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Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 14. COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1896. NO. 43.

DR. J. BURT. MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

WILL promptly respond to all calls, day or night.
Office at the new Drug Store, opposite the R. R. Depot; residence in Hatch property, near Mr. Messer's.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

THE PEOPLE'S....
...BARBER SHOP...

THE BEST, NEATEST AND MOST up-to-date in the city.
Hot and Cold Baths---Reasonable
Charges, Courteous Treatment.
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Front street, opposite R. R. Depot.
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Hot and Cold Baths at all hours. Popular prices. Headquarters for Commercial Men. Next door to Postoffice.

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Attorney - at - Law,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.
Agent for the North America Insurance Co. of Philadelphia, and the London, Liverpool & Globe.

John F. Hall,
Attorney - at - Law,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.
Dealer in REAL ESTATE of all kinds.

C. A. Sehlbrede,
Attorney - at - Law,
Roseburg, Oregon.
Special attention to matters before the Roseburg land office, the commissioner of the general land office and secretary of interior at Washington.

MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights of each month.
A. J. SHERWOOD, Consul.
George T. Moulton, Clerk.

COURT COQUILLE, NO. 18, FORESTers of America, meets every Thursday evening, at Masonic Hall, Coquille City, Oregon.
J. S. LAWRENCE, C. R.
J. E. NORTON, R. S.

GEN. LYTLE POST, NO. 27, G. A. R., meets every first Wednesday night of each month. Visiting comrades in good standing cordially invited to attend.
H. H. NICHOLS, Post Com.
W. H. NOSLER, Adjutant.

GEN. LYTLE, W. R. C., NO. 9, MEETS in Coquille City on the first and third Wednesday afternoon in each month.
MRS. G. W. NORTON, Pres.
MISS LUCY NICHOLS, Sec.

CHADWICK LODGE, NO. 68, A. F. and A. M., meets on Saturday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. W. LENEVE, W. M.
T. R. WILLARD, Sec.

BUELAH CHAPTER, NO. 6, O. E. S., meets Saturday afternoon on or before each full moon and Saturday evening two weeks following.
MRS. ORA MAURY, W. M.
T. R. WILLARD, Sec.

COQUILLE LODGE, NO. 53, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.
C. A. HARRINGTON, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

COQUILLE ENCAMPMENT, NO. 25, I. O. O. F., meets every first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation extended to all visiting patriarchs in good standing.
R. E. BUCK, C. P.
G. F. BOUTELL, Scribe.

MAMIE REBEKAH LODGE, NO. 20, I. O. O. F., meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in each month, at Odd Fellows' hall.
MRS. LAURA BOUTELL, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

C. Schweizer, Tailor,
BANDON, OREGON,
Furnishes best goods on the market, homespun and foreign. Latest fashions.
Artistic - Tailoring - a - Specialty.
All kinds of work will receive careful attention. Prices reasonable.

COOS BAY
Marble and Stone Works
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.
Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc.
Cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in my line of business.
MARSHFIELD - - - - - - ORE.

American Woolen Mills Co.,
OF CHICAGO.
J. E. Quick,
Special Agent,
Will travel through Coos and Curry counties and take orders for MEN'S TAILOR-MADE SUITS. Prices from $6 to $20 a suit. The best bargains ever offered in this county. See his samples.

Union Labor Column.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE LABORER

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The following compose the County Executive Committee of the People's Party of Coos county, Oregon:

Dist. No. 1—J. J. Stanley, Empire City.
" " 2—A. M. Collver, Marshfield.
" " 3—W. H. Hull, Riverton.
" " 4—I. T. Weekly, Gravel Ford.
" " 5—J. H. Matheny, Myrtle Point.
" " 6—W. D. Marshall, Bandon.
W. H. HULL, Chairman, Riverton.
J. S. McEWEN, V.-C. and Treasurer, Coquille City.
J. J. STANLEY, Sec., Empire City.

Before the law was written down with parchment or with pen;
Before the law made citizens, the moral law made men.
Law stands for human rights, but when it fails those rights to give,
Then let law die, my brother, but let human beings live.
—Rev. Miller Hageman.

A REPUBLICAN VIEW.

But It Will Not Pass in the National Convention.

The following extract from the great speech of Senator Carter, chairman of the Republican national committee, can safely be recommended to our Republican readers as good sound common sense:

"The United States borrowed $162,000,000 last year, in time of profound peace. The United States has just offered a loan of $100,000,000 more.

