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MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights of each month. A. J. SHAWWOOD, Consul. George T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTERS of America, meets every Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon.
J. S. LAWRENCE, C. R.

GEN. LYTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R. meets every first Wednesday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.
H. H. NICHOLS, Post Comd.
W. H. NOSLER, Adjutant.

GEN. LYTLE, W. R. C. NO. 9, MEETS in Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday afternoon in each month. Mrs. G. W. NORTON, Pres. Miss LUCY NICHOLS, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 65, A. F. & A. M. meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. W. LEBREW, W. M.
T. R. WILLARD, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S. meets Saturday afternoon on or before each full moon and Saturday evening two weeks following.
Mrs. ORA MAURY, W. M.
T. R. WILLARD, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F. meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesday in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting brethren in good standing.
R. E. BOCK, C. P.
G. V. BOUTWELL, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F. meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesday in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall.
Miss BELLE RICH, N. G.
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RAWHIDE CHAIRS.
Manufactured from best hard wood.
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Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc.
Cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in any line of business.
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BRYAN'S ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

FOUR MORE YEARS OF THE SINGLE GOLD STANDARD WILL DETERMINE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO MAKE A CHANGE.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Mr. Bryan today gave out the following to the bimetalists of the United States:
"Conscious that millions of loyal hearts are saddened by temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than those who have espoused the cause of bimetalism. They have fought from conviction and have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to regret. The Republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policies bring real prosperity to the American people, those who opposed him will share in that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his policies prove an injury to the people generally, those supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class or to the privileged class, will suffer in common with those who opposed him. The friends of bimetalism have not been vanquished; they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy of the money changers against the welfare of the human race, and until convinced of their error, they will continue the warfare against it."

"The contest has been waged this year under great embarrassments and against great odds. For the first time during this generation, public attention has been centered upon the money question as the paramount issue, and this has been done in spite of all attempts upon the part of our opponents to prevent it. The Republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bimetalism, while the Republican leaders labored secretly for gold monometalism. The gold standard Democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket, while they labored secretly for the election of the Republican ticket. Trusts and corporations have tried to excite a fear of lawlessness, while they have been defying the law; and American financiers have boasted that they were the custodians of national honor, while they were secretly battering away the nation's financial independence. But, in spite of the efforts of the administration and its supporters; in spite of the threats of the money lenders at home and abroad; in spite of the coercion practiced by corporations and employers, and in spite of trusts and syndicates; in spite of an enormous Republican campaign fund, and in spite of the influence of a hostile daily press, bimetalism has almost triumphed in its first great fight. The loss of a few states, and that, too, by a very small plurality, has defeated bimetalism for the present, but bimetalism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago."

"I desire to commend the work of the three national committees which joined in the management of this campaign. Co-operation between the members of distinct political organizations is always difficult, but it has been less so this year than usual. Interest in a common cause of great importance has reduced friction to a minimum. I hereby express my personal gratitude to the individual members, as well as the executive officers of the national committees of the Democratic, Populist and Silver parties for their efficient, untiring and unselfish labors. They have laid the foundation for future success and will be remembered as pioneers, when victory is at last secured."

"No personal or political friend need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation, rather than to enjoy the honors of office; therefore, defeat brings to me no personal feeling of loss. Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors, as well as for myself, I desire to say that we have been amply repaid for all that we have done."

"In the love of millions of our fellow-citizens, so kindly expressed, in knowledge gained by personal contact with the people, and in broadened sympathies, we find full compensation for whatever efforts we have put forth. Our hearts have been touched by the devotion of friends, and our lives shall prove our appreciation of the affection, which we prize as the richest reward which this campaign has brought."

"In the face of an enemy rejoicing in its victory, let the roll be called for the engagement, and urge all friends of bimetalism to renew their allegiance to the cause. If we are right, as I believe we are, we shall yet triumph. Until convinced of his error, let each advocate of bimetalism continue the work. Let all silver clubs retain their organization, hold regular meetings and circulate literature. Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign and must now put their theories to the test. Instead of talking mysteriously about 'sound money,' and 'an honest dollar,' they must now elaborate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered by the silver clubs. Our cause has prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this nation, even more than it has been studied in the past."

"The year 1900 is not far away. Before that year arrives international bimetalism will cease to deceive; before that year arrives those who have called themselves gold standard Democrats will become bimetalists and be with our party, or become Republicans and thus open enemies; before that year arrives trusts will have convinced more people that a trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety; before that year arrives the evils of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now, and the people will be ready to join with us in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation."

