

Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 14.

COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1895.

NO. 19.

DR. J. BURT MOORE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

WILL promptly respond to all calls, day or night. Hatch property, near Mr. Mosser's.
COQUILLE CITY, OREGON.

THE COMMERCIAL
The most modern arranged BARBER SHOP in Coquille City.
M. M. McDonald, Proprietor.
Hot and Cold Baths at all hours. Popular prices. Headquarters for Commercial Men. Next door to Postoffice.

O. E. SMITH,
Surgeon Dentist,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

J. W. BENNETT,
Attorney at Law,
Marshfield, Oregon.

JOHN F. HALL
Attorney at Law and
Real Estate Agent,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

C. A. SEHLBREDE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Roseburg, Oregon.

Special attention to matters before the Roseburg land office, the commissioner of the general land office, and secretary of the Interior at Washington.

O. G. T.—Neal Dow Lodge, No. 25, I. O. O. F., meets in Coquille City every Tuesday evening. All members in good standing cordially invited.
J. H. James, Secretary.

MYRTLE CAMP, NO. 197, WOODMEN of the World, meets at Masonic Hall 1st and 3d Monday nights each month.
A. J. SHERWOOD, Consul.
George T. Moulton, Clerk.

F. A. & I. U.
COQUILLE F. A. & I. U. meets every second and fourth Thursday nights in each month in Coquille City, Coos county, Oregon.
Mrs. LENA JOHNSON, Sec.

Bandon F. A. and I. U.
Meets every second and fourth Friday nights in each month at Bandon, Coos county, Or.
E. G. GROVER, Sec.

Sumner F. A. and I. U.
Meets at Alliance hall on the second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month.
Wm. RASON, Sec.

DIVERTON F. A. & I. U. meets in its new hall at Riverport every first and third Saturday evenings of each month.
O. A. KELLY, Sec.

SOUTH FORK F. A. & I. U., No. 230, meets every second Saturday at 2 p. m. Brothers of other lodges in good standing are invited to a tent with us.
B. E. HAMPTON, secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Coquille Lodge No. 53
Meets at Coquille City every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited.
J. H. NORTON, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

Coquille Encampment, No. 25, I. O. O. F.
Meets first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation to visiting patriots in good standing.
J. S. LAWRENCE, C. P.
G. F. Boutell, Sec.

Chadwick Lodge, No. 68, A. F. and A. M.,
Meets at their hall on Saturday evening or before full moon in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
C. W. WHITE, W. M.
T. R. Willard, Sec.

G. A. R.
Gen. Lytle Post No. 27.
Meets at Coquille City, on every first Wednesday. Visiting comrades, in good standing, cordially invited.
JOHN MOKRA, Commander.
H. H. NICHOLS, Adjutant.

Coquille Fishermans' UNION
Randolph Oregon.
Will meet every fourth Saturday in each month till further notice. All members in good standing cordially invited to attend.

JUMPED! SEE?
LOTS AT BANDON, feet, in the vicinity of the parade ground, for \$125 each. Only a few lots at this price. For particulars inquire at the HERALD office.

B. B. PAULL & CO.,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS
ARAGO, COOS COUNTY, OR.

HAVING had several years experience in the east, we feel confident we can give satisfaction to our patrons. Send us your lists of property, or come and see us.
Coquille River Property a Specialty.
Correspondence promptly attended to. Our commission 3 per cent of sales. Our motto is, Live, and Let Live.
B. B. PAULL & CO.
1895

COOS BAY
Marble and Stone Works
C. W. PATERSON, Prop.

Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc.
Cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings furnished to order. Correspondence solicited from parties living in the country or other towns who may wish anything in my line of business.
MARSHFIELD - - - - - OREG.

Union Labor Column.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE LABORER
PEOPLE'S PARTY.
The following compose the County Executive Committee of the People's Party of Coos county, Oregon:
Dist. No. 1—J. J. Stanley, Empire City.
" " 2—A. M. Collier, Marshfield.
" " 3—W. H. Hull, Riverport.
" " 4—J. T. Weekly, Gravel Ford.
" " 5—J. H. Mathew, Myrtle Point.
" " 6—W. D. Marshall, Bandon.
W. H. HULL, Chairman, Riverport.
J. S. McEWEN, V.-C. and Treasurer, Coquille City.
J. J. STANLEY, Sec., Empire City.

