

Florence, Ore. Apr. 6, 1900.

It might be well for some of our citizens to bear in mind that in the end, they will be judged and awarded not by the professions they make, nor the clothes they wear, but by their public and private actions.

EVERY PATRIOTIC citizen is desirous of exercising his right to a voice in the management of public affairs, according to what he believes for the country's good; but he must not forget that May 15th is near at hand and registering a necessity.

A man reads a newspaper to spread his opinions; witness a Yankee farmer who inscribes quotations from his favorite statesmen in red ink on the eggs which he sells. Thus the breakfast egg may carry more convictions than the morning newspaper.—Farm and Home.

THE DAILY GUARD says that Bryan "is the only man available for president who seems to have the ability and courage to resist the moneyed aristocracy who seized the government of the United States in 1896." It seems according to the best accounts, that a certain amount of this much despised (7) money, had to be guaranteed before Mr Bryan would agree to visit Oregon on his errand of mercy to warn the people of what the future had in store for them and also to display his remarkable courage and ability.

"Do not permit the children to form the habit of disputing and quarreling with each other. It may be prevented, like other bad habits by watchfulness, particularly if the training is begun when the children are very young. Separation is the best punishment, breaking up their play and taking away the cause of the dispute. Children are social beings and do not like to play alone. They dislike solitude, and if they find it is invariably the result of quarreling they will take pains to be more amiable so as not to be forced into it.—April Ladies Home Journal.

AMERICA'S Greatest Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it possesses unequalled curative powers and its record of cures is GREATEST.

AS EVENTS are being dimly, but no less certainly, foreshadowed from the mists of the future, it is impossible to foresee what will be the consequences of the issue of the Spanish war. That the United States must advance from its provincialism and take its place among the great powers, is an imperative decree which it can neither ignore nor set aside. Whether such far reaching results were contemplated or not, it is now too late to stop to consider. What is now essential is to so shape public policy as to derive the greatest measure of benefit from the changed condition of affairs. There are but two distinctive essentials in government, and these are, to make provision for, and control its finances and to regulate the conduct of its citizens. As an economic feature of the regulation of its citizens, it is the duty of the government to so provide for guard and protect public interests as will best promote the prosperity of its members. The Spanish war, though it has involved the United States in Colonial complications of great delicacy and responsibility, yet the compensating result has been that it has completely unshackled and thrown open the oriental gates of trade, and rendered available a vast field of productive energy, rich as it is boundless, in the commercial exchanges that go to make up the world's markets. To take advantage of this market and meet it with vigor and energy and in its largest sense, should be the determined purpose of the American people. While the war with Spain was waged primarily to protect Cuba from a gross system of extortion and tyranny, it culminated in securing to the United States a valuable commercial basis in Asia with extended outlets for our products and manufactures. In the years past, the maris of this great empire of boundless resources and untold wealth, have been closed to provincial America, and European and Asiatic powers have enjoyed to the full the golden margins from a rich and varied traffic. This is changed. The flag floats over Asiatic territory, and the United States holds the keys that are destined to unlock every port in the oriental world.—Medford Mail.

The Blood at this season craves and welcomes the purifying and vitalizing properties of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This grand medicine wonderfully cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Boils, Pimples and all other complaints caused or promoted by impure blood.

No Appetite—"I could eat no breakfast and scarcely anything during the day. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, I am hungry all the time. Hood's has cured my pimples, and improved my general health." Gertrude Stedman, Peterson, Iowa.

Economy and strength are characteristics peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. A single bottle contains 100 doses and will last a month, while others average to last but a week or fortnight. Hood's Sarsaparilla has an unequalled record of perfect and permanent cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

SMALL DOSES LARGE RESULTS

MAN.

Man that is born of woman is of few days and full of microbes.

He cometh forth like a flower, but is soon withered by the winds of adversity and scorched by the flames of perplexity.

Sorrow and headache follow him all the days of his life.

He hoppeth from his bed in the morning and his foot is pierced by the cruel tack of disappointment.