"W. J. BRYAN."

McKinley's Election Suits Mexico.
City of Mexico, Nov. 6.—No previous presidential election in the United States has created such excitement and interest among all classes as the present one for business men. Bankers and manufacturers felt that Mexican interests demanded the election of McKinley. The Mexican Herald says:
"For Mexico the declaration of the American people in favor of the gold standard means continued prosperity here. It signifies large dividends for our mills and banks, thus carrying into effect many large and important undertakings for which capital would not have been obtained in the United States had Bryan been elected. The result is for the general good of Mexico."
A. D. Lane, a wealthy gold miner of California, offers to pay Wm. J. Bryan's traveling expenses, and enough to support his family, if he will continue in his work of educating the people in the cause of bimetalism.
The Carnegie Steel Co. has decided to build two additional furnaces and a projected railroad costing \$250,000. They expect a higher tariff on steel, and consequently more prosperity for them.

California's congressional delegation stands as follows: J. A. Barham, Republican; Marion DeVries, Democrat; S. G. Hiborn, Republican; James G. Maguire, Democrat; E. F. Loud, Republican; C. A. Barlow, Populist; C. S. Castle, Populist; Doollittle and Hyde, the Washington free silver members who swallowed the goldbug platform, are badly beaten by James Hamilton Lewis and W. C. Jones, fusionists.
Roseburg Review: The Oregonian thinks Portland saved the honor of Oregon by giving the state to McKinley. In a similar manner Col. Madeline Pollard Breckenridge has maintained the purity and integrity of the great state of Kentucky.
And Herr Most saved the g. o. p. from anarchy and to the integrity of law and the payment of honest debts.
Twenty tons of silica were shipped from the Mosier mines, down on the Columbia, to Boston, last week. No one knows what is being received for it. The cost of mining it and delivering it f. o. b., at the Mosier depot, \$12 is per ton. The silica mines now give employment to eight or nine men.
Ernest Martin was arrested at Brownsville and taken to Albany by Constable Frank W. Cole, charged with having killed deer out of season.
For best pasture, go to L. L. Dietz at Judge Nosler place.

AFTER \$MARK HANNA, THE ANARCHIST.
It is Alleged that He Offered a Bribe of \$40,000 for the Texas Electors.

Dallas (Texas), November 1.—The Democratic managers are determined that Mark Hanna shall be indicted next Thursday, if possible, and at the same time are confident that he will be. They don't propose to overlook the statement that the Republican managers have received a telegram from the national committee authorizing them to offer \$40,000 for the electoral vote of Texas.
This, the Democratic leaders say, is to be no flash in the pan. They declare they will prosecute Hanna to the furthest limit. Sensational developments are expected this week after Thursday, to which day the grand jury took a recess.
Already Hanna, it is said, has had a very narrow escape, and his indictment this week the Democrats claim is almost certain. As is generally known, nine votes are necessary to an indictment in the grand jury, and when the matter was taken up the eight jurors were, it is alleged, positively in favor of returning a bill at once. One man, however, refused to vote then. He said that consideration of the matter must be deferred until after the election. Were his demand agreed to, he would, upon the resubmitting of the jury, vote with the eight. So the eight were forced to accede to his terms, and back to court the bill was sent.
The telegram which will cause Mr. Hanna so much legal trouble bore his signature and was sent from national headquarters to J. N. Houston of the Texas Republican headquarters, at Dallas, between October 1st and October 4th. It is alleged, in plain terms, that the managers were directed to offer \$40,000 for the electoral vote of Texas for McKinley.

Houston has not been indicted, because no dispatches bearing his signature have been obtained by the grand jury from the Western Union Telegraph Company. It is known, however, that a telegram did go to Hanna, bearing the supposed signature of John Grant, the National Republican committee-man of Texas, worded as follows:
"Think you made deal; forty thousand refused; sixty thousand demanded."

It is also known that two of the wealthiest New Yorkers, by their representatives, in telegrams, offered to "contribute" \$40,000, provided their electoral vote for McKinley, and \$100,000 additional should the McKinley electors be chosen.
More indictments are certain to be returned after the grand jury shall resume work next Thursday.

