ODDS AND ENDS.

THE NEW BABY

Opens up a new world to the loving mother. If it is a strong, healthy baby that new world is a world of happiness. If it is a weak, fretful child the new world is full of anxiety. It has been proven in thousands of cases, that the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes all the difference between strength and weakness in children. Healthy, happy mothers have healthy, happy children. "Favorite Prescription" gives the mother strength to give her child. It makes the baby's advent practically painless and promotes the secretion of the nourishment necessary to the healthful feeding of the nursing child.

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and can say it is just what you advertise it to be," writes Mrs. Victor J. Hadin, of Leonardsville, Riley Co., Kansas. "I began taking it just two months before baby came and was greatly benefited by its use. The doctor who attended me said I did about as well as any one he had seen (as I was sick only about three hours), and also that your 'Favorite Prescription' was some patent medicine' which he did have faith in. We now have a darling baby boy, strong and healthy, who weighed nine pounds when born. During this month he has gained three and one-half pounds. Have never given him one dose of medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

DAIRY FARM FOR SALE.

A fine dairy farm on Maple creek six miles from Florence is now offered for sale.

It contains 160 acres, 35 of it bottom land and 30 acres have been plowed. Can cut 35 tons of hay. A good two story house 20 by 33 feet; a barn 44 by 70 feet, with heavy frame; a goat house 16 by 40 feet; an orchard of about 500 trees of different kinds of fruit has been bearing for a year or two.

A water wheel of about 8 horse power furnishes motive power at the barn for cutting feed, sawing wood, etc.

The farm is ¾ mile from school and ¼ mile from a county road.

Price $1600.

A bargain for anybody wanting a farm.

For further information inquire at the Florence Real Estate Agency.

A STOCK FARM.

A good stock farm of 160 acres lying on South slough is now offered for sale. About half of it is bottom and tide land, the tide land being already diked. A new house, an orchard of over 200 trees on the place, and about 600,000 feet of good timber conveniently situated for logging. Extensive out range. About 15 head of cattle, most of them cows, with the land. Price $3,000, including stock. Inquire at the Florence Real Estate Agency.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

Real Nice Bathing.

It may be doubted if a tub bath in Jamaica is a luxury. The bathhouses make a brave show in a row of low brick buildings in the rear of the hotels, each little house with a big stone tank for a bathtub.

I went out to see the baths on my first day in Kingston and was surprised to see a sign nailed against the wall bearing the words:

"Gentlemen Are Requested Not to Use Soap In the Baths."

"Why are gentlemen requested not to use soap in the baths?" I asked the hotel clerk, a dignified young woman of dark complexion.

"Because it soils the water and makes it unpleasant for the next bather," she said.

"But do your guests all bathe in the same water?" I asked.

"Oh, yes," she replied. "You see, the tanks are so large and the pipes are small. It takes all night to fill the tanks, and the water has to last all day."

A Woman's No.

"Learn to say 'no,' my daughter," advised the wise mamma.

"But why?" inquired the coy debutante.

"Because it is more fun to keep the men guessing for awhile."

Thus we see that woman's "no" means "guess" in stead of "yes," as the proverb would have us believe.—Baltimore American.

Of His Abundance.

"Your neighbor has just given me an old coat," said the tramp. "Can you give something?"

"Yes," replied the clergyman. "I will go through the collection box and find some buttons to match the coat."—Philadelphia Record.

From Manila to Australia is "like going down a river, for one is out of sight of land only two days." The voyage lasts 21 days, but the course is through the south sea islands, which accounts for its resemblance to river navigation.

A SLUMBER SONG.

Sleep, my beloved. To sleep and dream is best.
The night to us is peace, the day unrest,
For day, while parted, brings to us but pain;
In dreams we live the dear past o'er again.

We weep not in our sleep;
Our tears are for the day,
Which smiles, while I but weep,
For thou art far away.

Hushed be the voices of the garish day,
Its frets and cares and sorrows swept away;
Forgotten quite the interval of years
Since last we met, with all their bitter tears.

Sleep, love. To dream is best.
Our waking is but pain;
In sleep alone we rest
And live the past again.

Sleep, my dear love, and be thy dreams of me!
Waking or sleeping, I still think of thee,
But dreams make present time of all the past;
The night restores thee—would my dreams might last!

Dream, dear, till the day breaks
And earthly shadows flee,
Where morn to grief ne'er wakes
And I be one with thee.
—Neil Macdonald in Harper's Bazar.

THEY GOT FRESH AIR.

The Door Remained Open After a Very Forcible Argument.

