

After reading our North Carolina article, in this week's issue, our Coos county resident cannot help but draw a comparison and mark the contrast between the features of that section and ours. The most noted contrast perhaps is in the difference of temperature and the corresponding affect upon the climate of the two sections.

The growth of grass and vegetables ends there in October, and commences again in April; here, the grass grows during the entire year, and fresh garden stuffs are to be had in mid winter.

The writer sends us an interesting account of an excursion to the top of the "Grandfather." The party consisted of many of the relatives and former acquaintances of some of the readers of the HERALD who live in Coos county, among whom we notice the names of the Misses Sue Mast, Vinney Starrill, Nannie Flinnery and Mrs. J.C. Shall, and Messrs. N. T. Mast, J. W. Trivett, A. M. Mast, Jeff Brown and A. L. Harman.

The gathering of balsam, of which the writer makes mention, together with the tar, turpentine and resin industry, forms an important feature connected with the products of their "land of the sky," and reminds us of the certain source of untold wealth in our own forests, that we have not as yet begun to take advantage of.

The cold wave that has been visiting every other part of the country, struck us last Tuesday. At the time we went to press last week it was raining which soon turned into snow, but it melted as fast as it fell till night.

The Acme Electric Belt leads the van in perfection and price. Remember it is warranted to give full satisfaction. It equalizes the circulation, gives instant relief from pain and nervousness, and Speedily Cures wakefulness, spasms and all nervous diseases, disorders of the liver, kidneys, stomach, bowels; neuralgia, lumbago, incipient paralysis, colic, coldness of hands and feet, backache, spinal weakness, male infirmities, female complaints and general debility.

A terrible snow storm was reported from England and Scotland on the 16th inst.

Chinese have been reduced to begging at Victoria, and frequent thefts are reported.

Against Mongols.—New York, March 14.—The United Workingmen's Club, of Elizabeth, N. J., a manufacturing city ten miles from here, distributed thousands of circulars to citizens asking in the name of the united labor to discontinue patronizing Chinese laundries in the city, and give their work to deserving widows of workmen.

Ireland's Prospects.—London, March 18.—Mr. O'Brein, presiding over a meeting of Irishmen at St. George's hall in Bradford last evening, made a speech in which he said Ireland's prospects were never brighter than now and it would not be the fault of the Parnellites if the most promising chance of affecting the reconciliation of two peoples should wantonly and wickedly be sacrificed.

The Cut Rates.—San Francisco, March 17.—Rates were unchanged to-day, and the belief is that the bottom has been reached. There were but few purchasers. There were no rumors of the prospect of immediate cessation of war. However, the low freight rates have stimulated the interior merchants to buy direct of Eastern dealers.

Indian Surrender.—Washington, March 17.—Information received by the war department from General Crook shows the reports of Geronimo's refusal to surrender are entirely imaginative. Crook says he has not left his station at Bowie. He has not seen Geronimo. Crook reports in a telegram received yesterday that he would leave in a day or two for San Bernardino, to meet the Indians and arrange for a surrender. The journey will take several days.

A dispatch of the 16th says the sub-committee in the house ways and means committee will report in favor of abrogating the Hawaiian treaty. This is to be hoped, as it will be the means of starting all over the northwest coast the manufacture of beet-root sugar, and will bring about a revival of business that will be lasting. This will only lack the removal of the revenue on alcohol made from sugar beets to put the business square on its feet, and congress has this also under consideration. As this alcohol cannot be converted into drinkable liquor, it is no more than right that it should have the revenue taken off.

Temperance Riot.—Sioux City, Ia., March 15.—The climax of a feud between the Temperance Alliance and the saloon-keepers of Correctionville, a small town in this county, was reached last night when the temperance people raided the saloon of one Dolan, and emptied the contents of sixteen barrels of beer and whiskey into the gutter. Dolan and his friends made but little resistance. This morning Dolan came to Sioux City, and is preparing to have the parties who raided his place indicted by the Grand Jury now in session. The action of the Alliance folks has caused a great deal of excitement, and a repetition of violence will no doubt cause bloodshed.

Single circuit belt, \$5; double circuit belt, \$8. J. E. HAGENBUCH, Agent, At Blanco Drug Store, Marshfield, Mo 3m

NOTICE: Sealed proposals will be received by the board of councilmen of the town of Coquille City until Saturday March 27th at 5 o'clock p. m. for the construction of a city jail plans and specifications to be seen at J. A. Collier's. The Board reserve the right to reject any and all bids. W. S. McEwen, Recorder.