Repudiated a Repudiator.
Seattle, Nov. 6.—Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, Democratic congressman-elect on the fusion ticket, who to a larger extent guided the fusion scheme in this state, said yesterday in answer to the letter of Hugh Wallace sent out Wednesday: "Wallace! Oh, yes we all know Mr. Wallace. I admit no higher authority on the subject of repudiation than he. He has been its most selected object. He has attempted domination of the Democratic party in this state, was repudiated by the Democrats at the annual election of 1894. His policy was repudiated in the Tacoma convention last April, which selected national delegates. He was repudiated by the national convention at Chicago, then again he was repudiated and his committee membership taken from him by the unanimous resolution passed in the late Ellensburg convention which participated in the fusion arrangement. Really, Mr. Wallace is quite inoffensive and innocent. He mustn't be taken seriously, lest he be wronged by some one."

Seven years ago, says the Chicago Tribune, Leander Hendricks and wife, of Muncie Ind., were divorced for the third time, having been married three times. Last week Hendricks asked her to marry him again, and when she refused he blew his brains out with a revolver.

The Harney Valley Items says: "News reaches us that James Moore, formerly of this town, but now of Burns, tried to take in the town of Burns the other night and was pulled down by a pistol shot by City Marshal George Sizemore, the shot taking effect in the leg."

Hollie Wilkins, the 13-year-old Corvallis boy who last April suffered the loss of his forearm by being run over by a trolley-car in East Portland, after he had fallen from a bicycle, has now an artificial arm and hand.
Eighty persons have been confined in the Lane county jail since Sheriff Johnson went into office, July 5, 1894.

IF THE THIEF HAD BEEN POOR—WHAT?
Mrs. Castle Gets Three Months' Imprisonment Without Labor.

London, Nov. 6.—(Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press.)—The trial of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, charged with shoplifting, took place in the Clerkenwell sessions house today and resulted in Mr. Castle being acquitted and Mrs. Castle being sentenced to three months' imprisonment without hard labor.

During the trial a copy of the San Francisco Wasp, containing an article reviling the Castles, was handed by Sir Edward Clarke to Sir Frank Lockwood, with the remark: "This was sent to Mergraf by a friend, who said: 'I am a hardheaded Scotchman and believe that a thief is a thief, no matter how wealthy.'"
Mr. Hodson, of the United States embassy, on leaving the sessions house, remarked: "We shall get her out within a week."

The Teacher's Rights.
School teachers will be interested in a case tried some time ago in Chambersburg, Pa. A boy had kicked a little girl on the playground at recess. When school was dismissed the boy was called forward for punishment, but refused to go and when force was used he drew a knife upon the teacher. The boy conquered, however, and gave the latter a thrashing which drew blood. The father of the boy had the teacher arrested for assault and battery. The presiding judge said the boy's act was one of insubordination and that he had decided then and there that he was at the head of the school. In the opinion of the judge the whipping was not too severe. The jury agreed with him, and costs of the prosecution were placed on the boy's father.

Iowa's Anti-Cigarette Law.
Iowa's anti-cigarette law has come to naught, as its prohibition liquor laws did for a time, through the "original-package" decisions of the United States supreme court. The law took effect last summer, and for a time the sale of cigarettes was stopped. Now the tobacco trust has notified dealers in the state that it will defend cases brought against them, and will meanwhile ship cigarettes into the state in five cent "original packages." As the precedents now stand, the state law may be ignored with impunity. The only way in which its force may be revived is for congress to pass a statute removing cigarettes from the articles of legitimate interstate commerce. The floundering original-package decision is going to cost a lot of trouble before it is reversed, if it ever is.—Springfield Republican.

Horticulturists and Dairymen.
Special courses for Horticulturists and Dairymen will be given at the State Agricultural College, beginning the second Monday of January, 1897, and continuing four weeks.
The course in Horticulture will include special studies and lectures on Plant Breeding, Fungus Diseases, Fruit Drying, and general cultivation, by Prof. U. P. Hedrick.
Lectures on Fruit Drying and Chemistry of Fruits and Soils will be given by Prof. G. W. Shaw.
Lectures on Insect Pests and General Entomology by Prof. A. B. Cordley.

COURSE IN DAIRYING.
Lectures upon Breeds of Dairy Stock, Grasses and Forage Plants, and Stock feeding, by Prof. H. T. French.
These courses are provided for the practical Dairymen and Horticulturists who are desirous of taking advantage of the facilities offered by the agricultural college. The departments of Botany, Entomology, and Chemistry are well provided with scientific apparatus and other means of illustration. Instructive lectures will be given illustrated by the use of Microscopic Projection, and the Electric Stereopticon. Views in which insects and various plant diseases will be shown in a form magnified 2500 times.
A complete program will be furnished upon application.
This course will be free.