An old story is told of Joseph Robidoux, the founder of St. Joseph, that had its origin in Holt county in the early settlement of that section. The trader who started the city was returning to St. Joseph with a number of red men, and they stopped with an acquaintance of Robidoux's close to the house, and Robidoux went in to remain overnight as the guest of his friend.

The settler closed the front door after they had retired, and Robidoux, who was used to sleeping in the open air, went softly to it and opened it. The owner of the house waited until Robidoux was in bed again, and the settler closed it. That was repeated a dozen times. "The next time that door is closed there will be trouble," said the man who had founded St. Joseph. He resumed his couch with that.

The owner of the house closed the door, and Robidoux met him as he was returning to his bed. They clinched and fought by the light of the moon that came in through the window. It was a hard fight and lasted a long time, but at last Robidoux had the settler on his back and sat astride of him. He tangled his hands in his hair and bumped his head against the puncheon floor. "Open or shut?" he asked. The settler struggled, but did not say a word. His head was bumped many times, and the question was repeated.

Finally the settler was exhausted. His head was bumped again, and Robidoux asked, "Open or shut?"

"Open," answered the settler, and they went to bed with the door standing wide open, admitting the fresh air. —Kansas City Journal.

ARMORED COFFINS.

They Were Once Used In a Churchyard In Scotland.

In the earlier half of the nineteenth century the practice of stealing bodies from the churchyards for the purpose of sale as subjects for dissection, which was known as "body snatching," was for a time very rife.

Various plans were made to defeat the nefarious and sacrilegious proceedings of the "body snatchers," or "resurrectionists," as they were sometimes called, a very common one being the erection of two or more small watchhouses whose windows commanded the whole burying ground, and in which the friends of the deceased mounted guard for a number of nights after the funeral.

A usual method of the grave robbers was to dig down to the head of the coffin and bore in it a large round hole by means of a specially constructed center bit. It was to counteract this maneuver that the two curious coffin-like relics now lying on either side of the door of the ruined church of Aberfoyle, in Perthshire, were constructed. They are solid masses of cast iron of enormous weight.

When an interment took place one of these massive slabs was lowered by suitable derricks, tackles and chains on to the top of the coffin, the grave was filled in, and there it was left for some considerable time. Later on the grave was opened and the iron armor plate was removed and laid aside ready for another funeral.

These contrivances still lie on the grass of the lonely little churchyard, objects of curiosity to the passing cyclist and tourist.—Scientific American.

The Explanation.

One morning the readers of a certain newspaper were perplexed to see in type the announcement that "the Scotus handed down an important decision yesterday." The afternoon paper of the town, with which the morning paper for years had held a bitter controversy, interesting none but themselves, laughed that day, as the poets say, "in ghoulish glee," and it was up to the morning paper the next day to explain that "the types" made them say that the Scotus did so and so when the telegraph editor should have known that that word was merely the abbreviation of the telegrapher for supreme court of the United States.

Municipal Ownership.

Municipal ownership long ago passed out of the stage of theory and experiment, if, in fact, it ever belonged there. Centuries before America was discovered public ownership of public utilities was highly developed. The city of Rome 2,000 years ago possessed its splendid public baths, its superb aqueducts and other utilities owned and managed by the government.

No wonder they call it roasting a man to rake him over the coals.—Philadelphia Record.

The man who is afraid he may work too hard never does.—Chicago Times-Herald.

DEATH IN THE VIAL.

THE FIFTH TABLET CARRIED A DOSE THAT WAS FATAL.

Why the Doctor Had a Premonition That Misfortune Had Overtaken a Wealthy Planter—How the Story of the Crime Leaked Out.

The story was told by a police commissioner of another city who was in New Orleans recently on a visit.

"The most ingenious murder I ever knew anything about," he said, "was committed by a young physician. He was a rising practitioner at a place where I formerly lived, and, with your permission, I will speak of him simply as Dr. Smith.

"About a dozen years ago, as nearly as I remember, this young man went on a visit to a relative in a neighboring city, and one afternoon, on the third or fourth day of his stay, he startled a lady member of the household by remarking that he 'had a feeling' that some misfortune had overtaken a wealthy planter whom they both knew very well, and whom I will call Colonel Jones. The colonel was a prominent resident of the doctor's home town and had a large outlying estate, which he was in the habit of visiting once a week.

"On the day of Smith's singular premonition he was on one of those tours of inspection, but failed to come back, and the following morning his corpse was found lying in a cornfield. He had evidently been dead about 24 hours, and from the appearance of the body seemed to have been seized with some sort of fit or convulsion.