School Superintendent's Report.

Marshfield, Coos county, Or., March 17th, 1886.

Prof. E. B. McElroy, Salem Or. Dear Sir:—In answer to your circular requesting information on educational matters in this county, I make the following condensed report:

1. Number of persons from 4 to 20 years of age in county. 2496 Actual enrollment in schools 1377 Average daily attendance. 1062

2. There are but few schools in the county supplied with any apparatus whatever, and the total value is but \$305. This includes the dictionaries (six in number), maps, globes, etc.

3. There is no such thing as a school library in the county, although I have tried in the institutes and at other times to interest teachers in this matter. As many of the schools last but three months during each year, the teachers do not have time to become fairly acquainted with the patrons of the school, before they are compelled to seek some other district, and for this reason they do not take as much interest in the welfare of the schools as they would were they to remain a longer time.

4. Much more might be accomplished if directors would take a greater interest in the schools; there are however many exceptions to this. The principal fault to be found with school officers, is that they do not spend sufficient time in the school room.

5. With few exceptions the clerk's reports are defective, especially in the financial statements. I think this might be remedied if each district were obliged to keep a clerk's book, the form of which should be prescribed by law. It should also contain plain directions for making the annual reports. Some districts have no regular book in which to keep a record from year to year of the business of the district and new clerks coming into office fall heir to a multitude of scraps of paper which are supposed to contain the information desired.

6. As a rule, the school houses are warm, comfortable and well ventilated. More fault can be found with the furniture than with the buildings. There is but one small school in the county furnished with suitable iron and wood desks; all others have been made by local mechanics and in nearly every case without any regard to the comfort or health of the pupil.

7. No educational meetings other than the teachers' institutes have been held.

8. In the public examination of teachers, none but the best practical teachers have been employed as examiners. At the private examinations, an effort has been made to make at least as rigid an examination as is made at the public examinations. Many who have taught for several years have failed at both public and private examinations to obtain even a second grade certificate. Both myself and the examiners regret this very much; but the school fund in this county is not so large that the people can afford to spend it in employing teachers who are incompetent.

9. Under needed school legislation, I would suggest that a law allowing teachers full pay for time spent in attending the county teachers' institutes would be productive of much good to the schools.

10. If school superintendents were allowed to grant a third grade certificate of three months' duration for special schools, it would relieve them of the necessity of refusing a certificate to one, who, though not capable of securing a second grade certificate, might be qualified to teach a primary school.

11. Teachers should be required to pass an examination upon the subject of "teaching" not simply to answer a few such questions as occur in the examination list which have but one answer, but such as would compel them to study such as Hart, Phelps, Page, Holbrook and others, who have condensed into a few pages the experiences of a life devoted to the cause of education.

12. During the past two years we have had two teachers' institutes which we feel confident have been productive of much good, nearly every teacher in the county being in attendance at each of them. The success of the same was due to the general co-operation of school officers, parents and teachers as well as many others who, while not directly interested, appreciate the influence institutes exert in preparing teachers for their work.

13. There are but few old teachers in the work. In this county, with few exceptions, the salaries are small and not such as would justify a man in following teaching exclusively as a means of obtaining a living. In the larger towns, however, the prospect is unusually bright, and it can be but a few years till we will have educational institutions that will compare well with other parts of our state more favorably situated.

14. In regard to reviews and examinations; while in many of the larger schools where the work is divided among several teachers, this is generally practiced; I find that in the majority of schools the teacher is occupied so much with the various classes that he seldom takes time to properly review the pupils.

The parents, however, are as much to blame as the teacher, as they judge of the progress made, rather by the number of pages gone over than by the knowledge obtained therefrom.

Of the 44 schools in the county, I have visited during the past year, 34. The schools not visited were either located many miles from the principal roads of travel or held their sessions at some other time than that at which I was in the neighborhood. The distance travelled was about 500 miles. There have been seven new districts organized during the year, making fifty-one at present. The organization of new districts has been stimulated by the new law in regard to apportioning the school fund, which, while it increases the fund of the smaller districts, correspondingly reduces that of the large. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Very Truly Yours, J. T. McCormack, School Supt. of Coos Co.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE: In the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Coos, setting in probate for the transaction of probate business. In the matter of the administration of the estate of A. B. Green deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been, by the above entitled court, duly appointed administrator of the estate of A. B. Green deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to me, with proper vouchers, at my residence near Eckley, Oregon, within six months from this date. E. C. Green, Administrator of the estate of A. B. Green, deceased. Dated this 15 day of March, 1886. Mar. 21.