"Now, this money has been borrowed by the United States since 1873, for what? To keep up a gold reserve, not to keep up any silver reserve. No such borrowing was needed prior to the demonetization of silver. No such bond issue was then needed. They have continued to borrow money ever since to keep up this gold reserve. We are borrowing it every day, but nobody is happy. The country is not doing well, and we say that the principal cause of it is silver demonetization. Perhaps silver demonetization is not entirely the cause, but silver demonetization is admitted by all to be one of the causes, and I believe all will also admit the main cause of the trouble now upon the country. Now we ask you to put this country back where it was in 1873, nothing more. It is not an unreasonable request. It is made by many millions of voters. It should be heeded. We need these votes next November.

"We ask you to quit trying the Keeley cure upon the United States.

"We ask you to go back to silver. We ask you to put the nation back where it was before you got to doctoring the United States with a single gold standard. Why, in 1873 Uncle Sam was healthy and was doing well in all particulars. We did not need to borrow money in time of peace. You commenced doctoring him in that year with your vaunted gold standard, and I am afraid if you keep up with your gold cure and your gold bond you will find that the epitaph that was placed upon the tombstone of the man who died in Maine many years ago, and which reads—

"'I was well; I wanted to be better; I took physic and died'—will apply to the people of the United States under your financial management.

"If your family physician failed to effect a cure or to benefit the patient, you would discharge him and try another doctor. You have tried Dr. Gold for this nation for twenty-three years, and the result has been trouble. Try Dr. Silver now. Give him a chance and see if the condition of the patient does not improve; at least take him into consultation with the other physician; let him assist. Every man understands the condition which existed in our nation in 1873, and we simply ask you to go back to that condition.

"Gentlemen say they are in favor of bimetallism, but that they are opposed to free silver; they are in favor of bimetallism, but they are opposed to the coining of silver. They remind me of a man who was a candidate for the legislature in the state of New York at a time when the adoption of the Maine liquor law was before the people. He said:

"'Fellow-citizens, I am in favor of the Maine liquor law; I believe it is a good law; I believe it would promote temperance; but fellow-citizens I am opposed to the enforcement of the Maine liquor law, because it interferes with personal liberty.'

"You gentlemen who say that you are in favor of bimetallism, and yet refuse to vote any relief to silver, are like that man. You are in favor of the law but opposed to its execution. You are in favor of silver but opposed to doing anything for it.

"Do not turn a deaf ear to the wishes of the majority of the people of the United States. Do not turn a deaf ear to the opinions of nine-tenths of the farmers of the United States. Do not turn a deaf ear to the opinions of three-fourths of the people of this country, as exemplified in party platforms. Do not turn a deaf ear to the opinion of three-fourths of the Republican party of the United States, as exemplified in the Republican party platform. Do not refuse to do something for silver. Silver and gold are the money metals recognized by the constitution. Silver was once the unit of money in the United States. Silver was once coined in the mints of the United States. Silver and gold both were, prior to 1873, the money metals of the United States, and we ask you to restore that condition of things.

"In the history of Rome, one of the legends of that old Empire and republic was that at the battle of Lake Regulus, when the Romans were nearly driven to defeat and when it seemed as though the republic must go down before the power of their invaders, the spirits of Castor and Pollux, the deities that rule over the fate of Rome, came down from heaven, drew swords in behalf of the Roman army, and led it to victory. So today we can say to you. If you give relief to silver, on the one hand the spirit of the gold mines of the United States will come forward, bearing the rich and yellow metal that enables the world to move, and on the other hand will come to the spirit of the silver mines bearing the white metal so necessary to the world, and, like the shades of Castor and Pollux, that carried the Romans to victory, these two spirits, these two metals, working hand in hand will make the nation strong, prosperous, and forever happy, united, homogeneous, and free."

Logan On Contraction.

[General John A. Logan in a speech March 17, 1874, Appendix Congressional Record Volume 2.]

