

WOOLEN MILL.

As will be seen by a communication in this paper there is a desire among some that the people of this county, and particularly of this river, realize the importance of establishing a woolen mill here. No one can doubt that such an enterprise would be profitable in many ways. The objection that is being urged is that the people are not full-handed enough, which is a very serious objection if well founded; but we are inclined to the belief that the objection is not well taken, since an enterprise of this kind is usually divided up into shares, allowing a person to take just whatever amount he sees fit. They find means to prosecute their present business, and getting more capital invested each succeeding year, we fail to see why they could not just as well invest a small amount in a good, profitable business that would be the life of other business that they had property in. Unless we manufacture we may as well at once settle down to raising produce at San Francisco prices, freight added. This valley is rich in natural wealth, but at present low prices and high freights we have nothing except gold dust that is susceptible of good profits after shipping in its raw state. Then it behooves us to manufacture all we can, and to this end every community should engage all its spare capital—and by this we do not mean just what you have to throw away, but every cent you can rake and scrape—in some profitable manufactory at or close to home. Choose your enterprise; there is no opposition. There are splendid openings in anything to be made of wood. A starch factory would be highly profitable since it is known that potatoes are rich in starch here. Cheese should be manufactured here instead of being shipped from other places. It is among the possibilities that beet-root sugar can be made here as well as in other parts. We might go on to enumerate a score of other necessary articles that might be manufactured here profitably, but leave them to suggest themselves to you. But by all means give the matter some thought. Let us hear from others.

Communicated.

ED. HERALD:—I see by your paper that you are doing what you can to induce your people to start a woolen mill. This is a thing devoutly to be wished, and I hope the people will give heed and assist you in getting this enterprise duly inaugurated. Your Bandon correspondent has well considered the matter, and it is to be hoped that the people, generally, will take an interest in the matter. As you say, there is little or nothing to be made at farming, for the reason that we are all trying to do the same thing. If there is anything for which this part is specially adapted it is that of raising sheep, and once a good woolen mill in the county, the woods will be literally alive with sheep. One business will promote the interests of another; a woolen mill incline to make goods cheaper, the benefits of which will affect everybody; it will make sheep raising profitable, and bring money into the country. I firmly believe that money invested in a woolen mill in this county would pay interest direct, which is very encouraging when we come to consider the indirect benefits it would insure to every person around. By all means keep the project on foot. The people are bound to see it in its true light, and stock in the enterprise will be taken in every community in the county.

A Farmer.

Myrtle Point, Mar. 12.

From a note from Hon. B. Herman we learn that his mill at this place will be started up as soon as it can be put in running order after his return from Washington. Subscribe for the HERALD.

The saloon of G. A. Brown, of this place, was burglarized on Monday night, the 2nd inst., and a revolver, a 5-gallon demijohn of whisky and some 8 or 9 boxes of cigars stolen. Since the demijohn and one box of cigars have been recovered. They were found in Herman's saw mill cashed away in the sawdust, being traced thither by visits of certain parties who were imbibing from the whisky-jug. Up to this time no arrests have been made, but a warrant is out, and it is only a question of time when the guilty will have to suffer. Two weeks ago we knew nothing of the affair, and could not consequently, say anything about it; and last week at the request of several prominent citizens we kept mum, at which some kick. It has been the expressed sentiment of all that we should not give names and try the case through our columns, "as a certain paper is in the habit of doing." Before impugning the motive for which the item was omitted these kickers should have informed themselves as to whose suggestion it was at, that it was omitted. If they were anxious for the item to appear, as one of them expressed himself, "so that the burglar would know what was what and get up and leave the country thereby saving the county a great deal of cost," they would find few sympathizers. As an item in which no names were used could not be of any information which could lead to an arrest, and would only be understood by the burglar and those who were already cognizant of the facts, we can put no other construction on their motive for wanting the item, than that given above.