He ploddeh forth to his daily toil and his cetticle is punctured by the malignant nettles of exhaustion.

He sitteth himself down to rest at noonday, and is lacerated in the nether anatomy by the pin of disaster.

He walketh through the streets of the city in the pride and glory of his manhood, and slippeth on the banana peel of misfortune and unjointeth his neck.

He smoleth the cigar of contentment but lo! it exploded with a loud noise, for it was loaded.

Behold, he glideth down the banister of life and findeth it strewn with splinters of torture.

He is stung by the mosquitoes of annoyance by day and his frame is gnawed by the bedbugs of affliction by night.

What is man but the blind worm of fate? Seeing that his days are numbered by cycles of pain and his years by seasons of mourning.

Behold he is impaled upon the hook of desolation, and is swallowed up by death in the fathomless ocean of time and is remembered no more.

In his infancy he runneth over with worms and colic, and in his old age he groaneth with rheumatism and in-growing toe-nails.

FREE TO INVENTORS.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

Col. W. T. Dowdall, the veteran editor, has purchased Carter's Monthly, a high grade literary magazine, published in the Rand-McNally building, Chicago, and will re-enter his life-long profession—journalism. Col. Dowdall as editor and proprietor of the Alton Daily Democrat in 1862 made a name for himself as an able publisher and journalist, and at Peoria for a quarter of a century he occupied a high position. In state and national politics as an able writer and newspaper publisher. If the Colonel succeeds as well in magazine pursuits as he did in politics and newspaper work, the success of Carter's Monthly is assured. Associated with him will be Ople Read as editor, assisted by the most able magazine writers in the country. No money will be spared in making Carter's Monthly the leading literary magazine in the West. In order to give it a world-wide circulation it will be mailed to any address in the United States at the low price of \$1.00 per year; single copies ten cents. The trade supplied on liberal terms by the Western News Co., Chicago.

A society having for its chief members parties known to be violating its principles as well as the laws of the community in which they reside cannot expect to maintain the respect of any class of people. That persons of questionable character will gain admittance to the different societies and organizations cannot be denied even where the utmost vigilance is maintained, but when such parties failing to mend their ways after a reasonable length of time are still allowed to remain in the society or organization, it is not to be wondered at that conscientious members lose their ardor and upright and worthy people are deterred from joining.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A house and lot in Glenada. The house is 16 by 24 feet and one story and a half in height. Also a good washed on premises. For further particulars inquire at this office.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

Washington, D. C., Mar. 26, 1900.

Congress has taken the first step towards the erection of a suitable memorial in Washington, to Gen. U. S. Grant. Without an opposing vote, the house passed a bill appropriating \$10,000 to be spent in securing designs for a memorial to Gen. Grant. The bill provides that eminent artists shall be invited to submit competitive designs. Every distinguished European visitor to the National Capital comments upon the absence of any public monument to Gen. Grant, and the numerous monuments to soldiers of lesser prominence adds to their wonder why there is none to Grant.

The senate is to have an opportunity to vote on the Porto Rico tariff without outside complications, as Senator Foraker asked for and obtained a vote of senate re-committing his bill providing a civil form of government for the island, to the committee, in order that an attempt may be made to pass the house bill levying a duty of 15 per cent on Porto Rican products. Whether that can be done is a question upon which there are two decided opinions.

It is understood that the votes to pass the bill have been pledged, but the republican senators who favor free trade have threatened to filibuster to prevent a vote being reached on the bill. Conference are still going on and some agreement may be reached. Meanwhile, the money which has been collected under the Dingley tariff is available for public use in Porto Rico, and Gen. Davis has been directed to freely use it.

A bill authorizing the president to appoint a commission to visit China and Japan for the purpose of studying commercial conditions and making a report as to the best method of increasing our trade with those countries, has been passed by the senate. During the discussion, Senator Hoar took occasion to reiterate his opinion, which is shared by many, that senators and representatives are constitutionally ineligible for appointment upon any sort of Federal commission. It is expressly understood that no member of congress is to be a member of this commission.

