

Coquille City Herald.

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NO. 24

DR. J. BURT MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

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Special attention to matters before the Roseburg land office, the commissioner of the general land office and secretary of interior at Washington.

MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN
of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights of each month.
Geo. T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FOREST
of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon.
H. N. LORREN, C. R.

EN. LYTTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R.
meets every first Wednesday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.
H. H. NICOLAS, Post Com.
W. H. NOSLER, Adjutant.

EN. LYTTLE, W. R. C. NO. 9, MEETS
in Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday afternoons in each month.
Mrs. Viola ELLIOTT, Pres.
Mrs. Ida HARRISON, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. & C. M.
meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. P. GOOLMAN, W. M.
C. W. WHITE, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S.
meets Friday evening on or before each full moon at 7 o'clock from April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30; and each fifteen days thereafter at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.
Mrs. Alice TUTTLE, W. M.
Mrs. Nora GOOD, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 83, I. O. O. F.
meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.
C. A. HARRISON, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F.
meets every first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting brethren in good standing.
R. E. BUCK, C. P.
G. F. BOTTLE, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F.
meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall.
Miss R. T. COLLIER, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

Chair Factory
COQUILLE CITY.
(Opposite City Wharf.)

KEEPS ON HAND AND MAKES TO ORDER FIRST-CLASS
RAWHIDE CHAIRS.
Manufactured from best hard wood.
J. B. FOX, Proprietor.

SIDNEY
School Furniture Co
MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED
"BEAUTY" Automatic Pupils'
DESKS,
WARRANTED FOR 15 YEARS.

and all furniture necessary for the school-room. Every desk of this company's manufacture is warranted.

and any part that becomes broken or unfit for use during that time will be duplicated without charge.

Write for circulars and prices to
MRS. NORA A. GOOD,
Agent for Coos county,
Coquille City, Oregon.

OF INTEREST TO THE PEOPLE.

When McKinley Is President.

BY SAM WALTER FOSS.

All nature is sick from her heels to her hair. When a fellow is out of a job, she is all out of kilter and out of repair. When a fellow is out of a job, she is all out of kilter and out of repair.

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silver nor gold, and that because of this security of metallic money it was with difficulty that the trade could be carried on; but that the introduction of paper currency had given new life to business, and had promoted greatly the settlement and development of the country.

In 1753 began a struggle between the assembly—the representatives of the people—and the governor. The general need of a larger circulation was keenly felt and the assembly framed several acts for the further issue of bills of credit—being unimpaired, by the instruction of the British Lords of Trade, not to pass any bills without a clause suspending the operation until the pleasure of his majesty should be known, either refused to allow them to become laws or else returned them with amendments, which the assembly considered as an infringement on their liberties and refused to accept.

Dr. Franklin, replying to the British Lords of Trade, said: "However fit a particular thing may be for a particular purpose, whenever that thing is not to be had in sufficient quantities, it becomes necessary to use something else—the fittest that can be gotten in lieu of it."

The attention of parliament being called to the matter of paper money in the American colonies, passed an act in 1764 prohibiting any bills of credit of the colonies being made a legal tender.

In 1764, while in England, Dr. Franklin, in defense of paper money, said: "On the whole no method has hitherto been framed to establish a medium of trade, equal in all its advantages to bills of credit founded on sufficient taxes for discharging them, and made a general legal tender."

At a later period, Dr. Franklin, speaking of the paper money issued by the colony of Pennsylvania, said: "Between the years 1740 and 1775, while abundance reigned in Pennsylvania, and there was peace in all her borders, a more happy and prosperous population could not be found. In every home there was comfort. The people generally were highly moral, and knowledge was extensively diffused."

"I will venture to say," said Governor Pennell, "that there was never a wiser nor better measure, never one better calculated to serve the interests of an increasing country; and there was never a measure more steadily pursued or steadily executed for forty years together, than the loan office in Pennsylvania, founded and administered by the assembly of that province."

"The early notes of the colony," says Phillips' American Currency, "seem to have kept their credit well and had not the revolution intervened they would all have been redeemed at par, as ample funds were always provided by taxation or excise duty, in the same act that issued the bills, for their gradual but total extinction."

David Hume, the historian, says in substance: "In Pennsylvania the land itself is coined. A planter, immediately on the purchase of land, can go to a public loan office and receive notes to the amount of half the value of his land, which notes he employs in all his payments; and they circulate through the colony by convention. No more than a certain sum is issued to any one planter; and each must pay back into the public treasury, every year, one-tenth of his notes. When they are all paid back he can repeat the operation."

Could there be higher authority for the belief that the increase of the volume of currency in proportion to the increase of business is beneficial to producers, and that any kind of money, in reasonable volume, will not depreciate so long as it is receivable for taxes? Both Franklin and Jefferson were not only metallurgists but they cite actual experience in Pennsylvania and Virginia to prove that the treasury note, bottomed on taxes, is the best circulating medium.