"It was the contraction and increased want of currency, and not a superabundance, which produced the necessity for running in debt, of which there is so much said on this floor. Why, sir, the people were never freer from debt in proportion to business done than in 1865, at the close of the war, when Mr. McCullough began his system of contraction and at the very time 11,000,000 more people were to be supplied. Was it to be supposed that the activity and energy which the adequate supply of money had put into operation, and which was giving prosperity and happiness to the country, would suddenly dwarf itself to suit financial notions without a severe struggle? The inevitable result was an expedient to meet the consequent want, and credit was expanded. At the very moment, above all others, when adequate supply was needed, the opposite course was adopted; and right here lies the true cause of the late panic, which resulted from a money famine, and not from an excessive supply. Sir, turn this matter as we will, and look at it from any side whatever, and it does present the appearance of being a stupendous scheme of the money-holders to seize this opportunity of placing under their control the vast industries of the nation. Therefore I warn senators against pushing too far the great conflict now going on between capital and labor. It is not our duty to legislate exclusively for either, but, as far as possible, to try and harmonize the interests of the two. Capital rests upon labor; but when it attempts to press too heavily upon that which supports it in a free republic, the slumbering volcano, whose mutterings are beginning already to be heard, will burst forth with a fury that no legislation will quell."

Sound Money: What to do to live is the question of today, and every year that question grows more and more momentous. It is entirely futile to idly trust for relief in the ending of the "hard times." These hard times are here to stay until this question of employment is solved. Men must work and earn wages before the goods will be taken from the store-shelves, before money can circulate and before the land can ever again be filled with the hum of industry and the hum of happy life.

Can't See the Cat.

Who fought for King George in 1776?

Working people.

What interest did they have by being ruled by him?

None.

Why, then, did they risk their lives for him instead of wanting to be free?

Because he hired them.

Where did the king get the money to pay them?

By taxing them.

Then they really paid themselves for fighting?

Certainly.

In every war fought the working people paid the expenses. Why did they do it?

For the same reasons working people vote the same ticket as the Pullmans, Clevelands, Carlisles and their fellows—don't know any better. Can't see the cat.

Will they ever learn better?

Coming Events.

Prohibition convention. Pittsburg, May 27.

National Republican convention, St. Louis, June 16.

National Democratic convention, Chicago, July 7.

People's Party National convention, St. Louis, July 22.

National silver convention, St. Louis, July 22.

A PERSONAL DEFENSE.

Attacks By Greedy and Jealous Persons Replied to.

COQUILLE CITY, May 22, 1896.

EDITOR HERALD: In answer to a query in the Coast Mail by a Taxpayer (a nom de plume), one who has not the moral courage to sign his name to the false assertions he has made in that article, I will state that he simply lies when he says that I have not furnished six cows according to my contract with the county court. Also as night watchman at the county jail during Manning and Owens' incarceration. I acted fully under the sheriff's instructions, and was successful in gaining their confidence to that extent that Manning was under the impression that Mr. Gage and Mr. Stanley were ignorant of my position. Hence the story by Manning of the proposed tragedy. Mr. Gage and Mr. Stanley will bear me out in this. Their previous escape from jail, assisted by friends, made it justifiable in adopting secret methods to ferret out the accomplices.

Mr. Taxpayer says that I was allowed $50 for the care of the inmates here, besides my regular salary, which is a lie!

The county court placed $50 scrip in my hands for the transportation of a former inmate of the infirmary (who is afflicted with consumption, and who has been stopping with G. W. Stevenson), to California. As we could not procure a ticket in Coquille City, and the court did not care to place the money in this man's hands unless they had some assurance that he would go, the judge appointed me as one of the attendants to take Mr. Mahlberg to Salem, also to take the consumptive, who went as far as Roseburg, from whence I bought him a ticket to lower California and gave him money for one month's board. The balance of the $50, amounting to $16, will be paid to the court on demand.

The following is the bill, rendered by the secretary of state after we left here:

Wages for Grant Harry and myself, including 1 day lay-over—total 9 days	$ 49 50
Board and lodging for 3 for 5 days at $1	15 00
Board and lodging for 2 for 4 days at $1	8 00
R. R. fare to Salem for 3	17 40
" " from " " 2	11 60
Stage fare for 3 to Roseburg	24 00
" " " 2 from "	16 00
Cab fare from depot to asylum	2 50
	$144 00

As regards the patient's condition it was such that no stage driver would have accepted him on a fare, and it is a wonder to those that saw him on the road that he got there alive. For further information, Mr. Taxpayer, we refer you to the superintendent of the asylum.

The merchants of Coquille City will testify that I trade with all who care to sell to the county on time. If it is of any interest to you, as regards my work and the difference in the amount of expense and improvements, I will refer you to my neighbors and to the county court, also to the records at Empire, county clerk's office.

