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C. A. SEHLBREDE, ATTORNEY at LAW, Roseburg, Oregon.

DR. T. HOLDEN, DENTIST, MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

OFFICE in the Hutchison Building adjoining the Bank.

F. A. & I. U. COQUILLE F. A. & I. U. meets every second and fourth Thursday nights in each month in Coquille City, Coos county, Oregon.

Bandon F. A. and I. U. Meets every second and fourth Friday nights in each month at Bandon, Coos county, Or.

Summer F. A. and I. U. Meets at Alliance hall on the second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month.

RIVERTON F. A. & I. U. Meets every second Saturday at 2 p. m. in each month in Riverton, Coos county, Oregon.

SOUTH FORK F. A. & I. U. No. 250, meets every second Saturday at 2 p. m. in each month in South Fork, Coos county, Oregon.

I. O. O. F. Coquille Lodge No. 53 Meets at Coquille City every Saturday evening.

Coquille Encampment, No. 25 I. O. O. F. Meets first and third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows' hall.

Chadwick Lodge, No. 68. A. F. and A. M. Meets at their hall on Saturday evening or before full moon in each month.

Gen. Lytle Post No. 27. Meets at Coquille City, on every first Wednesday.

Coquille Fishermen's UNION Randolph Oregon. Will meet every fourth Saturday in each month till further notice.

JUMPED! SEE? LOTS AT BANDON, 43 x 125 in the vicinity of the parade ground, for \$125 each.

FOR SALE. 240 ACRES of land on Cunningham creek, 4 miles from Coquille City.

240 ACRES, what is known as North Prairie, 4 miles east of Langlois P. O.

B. B. PAULL & CO., REAL ESTATE DEALERS ARAGO, COOS COUNTY, OR.

HAVING had several years experience in the east, we feel confident we can give satisfaction to our patrons.

Photographs! Gallery six doors east of I. O. O. F. Hall.

Union Labor Column.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE LABORER.

PEOPLE'S PARTY. The following compose the County Central Committee of the People's Party of Coos county, Oregon:

Dist. No. 1.—Win. Phillips, Empire City. " 2.—A. M. Galloway, Marshfield.

Before the law was written down with parchment or with pen; Before the law made citizens, the moral law made men.

MAKING ANARCHISTS. The Vanderbilt Divorce Case A Scandal to the Country.

The method by which the Vanderbilt divorce was arranged is a scandal to our jurisprudence.

Worse than that, it is an influence for the degradation of public morals and the breaking down of the popular sense of right and wrong.

Practically Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt divorced themselves. There was no hearing before a court.

The law, rigidly enforced against all ordinary citizens, prescribes that collusion between husband and wife shall be an effectual and peremptory bar to divorce.

Yet this rich man and woman have sent their lawyers into court with a collusive agreement already made; the court has suppressed the evidence agreed to be presented by sending the case to a referee, instead of hearing it in open session.

George G. Merrick, of Colorado, in an able article published in the June, 1894, number of the "American Journal of Politics," makes the following comparison between the prices in 1873 and 1894:

"Fifty bushels of American wheat in 1873, paid as much interest in gold as 117 1/2 pays today.

Colonel Boon, the owner, has received a number of offers for Parnell's hide, but it is probable that a local official of Monterey will stuff and preserve it.

Parnell is the well known lion which killed his keeper at the mid-winter fair in San Francisco, and which recently caused the death of his trainer, George Rooke, in Laredo.

FRADULENT TIME CHECKS. The County Debauched Out of About \$5000 by Bogus Paper.

Portland, May 6.—Unless there is a total failure of present indications a sensation is likely to be sprung soon in the vicinity of the courthouse that will make things decidedly unpleasant for the county officials, and more especially to outside parties who are unknown as yet.

The trouble arises from the forged county road time checks. The public statement that \$5000 worth of fraudulent warrants are out is well calculated to arouse comment.

FOR THE GREED OF GOLD. Kansas' Republican Governor is Under Arrest.

Topeka, Kan., May 6.—Gov. Morrill is to be arrested on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Don't Treat Guests Exactly as if all their time belonged to you, or yours to them.

Depreciation of Farm Products. Gen. A. J. Warner, in an able article on the "Depreciation in the Value of Farm Products," published in the New York Sun, January 12, 1894, says:

"Take first the leading staples, wheat, cotton, corn, oats and hay. The average value of an acre's product of these crops in 1873 was \$15.65; in 1893 for the same quantity of products, \$8.15, a fall of nearly 48 per cent.

"If we take wheat alone the fall has been from \$13.16 to \$6 per acre, or over 54 per cent; and if we take

cotton, the fall has been greater still, or from \$28.01 to \$10.65, or a decline in value of an acre's product, the quantity being the same as for 1873 of 62 per cent. The average acre's value of the crops of 1873 was 85 per cent greater than 1893.

