Public Library,
Portland, Or.

Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 17. COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1899. NO. 40

DR. J. BURT MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

WILL promptly respond to all calls, day or night.

EUGENE PANNENBERG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Notary Public.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

Office in Herald Building, Coquille City, Or.

THE COMMERCIAL
The most modern arranged BARBER SHOP in Coquille City.
M. M. McDonald, Proprietor.

C. L. MOON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

Real Estate and Collections a Specialty.

John F. Hall,
Attorney - at - Law,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

Dealer in REAL ESTATE of all kinds.

COQUILLE Grange No. 290, Patrons of Husbandry meet on the 1st Saturday of each month at 10 o'clock a. m.
N. LORENZ, Master.
B. Pannenberg, Sec.

MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights of each month.
A. J. SHERWOOD, Consul.
George T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTERS of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall Coquille City, Oregon.
GEO. O. LEACH, C. R.
H. N. LORENZ, R. S.

GEN. LYTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R. meets every first Monday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.
B. H. HASKIN, Post Com.
J. QUICK, Adjutant.

GEN. LYTLE, W. R. C., NO. 9, MEETS in Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday afternoon in each month.
MRS. W. HITE, Pres.
MRS. Ida HARRINGTON, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. and A. M., meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
HARRY KRUSE, W. M.
C. W. White, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S., meets Friday evening on or before each full moon at 8 o'clock from April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30; and each fifteen days thereafter at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.
MRS. NORA A. McEWEN, W. M.
MRS. JENNIE ROSE, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.
J. A. SEED, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F., meets every first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting patriarchs in good standing.
R. E. BUCK, C. P.
G. F. BOUTELL, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F., meets every 2d and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall. MRS. JULITH COLLIER, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, S.

COQUILLE COUNCIL, NO. 338 OF THE Fraternal Aid Association meets the 2d and 4th Tuesday evening of each month.
MRS. ELLA PANNENBERG, Pres.
D. F. DEAN, Sec.

Chair Factory
COQUILLE CITY.
[Opposite City Wharf.]

KEEPS ON HAND AND MAKES TO order first-class
RAWHIDE : CHAIRS.
Manufactured from best hard wood.
T. B. FOX, Proprietor.

PETER LOGGIE,
BANDON, OR.,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL LINE OF
Burial Caskets
AT
Lowest Cash Prices.
Orders left with R. S. KNOWLTON, COQUILLE CITY, will receive prompt attenton.

COOS BAY
Marble and Stone Works
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.
Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Head stones, Tablets, etc.
cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in my line of business.
MARSHFIELD - OREGON.

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company
of California.
Life, Endowment and Accident Policies
REV. JAS. L. FUTRELL Agent.

COQUILLE CITY,

The county seat of Coos county, is located on the right bank of the Coquille river, about 26 miles from its mouth and at the head of deep sea navigation.

The land where Coquille City now stands was bought from the government in 1859 by E. Cunningham, who built a small hut on the bank of the river. A few years afterward it became the property of T. B. Willard. In 1871 T. W. Vowell brought a stock of goods and built a storehouse. A postoffice was also established with T. B Willard as postmaster and T. W. Vowell as deputy. In 1872 Mr. Willard laid out the original town of Coquille City. In 1876 the remainder of the 160 acre tract north and east and adjoining the town was laid out as Elliott's addition to Coquille City, with streets 80 feet in width, except Henry street, running north and south and passing along the east side of the courthouse block, which is 98 feet wide, and with lots 50x100 feet. Several other additions have since been laid out and platted.

The greater portion of Coquille City lies on a beautiful high bench, overlooking the left side of the Coquille river with its fine bottom land extending for miles up and down the river, and from one to three miles back to the foot hills.

The original town, comprising five blocks, is the business portion of the town, here being located the postoffice, express office, telephone office, railroad depot, steamer landing, and greater number of the stores, livery stables and largest hotel; however there are two hotels, Coquille Pharmacy, the HERALD office and Dean's new livery stable not within the limits the old lines. The buildings here are principally new, this part of the town having been swept away by fire in 1892 and rebuilt since.

A fine new courthouse and schoolhouse were built during 1898, both being splendidly located and convenient to all parts of the town.

The population of the town is about 1000; there are 309 children of school age in the district. Coquille is connected with Coos bay by railroad.

