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MIRYLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN
of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights of each month.
A. J. SUTNOW, Consul.
George T. Monton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FOREST
Lanes of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon.
H. N. LORENZ, C. R.
Geo. O. LEACH, R. S.

ANN LITTLE POST, NO. 27, G. O. E. S.
meets every first Monday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.
B. H. PECKES, Post Com.
J. QUINN, Adjutant.

GEN. LITTLE, W. R. C. NO. 5, MEETS
at Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday after the 1st of each month.
Mrs. W. H. FOX, Post.
Mrs. Ida HARRINGTON, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. and A. M.
meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
N. LORENZ, W. M.
C. W. WHITE, Sec.

BUELHAW CHAPTER, NO. 6, G. O. E. S.
meets Friday evening on or before each full moon at 8 o'clock from April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.
Mrs. JENNIE ROSE, W. M.
Mrs. NORA A. GOOD, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F.
meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.
J. A. SHEED, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F.
meets every first and third Thursdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting patriots in good standing.
R. E. BOCK, C. P.
G. F. BORTHELL, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F.
meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall. Mrs. JUDITH COLLIER, N. G.
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Chair Factory
COQUILLE CITY.
(Opposite City Wharf.)

KEEPS ON HAND AND MAKES TO ORDER FIRST-CLASS RAWHIDE CHAIRS.
Manufactured from best hard wood.
J. B. FOX, Proprietor.

SIDNEY School Furniture Co
MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED "BEAUTY" Automatic Pupils' DESKS.

WARRANTED FOR 15 YEARS.

and all furniture necessary for the Sem. room. Every desk of this company's manufacture is warranted.

and any part that becomes broken or unfit for use during that time will be duplicated without charge.

Write for circulars and prices to MRS. NORA A. GOOD, a sent for Coquille City, Coquille City, Oregon.

OF INTEREST TO THE PEOPLE.

"Wherein Have We Robbed God?"

BY JAMES G. SLACK.

Ye have stolen my lands and my cattle;
Ye have kept back from labor its meed;
Ye have challenged the outcast to battle,
When they plead at your feet in their need;
And when the clamors of hunger grew louder,
And the multitudes prayed to be fed,
Ye have answered with prisons or powder
The cries of your brothers for bread.

I turn from your altars and arches,
And the mocking of steeples and domes,
To join in the long, weary marches
Of the ones ye have robbed of their homes.
I share in the sorrows and crosses
Of the naked, the hungry and cold,
And dearer to me are their losses
Than your gains and your idols of gold.

BUSINESS MEN'S REBUKE.

Administered to the Indianapolis "Monetary Commission."

The most important matter considered at the meeting of the Business Men's Association the other evening, says the Chester (Pa.) Republican, was the reply prepared by the legislative committee sent by the Indianapolis Monetary Commission in answer to a request for the association's opinion on the report and statement promulgated by that commission.

The legislative committee recommended that the following be sent as the association's reply: To the executive committee of the Indianapolis Monetary Commission: Gentlemen: The report of the Monetary Commission to your honorable body has been duly received, together with the request that this association officially consider it and report to your body our views.

We respectfully report that we have duly considered its provisions and hereby advise you that we cannot concur in any, and must condemn most of the proposed measures.

These recommendations are based upon a series of false statements as to the fundamental facts in the case, and erroneous inferences drawn from them, among which are the following: First, That gold is the present standard of value in this country.

We beg to inform you that this is not now, nor has it ever been the standard in this country. The "American dollar" is our standard unit of value, entirely independent of any of the materials of which it may be made, and we refer you to the law which created it and the decisions of the supreme court of the United States which have interpreted the law, for full information concerning it.

Second, The assumption based upon the foregoing error, that our money derives its value from the value of the gold from which a part is made.

This is wholly false. Our money derives its value from the only source of value in the world, which is the law of supply and demand. Our money is made the debt paying instrument by the fiat of the government, and the demand for money with which to pay debts in this country is in excess of the supply, and its value is rising and will continue to rise until the supply is increased.