NOTICE: To all whom it may concern: The undersigned with others have filed their petition with the board of councilmen of the town of Coquille City, Coos county, state of Oregon, on the 19 day of March, 1886, praying that said board pass an ordinance vacating that portion of Collier street in said town described as follows, viz: Beginning at the North East corner of Block No. 57 running thence East nine feet thence in a Southerly direction to a point two feet East of the South East corner of Block No. 57 and whereas said board have set the 22 day of April 1886 at 7 o'clock p. m. of said day at their office in said town as the time and place to consider, whether said portion of said street shall be vacated. Now therefore all persons having interest in the said matter are hereby notified that at said time and place they must make their objections to said proposed ordinance or in default of valid objections the petitioners will move said Board to make and pass said proposed ordinance. Witness our hands this 22 day of March 1886. Gladwick Lodge No. 38, Petitioners. McEwen and others.

SUMMONS: In the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Coos. Imogene Baldie vs. Henry Baldie. To Henry Baldie, Defendant: In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and suit in which Imogene Baldie is plaintiff and you, Henry Baldie, are defendant, on or before the first day of the next regular term of court to be held at the court house in Empire City in said county, commencing on Monday the 24th day of May, A. D., 1886, and if you fail so to appear and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to wit: That the marriage contract existing between the plaintiff and the defendant be dissolved; that the care and custody of the minor children of said marriage be awarded plaintiff, for the costs and disbursements of this suit and for all equitable relief. This summons is published by order of Hon. R. S. Beem, judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for the second judicial district, said order having date the 27th day of February, A. D., 1886. Siglin & Gray, attorneys for plaintiff.

COSTIVENESS

affects seriously all the digestive and assimilative organs, including the Kidneys. When these organs are so affected, they fail to extract from the blood the uric acid, which, carried through the circulation, causes Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

The functions of the Liver are also affected by costiveness, causing

Bilious Disorders. Among the warning symptoms of Biliousness are Nausea, Dizziness, Headache, Weakness, Fever, Dimness of Vision, Yellowness of Skin, Pains in the Side, Back and Shoulders, Foul Mouth, Furred Tongue, Irregularity in the action of the Bowels, Vomiting, etc.

The Stomach suffers when the bowels are constipated, and Indigestion or

Dyspepsia, follows. Fetid Breath, Gastric Pains, Headache, Acidity of the Stomach, Water-brash, Nervousness, and Depression, are all evidences of the presence of this distressing malady. A Sure Relief for Irregularities of the Stomach and all consequent diseases, will be found in the use of

AYER'S PILLS.

They stimulate the stomach, free the bowels, healthfully invigorate the torpid liver and kidneys, and by their cleansing, healing and tonic properties, strengthen and purify the whole system, and restore it to a salutary and normal condition.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

Notice! All those owing James Burke on note or book account will come forward and settle the same with me, they having been placed in my hands for collection. Chas. E. Edwards. My Co. Point. m31-3m

Cottage Saloon, Coquille City, Oregon. Fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Cider for Sale. G. A. Brown, Prop. v4n17

NOTICE: To the Hon. County Court of Coos County, Oregon.

YOUR Petitioners, residents and voters of Randolph precinct, Coos County, State of Oregon representing to your honorable Court that Joseph Waiser will apply for a license to sell spirituous, malt and vinous liquors in quantities less than one gallon at Randolph, in said precinct, at the next term of your said Court, to wit: April the 5th, 1886, respectfully ask that said license be granted to the said Joseph Waiser. J. H. Baldwin, Fred Nystrom, A. Pershaker, John Thrush, H. D. Dalmas, Wilhelm Berry, Jacob Schmidt, Allen D. Wolcott, John Wallstrom, A. Brown, Frank Flann, Ed Fahy, Peter Johnson, Thomas Wells, E. Wetcheil, J. Candlish, J. Morrison, E. W. Fahy, A. H. Hultin, William Anderson, J. W. Perkins, Robert Beattie, Evan Morgan, J. W. Hammerburg, J. S. Winslow, D. J. Lowe, A. T. Tiller, G. W. Tolman, C. F. Helgson, N. Peterson, M. M. Harrison, H. H. H. George, H. G. G. John Hamlock, R. W. Hultall, J. N. Russell, J. Gregg, Albert Machado, Peter Nelson, Andrew Peterson, S. Samerson, John Brown, Jason L. Handelman, Wm. Fairman, C. F. V. von Fager, Thos. P. Hanly, S. R. Charleson, L. Danneberg, E. M. Munchie, Wm. Schroeder, Harry Hanson, J. Parker. Dated March 8th 1886.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Joseph Waiser, will, on Monday the 5th day of April 1886, apply to the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Coos, upon the foregoing petition for a license to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors in less quantities than one gallon within Randolph precinct, in said county, for the period of six months. Joseph Waiser.

