lobby—it will no longer bribe legislators who cannot deliver the goods.
 4. Will open the door to progress and reform.
 5. Will simplify elections, centering each vote on a single measure instead of a conglomerate platform mixed with personal considerations respecting a number of candidates.
 6. Will simplify the law.
 7. Will aid the enforcement of the law.
 8. Will save the cost of innumerable impotent petitions, abortive investigations, lobby expenses, needless second houses, expensive printing of special laws, local acts, etc.
 9. Will elevate the press by directing discussion to measures disconnected from men and affairs.
 10. Will elevate the profession of politics and bring better men into office.
 11. Will educate the people as no other institution can.
 12. Will diminish partisanship.
 13. Will go far to cripple the ring and the boss.
 14. Will break the power of trusts and monopolies.
 15. Will act as a safety valve for discontent, a guarantee against disorder. Revolution has little chance where the people can easily mould the law.

The Kansas bureau of labor reports that six of the street railways of that state cost \$842,729, and are assessed at \$76,080, or 9 per cent of the cost. The telephone plants of the state are assessed at 13 per cent of their cost.

Napa Reflector: While Boss Hanna travels in luxury the wives and children of the striking employes of his Cleveland street railway may want bread for all he cares.

The Devil's Soliloquy.

[Suggested by hearing a young man speak disparagingly of a young girl.]
One night as the devil sat nursing alone
In the midst of his cosy, warm fire,
And trying to figure the difference in guilt
'Tween a thief and an all-round liar,
His memory turned to the scene of his youth,
And his eyes filled with hot, boiling tears,
So he took down his ledger and turned to the page
Dated back about six thousand years.
"I suppose," he exclaimed, as he glanced
The book through,
"I am doing the best that I can.
For my business denotes a continual increase,
Ever since the creation of man.
"I've cribbed a good harvest for six thousand years,
And should be content with the yield,
And give my opponents permission to have
The gleanings I leave in the field.
"I've gathered a diversified crop
Of merchants and lawyers galore;
I've bound politicians in bundles until
Every one of my fingers were sore.
"I've fiddled, gambled and insured men,
I've peddled, forgery and lies,
And filled up the furnace with green Democrats,
Till they actually put out the fire.
"I've railroaded conductors and doctors to spare,
Horse traders and preachers to spend;
Republicans, Populists, Tories and Whigs,
And two or three newspaper men.
"But there is one class, I'm happy to say,
Can never gain entrance here:
Their souls are so dirty, I'm sure that they
Would demoralize hell in a year.
"I refer to that thing, neither human nor beast,
The carrion crew of the world,
Who never is happy unless he can feast
On the wreck of an innocent girl.
"A million of years in my warmest rooms,
His slander would never atone,
So I gave him a match and advised him to start
A select little hell of his own."
With his fingers he lit an asbestos cigar,
And placing his book on the shelf,
He muttered, "I may be a very bad man,
But I've got some respect for myself."

Kentucky Populists Name a Ticket.

Frankfort, Ky., July 13.—The Populist state convention today named a full ticket. John H. Blair, of Nicholas county, was nominated for governor by acclamation. The platform was adopted indorsing Wharton Barker, of Philadelphia, for president, and Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, for vice-president. It reaffirms the former Populist national platform, and declares in favor of government ownership of all public institutions as a means of stamping out trusts. Emphasizing the government ownership of railroads, it says:

"We regret to see that Hon. William J. Bryan, for whom the Populists of Kentucky voted in 1896 for president of the United States, by his public indorsement of the ticket nominated at Louisville, and the platform there adopted, assumes the responsibility of indorsing the criminal attempts of corrupt elements of Kentucky politics to subvert the ballot.

"In order that the Populist party may be preserved forever free from fraud, bossism and political corruption as now dominates both the Democratic and Republican parties in Kentucky, as well as in other states, as exemplified in the latest spectacle of the Democratic convention controlled by policemen and others sent there to defeat the will of the masses of Kentucky, and the Republican convention at Lexington, controlled by federal officeholders, we indorse the policy of applying to the management of the People's party, as far as practicable, the principles of direct legislation in nominations and conduct of party affairs."

Just before adjournment tonight the convention nominated G. W. Reeves, of Ballard county, for United States senator.