Appeal to Reason: That the rich hold the law in contempt is shown daily by their own press. Congress passed a law giving the railroads three years in which to kill all the brakemen they pleased, after which they should all have the safety couplers. The time has elapsed, the railroads refuse to comply with the law. Are they sentenced to prison for violating a law that causes several deaths a day? Not a bit of it, honey. If a poor devil had violated the law by grinding up a pint of his corn and run it through a still, or had made a cigar

out of his own tobacco, he would have been sentenced with a severe reprimand on the awfulness of his lawlessness. And you know it. The laws are for the holding of the poor while the rich go through their pockets. There is no crime that men greedily for money will not commit to satisfy their depravity. But so long as the laws are executed by men who hold their office by favor of corporate influence and who have bonds, stocks and mortgages in their family, so long will the execution be a farce.

The Initiative and Referendum.

John L. Peak, ex-minister to Switzerland, has been telling that association of neocompots called the Commercial Club of Kansas City some strange (?) things about civil government in Switzerland. It was an eye-opener to those profit mongers that all people were wise enough to take an interest in public affairs aside from the American affairs of how they could skin the great, big blubbery public. The press gives the following synopsis of his address:

"The study of government has reached its greatest perfection in Switzerland. Switzerland has an area of less than one quarter that of Missouri, and has within its borders but 3,000,000 people; but its intelligence, progress and statesmanship is by no means in proportion to its size. Switzerland has been called the playground of the world."

"However, it would be a mistake to imagine that Switzerland's chief interest lies in her scenery, for she stands among the foremost nations of the earth in arts, science and progress. She is interesting because of the great men she has given to the world; intellectual giants who have marched, resplendent, down the highways of fame. She has sometimes been called the mother of republics."

"The Swiss people have a compulsory school system, and all children are required to attend school between the ages of 7 and 14! They have also an income tax. All incomes not exceeding 500 francs per year are free from taxation, but all above that sum are subject to taxation in proportion to their amount."

"The government not only owns the postal system, but also all telegraph and telephone systems, and the cost to the user is less than one-fifth that in the United States. The laws of the country are absolutely in accordance with the will of the people."

It would pay you to write him at Kansas City for a copy of his address.

Our Spanish President.

The government of Spain having lost control of Cuba, and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens, or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.—Republican platform on which William McKinley was elected to the presidency.

The platform adopted by the Republican national convention has received my careful consideration and has my unqualified approval.—William McKinley's speech of acceptance, June 29, 1896.

It is honestly due to Spain and to our friendly relations with Spain that she should be given a reasonable chance to realize her expectations and to prove the efficacy of the new order of things to which she stands irrevocably committed.—William McKinley's message to congress, December 6, 1897.

Appeal to Reason: A convention of bankers was held at Atlanta, Ga., this week. It was called to send a lobby to Washington to "demand" such legislation as the banks wanted. When labor wants a law it "petitions" for it and don't get it; when bankers want a law they demand it. See the difference, you greenies? But there was one demand that would sound real funny to an intelligent people (but slack! we have them not) and that is that "the government (people) should cease to legislate in its own interest!" Think of the gall! They demand for the people to legislate against their own interests! Yet every law relating to banks and currency on the statute books has been of just that character—against the people. But even when the bankers make their demands in such plain words the people have not enough sense to see the point. No wonder such things go from bad to worse, and that poverty, crime and suicide stalk the land.

WANTED.—TRUSTWORTHY AND responsible established house in state of Oregon. Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Position steady. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. Y. Chicago.

An Unlawful Holding.

What right has a city council to grant the exclusive franchise to any corporation to operate water works, cable lines, electric lights, etc., for a long term of years? It is too commonly the case that councils and legislative bodies override their power for the sake of boodle-money. This might easily be remedied if the people had sense enough to rise up and object to such unlawful proceedings.

The citizens should at any time be ready to buy and control any plant to a public character by a fair arbitration and appraisal so as to buy and operate such public utilities. It is an unlawful holding for private companies to own and control their power for the sake of boodle-money. This might easily be remedied if the people had sense enough to rise up and object to such unlawful proceedings.

The Size of It.

During the past week the wages of 30,000 workers in woolen and iron have been voluntarily advanced by their employers. This result is traceable to a Republican tariff which shut out foreign shoddy and protection the American manufacturer. It will be pretty hard to find a Democratic vote among the men affected by this advance.—Eugene Register (Rep.)

The editorial paragraph published the same week in which the press dispatches announce the reduction of the wages of the 23,000 employees of the Fall River, Mass., mills and the cut of from 15 to 25 per cent in the wages of New England shoemakers, and several consequent strikes, is, indeed, refreshing. It illustrates the guileless innocence of the average Republican editor who publishes, without investigating the editorial matter sent out by the "prosperity" branch of Hanna's literary bureau.—Roseburg Review.