A note from Uncle Chris Lehmann, from Holbrook, Arizona, give us to understand that he was then on his way to friends in Illinois. He said he would on arriving at St. Louis take steamer passage, as he was tired of the railroad. His letter had been wet and the items had all run together or we could doubtless give our readers an interesting letter. At any rate we made out that he was at an elevation of 5110 miles above a sea level, and that had we, of this part, been in any way astronomically inclined we might, at about 10:30 o'clock A. M. on the 1st inst., have seen his form pass rapidly over the sun's disc. May his shadow never grow less.

Our attention has been called to the fact that people along the river, and particularly at the mouth of Beaver slough, are throwing large amounts of brush and timber into the river. This is wrong and ought to be stopped at once. As a matter of course we do not expect any person to make complaint, but every person should have enough interest in the welfare of the river to see that its navigation is not spoiled. A scow load of tangled brush which sinks readily, is liable to build the foundation of an island, which would have the effect to cause the river to encroach on its present banks.

On Friday last W. Sinclair, Esq., paid Mrs. Robinson, of the Robinson house, \$19 for damages by a small fire reported some time ago. This is the first ever paid on a policy in this town. Although the damage was light, it speaks volumes to our people. It was by the merest chance that the house did not burn, and had it done so, the whole town would have been in ashes in three hours, for the wind was blowing a fearful gale at the time. We must have water or insure our property.

In justice to Representative Roberts we will say that the omission of "panther" in the bill he introduced for the destruction of noxious animals, and which was published in this paper some time ago, was simply an omission of the state printer.

Yesterday morning it turned quite dusk, and overcoats were brought into requisition. The expression, "it is going to snow," was heard from more than one person, seemingly forgetful that it was the result of an eclipse of the sun.

Heavy Seas.

Occasionally we observe an item going the rounds of the press, on the light of waves, their length and force, etc. Picking up a paper the other day, the following bit of information—which is news to us—caught our eye: "The waves to the southward of Cape Horn are longer, higher and more dangerous than in any other locality. This is owing to the fact that there is a belt around the globe, in the southern seas, unobstructed by any land; consequently, the waves have free play and greater force."

A fertile pen and a vivid imagination can produce wonders. Our experience has taught us that the heaviest seas are caused by obstruction, shoal bottom and cross currents. Having some knowledge regarding three places, where the sea is rough, without mentioning any others that we have seen, we will give our opinion in reference to their particular qualities. We refer to Cape Horn, the Cape of Good Hope and the passage between Cape Hatteras and Bermuda. To the southward of the Cape of Good Hope, the most exposed of any, there is a shoal bank extending for some distance. In heavy gales of wind, this bank is the cause of a tremendous sea which topples over and breaks. Now, the great danger lies in the breaking of the sea, many vessels having been lost, and all hands by peeping—a nautical term for taking the sea over the stern. This is supposed—from experience—to have occurred by reason of the gale abating, and the vessel being unable, in consequence, to sail ahead fast enough to keep out of the way of seas that were high, breaking and running with greater speed than the vessel. We have scudded under bare poles in a full rigged ship cotton loaded, in the dead of winter, for three days and nights, off in the direction between Hatteras and Bermuda, when the sea would make veterans look astern to see it coming—thinking it would be sure to overwhelm the vessel. We have been off Cape Horn in the winter of '48, and had a hard time getting to the southward to pass it; but, while the sea is long and heavy, it does not, in our opinion equal the other two in point of danger.

We must credit those portions of the "mutilated seas" where there is great obstruction, with the most dangerous waves. Theories will not do in this instance; romancing is but the shrewdest folly; it is the practical experience that gives us a picture drawn without the aid or color of fiction. Le Garcon.

Silver Ore Discovered.

VINCENNES, Ind., March 9.—Considerable excitement prevails among the residents in the vicinity of Augusta, Pike county, south of this city, over the discovery of large quantities of silver ore, which has been found in the hills near that place. Capitalists from St. Louis, New York, and Indianapolis have been there making an examination.

The Boomers.

