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Coquille City Herald.

VOL. 14. COQUILLE CITY, OREGON, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1895. NO. 5.

WALTER CULIN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
Coquille City, Or.

O. E. SMITH.
Surgeon Dentist,
office
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.
v1n1.

J. W. BENNETT,
Attorney at Law,
Marshfield, - - - Oregon.

JOHN F. HALL
Attorney at Law and
Real Estate Agent,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

C. A. SEHLBREDE,
ATTORNEY at LAW
Roseburg, Oregon.
Special attention to matters before the Roseburg land office, the commissioner of the general land office and secretary of the interior at Washington.

DR. T. HOLDEN
DENTIST.
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.
OFFICE in the Hutcheson Building adjoining the Bank.

I. O. G. T.—Neal Dow Lodge, No. 25, Meets in Coquille City every Tuesday evening. All members in good standing cordially invited. BIRD NOSLER, C. T.
J. H. James, Secretary.

F. A. & I. U.

COQUILLE F. A. & I. U. meets every second and fourth Thursday nights in each month in Coquille City, Coos county, Oregon.
MRS. LENA JOHNSON, Sec.

Bandon F. A. and I. U.
Meets every second and fourth Friday nights in each month at Bandon, Coos county, Or. E. G. GROVER, Sec.

Sumner F. A. and I. U.
Meets at Alliance hall on the second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month.
WM. RASON, Sec.

RIVERTON F. A. & I. U. meets in its new hall at Riverton every first and third Saturday evenings of each month.
O. A. KELLY, Sec.

SOUTH FORK F. A. & I. U., No. 230, meets every second Saturday at 2 p m. Brothers of other lodges in good standing are invited to attend with us.
B. E. HAMPTON, secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Coquille Lodge No. 53
Meets at Coquille City every Saturday evening. Visiting brethren, in good standing, cordially invited.
C. W. WHITE, N. G.
J. S. LAWRENCE, R. S.

Coquille Encampment,
No 25 I. O. O. F.
Meets first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Cordial invitation to visiting patriarchs in good standing. J. S. LAWRENCE, C. P.
G. F. Boutell Scribe.

Chadwick Lodge, No. 68
A. F. and A. M.,
Meets at their hall on Saturday evening on or before full moon in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
C. W. WHITE, W. M.
T. R. Willard, Sec.

G. A. R.
Gen. Lytle Post No. 27,
Meets at Coquille City, on every first Wednesday. Visiting comrads, in good standing, cordially invited.
JOHN MOLRIS, Commander.
H. H. NICHOLS, Adjutant.

Coquille Fishermans' UNION
Randolph Oregon,
Will meet every fourth Saturday in each month till further notice. All members in good standing cordially invited to attend.

JUMPED! SEE?
LOTS AT BANDON, 43 x 125 feet, in the vicinity of the parade ground, for $125 each. Only a few lots at this price. For particulars inquire at the HERALD office.

FOR SALE.

240 ACRES of land on Cunningham creek, 4 miles from Coquille City, the n w ¼ and n ½ of the sw ¼, sec 16, twp 28 s, r 12 w, covered with a fine body of fir timber. Price—$6 per acre; terms easy.
ALSO,
240 ACRES, what is known as North Prairie, 4 miles east of Langlois P. O.; a No 1 stock ranch, plenty of out range. Price—$5 per acre; will take in exchange valley property. Inquire of
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Correspondence promptly attended to. Our commission 3 per cent of sales. Our motto is, Live and Let Live.
48 tf] B. B. PAULL & CO.

Photographs!
Gallery six doors east of I. O. O. F. Hall. Samples and prices in gallery.
C. WILKINS, Photo.

Union Labor Column.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE LABORER

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The following compose the County Central Committee of the People's Party of Coos county, Oregon:

Dist. No. 1—Wm. Phillips, Empire City.
" " 2—A. M. Collver, Marshfield.
" " 3—O. A. Kelly, Riverton.
" " 4—L. T. Weekly, Gravel Ford.
" " 5—J. H. Matheny, Myrtle Point
" " 6—Jas. West, Bandon.
JAS. WEST, Chairman, Bandon.
W. PHILLIPS, Secretary, Empire City

Before the law was written down with parchment or with pen;
Before the law made citizens, the moral law made men.
Law stands for human rights, but when it fails those rights to give,
Then let law die, my brother, but let human beings live.
—Rev. Miller Hageman.

STOCKWELL'S BAD BOY.

How Bankers Ride in Carriages While Citizens Walk.

Pa, what is a citizen?

Why a citizen is a—a-hem—a man—I mean—why anybody is a citizen; why do you ask?