Coming, Coming, Coming!!!

COQUILLE CITY!

The coming Town of S. W. Oregon!

Few towns possess the natural advantages that Coquille enjoys, and which will, in the near future, cause it to blossom as the rose. It has a beautiful and pleasant site, being situated, for the most part, on a level plateau on the sunny side of the Coquille River, thirty miles, from the Pacific ocean, which is reached, every day by a four-hours steamer ride. Coquille City is at the center of the converging wagon road system of Coos County, and is at the head of deep-water navigation and in the central part of a vast body of rich, river bottom land, which is the source of all true and enduring prosperity. The country round about is filled with precious metals, minerals and coal to an unparalleled extent, and is covered with a variety of timber that for quantity and quality is not excelled by that of any place on the Coast, if, indeed, equaled. As a dairying and stock-raising country, and a sanitarium for those seeking health, it is bound to come to the front rank. The fishing industry will prove an important factor, while the numerous mills and factories, completed, in course of construction, and contemplated, will make the whole county a buzzing hive of industry and wealth. Coquille City is in the center, is the most eligible and will enjoy all. Its school, church, and society advantages are second to none in the county. Building material is cheaper at this point than at any other in the county. It has the advantages of a corporation, and is to soon have a mountain stream of water run through it for protection against fire. Property reasonable. J. A. DEAN, AGENT, Coquille City. M. J. McDONALD, PROP., San Francisco. v4n21f

MYRTLE DRUG STORE.

Myrtle Point, Ogn. W. L. DIXON, Proprietor.

DEALER IN Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Candles, Cigars, Tobacco, Fancy Articles, Stationery and the finest quality of School Books. Agent for the leading sewing Machines, Mason & Hamlin organs, &c. Old Wines and Liquors of the best quality. Prescriptions carefully compounded. LIVE and LET LIVE. v4n3 W

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, January 30, 1886. NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk at Empire City, Oregon, on Thursday, April 1st, 1886, viz: Jason L. Handelman, Pre-emption D. S. 5016 for the S. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 and lot No. 3 Sec. 1 T. P. 29 S. R. 14 West.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W. Howell, all of Parkersburg, Coos County, Oregon. Joseph Flann, Coos County, Oregon. Albert Stead, Coos County, Oregon. Wm. F. Benjamin, Register.

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The most popular Weekly newspaper devoted to science, mechanics, engineering, discoveries, inventions and patents ever published. Every number illustrated with splendid engravings. This publication furnishes a most valuable encyclopedia of information which no person should be without. The popularity of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is such that its circulation nearly equals that of all other papers of its class combined. Price \$2.50 a year, in advance. Sold by all newspapers. MUNN & CO., Publishers, No. 37 Broadway, N. Y.

RARE BARGAIN

100 acres of land on Bandon Beach; 25 acres well improved, good meadow and fine pasturage; splendid house—formerly the Bandon Hotel—also out buildings. One quarter of a mile of beach frontage on the place. For a rare bargain look no further. For further information, apply on premises to Mrs. O. Nelson.

Myrtle Point Nursery, Myrtle Point, Oregon, J. F. Noyes, Proprietor.

PROPAGATOR of, and dealer in Fruit Trees and small fruits. He keeps constantly on hand a well regulated assortment, cheaper than the cheapest. Send in your orders; no pains spared to give full satisfaction. v4n17

The EXCHANGE. Front St., Marshfield, Or. N. P. Hansen, Prop.

Agent for Gibson's fine whiskies, an AAA whisky. Also agent for the CELEBRATED CHICAGO BEER and POITEN; at wholesale and retail. The celebrated BOCA A beer on draught and in bottles. v5n19

A BARGAIN!

We have the selling of a half section of land, half bench and half bottom land, near Coquille City. It would make a half dozen good little ranches, or a good dairy and stock ranch. The price is \$20 per acre.

INTERESTING BOOKS.

Mr. Hiram Plank, formerly a resident of the Coquille, but whose present address Red Bluff, Cal has two books which every agent should handle. They are very cheap, and will sell rapidly. Write to him at once.