For years the banks and clearing houses have been injecting credit instruments into our financial system as substitutes for money, and to a great extent counteracted the effect of the short supply of real money; but this inflation of credits has reached and long since passed the point of safety and cannot be further expanded until a larger base of ultimate money is provided.

Third, That our stock of silver dollars (some 500,000,000) is debt owed by the government to the owners of this coin, and that in some way or other, directly or indirectly, it is payable or redeemable in gold, and for this reason silver dollars are at par with gold dollars.

This is wholly false. The law is perfectly clear to the contrary, and Secretary Carlisle, in 1896, and Secretary Gage, in 1897, each in their official reports have distinctly stated that "silver dollars are standard coins of the United States and are not redeemable." We understand perfectly that this is a necessary link in a chain of errors with which it is sought to bind us to the gold standard, for if the "demand for money" and not "gold redemption" holds these dollars at par, there is not a shred of argument in the whole gold standard fabrication. We think it probable that the most of your honorable body (not having examined the record) do not know that this assumption is false, but such men as John Sherman, John G. Carlisle, Lyman J. Gage and ex-Senator Edmunds, whose name appears as

chairman of your commission, are familiar with the facts, and since they know that this statement is false, and affirm it to be true, they are here regarded as past masters in the order of Ananias.

Fourth, That our national paper currency is, at least by implication, redeemable in gold.

This is also false, and is given as the ostensible reason for the patriotic effort now being made to redeem it with, and substituting bank notes which the banks so unselfishly offer to furnish.

We are constrained to suggest, however, that the real reasons accounting those of your number who really understand this question are:

(a) That the greenbacks are a legal tender for private debts and cannot be stipulated against by gold payment clauses in private contracts; and since silver dollars may be so discriminated against, this form of money (the greenbacks) is the one thing that stands in the way of the practical establishment of the gold standard without even the form of law.

(b) That they are not redeemable in gold, but in coin at the option of the government; and

(c) That their retirement with bonds will furnish a permanent investment for the banks, and make room for bank notes to be furnished and controlled by the bankers.

Fifth, That the depression of business in recent years is due to a lack of confidence in the value of our money and in the credit of the government.

There is not a scintilla of truth in this assumption. The credit of the government was never better, and in the darkest hour of our recent depression, government bonds payable in coin, not gold, sold at an enormous premium.

The loss of confidence is in the value of debt-paying power of property due to the appreciation of money. A sensible man will not use money to create or improve property under prevailing conditions, and all prudent owners of money seek to loan it on gilt-edged security, rather than to spend it in improvements, so that a plethora of money to lend congests in the money centers. Enterprising men cannot longer afford to borrow money for productive enterprises, so that while lenders increase, borrowing decreases, and interest rates must fall.

The reform we need is an increase in the supply of money so that prices may rise, or at least cease to fall, and in view of the army of idle men in the country, it will be far more sensible to employ this labor in manufacturing this money from silver, the original commodity of its creation, than to issue a lot of wildcat bank note substitutes, which employ no one in their creation and are not money in themselves, but are a credit burden on the money we already have, and can give no safe relief. Respectfully yours, CHESTER BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Our Money Standard.

ED. HERALD: Manifest are the arguments advanced by financiers in support of the various views regarding our monetary system. Finance stands as does all our commercial transactions subject to the machinations of trusts and combines and is manipulated by them for the sole purpose of personal gain.