The progressive ladies of Westfield, Ind., issued a "Woman's Edition" of the Westfield News, bearing date of April 3, 1895. The paper is filled with matter of interest to women, and we notice the following from a correspondent, which the editors printed, realizing that it treats upon a matter of vital importance to their sex: "The best remedy for croup, colds and bronchitis that I have been able to find is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For family use it has no equal. I gladly recommend it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by R. S. Knowlton.

By Mental Process.—Wayworn Watson—Wot did the doctor tell you to do for your cold? Perry Pathe—He says I orto take a right good sweat. I guess I'll set down an' think about work.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

The Hog Family.

The self-made man was speaking. He said: "My father was a raiser of hogs. There was a large family of us"—and then his voice was drowned by the applause.—Commonwealth.

GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the Liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.



EVERY PACKAGE

Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Phila., Pa.

Had to Jump.

THE FATE OF A PROMINENT MARINE GROCERYMAN.

P. H. Monahan, one of Detroit's Oldest and Best Known Merchants Meets with a Serious Experience.

Prominent among the business men of Detroit, Mich., is Patrick H. Monahan, who resides at 190 Baker Street. He has been actively engaged in the grocery business for the past forty-seven years, of which forty-two years have been in Detroit. Coming here nearly half a century ago he started into business at the corner of Second and Jefferson Avenues, and for years catered to the marine trade. From Duluth to Buffalo his name as an honorable, honest boat supply man was well known to all boatmen. No matter what time of day or night, the Monahan Marine Grocery was kept open for the convenience of the lake boats. He is the best known and oldest retail grocery dealer in Detroit. He has been successful in business by his square dealings, and is yet to be found behind the counter any day at his large store, corner of Twelfth and Baker Streets. To a reporter, he recently said: "When we first opened the Jefferson Avenue store we had to work day and night. The reason vesselmen patronized us, was because we filled their orders at once. Every hour counts with them and we had a double set of clerks that worked day and night. I have been handling all my life. No man can succeed in business without hustling. Some people hustle too much, and I was one of them. "About four years ago I had to give up an account of my back giving out. It had bothered me for years. For a week I sat around the house and thought of going to bed. The family physician said that I had worn myself out by hard work. I did not do

A \$65.00 Machine For \$18.50 Cash with Order and Coupon



The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent socket hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw. Strong, substantial frame in design, and beautiful in appearance. Bed-plate has rounded corners and is inlaid or counterlaid, making it flush with top of table. Highest Arm—Spreads over 22 inches high and 8 inches long. This will admit the largest skirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Threading—Absolutely no holes to put thread through except eye of needle. Shuttle is cylinder, open on end, entirely self-threading, easy to put in or take out, holding bobbin in place amount of thread. Setts Register is on the bed of the machine, beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 3 to 22. Feed dogs extend to the front of the machine, and never fail to take goods through, never stops at seams; movement is positive; no springs to break and get out of order; can be raised and lowered at will. Automatic Bobbin Winder—Filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly without holding the thread. Needle is a straight, self-cutting needle, set on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is round, made of case-hardened steel, with clip at the bottom to prevent oil from getting on the goods. Adjustable Presser—All bearings are case-hardened steel and easily adjusted with a screw driver. All lost motion can be taken up, and the machine will last a lifetime. Attachments—Each machine is furnished with necessary tools and accessories, and in addition we furnish an extra set of attachments in a velvet lined metal box, free of charge, as follows: One ruler and gatherer, one binder, one shirring plate, one set of four lemmings, different widths up to 1 1/2 inches, one set of four lemmings, one short or attachment foot, and one wide side cutter. Woodwork of finest quality oak or walnut, polished cover and drawers, nickel-plated rings to drawers, dress guards and feet, and device for replacing belt.

COUPON No. 2070 \$5.00 If used with order for Arlington Sewing Machine No. 55

Or make your order direct through the HERALD, as agent, without extra charge.

To the Unfortunate JOHN KAINO MARTIN RUSSEL THE MARSHFIELD

Dr. Gibbon This old reliable and most successful specialist in San Francisco, still continues to cure all Strains and more than this: Neuralgic Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, in all its forms, Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness and Loss of Manhood, the consequence of self-abuse and excesses producing the following symptoms: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the limbs and back, loss of memory, pimples on the face, coughs, consumption, etc.

DR. GIBBON has practiced in San Francisco over 30 years and those troubled should not fail to consult him and receive the benefit of his great skill and experience. The doctor cures when others fail. Try him. CURES GUARANTEED. Persons cured at home. Charges reasonable. Call or write to DR. J. F. GIBBON, 625 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal.

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Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers, NORTH FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD.

All kinds of blacksmith work and wagon work, new or repair work, done on short notice. WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK To give satisfaction. Come and see us. nov19/98 J. KAINO & RUSSEL.

PETER LOGGIE, BANDON, OR. KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL LINE OF Burial Caskets AT Lowest Cash Prices. Orders left with R. S. Knowlton, Coquille City, will receive prompt attention.