

DR. J. BURT MOORE, SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

WILL promptly respond to all calls, day or night.

EUGENE PANNENBERG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Notary Public, COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

Office in Herald Building, Coquille City, Or.

D. F. DEAN, Notary Public, Herald Office, Coquille City, Oregon.

THE COMMERCIAL - The most modern arranged BARBER SHOP in Coquille City.

M. M. McDonald, Proprietor, Hot and Cold Baths at all hours. Popular prices. Headquarters for Commercial Men. Next door Johnson Bros. market.

C. L. MOON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

Real Estate and Collections a Specialty.

John F. Hall, Attorney at Law, MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

Dealer in REAL ESTATE of all kinds.

C. A. Sehlbrede, Attorney at Law, Roseburg, Oregon.

Special attention to matters before the Roseburg land office, the commissioner of the general land office and secretary of interior at Washington.

MARYLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN of the World, meets on Saturday evening 1st and 3rd Monday nights of each month.

A. J. SHERWOOD, Consul, George T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTERS of America, meets every second and fourth Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon.

H. N. LOHMEYER, C. R. Geo. C. LEACH, R. S.

GEN. LYTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R., meets every first Wednesday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.

H. H. NICHOLS, Post Com. W. H. NORTON, Adjutant.

GEN. LYTLE, W. R. C. NO. 2, MEETINGS in Coquille City on Saturday evening 1st and 3rd Monday nights of each month.

Mrs. Viola Elliott, Pres. Mrs. Ida Harrington, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. & M. E., meets every Wednesday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.

J. P. GOOLMAN, W. M. C. W. WHITE, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S., meets Friday evening on or before each full moon at 8 o'clock from April 1st to October 31st, and thereafter at 7:30 and each fifteen days thereafter at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. Alice Tuttle, W. M. Mrs. Nora Good, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 38, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.

C. A. HARRINGTON, N. G. J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F., meets every first and third Wednesday in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting patriots in good standing.

H. E. BOCK, C. P. G. F. BOUTELLE, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 29, I. O. O. F., meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesday in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Mrs. Rex Collier, N. G. T. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

Chair Factory, COQUILLE CITY, (Opposite City Wharf.)

KEEPS ON HAND AND MAKES TO ORDER first-class RAWHIDE CHAIRS. Manufactured from best hard wood. J. B. FOX, Proprietor.

SIDNEY School Furniture Co, MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED "HEAVY" Automatic Pulpit DESKS, WARRANTED FOR 15 YEARS.

and all furniture necessary for the school-room. Every desk of this company's manufacture is warranted.

and any part that becomes broken or unfit for use during that time will be duplicated without charge.

Write for circulars and prices to MRS. NORA GOOD, A rent for Coos county, Coquille City, Oregon.

OF INTEREST TO THE PEOPLE.

It is Time. BY J. A. EDGERTON.

In his age, when gold is king, Seated on a brazen throne, When 'tis thought the proper thing To rule men by what they own...

We have seen the idler feast While the toiler lacked for bread; We have seen the king and priest Rob the living and the dead...

Many of the brightest, best Of the earth were counted poor; Some possessed not wares to rest; Others toiled and hardship bore...

BIG DAMAGES FOR BLACKLISTED MEN.

Ketcham Was Kept Out of Work Three Years by Railroads—One Must Pay Him \$21,666.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Fred R. Ketcham, a blacklisted freight train conductor, a friend of Eugene V. Debs, and a former member of the American Railway Union, was today awarded a verdict for \$21,666.33 damages against the Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

When the American Railway Union men were called out to support the Pullman strike in July, 1894, Ketcham gave up his freight train. Traffic on the Northwestern was tied up for a week.

All the strikers were dismissed, and when they applied to other roads they found their names on a blacklist. After struggling two years to obtain steady employment, Ketcham entered suit against the railway company for \$25,000 damages.

The main question before the jury was whether the corporation had entered into a conspiracy with other and similar corporations to prevent Ketcham from earning a living. The chief witness for Ketcham was Andrew Stader, an employee of the railway company.

The case was tried once before and the jury disagreed. The present case, although it will be appealed, is a decisive one, and final outcome will be watched by the railroad employes and corporations.