"Of course the affair created a great stir, and the police made a pretty thorough investigation, but the only thing they found that merited any special attention was a small, round vial in the dead man's vest pocket. It was about the diameter of a lead pencil by four inches long, and had originally contained a couple of dozen medicinal tablets, which, lying one on top of the other, filled the little bottle to the cork. A few still remained in the bottom.

"Upon inquiry it was learned without trouble that the tablets were a harmless preparation of soda, and that Jones himself had bought them at a local drug store. That ended suspicion in that quarter, and, for lack of anything better, the coroner returned a verdict of death from sunstroke. There was no autopsy.

"Some time after Jones had been buried," continued the police commissioner, "I learned accidentally of Dr. Smith's curious prophecy, and it set me to thinking. Eventually I evolved a theory, but it was impossible at the time to sustain it with proof, and for five or six years I kept it pigeonholed in my brain, waiting for something to happen. Meanwhile, to everybody's surprise, Dr. Smith went to the dogs. He began by drinking heavily, gradually lost his practice, and finally skipped out to avoid prosecution for cashing a fake draft. After his flight I learned enough to absolutely confirm my theory as to Jones' death. What had really happened was this:

"Dr. Smith owed the old man a considerable sum of money and had given a note, upon which he had forged his father's name as indorser. The planter was pressing him for payment and had threatened suit, which meant inevitable exposure. One day, while they were conversing, Jones pulled out a little glass vial and swallowed one of the tablets it contained, remarking that he took one daily, after dinner, for sour stomach.

"That suggested a diabolical scheme of assassination, which the doctor proceeded to put into execution. Repairing to his office, he made up a duplicate tablet of strychnine, and, encountering the colonel next day, asked him to let him have the vial for a moment, so he could copy the address of the makers from the label.

"Jones handed it over unsuspectingly, and while his attention was briefly diverted elsewhere Smith put in the prepared tablet. He placed it under the top four, thus making it reasonably certain that his victim would take it on the fifth day from that date. Next morning he left town, so as to be far away when the tragedy was consummated, and some mysterious, uncontrollable impulse evidently led him to make the prediction that first excited my suspicion.

"When I made certain of all this, I located Smith in Oklahoma and was on the point of applying for an extradition warrant when he anticipated me by contracting pneumonia and dying. I thereupon returned the case to its mental pigeonhole, where it has remained ever since."

"Pardon me for asking," said one of the listeners, "but is that really a true story, or are you entertaining us with interesting fiction?"

"It is absolutely true," replied the narrator.

"But how did you learn the particulars?"

"Well," said the police commissioner, smiling, "Smith was like most clever criminals—he had one weak spot. He was fool enough to tell a woman. She blabbed."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Ate Course Dinners.

A woman just arrived from Australia was recently negotiating with an agent in London for a house in one of the newer districts of Kensington. She asked if it was a nice neighborhood. "It is thoroughly desirable, madam," replied the house agent. "They are without exception soup and fish families."

It is not correct to say that a girl "renders" a song. If she lives long enough to become of some use in the world, she may some day render lard, but she can't render a song.—Atchison Globe.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

The Florence Real Estate Agency has bargains to offer in the following property.

A stock ranch of 1200 acres on the ocean beach, about 12 miles from Florence. A house and barn and a few acres in cultivation. The government road from the mouth of river crosses the land. A fine place for keeping cattle, sheep or goats. Time will be given on a part of the price if desired. Will be sold with or without stock.

126 acres of tide and bottom land fronting on the Siuslaw river about nine miles above Florence. A large, new frame house, a good barn, and a bearing orchard of 11 acres on the place. About 20 acres have been plowed. Steamer to Florence passes the place every day. Price $5000, including stock and machinery.

A good frame house and two lots in West Florence, near the river. A new sidewalk to the property. Price $300.

40 acres of land on North Fork about 3½ miles from Florence. One acre cleared. Price $200.

41 acres on North Fork about five miles from Florence. Several acres tide land, the rest bottom and bench land. A comfortable house and a small barn on the place. Price $700.

A good dwelling house, and blacksmith shop doing a good business in a thriving town. The owner desires to change his location. A fine opportunity for the right man. Price $850.

160 acres of unimproved land on North Fork about ten miles from Florence is offered for saled. Near to county road. Will make a good stock ranch. Price $450.

150 acres mostly timber land lying in section 13, township, 18 south, range 10 west. About three acres cleared. A creek large enough to float logs runs through the land. Price $550.

A tract of about 50 acres fronting on Clear lake three miles south of Florence. A fair house and about five acres cleared. A good wagon road from the place to the Siuslaw river at Glenada. A fine place for a summer residence. Price $500.