I saw in the paper just now an account of a procession, where it says: The bankers were in carriages and citizens on foot."

O yes, well, of course the bankers were in carriages.

Are bankers a lower order of human beings, pa?

No, my son, they are looked up to by everybody. Why do you ask such a foolish question?

I did not know there could be any higher distinction than that of citizen.

A-hem—I mean—bankers are rich you know.

You said "of course the bankers were in carriages," why should they be?

Oh! they are rich and able to ride, then they always wear very fine clothes and if they should walk down in the crowd they would get their shoes dirty and their clothes and silk hats dusty and that would be extremely disagreeable to their sensitive natures.

So that is the reason they ride, is it?

Yes, my son, then they would have to smell the sweatty, dust-begrimed workmen, if they walked, and that would be extremely disagreeable to their olfactories.

Pa, what do bankers do that makes them so much better than other people?

Oh! they manage finances, lend money, take care of our funds for us, etc.

Where do they get their money to lend and who borrows it?

They get it from the government and they lend it to farmers and business men—in fact to any-body that wants to push business and develop the country.

What do they pay the government for the money they get of it?

One per cent per annum.

What do they charge business men for the same money?

They average to receive about eight per cent for it.

Why do you say average?

Oh, because they don't get the same rate everywhere; in New England where money is plenty the banks lend money for six per cent; here they get eight per cent, while out in Kansas and some parts of the west where money is scarce they charge ten per cent for it.

In other words, pa, the greater necessities the more the bankers charge them for the use of this money.

Yes, my son, exactly so.

Now, pa, our government lets bankers have the money at one per cent or almost nothing, to lend to business men for as much as they extort from them.

As I explained, they charge all they can get.

It also lets them manage the finances and under their management money is so scarce that men cannot meet their bills and hundreds of them are failing every week.

Yes, my son, it's awful.

Haven't the banks got any money?

Yes, my son, piles of it.

Why don't they let men have it that need it to meet their obligations? I heard a wealthy man say just now that no one could borrow a dollar from the banks, and unless he could do so he must fail and lose what he had.

Well, my son, bankers always make money, and the shrewdest ones make more during a panic than any other time.

Why do they pa?

Because they get piles of property for half price.

Now, pa, I can understand why "bankers in carriages and citizens on foot" describe the personnel of our great processions.

How do you account for it, my son?

Easy enough, pa; bankers are made of better mud than we citizens.

Sh! You are drifting toward anarchy. Remember, Pope says: "Whatever is, is right." Bankers have always fared better than common people, and I suppose they always will.

Pa, don't you believe such rot, to let a man who has $50,000 in bonds have money for nothing, and refuse it to a $50,000 farmer is rank injustice, and no government in this enlightened age can long exist under such conditions. Bankers in carriages and citizens on foot. Bah! There's a 40,000 candle-power calcium light shining upon this question, and when it is settled and Mr. Citizen sees how he has been robbed and who robbed him, there will be such a re-adjustment as will make Mr. Banker weep.

My son, it is my solemn duty to admonish you to avoid the heresies of the People's party. [Reaches for trunk strap and boy. Tableau.]

THE U. S. SUPREME COURT

Decided that Congress Can Make Greenbacks a Legal Tender---In Times of War or Times of Peace.

In 1884 the supreme court of the United States rendered the following decision, declaring that congress has the power to make greenbacks full legal tender in time of war or peace. Let us plant our feet squarely upon that decision and demand that congress issue full legal tender greenbacks enough to increase our circulation to $50 per capita, in accordance with the demands of the Omaha Platform. *Brothers, are you with us?* The following is the summing up of

THE DECISION.

Congress, as the legislature of a sovereign nation, being expressly empowered by the constitution "to lay and collect taxes, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States," and "to borrow money on the credit of the United States" and "to coin money and to regutate the value thereof and of foreign coins;" and being clearly authorized, as incidental to the exercise of these great powers, to emit bills of credit, to charter national banks, and to provide a national currency for the whole people, in the form of coin, treasury notes, and national-bank bills; and the power to make the notes of the government a legal tender in payment of private debts being one of the powers belonging to sovereignty in other civilized nations, and not expressly withheld from congress by the constitution, we are irresistibly impelled to the conclusion that the impressing upon the treasury notes of the United States the quality of being a legal tender in payment of private debts is an appropriate means, conducive and plainly adapted to the execution of the undoubted powers of congress, consistent with the letter and spirit of the constitution and therefore, within the meaning of that instrument, "necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States."