Wichita, Kansas, March 9.—Warrants were issued for fifteen other boomers Saturday, and twenty-five yesterday. The authorities will continue to issue warrants as they get names. Captain Couch informed a reporter that he would start for Arkansas City in the morning, and the colony would move in a day or two. General Hatch will leave here on the same train with Couch, and will join the troops there.

The Russo-Afghan Question.

LONDON, March 10.—The Pall Mall Gazette says it is believed the news received last evening to the effect that Russians had advanced their outposts in Zulphar pass further south instead of withdrawing north, as requested by England, is correct. The Gazette says there can be no doubt great fears are entertained of a collision between Russian and Afghan troops, as this last advance has placed the opposing outposts face to face, and taken the Russians much nearer Afghan territory. There is no indication, says the Gazette, that the Russians have gone beyond what they consider the Afghan boundary line.

War Imminent.

LONDON, March 11.—Financial circles are excited over official reports received this afternoon confirming the report published in the Times this morning to the effect that Russian troops have advanced still further into Afghan territory. The Russian Government admits such movement has taken place, but asserts it was only intended for the purpose of seeking a more suitable position in case of war with Afghanistan. It is generally believed that both Afghans and Russians are hurrying forward and a collision is imminent. British consols have fallen eleven-sixteenth of 1 per cent. in consequence of the above news.

Shot His Girl and Killed Himself.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The few pedestrians passing the junction of Division avenue and Hooper streets, Brooklyn, at 11 o'clock tonight were startled by the sound of three pistol shots, fired in quick succession and a woman's piercing screams. An officer ran to the spot and found Susannah Geiser, a pretty young brunette, lying on the sidewalk. She was nearly exhausted from loss of blood. She had been shot by her lover, Valdivine Hoefner, a painter of 98 Devol street, twice in the right shoulder and once in the breast. In another moment a fourth report was heard at a short distance. Here Hoefner was found with a bullet in his brain. He was dead when reached. The girl was removed to St. Catherine's Hospital, where she told, in a faint voice, that Hoefner had pressed his attentions upon her, but had been repulsed. Susannah lives with her uncle on Devol street. It is thought the wound in her breast will prove fatal.

Meeting of the Cabinet.

Washington, March 10.—The Cabinet met promptly at noon, all the members being present. It is understood the session was devoted almost entirely to consideration of Federal appointments. It is asserted on good authority that each member of the Cabinet submitted a list of appointments in his department held to be essential to the administration of public business under the present regime. The lists, it is understood, included only such offices in which a change was desirable at once, in order that the new secretaries might discharge the duties of their offices without the least friction of embarrassment. The deliberations of the Cabinet will probably result in a long list of nominations being sent to the Senate by the President today or to-morrow.

The Railroad Strike.

St. Louis, March 11.—R. S. Hayes, Senior Vice President of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, in an interview on the strike, said: "The main question in this strike is one of personal liberty or whether a handful of men who are not satisfied with their position as employees shall be allowed to prevent other men who have no expressed cause of dissatisfaction from continuing at work. Out of 25,000 employes of the Southwestern, Wabash systems, not 1000 are directly affected by the reduction of wages, and I am certain that of this 1000 at least 500 would go to work to-morrow if they were not restrained by these bulldozing co-employees. The reduction made is in regard to men employed in machine shops and round houses. Train service hands have not been reduced. Reductions have been principally in Texas."

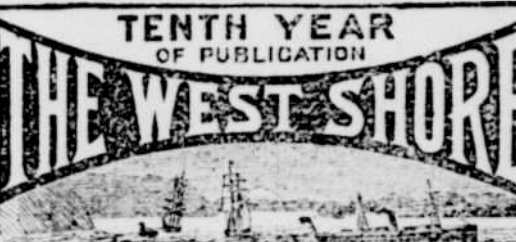
St. Louis, March 11.—Nothing new in the railroad strike here this morning. A committee from Sedalia has called on the men in the Missouri and Pacific shops, but it is understood got little, if any, satisfaction. It is stated the men in the Missouri and Pacific shops here have decided not to go out. Militia companies which left here yesterday are still resting between Jefferson City and Sedalia. Negotiations for a compromise between the road men are now going on.

