

CULTIVATING GOOD WILL OF GUBANS

SF Chronicle:

The enthusiasm with which the people of Havana welcome the incoming American troops bespeaks a friendly feeling for the United States out of which may come much sentiment for annexation. It will be the chief duty of the American reconstructionists during the year or two of their incumbency to do their best to make that good will permanent; and if they are wise they will profit by the lessons of the reconstruction era in the south. The mistake made in giving the southern states a government of scoundrels and carpet-baggers, instead of such a system of rule as northern men ought to have initiated, widened the gulf of the war and made the south politically solid against the republican party for nearly thirty years. It would be a crime to repeat that blunder in Cuba. The ad interim rule, if military, will probably be honest, but the utmost care should be taken also to make it efficient. The army is not strong on the side of business or civil administration and it will need special aid for the work in hand. And that aid should enlist the best men in the civil service, rather than to run the risk of disgracing the Cubans with American methods of government.

If we can have honest officials, incorruptible courts, thrifty financing and absolute safeguards to public order during the term of American occupation, we do not doubt that the Cubans will be so enamored of our ways that they will want to become Americans themselves. At least that is a possibility to be considered as one that may have a powerful influence upon the future of the island and of our national relations to it. There will be such, in any event, to make for annexation, especially a tariff that might work in favor of Porto Rico, but even that influence could be defeated if the temporary administration of Cuba should be scandalous or inefficient.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

SF Bulletin.

"A Subscriber" has attached a meaning to a recent article in The Bulletin on "the value of gold" that it does not bear. The question was not whether, under existing conditions, the gold standard should be maintained, but whether the refusal of mint privileges to gold would affect its commercial value. The paper from which The Bulletin quoted asserted that the commercial value of gold would not be affected if gold should cease to be coined and cease also to be a legal tender. This position conflicts with the law of demand and supply. In our opinion any legislation that should deprive gold of any of its functions would impair its value. If there should be concerted action among artisans not to use gold in the arts or in the manufactures there would, in consequence, be a decreased demand for gold, and that decreased demand would lower its market value. If a metal the supply of which is limited has ten equal uses, and one of these uses is discontinued, the commercial value of that metal will be somewhat in proportion lowered. The reduction in market value may not be appreciable at once, but it will appear in a short time.

Some Hard Sense.

Life is not a picnic. Of course, there can be lots of fun crowded into it, in a proper way, but on the whole it is a matter of hard and earnest work. The men who work the hardest are the happiest. Those who are happiest in their work are the most successful. Every lick you put in now will be of benefit hereafter. No matter what your pay may be do the best that is within you. We can't all get rich by lying on flowery beds of ease while other's fight to win the prize or sail through each day with colors at the masthead and every yard of canvas set. Work is the most healthful, invigorating tonic that poor human nature can help itself to. Remember that if you are well and busy you must, as a result, be happy.—Hardware.

He Complies.

Mr. Transient—Is this all the butter you have in the house, Mrs. Caterer? Mrs. Caterer—It is, Mr. Transient, and I wish you would try to make it go as far as you can. Mr. Transient—With pleasure, Mrs. Caterer (opens window and throws butter against back fence) There! If it hadn't been for that fence, I could have made it go a little farther yet.—Boston Courier.

Not Unique.

"Madam," said the smooth spoken tramp, "I am not an ordinary hobo!" "Oh, I don't know," said the lynx eyed housekeeper, as she leisurely took down her husband's gun from the wall, "you're about the same as the rest of 'em. You can work, but you won't. Git." And he gat.—Vim.

The San Francisco Examiner and the West for one year \$2.50 paid in advance.

About 25 couples attended the dance in the Old Fellows building Friday.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASH. D. C., Dec., 19th, 1893.

Circumstances have brought the expansion question very much to the front in Washington. President McKinley's speech at Atlanta, in which he asked "Who will haul down the flag?" is regarded as committing him in favor of expansion, and of retaining the Philippines, and it has enthused the expansionists in congress, and out of congress. Then came Col Bryan's visit to Washington for the double purpose of trying to prevent senators of his party opposing the ratification of the treaty of peace, which he says should not figure in the fight against expansion, and solidifying his party in both branches of congress against expansion. He succeeded so well in the first that it is now generally expected that the treaty will be ratified by the senate before the close of this session of congress, although it cannot be sent to the senate until the first week in January. He wasn't so successful in his other object. He found numerous senators and representatives of his party who told him plainly that they and their constituents believed that it was the proper thing for this government to keep all the territory it acquired in the war with Spain, and that so long as the administration policy was legitimate expansion, and not imperialism, they expected to support it. Col Bryan admitted in conversation with his friends that public sentiment at the present time is favorable to expansion, but he argued that it will soon be changed and will support the position he has taken.

The Nicaragua Canal bill cannot be said to have made any real progress during the week it has been the "unfinished business" of the senate. Nearly all of the senators claim to favor the canal, but a majority of them appear to have different ideas of the legislation that will best accomplish that result. The consequence is a number of amendments and talk of several brand new bills. Senator Morgan says he doesn't care whose bill is passed or what its exact form is, just so the construction of the canal is authorized at this session of congress.