A tract of a little over two acres of bottom land between Florence and Acme, lying on tidewater near Rose Hill cannery. A fair house on the land. A fine place for gardening or raising small fruit. Price $125.

160 acres of land near Clear lake lying in section 11, township 19 south, range 12 west. Price $250.

112 acres unimproved land lying on the north side of Clear lake 2½ miles south of Florence. A good wagon road from it to the Siuslaw river. Price $600.

138 acres of land at Elmira, Oregon. A box house, good barn, and plenty of outbuildings on premises; 6 acres orchard, 16 acres in cultivation, 10 acres more cleared land, and 80 acres slashed; balance, brush and timber land. Price $20 per acre, $1000 down.

For further information inquire of John C Beck, Point Terrace, Oregon, or W. H. Weatherson, Florence, Oregon.

WANTED:—Capable, reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation. $936 salary per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO. 41-14

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office, at Roseburg Oregon.
May 10, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Marie L. Ware, U. S. Commissioner, at Eugene, Oregon, on June 27, 1901, viz: Smith L. Taylor, on H. E. 8155 for the lots 1, 2, sw¼ ne¼ Sec. 5, Tp. 17 S., R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frederick M. Tucker and Frank E. Taylor, of Reed, Oregon; W. L. Phelps and J. Worthington, of Mapleton, Oregon.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

GUARANTEED SALARY $900 Yearly.

Men and women of good address to represent us, some to travel appointing agents, others for local work looking after our interests. $900 salary guaranteed yearly; extra commissions and expenses, rapid advancement, old established house. Grand chance for earnest man or woman to secure pleasant, permanent position, liberal income and future. New, brilliant lines. Write at once.

STAFFORD PRESS,
23 Church St., New Haven, Conn.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, May 14, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edwin Staples, of Mapleton, county of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1627, for the purchase of the s½ se¼, s½ sw¼ of Section No. 22, in Tp. No. 17 S., Range No. 9 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 7 day of August, 1901.

He names as witnesses:

William Wells, Fred Wells, Cora M. Staples, and E. Benahm, all of Mapleton, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7 day of August, 1901.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, April 23, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, John Joyce, of Gardiner, county of Douglas, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1557, for the purchase of the se¼ nw¼, lot 7, ne¼ nw¼, nw¼ ne¼, of Section No. 17, in Township No. 21 S., Range No. 11 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Saturday, the 13th day of July, 1901.

He names as witnesses:

Bridget Joyce, John Cassidy, W. F. Peck and Dennis O'Brien, all of Gardiner, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day of July, 1901.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon,
May 14, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Cora M. Staples, of Mapleton, county of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 1626, for the purchase of the n½ nw¼, sw¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ of section No. 27, in Township No. 17 S., Range No. 9 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 7 day of August, 1901.

She names as witnesses:

E. Benahm, William Wells, Fred Wells, and Edwin Staples, all of Mapleton, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7 day of August, 1901.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.
May 10, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Marie L. Ware, U. S. Commissioner, at Eugene, Oregon, on June 27, 1901, viz: Frederick M. Tucker, on H. E. 8195 for the sw¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼, Sec. 19, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 16 S., R. 10, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Smith L. Taylor and Frank E. Taylor, of Reed, Oregon, W. T. Bailey, of Meadow, Oregon, and Walson L. Mead, of Reed, Oregon.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

I have used Ripans Tabules with so much satisfaction that I can cheerfully recommend them. Have been troubled for about three years with what I called bilious attacks coming on regularly once a week. Was told by different physicians that it was caused by bad teeth, of which I had several. I had the teeth extracted, but the attacks continued. I had seen advertisements of Ripans Tabules in all the papers but had no faith in them, but about six weeks since a friend induced me to try them. Have taken but two of the small 5 cent boxes of the Tabules and have had no recurrence of the attacks. Have never given a testimonial for anything before, but the great amount of good which I believe has been done me by Ripans Tabules induces me to add mine to the many testimonials you doubtless have in your possession now.

A. T. DEWITT.

I want to inform you, in words of highest praise, of the benefit I have derived from Ripans Tabules. I am a professional nurse and in this profession a clear head is always needed. Ripans Tabules does it. After one of my cases I found myself completely run down. Acting on the advice of Mr. Geo. Bower, Ph. G., 588 Newark Ave., Jersey City, I took Ripans Tabules with grand results.

MISS BESSIE WIREDMAN.