There is just one more favor, Mr. Taxpayer, that I beg of you, and that is that you reveal your name to me that I may know who the lying, sneaking, cowardly scoundrel is that I have to thank for the article in the Coast Mail.

GEO. W. CANNING.

Splendid Work of the Coquille Life Saving Crew.

Under the above heading the San Francisco Call pays the following glowing tribute to the Bandon life-saving crew:

"The Coquille life-saving station at Bandon on the coast of Oregon should have an added title—that of "Ship-saving station." During the last twelve or fourteen months that crew have not only been in active service rescuing human lives, but they have saved four vessels that went aground on the river bar.

On September 23 of last year the tug Kattie O'Neal went ashore hard and fast. Capt. Alexander Scott of the station manned the surfboat Bebbie McLellan and put out to the imperiled vessel. She was fast setting in the sand, but the life-saving people took charge of the work of getting her afloat and carried strong lines ashore. It was almost hopeless labor, but they were finally successful, and the tug was dragged into deep water. She was valued at $15,000 and had a cargo worth $1000.

January 22, 1895, the schooner Lila and Mattie, valued at $12,000 and carrying a $1500 cargo, went ashore on the Coquille river bar. Capt. Scott again took charge of the work of rescuing her, and with his crew labored almost night and day till February 9th before he pulled her out of the sand. So deeply was she imbedded that her owners gave her up, but the life-saving crew kept at the work.

Their lines often parted, and twice the vessel drifted ashore again after having been pulled off into deep water. However on the eighteenth day of their constant labors the schooner was towed into safe moorings.

[The schooner Lizzie Prien was sailing in at night February 23, but missed the light of the cottage on the north side and run on the spit by the end of the north jetty. She was in that position just a week, and the life-saving crew labored arduously and incessantly till she was saved. This instance seems to have been overlooked by the Call.—ED. HERALD.]

May 4, 1896, the steamer Moro went on the bar while entering the river and stuck hard and fast. Her owners despaired of saving her, but the life-saving crew undertook the job of floating her, and eventually succeeded. Her value was $16,000, with a cargo worth $800.

On August 28, 1895, the life-saving crew went to the wreck of the big steamer Bawnnore, lying on the beach eighteen miles south of the station. They of course could not save the huge hulk stuck hard on the rocks, but they remained in the locality for several weeks saving property from the stranded vessel and guarding it on the beach.

Major Blakney of the life-saving service in this city has called the attention of his superiors in Washington to the excellent work of the Coquille lifeboat crew. Being in the government employ they get no salvage, or, in fact, any reward for their labors except the gratitude of those they serve so faithfully and well. It is to be hoped that this "banner crew" will receive the official recognition they merit.

According to a recent San Francisco telegram Murderer Durrant will not receive his deserts during the present year. District Attorney Barnes says that if the prosecution could win every point on appeal, Durant could not possibly be hanged before November or December; that the prospects are the execution will go over until next year. He further declares that the delay is the fault of the appeal system of California.

Says a Pretoria telegram of May 18th to the London Times: "The executive council today decided that the punishment of Col. Francis Rhodes, Lionel Phillips, George Farrar and John Hays Hammond, leaders of the reformers who were sentenced to death, shall be 15 years imprisonment." Hope is entertained that the sentence will be modified. Whether it is or not it will learn American freebooters to behave themselves abroad, and from joining English tories to overthrow weak republics and bring them under the English yoke.

He—If we were not in a canoe, I would kiss you. She—Take me ashore instantly, sir!

"I move" said the lady president, "that the prayers of this club conclude with awomem. Amen is out of date.

June.

[Written for the HERALD.]

Of all the months that make complete
The household of the year,
There's one with beauties so replete
No rival claims appear;
Whose graceful and artistic hand
The rarest skill discloses,
And meadows where the hedge-rows stand
Grow redolent of roses.

The time when early bloom bestows
The lone walks with decay,
And Summer builds the bowers anew
That Spring had swept away;
When earthly mold, and, sun and shower,
With fragrant winds combined
Unite to paint the fairest flower
That blossoms for mankind;

When lovely May so loath to stray
Yields all her fond caresses,
And twines her brightest tints among
Her elder sister's tresses—
The time Dame Nature's heart,
Responsive and atune,
Her most exquisite joys impart—
O, sun-kissed, joyful June!