The question, "What ought to be done with the trusts?" has been answered in this way: Well, the peanut trusts should be roasted; the flour trust should be sifted to the bottom; the cigar trust should be smoked out; the plug tobacco trust should be chewed up; the iron trust hammered thin; the wine trust twisted; the furniture trust carved in twain; the metal trust heated hot; the solder trust melted; the paper trusts ground into pulp; the lamp trust snuffed out; the lumber trust nailed; the bicycle trust punctured; the mule trust kicked to death, and coffin trust buried.

Admiral Dewey's salary amounts to \$37,500 a day; President McKinley's is equal to \$131 a day; cabinet officers, the vice president and the speaker of the house get \$22,222 a day; senators and congressmen \$13,900, and the chief justice of the supreme court \$29 a day.

Kansas Agitator: Uncle Sam lived one hundred million dollars beyond his means the past year. Yes, Uncle Samuel is becoming gay and festive.

Governor Geer has offered a standing reward of \$300 for arrest of any person obstructing railroad tracks or robbing railroad trains or stages.

Man never perceives the light of truth, unless it flashes against the darkness of his own evil will.

Theology may change, but the Gospel never does.

COOS COUNTY—REV. LISTER WRITES.

Region of Great Productiveness in South-western Oregon.

Coquille, Or., July 25.—(To the Editor.)—The Oregonian is the best newspaper on the coast. It is a pleasure to hear the cry of the newsboy in all our towns as he pipes, "Morning Oregonian!" It is like a friend to a Willamette valley fellow, when he is going away from home in Baker City or Ashland, or "off to the coast."

This is my fortune at present, to enjoy the cool coast breezes, the delightful climate and natural beauties of the city of Coquille. The soil here is as good as the best in Oregon. Here one can easily determine the advantages of a well-watered country. All growth is the rankest, and fruiting abundant. One crop of hay here yields three to five tons to the acre. Dairying is a leading industry; the manufacture of lumber, another. All the mills, and they are many, have more than they can do. The mill at Coquille cannot keep the home demand supplied. Vessels come from San Francisco and carry away special kinds of lumber—Cedar, fir and myrtle are the principal kinds of lumber manufactured in this locality. Myrtle takes the finest finish of any wood, and is the very best material for furniture. There is a large supply of white cedar here, and as great a demand as to soon exhaust it.

The Coquille river is plied by ocean vessels and steam tugs. It is navigable for about 40 miles. The boats do a mail, passenger and freight service from Myrtle Point to Bandon. There are abundant coal beds here. The coal mining company has a railroad from Myrtle Point to Marshfield, a distance of 31 miles, but expecting to connect at Roseburg soon.

Coquille City has some fine new public buildings; a courthouse, costing \$15,000, was built last year. It is a splendid building, well located, seen for miles around and from every part of the town. It has two courtrooms, one for the county court and one for the district court, and all the best modern arrangements as to office rooms.

An excellent school building was reared up last fall, with a capacity for carrying forward all grades of the public school. Professor Claude Nosler, a graduate of Monmouth, is the principal-elect for next year. The enrollment is about 300.

There is a denominational college building at Coquille, but like other things of this nature, has a hard struggle to exist. The purpose is worthy, but the demand is not equal to the zeal. It is being found by the people that our public institutions give better value than is possible through denominations. There are four churches here. Episcopal, Methodist South, Reformed Israel and Christian. The Presbyterians have purchased the old school building for church purposes, which will make the fifth.

A preacher stated the truth here not long ago, saying: "It ought to be that one church should be sufficient for the people of this community. That, as there is one public school system that the people are well able to support, and one system in the courts, so there should be but one system in religious affairs. That, if this were a fact, it would overshadow everything else, and it would have the combined talents of all worshippers and be ministered to by the men best qualified to cultivate the divine moral image in the people."

There are some substantial business houses here, and goods are placed before the people at reasonable prices. There are three saloons. Many people believe that one would be sufficient to satisfy vitiated appetites and produce the shameful fruits consequent to this business. But the other two claim a right to a division of the prodigal's wasteful supply, and the "fathers" take the bait, and do not consider that their expenses, like the fish, will be larger than their income.

Many new buildings are rising in all parts of the town. The sound of the hammer is heard everywhere as one walks the streets.