Mother was troubled with heartburn and sleeplessness, caused by indigestion, for a good many years. One day she saw a testimonial in the paper indorsing Ripans Tabules. She determined to give them a trial, was greatly relieved by their use and now takes the Tabules regularly. She keeps a few cartons Ripans Tabules in the house and says she will not be without them. The heartburn and sleeplessness have disappeared with the indigestion which was formerly so great a burden for her. Our whole family take the Tabules regularly, especially after a hearty meal. My mother is fifty years of age and is enjoying the best of health and spirits; also eats hearty meals, an impossibility before she took Ripans Tabules.

ANTON H. BLAUKEN.

I have been a great sufferer from sick headache for over five years. Nothing gave me relief. My feet and legs and abdomen swelled so I could not wear shoes on my feet and could not dress. I saw Ripans Tabules advertised in a daily paper, bought some and took them as directed. Have taken them about three weeks. What is such a change! I am not constipated now and I owe it all to Ripans Tabules. In my seven years old, have no occupation but household duties and nursing my sick husband. He has had the dropsy and I am trying Ripans Tabules for him. He feels some better. If you take some time, he has been sick so long, you may use my letter and name as you like.

MRS. MARY GORHAM.

I have been suffering from headaches since I was a little girl. I could never ride in a car or go into a church or any place without a severe headache and upset stomach. I heard of Ripans Tabules and thought of trying them. I am now taking them for my sick headache and upset stomach. I have found such relief from their use that I intend to take them until I have been doing so for a year. I am twenty-three years old. You are at liberty to use this testimonial if you think it will do any good.

MRS. J. BROOKS.

My seven-year-old boy suffered with severe headaches. His head, constipated and complained of his stomach. He could not eat like other children of his age do and what he did eat did not agree with him. He was pale and of a sallow complexion. Reading some of the testimonials in favor of Ripans Tabules, I tried them. Ripans Tabules not only relieved but actually cured my boy. The headaches have disappeared, bowels in good condition and he never complains of his stomach. He is now a red, chubby-faced boy. The wonderful change I attribute to Ripans Tabules. I am satisfied that they will benefit any one (from the cradle to old age) if taken according to directions.

E. W.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ill of humanity.

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES packed in a paper carton (without glass) is now at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. A dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for a dime. RIPANS TABULES may also be had of some grocers, general storekeepers, news agents and at some liquor and barber shops. They banish pain, induce sleep and prolong life. One gives relief.

Send for CATALOGUE of the HOLMES ENGLISH & BUSINESS COLLEGE

Attend this POPULAR PRACTICAL PROGRESSIVE SCHOOL

FOR THE YOUNG MAN FOR THE YOUNG WOMAN

English · Bookkeeping · Shorthand · Penmanship · Telegraphy

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BANNERMAN'S PHENYLE

The Most Powerful Disinfectant, Deodorizre and Germicide Known to Modern Science . . . . . .

CURES Hog Cholera, Swine Plague, Worms, Lice, and Cankered Sore Mouth.

BANNERMAN'S PHENYLE

CURES Chicken Cholera, Roupe, Lice, and all Insect Pests.

BANNERMAN'S PHENYLE cures horses of distemper, pink eye, fistula, grease heel, cuts, sores, also mange on dogs.

BANNERMAN'S PHENYLE cures sheep of foot rot, and is sure death to sheep tick. It is easily applied and never fails.

YOUR FRUIT TREES should be sprayed with Phenyle, which absolutely destroys all worms, lice and insects.

BANNERMAN'S PHENYLE as a general disinfectant is unequalled, having been used over 12 years and will be found useful in every household or establishment. It is endorsed by eminent physicians, sanitary authorities and boards of health all over the United States. Used by the City of Chicago over seven years, also by many large stock raisers throughout the United States. Bannerman's Phenyle is equally guaranteed to prevent the above named diseases and destroy all obnoxious odors if freely used about the premises. Write for circulars and testimonials. Agents wanted. Address

BANNERMAN & CO.
67-73 Clark Street CHICAGO, ILL.

P. S.—Bannerman's Phenyle was granted the two Highest Medals and Diploma of Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MEN AND WOMEN to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary $780 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 355 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon,
March 16, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Burt Warren, of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1497, for the purchase of the ne¼ of Section No. 10, in Township No. 18 S., Range No. 9 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 29th day of May, 1901.

He names as witnesses:

James E. Gibbons, J. H. Urban, W. M. Vault and John W. Sherman, all of Portland, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of May, 1901.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon,
March 16, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, James E. Gibbons, of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1496, for the purchase of the lnw¼ of Section No. 11, in Township No. 18 S., Range No. 9 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 29th day of May, 1901.

He names as witnesses:

Burt Warren, J. H. Urban, W. M. Vault and John W. Sherman, all of Portland, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of May, 1901.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

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