Sale of the Northern Pacific.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 25.—It has been decided to have the judicial sale of the Northern Pacific take place at West Superior, Wis., July 25. Master Cary, who will conduct the sale, will proceed from that city to other points in several states to sell the railroad lands along the line.

"So you've been to Dakota?" "Yes." "And how do you like the west?" "Much disappointed in it." "But how?" "Why, I expected to get my divorce in fifteen minutes, but I had to stay almost a month. Good people, but awfully, awfully slow."

Colonel John S. Mosby, the ex-confederate soldier, and more recently consul to Hongkong, is lying critically ill at his apartments at the Imperial Hotel, 728 Sutter street, San Francisco. He is suffering from appendicitis, and his recovery is a matter of grave doubt.

"Would you like to take a chance?" asked the timid, rosy-cheeked maiden of the stranger at the church fair. "Would I?" exclaimed the stranger radiantly. "Well I should say I would, but—" his voice fell to a whisper and the eager light in his eyes died to a far-away, sad expression, "I am already married."

The first of the Tillman badges have shown up at the capitol. It is a silver pitchfork with three prongs, and on each prong is impaled a gold bug. On the handle of the pitchfork is "Tillman," and the gold bugs impaled on prongs are labeled "Sherman," "Carlisle," and "Cleveland." The badges are being turned out by an Atlanta concern at the rate of hundreds a day, and are being worn extensively in the south. There are said to be hundreds of them at Atlanta.

A felt want is that gnawing at the stomach after you have eaten a full meal, and can't eat any more, and yet there is that feeling as though you had eaten nothing. What is wanted then is a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator, the best Dyspepsia cure, for that is what that knawing means. "Simmons Liver Regulator is all that is recommended for indigestion."—A. R. Dyche, London, Ky.

PETER LOGGIE,
BANDON, OR.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL LINE OF
Burial Caskets
AT
Lowest Cash Prices.
Orders left with R. S. KNOWLTON, COQUILLE CITY, will receive prompt attenton.

Many Prominent Bankers,
Financiers and Railway Officials advise investors to buy
Railway & Dock
CONSTRUCTION STOCK,
Now selling at $10 per share. They say it will soon sell at $50, and eventually sell above its par value of $100.
Write for full information to
GEO. W. DUNN & CO., BANKERS,
2 Wall Street New York.

THE STEAMERS
Arago and Arcata
Will Make Regular Trips Between
Coos Bay and San Francisco
CARRYING
Passengers and Freight at Lowest Rates.
OREGON COAL & NAVIGATION CO., Proprietors.
E. G. Flanagan, Agent, Marshfield.
S. O. Co., Agent, Empire City.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
GOOD FOR EVERYBODY
Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.
EVERY PACKAGE
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.
J. H. Zeilin & Co., Phila., Pa.

Southern California Residents Broiled.

Los Angeles, Cal., May, 25.—At 5 o'clock this morning the weather bureau man found the thermometer recording 75 degrees. Just before noon the mercury had crawled to the 102 mark. This registration was taken away up in the air, on top of the Wilson building, where the instruments are unaffected by terrestrial influences. The difference ranges from 5 to 7 degrees—that is, it is from 5 to 7 degrees hotter down on the sidewalk than at the signal station. Some thermometers registered 107 degrees, others at 108 degrees, and one or two went up to and slightly above the 110-degree mark.

"Maid servants" in England are still worked from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m., and kept at their posts by force—so says a correspondent of the London Clarion.

FOR EXCHANGE—A good 2-story house of 9 rooms; a small barn; two lots set out to small fruit, in Coquille City; also 40 acres of land, 1 mile from Myrtle Point, 25 acres bottom—15 acres bench—for small improved farm. Apply at this office or to Box 34, Coquille City.

Port Orford Tribune: Through the efforts of Senator Mitchell the appropriation for the Port Orford harbor improvement was restored to the river and harbor bill, as it passed the house, with the proviso added that the work should depend upon the opinion of the secretary of war as to its importance, and the measure was in the bill as it went to the president. Mr. Hermann telegraphs us to this effect, under date of May 23d.

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THE MARSHFIELD
Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers,
NORTH FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD.
ALL KINDS of blacksmith work and wagon work, new or repair work, done on short notice.
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To give satisfaction. Come and see us.
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ARCATA
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COOS BAY.
Freight rates from Coos Bay to Astoria and Portland, per ton....$ 1 75
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E. G. Flanagan, Agent Marshfield, Oregon.
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All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."