Before the law was written down with parchment or with papyrus; before the law made citizens, the moral law made men.
Law stands for human rights, but when it fails those rights to give, then let law die, my brother, but let human beings live.
—Rev. Miller Hazeman.

THE COMING REVOLUTION

The Editor of "The Arena" Discusses Mr. Call's Book in a Striking Paper Dealing with Fundamental Evils of the Hour.

[Continued from last week.]

"It is by these means—in the building, the operation, and the wrecking of roads—that in the space of a short lifetime the great railroad magnates can heap up their hundreds of millions. The railroad, telegraph, and kindred interests, by their nature, offer peculiar facilities for such appropriation; so long as they are committed to private control, their very complexity permits manipulation which, in simpler affairs, would at once be seen through and resented. Their necessity to communities compels them to contribute unduly toward the building, and their nature as a monopoly compels the public to pay rates fixed by no competition, but alone by the appetite for plunder of their manipulators; their extensiveness, too, prevents all competition between them as employers of labor, and compels labor to contribute more than its share toward this plunder."

Another fountain-head of gigantic fortunes is found to be monopoly of commodities; millions are reaped through systematic plundering of the markets by speculators and trusts. The trust is as yet in its infancy, and though only just beginning to exult in its newly learned power, it already controls many of the staples of life. "Society must have sugar, salt, and oil, and other like commodities at whatever price; and when the trust has secured entire control, it cannot, of course, get these elsewhere; to the trust it must come. There is thus no limit to what the trust may and will charge. These giant corporations, already capitalized into almost the billions, corrupting legislatures and senates, are piling up untold wealth from the plunder of all society, until by their grip around the sources of life they must throttle it. "Sheltered as they are under alleged freedom of competition and contract, their position toward industrial society is none other, or different, than that of the pirate of the high seas toward the honest merchantman he plunders; and the complexity of industrial society makes it as dangerous to license their occupation, as it would be to license piracy itself. The mere permission to pursue their nefarious business unwhipped of justice, is a privilege from honest toil, and to prey upon the labor and necessities and lives of society. "Many of these fortunes have, as we have seen, been acquired with the assistance of the corporation. The transportation and banking systems are altogether too complex in their nature for individual enterprise, and, as society does not think it safe to manage its own concerns, there remains nothing for it to do but to create corporations and give these concerns into their keeping. These corporations are called quasi-public; public because the business entrusted to them affects vitally the whole of society, and private because it is conducted wholly for private gain. But it is not only these concerns that have been entrusted in this manner to private corporate control. Does a city or any municipal

corporation need street-car or telephone facilities, or water, or gas supply, it is not thought fit for itself to provide these, as giving it too much and paternal power; but straightway a franchise is granted to a corporation, and property condemned therefore, and even public aid extended, as we have already seen it done in the building of railroads; the business is, however, conducted wholly for the gain of the private corporation. It is not strange, where these corporations thus control concerns necessary and vital to the whole community, and where their franchise gives absolute monopoly, thus placing the public at their mercy, that they should amass enormous wealth."

CARDINAL SOURCES OF THE GREAT FORTUNES OF TODAY.
It will be seen then that a vast majority of the great fortunes found today are not due to the patient industry or intellectual capacity of man, but rather spring from "privileges" which are enjoyed or acquired through (1) inheritance; (2) monopoly in land; (3) monopoly in money; (4) monopoly in transportation; (5) monopoly in commodities, or corporate control of industry.

"There may be large fortunes not so accumulated, and these may, in some instances, be acquired honestly in legitimate enterprise and competition, or they may, more likely, be the result of privilege and vicious legislation. It is not claimed that the privileges here named include all evils of law which need correction; others exist and will grow up, and it is the glory of government, as of intelligent man, to rid itself of these as they arise. But the privileges here mentioned are the most grievous, those most generally recognized, and the ones that account for by far the larger part of the enormous fortunes which concentrate the world's possessions in the hands of the few, and thereby deprive society of their use and oppress it by their power."