H. B. MILLER,
President and Director.
She—Talk about women talking! If they are any worse than you men are when there is a campaign, then I don't know a thing. He—But you must bear in mind that we only get that way once in four years.
He (telling a hairbreadth adventure)—And in the bright moonlight we could see the dark muzzles of the wolves. She (breathlessly)—Oh, how glad you must have been they had the muzzles on!

FOR CONSCIENCE SAKE.
A Promising Young Attorney Committed Suicide—The First of His Race.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—The body of Michael Seligsohn, a young attorney who has been missing for the past 10 days, was found floating in the bay yesterday by H. E. Nicholson and R. T. Holburg, while they were out yachting. The yachtsmen towed the body to Mission-street wharf, and notified the coroner. It was at first supposed that the deceased had met with foul play, but subsequent developments show that he committed suicide after deliberate preparation, and after notifying at least three persons of his intention.

The motive of his suicide seems to have been a superstitious conscientiousness and a morbid fear that he was not equal to the responsibilities and duties thrust upon him. He had brighter prospects than nine out of ten young lawyers of no longer standing at the bar than his. In fact, he had a practice practically given to him. Apparently, it was the fear that he would not prove worthy of the confidence placed in him and the dread of having to acknowledge that he was not capable that led him to the determination to escape responsibility by suicide.

To Pension Saloon Keepers.
Rev. Solomon Parsons, the Prohibition champion of Paterson, N. J. has suggested a method of dealing with the liquor question that the saloon men themselves approve. He has been figuring up all the expenses which liquor made in this state, the losses to families and to cities, and estimates that New Jersey annually expends millions in the support of criminals and insane persons whose condition has been brought about by liquor. He declares that New Jersey could afford to pension every liquor dealer in the state, pay him \$5000 a year and make money by the operation.

"The saloon-keepers" of Paterson are enthusiastically in favor of such a proposition and say they are willing to help the Prohibition clergyman secure the passage of a law embodying his idea.

"What have you for dessert?" "Coercion pie, sah." "What in the thunder is coercion pie?" "It's the only kind we've got, sah. You've got to take that or go without, sah."

"Yoh kain't set down no fixed rule o' conduct in disher life," said Uncle Eben. "Samson got inter trouble 'cause he done got 'is 'hah' cut, an' 'Abalom got inter trouble 'cause he didn't."

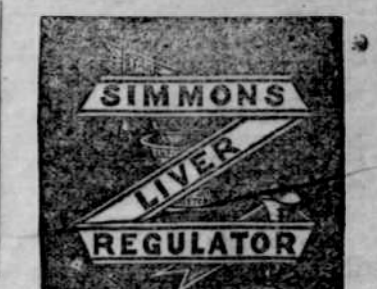
The traveling public will find it to their advantage to patronize the livery-stable of J. S. Hayes, when at Empire City.

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Herald Office, Coquille City, Oregon.

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Wagonmaker,
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All kinds of farm work solicited. Horse-shoeing and plow work a specialty. Supplies for logging work, wedges, dows, rines, cant-hooks and everything used in logging camps kept on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed. Shop on corner north of Pine street stable.
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Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.
—EVERY PACKAGE—
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.
J. H. Zeitt & Co., Phila., Pa.

Collis P. Huntington, whose possession of Southern Pacific railway securities and other good things makes him a multimillionaire, has recently bought a magnificent country place in Westchester county. Apparently the social leaders of the tip-top Westchester set or some of their satellites are afraid Mr. Huntington hopes to buy his way into their charmed circle, for a society writer in the Journal issues this defiance: "The Westchester set are not taking a bit kindly to the occupancy of Plaisance, James M. Waterbury's old place, by the son of Collis P. Huntington. Money is the most potential thing in modern society, but there are some things that even money cannot accomplish, and the acceptance of Collis P. Huntington's son by the Westchester set is one of them. This may be considered prudence, anything else that you will, but it operates, just the same."

As John Young was riding on horseback near Oregon City on Saturday evening, a telephone wire, which had been blown by the storm across an electric trolley wire, struck his horse on the breast, instantly killing the animal and precipitating its rider over its head into the road. In attempting to assist the horse to rise, Young received a painful, though not serious electric shock.

"Why, Jacky, open the door and let Katie in. Don't you see it's raining?" cried Jacky's mother. "I can't, mamma," said Jacky. "We're playing Noah's Ark. I'm Noah and Katie is the sinners, and she must stay out in the wet."

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