Families make a livelihood from a few acres as well as some do from large farms in other localities. One feature militates against the growth and prosperity of Coquille. Just adjacent to the city is a large portion of swamp land reserved by the state, that, if opened to the people, would produce the most abundant crops of every sort. The soil is the best in the world, which now brings forth nothing but valueless brush. Parts of this great flat are leased to stockmen at 50 cents an acre. But, if owned by the people, would yield \$100 an acre. They ought to have it. This is an unfortunate condition, akin to one in the southeastern counties of the state, where a road company owns the best of the land; as, for instance, in the fertile Malheur valley, which if open to

occupation by the people, would produce thousands of tons of alfalfa hay for the myriads of hungry cattle that could find winter quarters there, but which land now is covered with sagebrush, except where an occasional portion is under cultivation, growing the best of hay, grain and fruit.

J. B. LISTON.

Wants a Decision.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The Post tomorrow will say:

"General Miles will ask General Root for a speedy decision as to the relations existing between the general commanding the army and the secretary of war. He is now preparing his side of the case which will be submitted to the new secretary. The condition which has existed in the war department since the campaign in Porto Rico, is reviewed, showing that General Miles, while major-general commanding the army, has had little or no voice in the management of the affairs of the army, and it is stated that, with the incoming secretary, he hopes the present conditions will change."

Over Three Thousand Mormon Missionaries.

Philadelphia, Aug. 1.—Twenty-nine Mormon missionaries, from Utah, sailed on the steamer Pennland, from this port for Liverpool, today. They are all young men. In speaking of their missionary work in foreign lands, R. G. McIlvarrie, one of the party, said:

"There are 3000 Mormon missionaries now at work all over the world, and the number is daily increasing. Every man goes at his own expense, and because of the faith that is in him."

Klondike Nuggets.

Gold comes from the Klondike at the rate of \$1,000,000 a day—some days.—Topeka Capital.

One Klondike man has managed to get together two tons of gold to show for his year's labor. This is almost as good as farming in Kansas.—Kansas City Journal.

The trip to the Klondike has become a humdrum affair. Railroads and light river steamers are now available between the coast and Dawson, and the journey can be made in two weeks.—Tacoma Ledger.

"I see by the newspapers," remarked Reader, "that the miners in the Klondike are sending out appeals for wives. 'Is that so?' ejaculated Hennepeck, in an eager whisper. 'They can have mine.'—Berlin (Md.) Herald.

It is estimated that two-thirds of the gold hunters who went to the Klondike country in 1898 returned with nothing to show for their trip, but their cries of distress are well-nigh drowned by the joyous shouts of the minority.—Topeka Capital.

A lucky Klondike miner, if the transportation companies can be believed, pulled an \$1800 nugget in out of the frost. But a little Klondike wealth calls for a big lot of talk. Eighteen hundred dollars made in any other way would call for no remark.—Minneapolis Journal.

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. S. Knowlton.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage: A newspaper whose columns overflow with advertisements of business men has more influence in attracting attention to the building up of a city or a town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an enterprising community. No power is so strong to build up a newspaper properly patronized. It will always return more than it receives.

The Oregonian says: The establishment at Linnton for slaughtering horses and salting the meat for exportation to Europe is again in operation. This will be good news to the owners of range horses who have no other way of getting rid of them, except by letting them starve during the winter.

Beauty is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascares, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascares.—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

San Francisco, July 31.—Disembarking of the First Nebraska Infantry and the Utah light artillery from the transport Hancock today gave San Francisco a second opportunity to welcome returning soldiers from the Philippines.

Mrs. Ada M. Herr, of 439 N. Charlotte St., Lancaster, Pa., suffered terribly from female disorders. Her nerves became unstrung, she endured intense pain, the slightest labor wearied her and household duties became a burden. Frequent fainting and dizzy spells would come upon her and she would fall prostrate in a swoon. After trying several physicians without success Mrs. Herr began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She says: "The pills brought immediate relief, and after taking six boxes I was cured. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People had done what all previous treatment had failed to do."—From the Examiner, Lancaster, Pa.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as leucorrhoea, neuralgia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. All druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

The House Wife's Burden

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive, and artistically Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.

By JACOB BIGGLE

- No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK
All about Horses—Common-Sense Treatise, with over 75 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 Cents.
- No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK
All about growing small Fruits—read and learn how; contains 4 colored life-like reproductions of all varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
- No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK
All about Poultry, the best Poultry book in existence; tells everything; with colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
- No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK
All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great deal of information; contains 4 colored life-like reproductions of all breeds, with 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
- No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK
Just out. All about Hog—Breeding, Feeding, Butchery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful illustrations and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique original treatises you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are written by an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a horse, a cow, a chicken, or grows small Fruits, ought to read right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the great booted-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head, quit-after-you-have-read-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the largest paper of its size in the New York of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL. Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.