Such being our conclusion in matter of law, the question whether at any particular time, in war or in peace, the exigency is such, by reason of unusual and pressing demands on the resources of the government or of the inadequacy of the supply of gold and silver coin to furnish the currency needed for the uses of the government and of the people, that it is, as a matter of fact, wise and expedient to resort to this means, is a political question to be determined by congress when the question of exigency arises and not a judicial question to be afterwards passed upon by the courts. To quote once more from the judgment of McCulloch vs. Maryland: "Where the law is not prohibited, and is really calculated to effect any of the objects intrusted to the government, to undertake here to inquire into the degree of its necessity would be to pass the line which circumscribes the judicial department and to tread on legislative ground." (4 Wheat., 423).

It follows that the act of May 31, 1868, Chapter 146, is constitutional and valid, and that the circuit court rightly held that the tender in treasury notes, reissued and kept in circulation under that act, was a tender of lawful money in payment of the defendant's debt to the plaintiff.

Judgment affirmed.

Somebody's Weeping To-Day.

[Written for the HERALD.]

Sunbeams are dancing upon the light air,
The mists catch their smilec and away;
The birds are rejoicing regardless of care—
Yet somebody's weeping today.
Chorus—

Somebody's hopes have resolved into fears,
Somebody's steps gone astray;
Somebody's laughter has melted to tears—
Somebody's weeping today.

Voices of children fall softly and sweet
As they daily and dance by the way;
Our hearts for a covert—a holy retreat—
Yet children are weeping today.
CHORUS—Somebody's hopes, etc.

How cheerful the lovers, how fervent the bliss
Enthralling two hearts in its sway;
Caresses at morn, and at even a kiss—
Yet lovers are weeping today.
CHORUS—Somebody's hopes, etc.

Forget not, when joy beats a tune in the heart
And beautiful flowers strew the way,
An arrow has flown from a merciless dart,
And somebody's weeping today.
CHORUS—Somebody's hopes, etc.

E. B. PRICE.

Riverton, Or., Aug. 1895.

Mrs. E. E. Davis, of San Miguel, Cal., says: "I am trying in a measure to repay the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the great good their remedy has done me. For years I was a constant sufferer from weak lungs and bronchial asthma. My rest at night was disturbed by a hacking cough, so that I felt miserable the greater part of the time. Many remedies recommended by friends were tried, none of which proved suitable to my case. I did not experience any beneficial results until I began taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. After two bottles of the large size have been used I am pleased to state, my health is better than it has been for years. The soreness has left my lungs and chest and I can breathe easily. It has done me so much good that I want all who are suffering from lung troubles, as I was, to give it a trial." For sale by Dr. S. L. Leneve, druggist.

Thought it Soft.

Last week a Lewistown (Pa.) girl found a package of love letters in an old trunk that had been written to her mother by her father before they had been married. The dutiful daughter saw that she could have a little sport, and read them to her mother, substituting her own name for that of her mother and her fine young man for that of her father. The mother fairly raved and seemed utterly disgusted and forebade her daughter having anything to do with a young man who would write such sickening nonsensical stuff to a girl. She then handed the letters to her mother to read and the house became so still and the atmosphere so oppressive that the grass could be heard growing in the back yard.—Free Press.

The postmaster-general offers the following rewards for the arrest and conviction of persons interfering with the United States mail: One thousand dollars reward for persons robbing railway mail trains, $500 for mail stages, $250 for attempting to rob the mails, $100 for robbing postoffices where loss is between $100 and $600, and $250 for robbing postoffices by blowing open the safe.

We have the rarest offer yet of a dairy farm for sale. It has 294½ acres—80 acres hill land cleared; 50 acres of bottom land, mostly cleared; 230 first-class fruit trees, all bearing; ½ mile from Coquille river, ½ mile from school, 11 miles from Coquille City, 9 miles from Bandon and 11 from Myrtle Point. Crop and farming utensils go with the place; some hogs, cattle and sheep also—if sold soon.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

New York Tribune: The oleomargarine factory of the Earl of Jersey, near London, turns out 5000 pounds of oleomargarine every week. It was the London Saturday Review which once called oleomargarine "that American crime against humanity and the cow," but it would probably regard "Jersey" oleomargarine as the proper thing.

"It was by bein' too tenderhearted that I got here," explained the gentleman behind the bars. "Stud of takin' all the feller had I left him enough to hire a lawyer and a jury on."