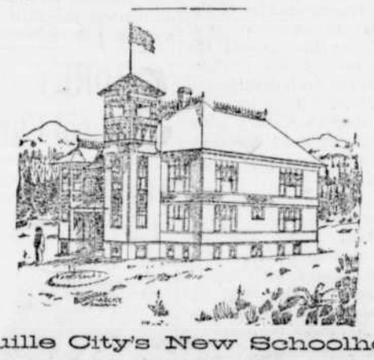
The people of Coquille City have just voted for municipal ownership of waterworks, giving a majority of 6½ to 1.

Several industries could be established here, each of which would bring a good income on the investment, for instance: A potato starch factory; a condensed milk factory; a fruit dryer; a fruit and vegetable cannery. A beet sugar factory of good size could be furnished with the best beets to be found for the purpose. These several industries would find everything at hand in quantity, quality, cheapness of fuel, transportation, etc., that our splendid dairying and lumber enterprises do.

Coquille City also needs a bank.

SIX ROOMS AND BASEMENT.

75 FT. TO TOP OF FLAG-STAFF.



SIZE 84 FT. LONG, 72 FT. WIDE, 36 FT. HIGH TO EVES.

Coquille City's New Schoolhouse.

COOS BAY

In the northern portion of the county, has an average rise of tide of 5 or 6 feet and a tidal flow through the medium of its principal tributaries of 30 miles inland; it has a tidal area of 24 square miles and a watershed of about 100 square miles.

The lighthouse and jetty improvements have been of very great value. Vessels of all sizes now come and go at any time of day or night, and have made Coos bay the best harbor in the state, and next in importance to the Columbia river.

A great many of the products from the Coquille valley are taken to Coos bay by the railroad for shipment.

MARSHFIELD

Is situate on Coos bay on the eastern side of a range of hills which prevents the northwest winds from sweeping over the town.

In 1867 there were only two cabins on the site where now stands a town of about 2000 inhabitants. About 1875 Adam Pershbaker built the first sawmill erected on the bay, and kept a few goods in one of the cabins, and this sawmill was the beginning of the now most prosperous town on Coos bay.

The sawmills and coal mines in the vicinity of the town, the latter having their bunkers in the town for the convenience of the ocean steamers, as well as the railroad with its repair-shops, are making the town quite a lively place, keeping up two good hotels and quite a number of well-stocked stores and many other business houses, including a substantial banking institution. Marshfield has a splendid new school building, express office, telephone and telegraph office, a 3d class postoffice, and is the shipping place of all ocean steamers that come into Coos bay.

But the "Pull" Must Have Some Friend to Bear the Honor.

Washington, April 24.—Captain Wild, of the United States cruiser Boston, has protested against the promotion of Col. Miller to be brigadier general as a reward for the capture of Ilo Ilo. It appears the capture had been effected and that place was turned over to Col. Miller, whoup to that time had nothing to do with the capture. His action is endorsed by Admiral Dewey.

To Be Parceled Out to Trusts.

The granting of franchises in Porto Rico had been discussed briefly by the secretary of war and the president, but it has been determined that nothing will be done until General Davis, the new governor of Porto Rico, has had an opportunity to make an investigation and report on the matter.

Capital Journal "X-Rays."

How would Alger and Quay run in 1900?....Of course Gen. Miles should be court-martialed for investigating that rotten beef.... Ever since 1896 Tom Tongue and his band of good little fido politicians have been improving Yaquina bay harbor—sufficient to keep in office.

Gen. Miles to Be Reprimanded.

Washington, April 25.—The beef court will recommend that General Miles be reprimanded because he failed to advise the secretary of war of his objections against canned roast beef, and for his discussing in newspapers matters solely in the jurisdiction of a court of inquiry. The court finds substantially that General Miles' allegations as to the unpalatability of canned roast beef are sustained, but proof as to the use of chemicals in refrigerated beef is not sufficient.

Funny People.

There are a lot of funny people up at Jefferson. In building a new schoolhouse they levy a tax to pay for the whole thing all at once, when they could just as well have issued a lot of thirty-year bonds and paid interest all their lives, and then not have had the schoolhouse paid for. There must be a lot of Pops and Silverites up there, who are ignorant as horses about the beauties of modern "feenance."—Capital Journal (Rep.)

"I fear no foe in shining armor,"
Sang a bard of former years.
But our soldier boys fear Armour,
And they've good cause for their fears.