The decision of the jury established an important precedent, as it gives to laboring men the right to declare themselves in times of strikes and other labor differences. Probably one of the twenty-seven railroads entering Chicago, there is only one which will not be directly affected by the decision in Ketcham's case.

All during the trial at least one former director of the A. K. U. was among the interested listeners of the proceedings. Ketcham testified he found em-

ployment with other roads, only to be in a short time discharged. No reason was given. Not long ago Ketcham obtained employment with the Michigan Central Elevator Company, at Kensington, and moved his family to that suburb. He worked a short time there and was discharged.

The "Third Term" Policy.

MARSHFIELD, Nov. 29, 1897. ED. HERALD: Since Star-Key has unlocked the box of discussion on the second term proposition and launched forth a "labyrinth" of reason(?) why an officer should not be chosen for a second or third term, we will give a few reasons why, if an efficient, conscientious, affable and faithful servant of the people, he should be retained in the position.

While there is no doubt about there being other good men for all official positions, a trial is the only method by which we can have proof of a man's adaptability to a certain office, hence we have so many chances of making a mistake by trading one we have tried and found fully qualified for one we have not tried.

The various offices were created as a necessity, in order that the business of the county might be properly attended to and the best interests of the people advanced, and not merely to keep certain individuals from the poorhouse, or that a certain one might have a fat salary, is quite evident, hence it is a business proposition, the county being in the same position as the merchant, always anxious to obtain the best services possible for the compensation allowed.

What would we say of the financial ability of the merchant who would at the end of every two years discharge all his clerks, although they were familiar with every feature of his business, thoroughly competent and satisfactory in every respect, and employ new ones, simply to give some one else a chance? We would exclaim, that man is crazy; he should have a guardian.

It is just as short-sighted a policy for a county to discharge a competent and worthy official, whom the county has paid to educate, for a greener, as it is for the merchant to do so. There used to be a plausible argument in favor of a single term, from the fact that the one in office had a chance to "stock" the convention and get re-nominated, notwithstanding a great majority of his own party might not want him, but now, with the People's party it is quite different, the "preferential" mode of nominating preventing any "stocking" conventions, the people making their own selections by ballot at the primaries.

It is not an easy matter to find a man just suited for county clerk, for sheriff or for county judge. The man who would make an excellent clerk would be liable to be no account for sheriff, and vice versa. A clerk needs to be expeditious with a pen, but needs no uncommon amount of bravery, while the sheriff does not require such clerical ability, but does require courage and cool-headedness, that he may not, through undue fear of bodily harm, unnecessarily harm some one else, as is so often the case with sheriffs. The judge does not require great courage, only "the courage of his convictions," while he does require executive and judicial ability. There are always some out there that want in, and realizing that two bodies can't occupy the same space at the same time, are ever looking for some leverage by which they can hoist the other fellow.

YAN-KEY. Don't be persuaded into buying liniments without reputation or merit—Chamberlin's Pain Balm costs no more, and its merits have been proven by a test of many years. Such letters as the following, from L. G. Bagley, Hueneme, Cal., are constantly being received: "The best remedy for pain I have ever used is Chamberlin's Pain Balm, and I say so after having used it in my family for several years." It cures rheumatism, lame back, sprains and swellings. For sale by R. S. Knowlton.

THE MASSACRE OF INNOCENTS. Frightful Mortality Among the Cuban Concentrados—Fully 400,000 Are Dead. New York, Nov. 29.—A dispatch to the World from Havana says: "The World's first figures of Cuba's starvation were tidily moderate. They showed the death of only 200,000 persons; but every painful fact unearthed tends to prove them nearly double that number. When the grim returns are all in it is now almost certain that this Cuban massacre of the innocents will reach 400,000. And this awful number does not include those killed in battle or the thousands and thousands of women and children who died of exposure, disease and massacre in the swamps."