Much of the theorizing respecting our money standard is couched in terms intended to mislead, while at the same time it purports to be the most plausible manner to exhibit conditions the most conducive to the welfare and existence of the government. The people have been weeded into the belief that what is best for them. In the exchange of commodities in commercial transactions what is one person's gain is at the expense of another. Like-bibant gains to specially favored classes are losses to the country at

large. It follows that a government should choose that system for the measurement of value best adapted to all classes and to all circumstances. A paper currency is but the promise of a nation to pay a specified amount, thus making the government a debtor and opening the doors to bankruptcy. The only safe conclusion is that a government should choose as a monetary standard some system adapted to all conditions and stable enough to outlast in extreme cases the government itself. Were the standard of suitable and equivalent intrinsic value and supplemented with a paper currency to be called into use in cases of extremity the people would not be without a suitable medium of exchange even in times of national peril and disaster.

What can better represent value than gold and silver? Both are admirably adapted for the purpose. No evil has nor can result from their use as money. Both have been recognized as such throughout the civilized world until recently when the one was legislated against that the other might be more easily brought under the control of a veritable combine. The United States leads the world in the production of these metals and is therefore able to establish and control the value thereof regardless of the concurrence of foreign nations.

International agreement is a farce to the intelligent mind—a delusion intended to mislead. Were gold demonetized and silver monetized, present conditions would be reversed and the discrimination would be as decidedly against gold as it now is against silver. Silver is as well adapted for money as gold. The country is in need of both. Both are being demanded and were the voice of the people respected our financial affairs would be speedily directed into legitimate and natural channels.

ALLEGED DISCOVERY OF A PLOT.

General Lee Says the Maine Was Deliberately Blown Up.

New York, Feb. 28.—Havana dispatches to the Journal insist that the Maine was blown up for \$10,000 paid to four men. Three Spanish merchants in Havana are said to be implicated. One dispatch says: "They obtained the torpedo from some one connected with the Spanish government. One of the men employed was a well-known diver. The spot selected to place the battery, connected by wire with the torpedo, was over the bank called Bajo de Santa Catalina, close to the Maine."

This crew will probably lead to the detection of the perpetrators of the outrage.

PREDICTS WAR.

Madrid, Feb. 28.—Imparcial publishes an interview with Sagasta, in which he says:

"No; the Spanish government would not dream of submitting to arbitration the indisputable right of our sovereignty, or of admitting foreign intrusion in the international affairs of Spain."

"The government will reject every attempt to cast the lightest shade upon the indisputable sovereignty of Spain, or diminish its free action in any territory over which the Spanish flag floats."

Correspondencia Militar declares that the consensus of opinion is that war between Spain and the United States will break out in April.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—A special dispatch from Washington says: Consul-General Lee has made a formal report to the president that in his opinion the Maine was deliberately destroyed.

Every effort has been made to keep this information from becoming public. Even where privately circulated, the friends of the administration are trying to minimize the importance of the report by saying that it is only an expression of opinion by the consul general, unaccompanied by evidence. The fact that Consul-General Lee has never made a mistake in Cuba, however, adds much to the importance of his report and has increased the general concern among public men.

That *Leanne Bessie* can be cured with Dr. Miles' NERVE FLASTER. Only 2c.

LOWER COURT SUSTAINED.

Utah Eight-Hour Law Case Decided in the Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 28.—In the supreme court today an opinion was handed down in the case of E. E. Holden vs. the Sheriff of Salt Lake county, Utah, involving the constitutionality of the territorial law fixing a day's work in smelters and mines in the territory at eight hours. Holden was arrested for violating the law and sentenced to imprisonment. He brought the case to the supreme court in an effort to secure a writ of error on the ground that the law was unconstitutional. The court held that the law was an exercise of the state's police powers. The decision of the supreme court of Utah was affirmed.

The duke of Marlborough is ambitious in politics, and his wife, Consuelo, the duchess, is so taken with amateur theatricals that she has been nicknamed "the demon reciter." Should they run short of money, there would be a high harvest for them in this country, with the duke on the stump and the duchess on the stage.