The Old Hymns.

There's lots o' music in 'em, the hymns of long ago,
An' when some gray-haired brother sings the ones I used to know,
I sorter want to take a hand—I think o' days gone by.
"On Jordan's stormy banks I stand and cast a wishful eye."

There's lots o' music in 'em—those dear sweet hymns of old,
With visions bright of lands of light and shining streets of gold.
And I hear 'em ringing—singing, where mem'ry, dreaming, stands,
"From Greenland's icy mountains to India's coral strands."

They seem to sing forever of holier, sweeter days,
When the lilies of the love of God bloomed white in all the ways;
And I want to hear their music from the old tin e meeting rise
Till "I can read my title clear to mansions in the skies."

We never needed singin' books in them old days; we knew
The words—the tunes of every one the dear old hymn book through!
We didn't have no trumpets then—no organs built for show;
We only sang to praise the Lord "from whom all blessings flow."

An' so I love the old hymns, and when my time shall come—
Before the light has left me, and my singing lips are dumb—
If I can only hear 'em then, I'll pass without a sigh
"To Canaan's fair and happy land, where my possessions lie!"

—Atlanta Constitution.

To Pay the Cost of Our Spanish War.

We are told that the expenses of our government for 1899 (including army and navy) will be far greater than those of any other nation in the world, and the question is how are we going to pay them.

Our rich men (who have great influence with congress and the president) don't want to be taxed on their incomes, and our poorer men and women don't want to pay any larger taxes than they are now paying.

We have a plan.

Our rich girls now have to go to Europe to marry dukes, counts, etc. etc.

Now why can't we manufacture all these fellows just as well at home and keep the money here?

Suppose we make the Vanderbilts, Astors, Rockefellers, etc., who can pay a hundred millions dollars, princes—and the political bosses, like Croker, Platt, etc., who can pay $10,000,000, dukes—and some of the smaller fry who can pay $5,000,000, earls—and the smaller who can pay $1,000,000, counts.

plan into our navy and army, making (for a fair compensation) brevet admirals, commanders, etc.; and in our army brevet generals, colonels, majors, captains, and so down if you please, to corporals, whose wives would become Mrs. Corporals, and all the children little corporals.

It would do lots of people a sight of good to get these titles, and, as Henry Ward Beecher once said in a somewhat similar case, "We don't believe the Lord would care much about it."

Why not have princes and dukes and earls and counts, and so on to the end of the chapter, as well as D. D.'s and LL.D's and Ph.D's, and so pay the cost of this Spanish war, so far as it can be paid with money?

To be sure, it may be said that congress will not create these titles.

Well—we don't know.

A Democratic president and congress proposed three years ago to rush us into a war with Great Britain about the boundary of a little piece of wild land down in South America, in which case Great Britain could have captured in a fortnight or so every important seaport on our Alantic coast, and demanded and collected a thousand millions of dollars as ransom.

And now a Republican president and congress have rushed us into this war with Spain, which will probably cost us more than a thousand millions of dollars before we get through. And the British government is adding 119 new war vessels to its tremendous navy, and is about to drill its school-boys, from 13 to 18, in military tactics, and raise an army of 200,000 men in Canada to protect our brother Christians on the other side of the Canadian line.

How can we tell what our congress and president may or may not do next?

Why not have princes and dukes and earls and counts as the European nations do, whose imperialistic policy our government seems to be now trying to imitate?

GEO. T. ANGELL,
in Our Dumb Animals.

Capital Journal: The volunteers enlisted to whip Spain at land and on sea. They did that job up brown. They did not enlist for a life-long war of extermination and conquest of savage islanders, and to garrison mudhut towns in a tropical climate. It is a good thing the administration is getting to see that is work for the regular army.

In France, not only is the competition very sharp between men and women for a chance to work, but it is equally sharp between women and women. Recently there were 806 female candidates for 106 positions.

MAKING CONDENSED MILK.

Man of Experience Says a Factory Would Pay Here.

L. Chevalley, in passing through Portland on is way to British Columbia to fill a position there similar to the one he held at Buena Park factory, in California, explained how wonderfully successful the condensed milk factory there is, in spite of the greatest natural disadvantages, as for instance, heat, drought and bad water.