San Francisco sailors are on a strike. They want \$35 and \$30 is the price being paid.

FURNITURE STORE,

F. Mark, Prop.

MADEIRA, OREG. Dealer in Furniture, Doors, Glass and Picture Frames, etc., and Agent for White's Sewing Machines. v1 n1 f



The only illustrated Magazine devoted to the development of the Great West. Contains a vast amount of general information and special articles on subjects of interest to all. Ably conducted! Superbly illustrated! Only a year. L. S. Samsel, Publisher, No. 123 Front street, Portland, Or.

CITATION TO HEIRS.

In the county court of the state of Oregon for the County of Coos. In the matter of the estate and guardianship of Eliza L. George S. Perry B. and Thomas W. Robinson. Order to show cause on application for sale of real property. It appearing to this court from the petition presented and filed by Nancy E. Yeager guardian of the persons and estate of Eliza L. George S. Perry B. and Thos. W. Robinson, minors, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said wards that it is for the best interests of said minor heirs, and necessary that such real estate should be sold. To wit: Lot one, of section 12 in township 28 south of range 12 west of the Willamette meridian, containing 15.00 acres of land—more or less. All of said land situated in Coos Co., Oregon. It is hereby ordered, that the next of kin of said minor heirs, and all persons interested in the said estate appear before this court on Monday the 6th day of April A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of this county court, at the court house in Empire City, in said county, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why an order should not be made, for the sale of said real estate. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be served by publication three successive weeks before the said day of hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in said county, to-wit: Coos and State of Oregon. Dated this 27th day of February A. D. 1885. Geo. M. Dyer, County Judge.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Coos county, at Empire City, Oregon, on Friday, April 19, 1885, viz: Charles Morris, Pre-emption D. S. No. 1236, for the lots 4, 5, 12 and 13 Sec. 11, T. 21 S. R. 12 West. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: H. W. Gilbert, all of Myrtle Point, Oregon. E. R. Robinson, do. O. H. Jeffrey, do. Wm. F. Benjamin, Register. mar10n30

TIMBER LAND NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, 1 November 25, 1884. NOTICE is hereby given that Richard A. Hill has applied to purchase the S. W. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 of section 2 township 13 south of range 15 west of the Willamette meridian, the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Territory of Washington. Any and all persons claiming adversely any of the above lands must file their claim in the Roseburg land office within the sixty days publication hereof and failing to do so their claims will be barred by statute. mar10n30 Wm. F. Benjamin, Register.

SALE BY ADMINISTRATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Coos made on the 8th day of January, 1885, in and under the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, the said county court, do hereby order, do hereby order, commanding me, the administrator of said deceased beneficiary described, or under the act of said court, to pay the claims against said estate and the expenses of administration, amounting to about the sum of eight hundred and thirty dollars, in the manner provided by law for the sale of real property on execution. Now, therefore I will on Saturday the 15th day of April, 1885, at the hour of one o'clock under the act of said court, at the court house door, in Empire City, in said Coos county, offer for sale and sell for cash or at public auction, to the highest bidder, to-wit: the S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 23, and the West 1/2 of the South West 1/4 of Sec. 35, less 25 acres heretofore sold to Amanda Snyder by deed dated November 24th 1876 and recorded on page 608 of Book six of deeds of the records of Coos County, Oregon all in township 27 South of Range 13 West of the Willamette Meridian and in the said County of Coos, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said claims and expenses. Elizabeth Fouts, Administratrix. mar10n30

TIMBER LAND NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, 1 January 25, 1885. NOTICE is hereby given that John C. Laird has applied to purchase the S. W. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 S. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 and N. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4 sec. 15 Township 28 South of range 12 West Will. Mer., under the act of June 3d 1878 for the sale of timberlands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Territory of Washington. Any and all persons claiming adversely any of the above described lands must file their claim with the register of the land office at Roseburg during the 60 days publication hereof and failing to do so their rights will be barred by statute. Wm. F. Benjamin, Register. feb3

SUMMONS.