The sentiment expressed by President McKinley—that the time had come when the U S Government ought to share in the care of the Confederate dead—found an echo in congress when Representative Rixey, of Va, introduced a bill providing that the government should also share in the care of living confederates, who are needy, by opening to them all soldier's homes and other institutions maintained by the government for ex-soldiers, upon the same terms that U S soldiers and sailors are admitted.

Members of the Anglo-American Commission no longer speak hopefully of success in the negotiation of a treaty that will remove all friction between this country and Canada, and establish commercial reciprocity. On the contrary, they now regard any satisfactory agreement on the reciprocity, as improbable, and the negotiation of a treaty embracing any points of real importance is very doubtful. The Commission has adjourned until January 5, when a last attempt to agree on something will be made.

Col Bryan's friends are divided as to whether the New Yorker who was quoted as follows in a local paper, meant to be complimentary or otherwise: "I think Bryan would have made one of the greatest actors that ever trod the boards, and even now, if he would adopt the stage, there is almost the certainty of success. He is a born actor, and had he started in time, would have outshone the greatest we have seen in this generation. His Chicago speech that won him the nomination for president was a masterly bit of acting—so was his going to war. I don't mean by that to accuse him of insincerity, but it is the very nature of the man to play a part. He has a magnificent face, fine voice, and magnetic presence, all of which would have lifted him to the topmost place had fate decreed him to be a Thespian." The gentlemen who are trying to bring about an extra session of the next

A NEW JURY SYSTEM.

Baltimore Sun: Louisiana has the merit of trying an experiment in which many persons in other states will feel an interest. The new constitution provides that in criminal cases where the punishment may not be imprisonment at hard labor, the trial may be by the judge, without a jury; if the punishment may be imprisonment at hard labor, the case must be tried by a jury of five, and if the punishment must be hard labor, then the jury shall consist of 12, the concurrence of nine of whom is sufficient for a verdict. The object was to lessen the delay and expense of long jury trials and hung juries. Success has been attained so far. More business is now done at less cost. At a single term of one court recently the reduction was as much as \$2000. The constitution has a provision in respect to the new jury system that the legislature may change it after 1904 and return to the old system if the

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Must Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of the front photographer on the spot. Large book, low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Quilt free. Address, F T Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

THIS WEEK received a copy of the souvenir Christmas edition of the published at Marshfield. It is a very interesting and contains many places of interest in as of some of the credit

congress for the sole purpose of financial legislation, have not succeeded in getting a promise from President McKinley, but they are still hard at work trying to bring additional pressure to bear upon him. They have adopted one unique method of influencing the President—a petition from republican members of congress, asking the President to call an extra session of congress in the spring, and to state in the call that the session is called solely to consider financial legislation. This petition is now being circulated for signatures, and is said to have obtained a considerable number, but they do not include the party leaders. Regardless of this petition and other efforts of the same parties, an extra session is generally regarded as among the probabilities, but it will not be confined, if held, to financial legislation.

Same old congress; same old talk about working through the holidays; same old joint resolution providing for a Christmas recess of two weeks, from the 21st inst. Amen.

Women Should Know It.

Many women suffer untold agony and misery because the nature of their disease is not correctly understood. They have been led to believe that womb trouble or female weakness of some sort is responsible for the many ills that beset womankind.

Neuralgia, nervousness, headache, puffiness of the face, rheumatism, a dragging pain or dull ache in the back, weakness or bearing-down sensation, profuse or scanty supply of urine with strong odor, frequent desire to pass it with scalding or burning sensation, sediment in it after standing in-bottle or common glass for twenty-four hours, are signs of kidney and bladder trouble.

The above symptoms are often attributed by the patient herself or by her physician to female weakness or womb trouble. Hence, so many fail to obtain relief, because they are treating, not the disease itself, but a reflection of the primary cause, which is kidney trouble.

In fact, women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble and both need the same remedy.

Dr Kilmor's Swamp-Root is the great discovery of the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is easy to get at any drug store for fifty cents and one dollar.

To prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Kindly mention THE WEST and send your address to Dr Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

DON'T TELL THEM WHERE YOU FOUND ME.

The above is the name of a new song issued on the following incident. The Rev Thos Delaney, when chaplain of a large state penitentiary, while passing through the hospital ward was called to the bedside of a dying convict. The last words of the unfortunate youth were "Father, I see you do not know me, but you know me well and my family, I will die to-night." I prepared his soul's exit into eternity and whilst his hands were clasped in mine his last request was made, "In my dying moment promise me what I will ask," I here gave him my word; he then revealed his parentage who thought him dead. "Now give me your word that you will send my body home, but don't tell them where you found me." I sent the body home to another state, but they never knew where I found him. The Groene Music Publishing Co 31 E Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O. will send the above song to any address for 25 cents in silver or stamps, regular price 50 cents.

A NEW JURY SYSTEM.