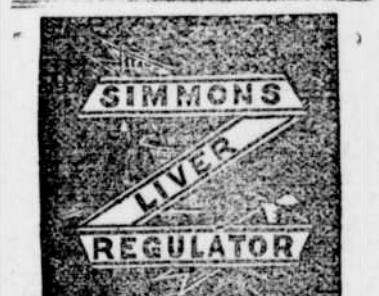
At the penitentiary in Walla Walla there are 250 men working in the jail mill nine hours a day, making 7000 bags daily. In a few weeks they will be required to work 10 hours, and the output will be increased to 8000 daily. There are now one-quarter of a million sacks on hand.

The number of lives lost in the blowing up and burning of the steamer Clara Nevada, on the Alaskan route, is now said to have been 32. Inspectors are severely censured for giving the vessel papers, considering her unseaworthy condition.

Canadian Pacific Company has made a cut rate from San Francisco, via Victoria. Passengers are now being transported from San Francisco to New York, first class \$40, second class \$30—and a prospect of a still further cut.

A man stands no chance of being elected to the mayorship of a city unless he enjoys the confidence and esteem of his neighbors. Geo. W. Humphrey is the popular mayor of Swanton, Ohio, and under date of Jan. 17, 1898, he writes as follows: "This is to certify to our appreciation of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My family and neighbors have tested it, and we know it is an excellent remedy for coughs and colds."—GEO. W. HUMPHREY. Sold by R. S. Knowlton.

Well—Mr. Sillicus is only an apology for a man. Belle—Well, wouldn't you accept an apology if it was offered?



GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood more than this SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the Liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.

EVERY PACKAGE Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Phila., Pa.

To the Unfortunate

Dr. Gibbon
This old reliable and most successful specialist in San Francisco, will continue to cure all Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis, in all its forms, Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness and Loss of Manhood, the consequence of self-abuse and excesses producing the following symptoms: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the limbs and back, loss of memory, pimples on the face, coughs, consumption, etc.

DR. GIBBON has practiced in San Francisco over 30 years and a those troubled should not fail to consult him and receive the benefit of his great skill and experience. The doctor cures when others fail. Try him. CURES GUARANTEED. Persons cured at home. Charges reasonable. Call or write. DR. J. F. GIBBON, 625 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.

A School Girl's Nerves

From the "New Era," Greensburg, Ind.

Mothers who have young daughters of school age should watch their health more carefully than their studies. The proper development of their body is of the first importance. After the confinement of the school room, plenty of out-of-door exercise should be taken. It is better that their children never learn their a, b, c's, than that by learning them they lose their health.

But all this is self-evident. Everyone admits it—everyone knows it, but everyone does not know how to build them up when once they are broken down. The following method of one mother, if rightly applied, may save your daughter:

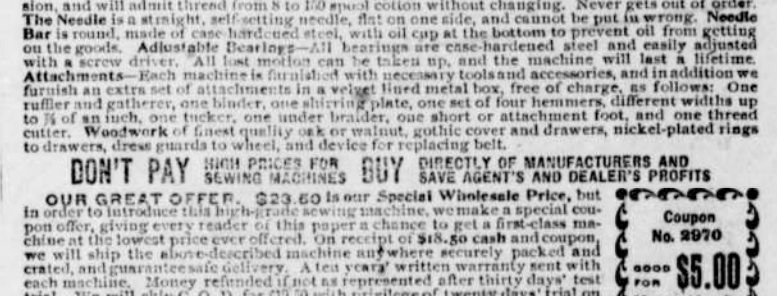
The young lady was Miss Lucy Barnes, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Barnes, who lives near Burney, Ind. She is a bright young lady, fond of books, although her progress in this line has been considerably retarded by the considerable amount of sickness she has experienced. She has missed several years of school on account of her bad health, but now she will be able to pursue her studies, since her health has been restored.