PRIVILEGE THE CREATOR OF CAPITAL.
In a chapter on "The Fruits of Privilege," the legitimate working of the injustice due to privilege is forced home in a manner at once startling and unanswerable. The farmer, the wage-laborer, and those actively engaged in productive work become the victims of the few who hold the earth, the tools of production, the medium of exchange, and the facilities of transportation. "Not only do these privileges thus oppress labor in all its forms, but in another sense, and as deeply, they affect every member of society as a consumer. The wages or profits of all productive labor are determined by two conditions: First, the actual money wages or returns received; and secondly, the cost of living. The object of the whole struggle of the masses is for subsistence—for existence; when the farmer receives so many cents per bushel or per pound for his products, when the manufacturer so much for his goods, the business man so many cents or dollars profits upon his sales, or when the laborer receives his day's wage, the paramount consideration with each is how much of the necessities or comforts of life this money will procure. Now these privileges, while they reduce the actual money reward of productive labor, also, in turn, increase the price of all articles of use to the consumers; production alone is not able to bear their burden. Sometimes the burden is greater upon production, sometimes upon consumption; but the candle of living is burnt at both ends. The debt-burden entailed upon production by inheritance, its increase by land monopoly, and the interest upon it due to the banking system, compels production of all kinds to raise the price of its products to support these; it must shift some of these burdens upon the consumer, else it cannot even struggle under their weight. So, too, while exorbitant transportation charges and the plunder of markets reduce the price received by the purchaser, they also enhance the price charged the consumer.

"In order to fully understand how greatly and vexatiously prices are affected by these privileges, we must follow the history of each article of consumption and see at how many points and from how many directions even the simplest of these is made to contribute to their extortions. Take the coat on the farmer's or the laborer's back; the price of the wool is made higher by the load of debt the grower must incur for the use of wealth in the raising of sheep, the price or rent of land, the interest charged upon his debt, taxation levied to build railroads, the exorbitant rates demanded by these for carrying the wool to the manufacturer, and the plunder by speculators or trusts on its way. The manufacturer, too, must add to the price of the cloth in order to support the debt he must incur in its manufacture, together with the interest upon that debt, the rent or price of land upon which his factory is situated, exorbitant transportation charged for the bringing of the wool to his factory, and the plunder of speculators and trusts. This same process of addition must be continued by the clothing manufacturer, the jobber, the wholesale merchant and the retail dealer, as the cloth or the finished product passes in turn into the hands of each on its way to the consumer; and the greater the plunder or privilege, the more exorbitant must be the prices charged at each step. The final price paid by the consumer is thus out of all proportion to what it should or would be, were industry not in this manner, at every step, the prey of privilege. Trace any article of food or clothing, or other use, through its passage from the raw to the final consumable shape, the result will be the same; and it can at once be seen how wide is the field of operation, how fruitful is the field of plunder for privilege."

[Continued next week.]
There is nothing that causes women greater discomfort and misery than the constantly recurring headache. Men suffer less with headache. "My wife's health was very indifferent, having headache continually, and just two packages of Simmons Liver Regulator released her from all headache and gave tone and vigor to her whole system. I have never regretted its use."—M. B. DeBord, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

NEWS NOTES.
The 54th session of congress met on Monday, Dec. 24, at noon. The newly elected members in both houses were sworn in. The senate simply met and adjourned without transacting any business except the swearing in of new members. The house of representatives proceeded to organize by the election of officers and drawing of seats. Thomas B. Reed of Maine was elected speaker by a majority of 102 votes over all other candidates. The Republicans organized the house entire in accordance with their caucus nominations.

Indianapolis had a \$600,000 fire on Dec. 3d. Seven or eight great business establishments were destroyed. The fire was caused by the breaking down of the third floor of a wholesale grocery store under the great weight of goods piled on it.

In the Anglo-Venezuelan imbroglio, for the settlement of which Secretary Olney made a proposition to Salisbury to arbitrate the matter, John Bull promptly refused to entertain the proposition. Venezuela is in a state of insurrection against the present Crespo administration.