He says that it is surprising how Portland capitalists can overlook the opportunity that is offered them in the establishing of a condensed milk factory here, where nature has so abundantly provided for all advantages to be wished for, equable climate, green grass nearly the year round, and good water. The milk is here, and the market is here.

The Buena Park factory makes now 330 cases of condensed milk per day, using 35,000 pounds of milk per day. Three years ago they started in with 2000 pounds. They could use a great deal more milk if they could get it, as they are not able to fill the orders. In January they paid $1.50 per 100 for the milk, and now they pay 90 cents. Milk could be had a great deal cheaper here if a factory was located at the proper place—that is, in a section that is not directly tributary to Portland.

John Meyenberg is manager of the Buena Park factory, and it is owing to his skill that the factory is so prosperous. He and Mr. Chevalley were here a few years ago, and started in the same line, but for lack of capital they did not succeed. They are both in love with Oregon and hope that some one will take up this proposition for the benefit of this state.

"There is," said Mr. Chevalley, "another important fact that makes the establishment of all kinds of dairy business here still more desirable. It is this: The farmer that keeps cows gets manure. If he puts the manure on his land he sometimes doubles his crops, and so dairying is doubly paying. The time must and will come when dairying will be the standard of Oregon farming."—Oregonian.

The Case in Brief.

The Tsar (oddly enough spelt by us Czar) pays a still more prominent part in Russian proverbs than the King does elsewhere. Some of the following are not peculiar to Russia: "The crown doesn't save the Tsar from headache;" "The Tsar may be the cousin of God Almighty, but he isn't just his brother;" "The voice of the Tsar makes an echo even when there are no mountains near;" "One tear in the eye of the Tsar costs the country many handkerchiefs;" "If the Tsar takes to writing poetry, God pity the poets;" "Time accomplishes what even the Tsar can't do;" "Even the Tsar's cow can only produce calves;" "If the Tsar takes smallpox, all the country has the pock marks;" "If the Tsar gives you an egg he expects at least a hen in return for it."

Another Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

My son was afflicted with rheumatism which contracted his right limb until he was unable to walk. After using one and a half bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was able to be about again. I can heartily recommend it to persons suffering from rheumatism.—JOHN SNIDER, Freed, Calhoun Co., W. Va. For sale by R. S. Knowlton.

Capital Journal: Why can't Salem have a creamery? Away down in Coos county, there is a creamery at Arago postoffice, where no town exists, and the product must be shipped a long distance to market. Yet, last year the Arago creamery used 1,441,682 pounds of milk and 41,973 pounds of cream, from which its patrons realized $12,118.22; and 87,000 pounds of butter was shipped away.

It is now confidently expected the Oregon volunteers will be home from the Philippines in time to participate in a grand Fourth of July celebration in Portland, and that city is already raising funds to make the eagle scream as it never screamed before. The soldier boys will get a warm reception in Oregon's metropolis.

Oregonian: There is "a nigger in the fence" in this beef scandal; it may be Alger or Egan, or both, but the public has no doubt that rotten meat was fed to our troops to fill the pockets of some contractor who had a "pull" with either Secretary Alger or General Egan, or both.

A petition signed by a large number of residents of Woodburn, asking the governor to demand the return of the Oregon volunteers, has been received at the executive office. The governor refuses to take such action.

THE BEST SPRING TONIC.

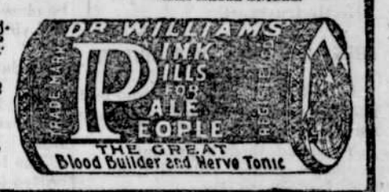
As winter passes away it leaves many people feeling weak, depressed and easily tired. This means that the blood needs attention and sensible people always take a tonic at this time of year. Purgatives are not the right medicine — they weaken instead of strengthening.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best tonic medicine in the world and do not act on the bowels. They stimulate the appetite, enrich the blood, strengthen the nerves and make people feel bright, active and strong.

No one is better able to speak of this fact than Miss Hazel Snider, a charming young woman of Arlington, Ind. To-day she has rosy cheeks, sparkling eyes and a plump form, which prove that she is in good health. A year ago Miss Snider was very thin, her cheeks pale, eyes sunken and dull. She was troubled with nervousness and general debility. She says:

"After several months' treatment from the family physician we saw he could do no good. I was discouraged and did not know what to do. One day I read an item in a paper of the wonderful curative qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I tried the medicine, and when nearly through with the second box noticed a change for the better. After I had taken eight boxes I was cured, and have had no occasion to take any kind of medicine since. I owe much to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, probably my life, and I advise any one suffering with troubles similar to mine, to take these pills." Miss HAZEL SNIDER.