WILHELM ATENING, Address, FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA.

A \$65.00 Machine For \$18.50
Cash with Order and Coupon

The Improved "Arlington" Sewing Machine
NEW HOME STYLE LATEST BEST PEST



Shipped to anyone, anywhere, on 10 days free trial, with your own home, without making one cent in advance.

10 years' written warranty with each machine.

A strictly high-grade Sewing Machine, made throughout in the best possible manner. It possesses all modern improvements, and its mechanical construction is such that it is so simple and so easy to use, that it is possible for the machine to be put out of order, and to be ready for use again, in less than 10 minutes. It makes a perfect stitch with all kinds of thread and all classes of material. It is ready for use and unrivaled for speed, durability and quality of work. Notice the following points of superiority:

- The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw; strong, substantial, and handsome in design, and beautifully ornamented by gold-plated corners and inlaid or counterlaid, making it flush with top of table.
- High-Arm—space under the arm is 20 inches high and 9 inches long. This will admit the largest skirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Breeding—Absolutely no holes to put thread through except eye of needle. Shuttle is cylinder, opens on end, entirely self-feeding, easy to put in or take out; bobbin holds a large amount of thread. Stitch Regulator is on the bed of the machine, beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 8 to 12 stitches to the inch. Feed is double and extends on both sides of presser; never fails to take goods through; never steps; it sews; movement is positive; no spring to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—For filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not run while winding bobbin. Light Running—Machine is easy to run, does not fatigue the operator, makes little noise and sews rapidly. Stitch is a double lock stitch, the same on both sides, will not unravel, and can be changed without stopping the machine. Tension is a flat spring tension, and will adjust thread from 8 to 100 speed cotton without changing. Never gets out of order. The Needle is a straight, self-setting needle, flat on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is round, made of case-hardened steel, with oil cup at the bottom to prevent oil from getting on the goods. Adjustable Bearings—All bearings are case-hardened steel and easily adjusted with a screw driver. All foot motion can be taken up, and the machine will last a lifetime. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One 1/2 of an inch, one 3/4 inch, one 1 inch, one 1 1/4 inch, one 1 3/4 inch, one 2 inch, one 2 1/2 inch, one 3 inch, one 3 1/2 inch, one 4 inch, one 4 1/2 inch, one 5 inch, one 5 1/2 inch, one 6 inch, one 6 1/2 inch, one 7 inch, one 7 1/2 inch, one 8 inch, one 8 1/2 inch, one 9 inch, one 9 1/2 inch, one 10 inch, one 10 1/2 inch, one 11 inch, one 11 1/2 inch, one 12 inch, one 12 1/2 inch, one 13 inch, one 13 1/2 inch, one 14 inch, one 14 1/2 inch, one 15 inch, one 15 1/2 inch, one 16 inch, one 16 1/2 inch, one 17 inch, one 17 1/2 inch, one 18 inch, one 18 1/2 inch, one 19 inch, one 19 1/2 inch, one 20 inch, one 20 1/2 inch, one 21 inch, one 21 1/2 inch, one 22 inch, one 22 1/2 inch, one 23 inch, one 23 1/2 inch, one 24 inch, one 24 1/2 inch, one 25 inch, one 25 1/2 inch, one 26 inch, one 26 1/2 inch, one 27 inch, one 27 1/2 inch, one 28 inch, one 28 1/2 inch, one 29 inch, one 29 1/2 inch, one 30 inch, one 30 1/2 inch, one 31 inch, one 31 1/2 inch, one 32 inch, one 32 