IN JUSTICE COURT FOR COQUILLE CITY PRECINCT, COOS COUNTY, STATE OF OREGON. O. Reed plaintiff vs Jabez Harris defendant. In the name of the state of Oregon you are hereby required to be and appear before the undersigned, a justice of the peace for the precinct aforesaid on the 8th day of April 1885 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of said Justice, in said precinct, to answer the above named plaintiff in a civil action. The defendant will take notice that if he fail to answer the complaint herein, the plaintiff will take judgment against him for \$25.00 and interest thereon from the 29th day of May 1879 at one per cent. per month, and for his disbursements in this action. The defendant is further notified that this summons is served upon him by publication by order of said court made and dated February 24, 1885. J. A. Simon, Justice of the Peace. n29 5w

Notice.

We have the selling of a farm of 100 acres with a splendid orchard, good water, a good house. The farm yielded 50 tons of timothy hay last season. The farm will be sold cheap, and the following go with the place: 70 head of sheep, a lot of hogs 1 yoke of cattle, chain's &c., a lot of cows, yearlings and the house-hold furniture which is new and good. v3n19

The EXCHANGE!

Front St., Marshfield, Or., N. P. Hansen, Prop.

Agent for Gibson's fine whiskies, an AAA whisky. Also agent for the CELEBRATED CHICAGO BEER and PORTER at wholesale and retail. The celebrated P. O. C. beer on draught and in bottles. v3n19

City Brewery,

G. MEHL, Prop. Coquille City, Oregon.

Orders promptly filled. Please return kegs promptly after being emptied. v2151

New City Market

1st door north of Olive hotel, MAIN STREET, COQUILLE CITY, Beef, Pork Mutton, Groceries and Provisions constantly on hand, at the lowest market prices, and Fresh Produce taken in exchange. S. S. McAdams, Prop. v3n21

Don't Read This,

Unless You Want to Buy BOOTS and SHOES

Of the very best quality and at the Lowest Living Rates.

O. G. Huntington,

The Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker will be found at all times ready to wait upon, and accommodate customers with everything in our line, at the Coquille City Boot and Shoe store; one door north of the Olive hotel, Main street. DEAN & HUNTINGTON.

Coquille City Market

A. L. Nosler Prop. Main St. Coquille City, Oregon.

Fresh and choice meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

ALSO Groceries, vegetables and provisions, etc., etc. n50

Land Hunter's HO!

Persons wishing to buy low cost, wild land in town lots, improved or unimproved, will do well to call on O. G. Huntington, "City Boot and Shoe store," Coquille City, before purchasing elsewhere, as he has in his hands for sale a large variety of real estate, and can furnish buyers with land any in quantity, from a quarter section ranch, down to a half lot in town, consisting in part of the following:

- 290 acres, good, large dwelling, commodious barn, fine young orchard, good out houses, 30 acres under fence, 15 in grass and 15 plow land. There are upwards of 175000 million feet of fir and cedar timber on the land which is of easy access to the river.
- 160 acres, 100 in the bottom, 25 improved, new frame dwelling, good orchard, barn, fine spring, and 10 head of cattle, 2 hogs, 5 sheep, 1 horse and 10 tons of hay. Fine timber on upland.
- 37 acres, all bottom, 30 improved; good house, barn and orchard, also good fences, etc., adjoining Coquille City.
- 21 acres, all bottom, 6 cleared, all good tillable land; house, barn, out houses, orchard etc., 1/2 mile from Coquille City.
- One suburban lot, containing 1 1/2 acres, neat cottage, 100 fruit trees 3 years old; very desirable for a family residence, being 1/2 a mile from Coquille City.

POST OFFICE

Store,

C. ANDREWS

PROPRIETOR,

CONSTANTLY

Keeps

Boots and shoes,

Hats and caps,

Stationery, Inks,

Dry goods and

Clothing La-

dies, Gen- and Childrens

General fur- nishing goods; also groceries, Canned goods, Cigars, tobacco and candies. He pays the highest price for country produce v1n23