"In 1872 milk cows were worth \$33 each. In 1893 not over \$20 each. The number of cows in 1872 was one to a little less than four of population. In 1893 the number was one to a little more than four of the population, so that relatively to population the number of cows had decreased and their value at the same time had fallen 40 per cent. * * *

At the price of wheat in 1873 the value to the farmers of the crop of 1893 would have been \$455,000,000, instead of \$178,000,000, a difference of \$277,000,000. This would have gone a long way toward paying off mortgages. The corn crop of 1893, at the price of 1873, would have yielded \$660,000,000 instead of \$412,000,000.

"The cotton crop of 1893, at the price of cotton in 1873, would have been worth to the south \$496,000,000, instead of \$184,000,000, its actual value in 1893."

George G. Merrick, of Colorado, in an able article published in the June, 1894, number of the "American Journal of Politics," makes the following comparison between the prices in 1873 and 1894:

"Fifty bushels of American wheat in 1873, paid as much interest in gold as 117 1/2 pays today. Fifty bushels paid as much interest in gold in 1883 as 105 bushels do now. In 1873, 1000 pounds of cotton would exchange for \$180; in 1883, for \$108; in 1893, for \$70. But this is not alone a wheat and cotton and silver question; the inquiry if carried to other matters—land values, the price of lumber, wool, and other products—gives like results, showing a continuous decline in all else but gold."

Five Hundred Thousand Men. Editorial in "Our Dumb Animals."

Our readers will remember that in the leading editorial of our last May number we advocated the employment on great public improvements of the large numbers of laboring men throughout our country who were at the time idle; and among the improvements we named were, in connection with the ship canal now being slowly constructed from the Mississippi river to Chicago, another ship canal from Lake Michigan to Detroit, and another from Lake Erie to the Hudson river.

We are pleased to find, in our daily paper of March 6th, that a bill has been now introduced into the New York legislature to charter a company with a capital of \$150,000,000, to construct a ship canal capable of taking vessels five hundred feet long, sixty feet wide, and twenty-six feet deep, from Lake Erie to the Hudson river; and we prophesy that before long another charter will be asked to construct the other ship canal we suggested from Lake Michigan to Detroit or thereabouts; and that these two improvements will give plenty of work for possibly a hundred thousand men.

Another ship canal, such as we suggested across Florida from the gulf to the St. John's river, and most useful work in raising and strengthening the levees of the lower Mississippi and other southern rivers, would give employment to perhaps a hundred thousand more—and saying nothing of the draining of vast quantities of wet lands, and the irrigating of thousands of square miles of dry lands, and many such needed improvements on various sea coast harbors, breakwaters, etc., there is a gigantic work to be done on American roads to make them half as good as European, sufficient to employ half

a million of idle men, if that number can be obtained to work on them.

There is useful and needed work enough in the United States to employ all the idle men of this country who are willing to work, and there is food enough to feed them and clothing enough to clothe them. All that is wanted is patriotism and common sense enough to set them at work.

If this country was plunged into a war today [which God grant we never again may be] there would not be the slightest difficulty in arming and maintaining in the field 500,000 men for the purpose of killing other men belonging to our own or some other Christian nation.

Gen. T. ANGELL. KILLED BY A MEXICAN BULL. The Man-Eating Lion Parnell Killed Yesterday.

New York, May 6.—A special to the World from Monterey, Mexico, says: Parnell, the man-eating lion, was killed here in the bull ring last night by a Mexican bull. The contest between the bull and the lion was witnessed by 2000 persons. It was a thoroughly brutal affair.

Parnell fought a bull here two weeks ago, getting rather the worst of the battle. Last night, instead of meeting the bull in its first mad dash, as it was expected he would, he turned aside and avoided him again and again. The bull continued on the offensive, but the lion never returned the attack, except when the closeness of the combat was such that he could not avoid it. Twice he made vicious grabs at the bovine's nose, so that it was streaming with blood, though the blood was due in part to the bull dashing his nose on the ground in attempts to get his horns low enough to toss his adversary.

The one-sided combat lasted one hour. The lion's injuries must have been internal, as, notwithstanding the terrible tossing he received, his tough hide did not seem to have been punctured by the bull's horns.

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FOR THE BLOOD



Just now everybody is thinking about taking something for the blood. A Spring medicine as we speak of it. And it's a good thing to do, but you want to get the proper medicine.

Take a GOOD LIVER MEDICINE and that, because the liver has everything to do with the blood. If the liver is sluggish the system is clogged, the blood becomes impure, and the whole body suffers.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. It does its work well, and tones up the whole system. It's "Better than this," and can be had in liquid or powder.

It is a Republican paper—the N. Y. Press—that accuses Republican members of the N. Y. legislature of having accepted bribes.

The Baltimore conference of the Methodist Episcopal church has decided, by a vote of 11 to 65, against the proposal to elect women as delegates to the general conference.

Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army, having renounced Queen Victoria, is now a citizen of the United States. He prefers being a citizen of the great republic to being a subject of Great Britain.

BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plaster.

The verdict of the coroner's jury called to inquire into the cause of the death of Mrs. Clara Etta Maywald and her two children, the bodies of whom were found in Powder river, near Sampter, Saturday, April 27th, expresses the opinion that the rash act of Mrs. Maywald was forced upon her by the cruel treatment of her husband.

This paper and the twice-a-week New York World all for only \$2.25.