It now seems certain that more than half a million people, for the most part loyal subjects of Spain have been killed by the Spanish war in Cuba. A week's trip through the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara has tended to make moderate this tremendous extreme figure. The figures of Spanish official reports show but a part of the mortality. They only give the number buried in consecrated ground, and

they do not give that fully. And yet these official ultra-Spanish reports of burial permits issued admit that in the province of Santa Clara there have died and been buried since Weyler's first, 61,847 persons. The number of people for whose existence Weyler is directly responsible is 155,132 in Santa Clara province. And of these he has killed 86,216, or over one-half of them. Santa Clara has so far been by far the least destitute of the provinces. It has many cattle and not a very thick population. Between it and the 53 per cent admitted dead in Pinar del Rio are the provinces of Matanzas and Havana, with a 60 and 70 per cent mortality respectively. These percentages are established by the actual figures of some 30 towns. Applied to the denser population of their respective provinces, the total deaths since Weyler's "bando" will foot up nearly a million.

WANTED.—TRUSTWORTHY AND active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible established houses in state of Oregon. Monthly \$55.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. Y, Chicago.

Competitive Prizes Offered to Public School Children. PORTLAND, Oregon, Nov. 18, 1897. ED. HERALD: The Oregon Society of Sons of the American Revolution is an organization composed of descendants of ancestors who assisted in establishing American independence. Any male descendant of such ancestor is eligible to admission into the society. Its objects are purely patriotic and historical. One of them is to stimulate interest in the history of the American Revolution and loyalty to its principles. For this purpose the society offers three prizes of \$25, \$15 and \$10 respectively, for the best essay written by any student under 21 years of age, in any public school in Oregon, on any one of the following four subjects:

1. The Continental Congress—the influences which caused it to assemble; its character and rank as a deliberative body; what it accomplished. 2. The causes which led to armed resistance in Massachusetts, including the contest of Lexington and Concord. 3. The Trenton-Princeton campaign. 4. The surrender of Cornwallis and the causes leading up to it.

Essays are limited in length to twenty-five hundred words; must be written on legal cap on one side of the paper in the student's own handwriting and must be accompanied by the certificate of the principal school attended by the author, to the effect that the author is a bona fide student in the school and has been in attendance therein not less than six weeks during the school year of 1897-8. Essays must be forwarded to the chairman of the committee in charge, Wallace McCamant, 31 Concord Building, Portland, so as to reach him not later than February 1st, 1898. In awarding the prizes the committee will be governed by these three considerations: 1. Historical accuracy. 2. Manner of treatment. 3. Orthography, grammar, syntax and punctuation.

Any additional information relative to the competition which may be desired, will be cheerfully furnished by the chairman of the committee. The essay which is awarded the first prize will be published in full, with the name of the author, in the public press. WALLACE McCAMANT, Chairman, H. H. NORTON, PHILIP S. MALCOLM.

GOOD FOR EVERYBODY. Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the Liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.

A Woman's Deed.

A BENEFACTRESS WHO IS DOING INCALCULABLE GOOD.

Devotes Much of Her Time to the Benefits of Children—How She Helps Them.

From the Evening News, Detroit, Mich.

Mrs. John Tinsley, of 130 Baker Street, Detroit, Michigan, is one of those women who always know just what to do in all their trouble and sickness. One that is a mother to those in distress. To a reporter she said: "I am the mother of ten children and have raised eight of them. Several years ago we had a serious time with my daughter, which began when she was about sixteen years old. She did not have any serious illness but seemed to gradually waste away. Having never had any consumption in our families, as we come of good old Irish and Scotch descent, we did not think it was that disease. Neither did she have a hacking cough, yet she grew thinner and paler each day. Our doctor called the disease by an odd name which, I afterward learned, meant lack of blood. "It is impossible to describe the feelings John and I had as we noticed our daughter slowly passing away from us. As a last resort I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, made by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., which I understood contained in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. Before she had taken half a box, there was a decided change and after three months' treatment you would not have recognized her. Her health was so greatly improved. She gained in flesh rapidly and soon was in perfect health. I have always kept the pills in the house since and have recommended them to every one I could. I have told many mothers about them and they have made some wonderful cures. One of the girls had a young lady friend that came to the house almost every day, and last week was a sight. However, she seemed almost transparent. I did not care to have my daughters associate with her, as I was afraid she would drop dead some day when they were out on the street. I recommended and begged her to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and told her of their sterling qualities and how the cost was slight, being only 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, at any drug store. Finally I induced her to try them. "She helped her wonderfully, and undoubtedly saved her life. She now recommends them to other young women. "Every mother who has a child should keep these pills in the house, as they are good for many other ailments. I don't believe in doctoring and never spent much money in medicines, but I can recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to every mother that has a daughter just coming into womanhood."