The house committee on Foreign affairs will this week begin an investigation of the charge made by Mr. Macrum that while he was U. S. Consul at Pretoria, his official mail was opened by British Military officials. Mr. Macrum is in Washington to testify and to produce any other evidence of the truth of his charge, which officials of the department of state believe to be entirely based upon imagination, worked up by prejudice.

Representative Fitzgerald further advertised a dirty book, by offering a resolution providing for the exclusion of "Sapho" from the mails. Why this particular publication should be singled out while thousands equally as dirty and demoralizing are in circulation, Mr. Fitzgerald's resolution fails to point out.

Senator Wolcott, Colo., is the first member of the senate to own an automobile. He uses it every day in going to and from the Capitol, the department and the White House, and says he does so for economy because it is cheaper and less trouble than a pair of horses and a carriage. There are quite a number of senators, however, who get along without carriages, using the street cars to get about.

After having served for sixteen years and in every important division of the U. S. Patent office, including that of commissioner of patents, Mr. A. P. Greeley, who resigned a few days ago, leaves it benefitted by his management, his example, and his stern repression of raptancies swindling patent attorneys, many of whom, including John Wedderburn, were disbarred through him. There is too little inducement for men of Mr. Greeley's calibre to remain in the civil service. The government should pay the commissioner of patents a salary equal to that of a justice of the supreme court of the United States. Mr. Greeley, who is an able lawyer and an authority on matters relating to

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as Managers in this and other counties. Salary \$500 a year and expenses. Straight, bona fide, no more no less salary. Position permanent. References, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference: Furber self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DORRIS COMPANY, Dept. A, Chicago.

foreign patents and trade-marks, will practice in Washington, D. C.

A resolution has been offered in the house and senate, by Representative Lentz, of Ohio, and Senator Allen, respectively, demanding the recall of Federal troops from Shoshone County, Idaho, unless the permit system of work be revoked, the right of habeas corpus be restored, and martial law be abolished at once. The house committee on military affairs is still taking testimony in its investigation of the use of Federal troops in Idaho. The Governor of Idaho, one of the witnesses, has the courage of his convictions, be they right or wrong. He said to the committee: "I assume responsibility for every arrest in Shoshone county by Gen. Merriam or anyone else."

Representative Payne, of N. Y., floor leader of the majority of the house, repudiated and denied the public reports that contributions to the campaign fund were in some way involved in the Porto Rico tariff bill. He said that the two great trusts in sugar and tobacco would benefit most by getting their sugar and tobacco from Porto Rico free of duty and not by paying 15 per cent duty, and consequently that if there were any "poodle" influence, it was in favor of free trade.

FREE RURAL DELIVERY FOR OREGON.

Oregonian. The Second Assistant Postmaster-General today assured Representative Moody that he will, in re-advertising or reletting star route contracts in his district, incorporate into the contracts provisions making it the duty of the carriers on the star routes to deliver the mail of persons along the route in boxes to be erected along the lines, where such service is desired. This will practically establish a system of free rural delivery along such routes, which will be of especial advantage to all the farmers and ranchmen along the numerous stage lines throughout Eastern Oregon. Mr. Moody thinks it will also be a practical benefit to citizens along mail routes in Clatsop, Columbia and the Eastern part of Multnomah County. To secure the benefit of this new service, persons along these routes must erect suitable boxes on the roadides and direct their Postmaster to deliver their mail to the carrier for their respective boxes. Star route carriers will be required to receive from Postmasters all mail matter so ordered, depositing it in the proper boxes, such service to be without charge to the patrons. They carriers will also be required to collect mail from the boxes along their routes.

WANTED SEVERAL PERSONS FOR DIS- tinct office Managers in this and other counties. Salary \$500 a year and expenses. Straight, bona fide, no more no less salary. Position permanent. References, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference: Furber self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. PARK, 220 CANTON BUILDING, CHICAGO.

MINUTES OF THE MASS MEETING.

The citizens of Florence came together last Saturday evening in the Morris hotel to nominate candidates for the City election. Dr. R. L. Evans was elected chairman of the meeting and E. A. Evans secretary.