PATENTS NOTICE TO INVENTORS.

There was never a time in the history of our country when the demand for inventions and improvements in the arts and sciences generally was so great as now.

The conveniences of mankind in the factory and workshop, the household, on the farm, and in official life, require continual accessions to the appliances and implements of each in order to save labor, time and expense. The political change in the administration of government does not affect the progress of the American inventor, who being on the alert and ready to perceive the existing deficiencies, does not permit the affairs of the government to deter him from quickly conceiving the remedy to overcome existing discrepancies.

Too great care cannot be exercised in choosing a competent and skillful attorney to prepare and prosecute an application for patent. Valuable interests have been lost and destroyed in innumerable instances by the employment of incompetent counsel, and especially in this advice applicable to those who adopt the "No patent, no pay" system.

Inventors who entrust their business to this class of attorneys do so at imminent risk, as the breadth and strength of the patent is never considered in view of a quick endeavor to get an allowance and obtain the fee then due.

THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, John Wedderburn, General Manager, 618 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C., representing a large number of important daily and weekly papers, as well as general periodicals of the country, was instituted to protect its patrons from the unsafe methods heretofore employed in this line of business.

The said company is prepared to take charge of all patent business entrusted to it for reasonable fees, and prepares and prosecutes applications generally, including mechanical inventions, design patents, trade-marks, labels, copyrights, interferences, infringements, validity reports, and gives special attention to rejected cases. It is also prepared to enter into competition with any firm in securing foreign patents.

Write for instructions and advice. PHILIP W. AVIRETT, [P. O. Box 385.] 618 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Award. Subscribe for the Examiner and get a chance in the great drawing.

Herald and Rural Northwest for \$2. We offer a valuable premium to our subscribers who are interested in the farm, fruit-growing and stock, without extra cost; in other words, \$3 for \$2—two papers for the price of one.

"3000 PARCELS OF MAIL" FREE FOR 10-CENT STAMPS. (Including price \$60, your address if received within 30 days will be for 1 year body printed on gummed labels. Our Director guaranteeing \$25,000 in prizes, from publishers and manufacturers, probably, thousands of dollars in samples, magazines, etc., printed on gummed labels. We will send you 3000 parcels of mail, if you send us 10-cent stamps. We will send you 3000 parcels of mail, if you send us 10-cent stamps. We will send you 3000 parcels of mail, if you send us 10-cent stamps.

WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY CO., No 262 Girard and Frankford avenues, Philadelphia, Pa.

COOS BAY Marble and Stone Works C. W. PATERSON, Prop.

Manufacturer of Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, etc. Cemetery lots enclosed with stone coping or curbing. Iron railings properly placed to order.

120 DOLLARS PER MONTH IN YOUR OWN LOCALITY made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours.

DO YOU GO HUNTING? OF COURSE YOU WILL BUY A MARLIN. BECAUSE It has a solid top—Fractureless. It is light weight—Comfort. It is light weight—Comfort.

TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

PENSIONS

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY PHILIP W. AVIRETT, General Manager.

P. O. Box 463, Washington, D. C. Honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who served ninety days, or over, in the late war are entitled, if now partially or wholly disabled for ordinary manual labor, whether disability was caused by service or not, and regardless of their pecuniary circumstances, to receive pensions.

CHILDREN are entitled (if under 16 years) in almost all cases where there was no widow, or she has since died or remarried. PARENTS are entitled if soldier left neither widow nor child, provided soldier died in service, or from effects of service, and they are now dependent upon their own labor for support. It makes no difference whether soldier served or died in late war or in regular army or navy.

Soldiers of the late war, pensioned under one law, may apply for higher rates under other laws, without losing any rights. Thousands of soldiers drawing from \$2 to \$10 per month under the old law are entitled to higher rates under new law, not only on account of disabilities for which now pensioned, but also for others, whether due to service or not.

Soldiers and sailors disabled in line of duty in regular army or navy since the war are also entitled, whether discharged for disability or not. Survivors of such soldiers and sailors are entitled (if not remarried) whether soldier's death was due to army service or not, if now dependent upon their own labor for support. Widows not dependent upon their own labor are entitled if the soldier's death was due to service.

MEXICAN WAR SOLDIERS and their widows also entitled, if 62 years of age or disabled or dependent. Old claims completed and settlement obtained, whether pension has been granted under later laws or not. Ejected claim re-opened and settlement secured, if rejection improper or illegal. Certificates of service and discharge obtained for soldiers and sailors of the late war who have lost their original papers.

Send for laws and information. No charge for advice. No fee unless successful. THE PRESS CLAIMS CO., PHILIP W. AVIRETT, General Manager, Washington, D. C.

Look Here! COME A-RUNNING!

Great Bargains in Real Estate! The LEHNHERR addition to Myrtle Point has been recently placed and placed on the market, and is offered so cheap and on such easy terms that parties wishing to purchase property in the beautiful town of Myrtle Point should take a look at this addition before purchasing elsewhere.

East Marshfield, The coming R.R. Center of Coos County.

Lots are now on the Market. For further information apply to the COOS BAY LAND COMPANY At East Marshfield, Oregon