A \$65.00 Machine For \$18.50. Cash with Order and Coupon.



The Head of the "Arlington" swings on patent cast hinges, firmly held down by a thumb screw. Strong, substantial, neat and handsome in design, and beautifully ornamented in gold. Bed plate has rounded corners and is inlaid or counterpaneled, making it flush with top of table. Highest Arm—Space under the arm is 24 inches high and 8 inches long. This will admit the largest skirts, and even quilts. It is Self-Threading—Absolutely no holes to put thread through except eye of needle. Shaft-cylinder, open on end, entirely self-threading, easy to put in or take out; bobbin holds a large amount of thread. Stitch Regulator is on the bed of the machine, beneath the bobbin winder, and has a scale showing the number of stitches to the inch, and can be changed from 8 to 24 stitches to the inch. Needle is double and extends on both sides of needle; never fails to take goods through; never stops at seams; movement is positive; no springs to break and get out of order; can be used at all angles. Automatic Needle—Automatically filling the bobbin automatically and perfectly smooth without holding the thread. Machine does not run while winding bobbin. Light Turning—Machine is easy to run, does not fatigue the operator, makes little noise. Sewing Machine is a double lock stitch, the same on both sides, will not unravel, and can be changed without stopping the machine. Tension is a flat spring tension and will adjust itself to any weight of material without changing. Never gives out. The Needle is a straight, self-cutting needle, flat on one side, and cannot be put in wrong. Needle Bar is round, made of case-hardened steel, with oil can at the bottom to prevent oil from getting on the goods. HIGH PRICES FOR DIRECTLY OF MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS' PROFITS.

OUR GREAT OFFER. \$23.50 in our Special Wholesale Price, but in order to introduce our new machine, we make a special coupon offer, giving every reader of this paper a chance to get a first-class machine at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of \$18.50 cash and coupon, we will ship the above described machine to you, securely packed and guaranteed safe delivery. A ten year's written warranty sent with each machine. Money refunded if not represented after thirty days' test trial. We will ship C. O. D. for \$10.00 with privilege of twenty days' trial on receipt of \$5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and charges. If you prefer thirty days' trial before paying, send for our large illustrated catalogue with testimonials, explaining fully how we ship sewing machines anywhere to any city at the lowest manufacturer's prices without asking one cent in advance. The best plan is to send all cash with order, as you then save the \$1.00 discount. Remember the coupon must be sent with order.

Or make your order direct through the HERALD, as agent, without extra charge.

To the Unfortunate JOHN KAINO MARTIN RUSSEL THE MARSHFIELD Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers, NORTH FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD.

ALL KINDS OF blacksmith work and wagon work, new or repair work, done on short notice. WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK. To give satisfaction. Come and see us, nov19'97. KAINO & RUSSEL.

Dr. Gibbon. This old reliable and most successful specialist in San Francisco, still continues to cure all Venereal and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, in all its forms, Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness and Loss of Manhood, the consequence of self-abuse and excesses producing the following symptoms: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the limbs and back, loss of memory, pimples on the face, coughs, consumption, etc.

DR. GIBBON has practised in San Francisco over 30 years and those troubled should not fail to consult him and receive the benefit of his great skill and experience. The doctor cures when others fail. Try him. CURES GUARANTEED. Persons cured at home. Charges reasonable. Call or write. DR. J. F. GIBBON, 625 Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal.

Daily Capital Journal OF SALEM. subscribe for the people's daily—\$3 a year; weekly, \$1 a year. Sum rates by the month.

The Daily Capital Journal, 1 year, \$3.00 The Herald 1 year, \$2.00 The two worth, \$5.00 Both given for one year for, \$4.20 The Weekly Capital Journal, 1 year, \$1.00 The Herald, 1 year, \$2.00 The two worth, \$3.00 Both 1 year for, \$2.40

Burial Caskets AT Lowest Cash Prices. Orders left with R. S. Knowlton, COQUILLE CITY, will receive prompt attention.