1/2 inch, one 33 inch, one 33 1/2 inch, one 34 inch, one 34 1/2 inch, one 35 inch, one 35 1/2 inch, one 36 inch, one 36 1/2 inch, one 37 inch, one 37 1/2 inch, one 38 inch, one 38 1/2 inch, one 39 inch, one 39 1/2 inch, one 40 inch, one 40 1/2 inch, one 41 inch, one 41 1/2 inch, one 42 inch, one 42 1/2 inch, one 43 inch, one 43 1/2 inch, one 44 inch, one 44 1/2 inch, one 45 inch, one 45 1/2 inch, one 46 inch, one 46 1/2 inch, one 47 inch, one 47 1/2 inch, one 48 inch, one 48 1/2 inch, one 49 inch, one 49 1/2 inch, one 50 inch, one 50 1/2 inch, one 51 inch, one 51 1/2 inch, one 52 inch, one 52 1/2 inch, one 53 inch, one 53 1/2 inch, one 54 inch, one 54 1/2 inch, one 55 inch, one 55 1/2 inch, one 56 inch, one 56 1/2 inch, one 57 inch, one 57 1/2 inch, one 58 inch, one 58 1/2 inch, one 59 inch, one 59 1/2 inch, one 60 inch, one 60 1/2 inch, one 61 inch, one 61 1/2 inch, one 62 inch, one 62 1/2 inch, one 63 inch, one 63 1/2 inch, one 64 inch, one 64 1/2 inch, one 65 inch, one 65 1/2 inch, one 66 inch, one 66 1/2 inch, one 67 inch, one 67 1/2 inch, one 68 inch, one 68 1/2 inch, one 69 inch, one 69 1/2 inch, one 70 inch, one 70 1/2 inch, one 71 inch, one 71 1/2 inch, one 72 inch, one 72 1/2 inch, one 73 inch, one 73 1/2 inch, one 74 inch, one 74 1/2 inch, one 75 inch, one 75 1/2 inch, one 76 inch, one 76 1/2 inch, one 77 inch, one 77 1/2 inch, one 78 inch, one 78 1/2 inch, one 79 inch, one 79 1/2 inch, one 80 inch, one 80 1/2 inch, one 81 inch, one 81 1/2 inch, one 82 inch, one 82 1/2 inch, one 83 inch, one 83 1/2 inch, one 84 inch, one 84 1/2 inch, one 85 inch, one 85 1/2 inch, one 86 inch, one 86 1/2 inch, one 87 inch, one 87 1/2 inch, one 88 inch, one 88 1/2 inch, one 89 inch, one 89 1/2 inch, one 90 inch, one 90 1/2 inch, one 91 inch, one 91 1/2 inch, one 92 inch, one 92 1/2 inch, one 93 inch, one 93 1/2 inch, one 94 inch, one 94 1/2 inch, one 95 inch, one 95 1/2 inch, one 96 inch, one 96 1/2 inch, one 97 inch, one 97 1/2 inch, one 98 inch, one 98 1/2 inch, one 99 inch, one 99 1/2 inch, one 100 inch, one 100 1/2 inch, one 101 inch, one 101 1/2 inch, one 102 inch, one 102 1/2 inch, one 103 inch, one 103 1/2 inch, one 104 inch, one 104 1/2 inch, one 105 inch, one 105 1/2 inch, one 106 inch, one 106 1/2 inch, one 107 inch, one 107 1/2 inch, one 108 inch, one 108 1/2 inch, one 109 inch, one 109 1/2 inch, one 110 inch, one 110 1/2 inch, one 111 inch, one 111 1/2 inch, one 112 inch, one 112 1/2 inch, one 113 inch, one 113 1/2 inch, one 114 inch, one 114 1/2 inch, one 115 inch, one 115 1/2 inch, one 116 inch, one 116 1/2 inch, one 117 inch, one 117 1/2 inch, one 118 inch, one 118 1/2 inch, one 119 inch, one 119 1/2 inch, one 120 inch, one 120 1/2 inch, one 121 inch, one 121 1/2 inch, one 122 inch, one 122 1/2 inch, one 123 inch, one 123 1/2 inch, one 124 inch, one 124 1/2 inch, one 125 inch, one 125 1/2 inch, one 126 inch, one 126 1/2 inch, one 127 inch, one 127 1/2 inch, one 128 inch, one 128 1/2 inch, one 129 inch, one 129 1/2 inch, one 130 inch, one 130 1/2 inch, one 131 inch, one 131 1/2 inch, one 132 inch, one 132 1/2 inch, one 133 inch, one 133 1/2 inch, one 134 inch, one 134 1/2 inch, one 135 inch, one 135 1/2 inch, one 136 inch, one 136 1/2 inch, one 137 inch, one 137 1/2 inch, one 138 inch, one 138 1/2 inch, one 139 inch, one 139 1/2 inch, one 140 inch, one 140 1/2 inch, one 141 inch, one 141 1/2 inch, one 142 inch, one 142 1/2 inch, one 143 inch, one 143 1/2 inch, one 144 inch, one 144 1/2 inch, one 145 inch, one 145 1/2 inch, one 146 inch, one 146 1/2 inch, one 147 inch, one 147 1/2 inch, one 148 inch, one 148 1/2 inch, one 149 inch, one 149 1/2 inch, one 150 inch, one 150 1/2 inch, one 15