Her father was talking of her case to a newspaper man one day recently. "My daughter has had a very serious time of it," said Mr. Barnes, "but now we are all happy to know that she is getting along all right and is stronger than ever." Asked to relate the story of his daughter, Mr. Barnes continued: "About three years ago, when she was twelve years old, she began to grow weak and nervous. It was, of course, quite a young girl for her. She gradually grew weaker and her nerves were at such a tension that the least little noise would irritate her very much, and she was very miserable. There was a continual twitching in the arms and lower limbs, and we were afraid that she was going to develop St. Vitus' dance."

"She kept getting worse and finally we had to take her from her school and her studies. She was strong and healthy before, weighing eighty-five pounds, and in three months she had dwindled to sixty-three pounds. She was thin and pale, and was almost listless. We did everything we could for her, and tried all the doctors who thought could do her any good, but without result."

"There was an old family friend near Milford who had a daughter afflicted in the same way, and she was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This came here one day to spend Sunday, and they told us about their daughter's case. It was very much like Lucy's, and they advised us to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for her. We had no faith in them, but were finally persuaded to try the pills. We have never been so happy since. They helped her at once, and by the time she had taken eight boxes of the medicine she was entirely cured. She took the last dose in April, and has not been bothered since. She is now stronger than ever, weighs ten pounds more than she did before, and her cheeks are full of color. She can now gratify her ambition to study and become an educated woman."

These who are in a position to know, state that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is not a patent medicine but a prescription of natural food materials, such as iron, arsenic, and other elements, which are essential to the health of the human system. It is a water-cure of the blood, and produces the most wonderful results in all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of all bearing down pale, and in the case of women, it will give speedily relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from general weakness, or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely harmless and give relief to females, such as suppression, the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. They are never sold in bulk or by the 100, by addressing the doctors who have cured many cases, or the Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Company, Salem, N. Y.



A strictly high-grade Sewing Machine, finished and ready to run. It possesses all modern improvements, and its construction is such that it is combined simplicity with great strength, thus insuring ease of running, durability, and making it especially desirable for the home use. It is put out of order, it runs fast with all kinds of thread and all classes of material. Always ready for use and unrivaled for speed, durability and quality of work. Notice the following points of superiority:

The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw. Strong, substantial, neat and handsome in design, and beautifully ornamented in gold. Red plates and covers and is inlaid or counterpaneled with a fine, light-colored wood. Highest Arm—Space under the arm is 2 1/2 inches high and 8 inches long. This will admit the largest size of bobbin. Light Turning—Machine is easy to run, does not require the operator to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—Filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not rattle while running. Light Turning—Machine is easy to run, does not require the operator to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—Filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not rattle while running.

OUR GREAT OFFER: \$23.00 is our Special Wholesale Price, but in order to introduce this high-grade sewing machine, we make a special concession. Give your reader this paper a chance to get a first-class machine at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of \$18.50 cash and coupon, we will ship the above-described machine and where securely packed and crated, and guaranteed to satisfy. A few weeks' written warranty sent with each machine. Money refunded if not as represented after thirty days' trial. We will ship C. O. D. for \$25.00 with privilege of twenty days' trial on receipt of trial before paying, send for our large illustrated catalogue with testimonials, explaining fully how we ship sewing machines anywhere to any one at the lowest manufacturer's price without asking one cent in advance. The best plan is to send all cash with order, as you then save the \$1.00 discount. Enclose the coupon with your order.

Make your order direct through the HERALD, as agents, without extra charge.

Capital Journal "X-Rays," JOHN KAINO MARTIN RUSS THE MARSHFIELD Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers, NORTH FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD.

ALL KINDS of blacksmith work and wagon work, new or repair work, done on short notice. WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK To give satisfaction. Come and see us. nov19/98 J. KAINO & RUSSELL.

PETER LOGGIE, BANDON, OR. KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL LINE OF Burial Caskets AT Lowest Cash Prices.

Orders left with R. S. Knowlton, Coquille City, will receive prompt attention.

Washington, Feb. 28.—A vote on sending Corbett as senator from Oregon was taken on the amendment declaring him entitled to a seat. It was defeated by a vote of 50 to 19.