Reader, did you ever take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" Everybody needs take a liver remedy. It is a sluggish or diseased liver that impairs digestion and causes constipation, when the waste that should be carried off remains in the body and poisons the whole system. That dull, heavy feeling is due to a torpid liver. Biliousness, Headache, Malaria and Indigestion are all liver diseases. Keep the liver active by an occasional dose of Simmons Liver Regulator and you'll get rid of these troubles, and give tone to the whole system. For a laxative Simmons Liver Regulator is BETTER THAN PILLS. It does not gripe, nor weaken, but greatly refreshes and strengthens.

Every package has the Red Z stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

"I don't understand this bill, Mr. Katerer. I do not remember ordering any ice-cream from you." "It was at Mrs. Watkins' reception, ma'am. You and your daughter ate a quart. The Watkinses have been unable to pay the bill, and I'm trying to collect it of those who really got the stuff."

Lawyer—Your case would have been stronger, Mr. McGuire, if you had acted only on the defensive. But you struck first. If you had let him strike you first you would have had the law on your side. Mr. McGuire—Yis. Oi'd had th' law on moy soide, but Oi'd 'a had him on moy stomach a pounding th' loife out av me.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

She—I wonder why Eve was not created before Adam? He—The reason for that is plain enough. The Lord knew if He made woman first, and tried to get a man to suit her, He might as well quit and go fishing.

Mistress—Have you a stranger down there, Bridget? Bridget—N'mum; it's Con Callahan, sure. Oi knew him in the' ould counthry.

PATENTS

NOTICE TO INVENTORS.

There was never a time in the history of our country when the demand for inventions and improvements in the arts and sciences generally was so great as now. The conveniences of mankind in the factory and workshop, the household, on the farm, and in official life, require continual accessions to the appurtenances and implements of each in order to save labor, time and expense. The political change in the administration of government does not affect the progress of the American inventor, who being on the alert and ready to perceive the existing deficiencies, does not permit the affairs of the government to deter him from quickly conceiving the remedy to overcome existing discrepancies. Too great care cannot be exercised in choosing a competent and skillful attorney to prepare and prosecute an application for patent. Valuable interests have been lost and destroyed in innumerable instances by the employment of incompetent counsel, and especially is this advice applicable to those who adopt the "No patent, no pay" system. Inventors who entrust their business to this class of attorneys do so at imminent risk, as the breadth and strength of the patent is never considered in view of a quick endeavor to get an allowance and obtain the fee then due. THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, John Wedderburn, General Manager, 618 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C., representing a large number of important daily and weekly papers, as well as general periodicals of the country, was instituted to protect its patrons from the unsafe methods heretofore employed in this line of business. The said company is prepared to take charge of all patent business entrusted to it for reasonable fees, and prepares and prosecutes applications generally, including mechanical inventions, design patents, trade-marks, labels, copyrights, interferences, infringements, validity reports, and gives especial attention to rejected cases. It is also prepared to enter into competition with any firm in securing foreign patents.

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made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours. Any man, woman, boy, or girl can do the work handily, without experience. Talking unnecessary. Nothing like it for money-making ever offered before. Our workers always prosper. No time wasted in learning the business. We teach you in a night how to succeed from the first hour. You can make a trial without expense to yourself. We start you, furnish everything needed to carry on the business successfully, and guarantee you against failure if you but follow our simple, plain instructions. Reader, if you are in need of ready money, and want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address, and we will mail you a document giving you all the particulars.
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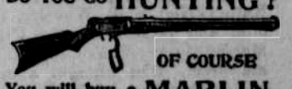

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Honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who served ninety days, or over, in the late war are entitled, if now partially or wholly disabled for ordinary manual labor, whether disability was caused by service or not, and regardless of their pecuniary circumstances.
WIDOWS of such soldiers and sailors are entitled (if not remarried) whether soldiers' death was due to army service or not, if now dependent upon their own labor for support. Widows not dependent upon their own labor are entitled if the soldier's death was due to service.
CHILDREN are entitled (if under 16 years) in almost all cases where there was no widow, or she has since died or remarried.
PARENTS are entitled if soldier left neither widow nor child, provided soldier died in service, or from effects of service, and they are now dependent upon their own labor for support. It makes no difference whether soldier served or died in late war or in regular army or navy.
Soldiers of the late war, pensioned under one law, may apply for higher rates under other laws, without losing any rights.
Thousands of soldiers drawing from $2 to $10 per month under the old law are entitled to higher rates under new law, not only on account of disabilities for which now pensioned, but also for others, whether due to service or not.
Soldiers and sailors disabled in line of duty in regular army or navy since the war are also entitled, whether discharged for disability or not.
Survivors, and their widows, of the Black Hawk, Creek Cherokee, and Seminole or Florida Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, are entitled under a recent act.
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