The Populist U. S. senators have agreed to stand together to prevent any reorganization of the senate this term. If an effort is made by the Republicans to reorganize the Populists have agreed to place candidates of their own in nomination and stand by them to the end. The Populist senators are, Allen, Kyle, Peffer, Butler, Jones and Stewart of Nevada.

C. F. Edmunds is sergeant at the soldiers' home at Roseburg, and keeps the boys at work tilling the ground, planting crops, etc. There are about 70 inmates now, and the number keeps increasing.

Roseburg Review: Married.—At the residence of the groom on Stephens street, in Roseburg, Dec. 1, 1895, P. C. Ream and Miss Edith C. Lennox, Rev. G. W. Black officiating. Mr. Ream is the well-known and gentlemanly manager of the Coos bay stage company, and his bride is one of Roseburg's popular young ladies, a daughter of David Lennox, of Brockway. The happy couple have many friends who wish them much joy.



GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.

EVERY PACKAGE Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Phila., Pa.

"Where does this road go?" asked the stranger who was taking a ride on the elevated railway. "It goes eventually into the hands of a receiver," replied the gloomy passenger sitting next to him, who happened to be a stockholder in the road.

Changing her tune—"How is Miss Strongmud coming on? I don't hear of her advocating woman's rights anymore." "She has quit the woman's rights business and taken up with woman's lefts. She has married a widower."

Lad of 10—I say, pa, what is the meaning of those numbers at the bottom of every picture? Look at this one, "Shakespeare, 153." Perplexed father (who has never been in a gallery before)—Oh!—ah!—I expect that is his telephone number.

An appropriate keepsake.—"I presume you carry a memento of some sort in that pocket of yours?" "Precisely; it is a lock of my husband's hair." "But your husband is still alive!" "Yes, sir; but his hair is all gone."

BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM FOLLOWED BY DR. MILLER'S NERVE PLASTERS.

PATENTS

NOTICE TO INVENTORS.

There was never a time in the history of our country when the demand for inventions and improvements in the arts and sciences generally was so great as now. The conveniences of mankind in the factory and workshop, the household, on the farm, and in official life, require continual accessions to the appurtenances and implements of each in order to save labor, time and expense. The political change in the administration of government does not affect the progress of the American inventor, who being on the alert and ready to perceive the existing deficiencies, does not permit the affairs of the government to deter him from quickly conceiving the remedy to overcome existing discrepancies. Too great care cannot be exercised in choosing a competent and skillful attorney to prepare and prosecute an application for patent. Valuable interests have been lost and destroyed in innumerable instances by the employment of incompetent counsel, and especially in this advice applicable to those who adopt the "No patent, no pay" system. Inventors who entrust their business to this class of attorneys do so at imminent risk, as the breadth and strength of the patent is never considered in view of a quick endeavor to get an allowance and obtain the fee then due. THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, John Wedderburn, General Manager, 618 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., representing a large number of important daily and weekly papers, as well as general periodicals of the country, was instituted to protect its patrons from the unsafe methods heretofore employed in this line of business. The said company is prepared to take charge of all patent business entrusted to it for reasonable fees, and prepares and prosecutes applications generally, including mechanical inventions, design patents, trade-marks, labels, copyrights, interferences, infringements, validity reports, and gives especial attention to rejected cases. It is also prepared to enter into competition with any firm in securing foreign patents.

Write for instructions and advice. PHILIP W. AVIBERT, [P. O. Box 385.] 618 F Street, Washington, D. C.

OUR NEW CLUBBING OFFERS!

Special Inducements to Subscribers--Best and Cheapest.

The "Herald" and Your Choice at the Price Stated Below.

THE HERALD has made clubbing arrangements with the following publications, as stated below. We take pleasure in presenting to our patrons and others these exceedingly fine offers, viz:

The Weekly Examiner, of San Francisco (\$1.50), and the Coquille City Herald (\$2), both for one year for \$2.75.
The Weekly Call, of San Francisco (\$1.50), and the HERALD (\$2), both for one year for \$2.75.
The Thrice-a-Week World, of New York (\$1), and the HERALD (\$2), both for one year for \$2.25.

The Twice-a-Week Traveller, of Boston—12 pages each week, (\$1)—and the HERALD, both for one year for only \$2.
THE FARM, HOUSEHOLD AND LITERARY.