The following men were nominated as candidates. For president C. C. Benke and F. B. Wilson. Trustees were as follows, J. A. Pond, Al Ready, J. F. Tanner and R. L. Evans. For recorder the names of J. I. Butterfield and J. J. Emmons were decided upon.

For marshal G. C. Cumpston and Wm. Salley took the lead. As there was no further business the meeting adjourned.

New Meat Market.

I have opened a shop in Florence where I shall keep a good stock of CHOICE MEATS.

Always on Hand. Give me a Call. Next door to Morris Hotel. C. BRACEY.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steel fight between Carnegie and Frick has been settled. The interested parties agreeing to reorganize and be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey.

News from Manila states that the Chinese general, Pana, who has been devastating Panay province with a band of outlaws has surrendered to the United States troops.

The returns at present show King (dem) for congress slightly ahead of Hammond the republican candidate, but the republicans feel sure that when full returns are in Hammond will be about 500 ahead.

The United States Legation has been informed that Turkey will prohibit the future importation of American pork, giving as a reason that the meat is injurious to the public health. Lloyd C. Griscom, United States Charge d' Affaires, protested energetically, demanding the annulment of the measurer.

An English syndicate of coal dealers has just concluded a deal for 2,000,000 tons of Alabama coal. This is the largest order for coal ever given. The purchase price agreed upon is 75 cents a ton at the mouth of the coal pits. The remarkably low price of \$1.50 per ton, at the port of New Orleans, covers the cost of coal, loading and transportation. Nothing definite is known about its destination but it is thought that it will be shipped to England.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best in the world. A few weeks ago we suffered with a severe cold and a troublesome cough, and having read their advertisements in our own and other papers we purchased a bottle to see if it would effect us. It cured us before the bottle was more than half used. It is the best medicine out for colds and coughs.—The Herald, Andersonville, Ind. For sale by all druggists.

SOMETHING FOR ALL.

Mrs. George Bass of Acme has been quite sick for some time and is still unable to get up. Her friends and others along the river who were unable to visit her and express their sympathy in that way decided to arrange for an entertainment, the proceeds to be given to her as a substantial reminder of their good will.

The program will consist of dialogues, farces, readings, recitations, tableaux, vocal and instrumental music, and some scenes from High Life by the Acme "Negro Minstrels."

The entertainment will be held in the Old Fellows Hall at Florence on Saturday evening, April 14. Doors open at 7:30.

Admission will be 10 cents for all over five years of age. Tickets for sale at O. W. Hurd's store and Mrs. Kanoff's, also at both hotels.

SURPLUS INCREASING.

At a recent Cabinet meeting Secretary Gage made a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Government. He stated that since July 1, 1899, there had accumulated a surplus of revenues over receipts of about \$33,955,000 and that by the end of June this year it probably would amount to over \$80,000,000. This surplus is accounted for by large receipts from customs and by a material reduction in the expenditures on account of the war. The Secretary is of the opinion that the present rate of taxation might safely be reduced to some extent, and it was with a view to a possible recommendation to congress by the president on the subject that the Secretary made his statement.

The Great White Store.

IRON CLAD HOSIER WILL STAND THE WEAR.

A NEW LINE OF PAPETRIES

Gours Grafty,

O. W. HURD.

CARMAN'S CHEAP CASH STORE!

Dr. Goods, Groceries and Notions

FLORENCE MEAT MARKET.

Just Opened.

Goods as Represented

J. W. CARMAN

PROPRIETOR

RIDE A RAMBLER WHEEL

THE BEST ON THE MARKET

PRICE \$40.

Arthur Taylor, local Agent, Florence, Oregon.

THE GENTLE-WOMAN is a monthly magazine devoted to subjects of interest to the ladies. The regular subscription price is one dollar but we have made arrangement by which we offer it for a short time for fifty cents a year. Call and see a sample copy.

TO OUR PATRONS.

We have made arrangements which we will furnish the Oregonian with the West for one month for fifty cents a year. Call and see a sample copy.