Sold by all druggists or sent post paid by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y., on receipt of price, 50¢ per box; six boxes, $2.50.



BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Handsomely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.
By JACOB BIGGLE

No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK
All about Horses—a Common-Sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK
All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how; contains 43 colored life-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK
All about Poultry; the best Poultry Book in existence; tells everything; with 23 colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 103 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK
All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great sale; contains 8 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 132 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK
ery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful half-tones and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the great boiled-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head,—quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a-half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL.
Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.
WILMER ATKINSON, CHAS. F. JENKINS. Address, FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA

A $65.00 Machine For $18.50
Cash with Order and Coupon

The Improved New High-Arm Self-Threading "Arlington" Sewing Machine
NEW HOME STYLE
LATEST BEST CHEAPEST

$18.50 AND Coupon, if sent C. O. D. or on trial

Shipped to anyone, anywhere, on 10 days' free trial, in your own home, without asking us a cent in advance.

10 years' written warranty with each machine.

STYLE No. 55. "ARLINGTON."

A strictly high-grade Sewing Machine, finished throughout in the best possible manner. It possesses all modern improvements, and its mechanical construction is such that in it are combined simplicity with great strength, thus insuring ease of running, durability, and making it impossible for the machine to be put out of order. It sews fast and makes a perfect stitch with all kinds of thread and all classes of material. Always ready for use and unrivalled for speed, durability and quality of work. Notice the following points of superiority

The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw. Strong, substantial, neat and handsome in design, and beautifully ornamented in gold. Bed plate has rounded corners and is inlaid or countersunk, making it flush with top of table. Highest Arm—Space under the arm is 5½ inches high and 9 inches long. This will admit the largest skirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Threading—Absolutely no holes to put thread through except eye of needle. Shuttle is cylinder, open on end, entirely self-threading, easy to put in or take out; bobbin holds a large amount of thread. Stitch Regulator is on the bed of the machine, beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 8 to 32 stitches to the inch. Feed is double and extends on both sides of needle; never fails to take goods through; never stops at seams; movement is positive; no springs to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—For filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not run while winding bobbin. Light Running—Machine is easy to run, does not fatigue the operator, makes little noise and sews rapidly. Stitch is a double lock stitch, the same on both sides, will not ravel, and can be changed without stopping the machine. Tension is a flat spring tension, and will admit thread from 8 to 150 spool cotton without changing. Never gets out of order. The Needle is a straight, self-setting needle, flat on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is round, made of case-hardened steel, with oil cup at the bottom to prevent oil from getting on the goods. Adjustable Bearings—All bearings are case-hardened steel and easily adjusted with a screw driver. All lost motion can be taken up, and the machine will last a lifetime. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One ruffler and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four hemmers, different widths up to ⅞ of an inch, one tucker, one under braider, one short or attachment foot, and one thread cutter. Woodwork of finest quality oak or walnut, gothic cover and drawers, nickel-plated slides to drawers, dress guards to wheel, and device for replacing belt.

DON'T PAY HIGH PRICES FOR SEWING MACHINES BUY DIRECTLY OF MANUFACTURERS AND SAVE AGENT'S AND DEALER'S PROFITS

OUR GREAT OFFER. $23.50 is our Special Wholesale Price, but in order to introduce this high-grade sewing machine, we make a special coupon offer, giving every reader of this paper a chance to get a first-class machine at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of $18.50 cash and coupon, we will ship the above-described machine anywhere securely packed and crated, and guarantee safe delivery. A ten years' written warranty sent with each machine. Money refunded if not as represented after thirty days' test trial. We will ship C. O. D. for $18.50 with privilege of twenty days' trial on receipt of $5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and charges. If you prefer thirty days' trial before paying, send for our large illustrated catalogue with testimonials, explaining fully how we ship sewing machines anywhere to anyone at the lowest manufacturer's prices without asking one cent in advance. The best plan is to send all cash with order, as you then save the $1.00 discount. Remember the coupon must be sent with order.

Coupon No. 2970
CODE WORD $5.00
If sent with order for Arlington Sewing Machine No. 55

Or make your order through the Herald, without extra cost.