The Rural Northwest, of Portland, Or., a splendid local agricultural and horticultural journal (semi-monthly, 50 cts.), and the HERALD (\$2), both one year for \$2.
The Home and Farm, of Louisville, Ky., (50 cts.), and the HERALD (\$2), both one year for only \$2.10.

Womankind, a handsome, attractive, monthly home paper (50 cents), the Farm News, a practical farm paper, monthly, (50 cents), and the HERALD (\$2), all one year for only \$2.
Word and Works, of St. Louis, Mo., including to each subscriber the Word and Works Almanac and Hand-Book, a useful and handsome publication (both \$1.25), and the HERALD (\$2), the three for only \$2.50.

Every Where, the famous poet Will Carleton's charming literary and illustrated monthly (50 cents), and the HERALD (\$2), both one year for \$2.
POPULIST PAPERS AND POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Road, of Denver, Col., (\$1), an 8-page weekly worth double the price, and the HERALD (\$2), both for one year for \$2.15.
The Silver Knight, of Washington City, Senator Stewart's great paper (\$1), and the HERALD (\$2), both one year for \$2.35.

Our Nation's Crisis, Gov. Waite's paper, of Denver, Col. (50 cts.), and the HERALD (\$2), both one year for \$2.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE CLUBBING RATES FOR PAPERS, We have concluded to offer the following books as premiums for cash subscribers:



Coin's Financial School, price 25 cents, and Coin's Hand-Book, price 10 cents, and one year's subscription to the HERALD, all for \$2.
[COIN'S FINANCIAL SCHOOL, by W. H. HARVEY; illustrated, 100 pages and 64 illustrations. It simplifies the financial subject so that an ordinary schoolboy can understand it. It is the text book of the masses, absolutely reliable as to facts and figures, and the most interesting and entertaining book on the subject of money published. COIN'S HANDBOOK, by W. H. HARVEY; deals with the elementary principles of money and statistics.]
Shylock, price 25 cents, and The Anarchists of Wealth, price 10 cents, and the HERALD one year, all for \$2.

In reference to the above publications, it is necessary to say but little. Everybody knows what magnificent papers the "Examiner" and "Call" of San Francisco are, as also the Thrice-a-Week New York World and Twice-a-Week Boston Traveller—each of which are worth the price asked. The Home and Farm is a splendid agricultural and family journal, large 16-page paper, and of itself worth the price of both papers. Womankind is a most attractive and entertaining home monthly, heartily welcomed by and instructive to the mothers and daughters; and the Farm News is edited by a staff of experienced agricultural writers, is handsomely printed, and contains what the practical farmer wants. Word and Works is Rev. Irll Hicks' paper of St. Louis. This is a scientific journal and is full of excellent reading matter. The Almanac, given with the paper, contains 100 pages of forecasts and other useful information and is a valuable book.

The Road is a large, wide-a-wide Populist paper, published by "middle-of-the-road" Herbert George, of Denver, Col. Of The Silver Knight it is only necessary to say that it is Senator Stewart's fearless paper, and is published in Washington City. Our Nation's Crisis is best advertised by saying that it is owned and edited by Gov. Waite, Colorado's great Populist governor, the War-horse of the Rockies. It is good reading. The Rural Northwest is an Oregon farm journal, and is clean and well managed. It will be worth the price we charge for both papers to any farmer in Coos county.

These Club Rates, of course, imply payment in advance. We can only make these splendid terms where cash is paid in advance.

FOR THE "Great Revelation of Monetary Sin," SHYLOCK,

Apply at this office. Also for the supplement to SHYLOCK, entitled

The Anarchists of Wealth,

"An exposure of the plot of the Red-Shield (Rothschild) to destroy a Republic." One is a 25-cent book, the other a 10-cent book; but we have made arrangements with the publishers by which 25 cents will buy both, or both will be given free to a cash subscriber to the HERALD for one year.



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BANDON, OREGON.
Furnishes best goods on the market, home-spun and foreign. Latest fashions.
Artistic Tailoring - a Specialty.
All kinds of work will receive careful attention. Prices reasonable.
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.