Louisiana has the merit of trying an experiment in which many persons in other states will feel an interest. The new constitution provides that in criminal cases where the punishment may not be imprisonment at hard labor, the trial may be by the judge, without a jury; if the punishment may be imprisonment at hard labor, the case must be tried by a jury of five, and if the punishment must be hard labor, then the jury shall consist of 12, the concurrence of nine of whom is sufficient for a verdict. The object was to lessen the delay and expense of long jury trials and hung juries. Success has been attained so far. More business is now done at less cost. At a single term of one court recently the reduction was as much as \$2000. The constitution has a provision in respect to the new jury system that the legislature may change it after 1904 and return to the old system if the

Literary.

(ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.)

Of-times nothing profits more than self-esteem grounded on just and right. It belongs to every large nature, when it is not under the immediate power of some strong unquestioning emotion, to suspect itself and doubt the truth of its own impression conscious of some possibilities beyond its own horizon.

Sweet are the uses of adversity, which, like the toad, ugly and venomous, wears yet a precious jewel in his head, and this our life exempt from public haunt, finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, sermons in stones, and good in everything.

I conceive abuse to differ from accusation in this, that accusation has to do with offenses for which the laws provide penalties, abuse with the scandal which enemies speak against each other according to their humor.

There is an ill-breeding to which whatever our rank and nature, we are almost equally sensitive,—the ill-breeding that comes from want of consideration for others.

Oh, the incomparable contrivance of Nature who has ordered all things in so even a method that whenever she has been less bountiful in her gifts, there she makes it up with a dose of self-love which supplies the former deficits and makes all even.

DANGERS OF PROSPERITY.

Abundance of times weakens. When men have money against a hundred winters, they are apt to forget how to pray. Wild animals draw near barns and houses when food fails elsewhere, so men are spiritualized by their physical necessities. Crossing a tropical plain in Africa, Stanley's wagon was locked by the flowers growing in profusion. Thus earth's pilgrims have often been hindered by the golden flowers God causes to spring up in their life's pathway.

God wants to bestow abundance upon man's body, not to bind him down, but to free his mind and heart for the higher life.

When the summer has created the verdure of the tree, these leaves hide the sun from the earth it seeks to bless.

As a gold dollar brought close to the eyes eclipses the sun, so a little prosperity sometimes obliterates God.

The child that exclaimed she was tired of Christmas because her father's generosity left nothing for her to desire, had suffered grievous injury.

No creature can be truly happy that does not emphasize its highest faculty. The crowing excellence in a fish is the fins; in a bird is the wing; in a lion is force for striking; in the deer is its foot for speeding. Man's highest faculty is thinking, loving and aspiring.

We have established schools for developing these higher natures that are akin to God, for man is a miniature edition of Infinity. He comes into the world speechless and almost deaf and blind. His every power is latent. It is a germ. Conditions for developing must be thrown around it. Light to develop the sight; sound, the hearing; language, the speech.

GREENLEAF ITEMS.

BY A WEST CORRESPONDENT.

A A Gibson of Indian Creek, and his sister-in-law Miss Lottie Achison, who has been stopping at Mr Scott's on North Fork passed out to the valley the other day, bound for Mr Gibson's father's place near Fern Ridge. Miss Achison goes on to Portland where her parents reside.

Miss Annie Alamas is working at Mrs Roy Egglestain's.

The Mink was disabled on her way down the river last Friday by her propeller becoming loose. After reaching Florence she was beached for repairs and the afternoon mail was dispatched to Mapleton in a row boat. The Mink was ready for business the next morning and went to head of tide as usual.

Back to Health

After Long Illness Hood's Sarsaparilla Restored Good Health—Now as Strong as Ever.

"After an illness of two years, during which time I underwent several surgical operations, I at last began to improve, but my improvement was so slow that I became discouraged. I was very much run down and I did not have any appetite. I did not care to live. One day I met a friend who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and who urged me to try it. I consented, and after I had taken a few doses I began to feel better and had a better appetite. I gained from two to three pounds a week and grew stronger every day. I took two or three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and am as strong as I ever was in my life. Hood's Sarsaparilla has brought me back to health."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Fact is One True Blood Purifier.

THE

GREAT WHITE STORE

IS NOW FILLED

With Seasonable Goods, and as usual of first class quality. "OUR AIM:" to Sell First Class Articles at Most Reasonable PRICES.

We carry no shop-worn, or Auction Goods of any kind. Some of the latest arrivals are Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Oiled Clothing and Rubber Goods, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, Dry Goods, and Fancy Articles, which must be seen to be appreciated.

In Dress Goods and Dress Trimming, can be found Serges, Cashmores, Henrietta, Ladies Cloth, Suitings Water-proofs. Trimmings to match in Gimps, Velvets, Silks, Satins ETC., in all Shades.

In fact, if there is anything you require that a merchant can supply, call on Yours Truly

O. W. HURD.

CARMAN'S CHEAP CASH STORE!

Dry Goods, Groceries and Notions.

FLORENCE MEAT MARKET.

Just Opened.

Goods as Represented.

J. W. CARMAN

PROPRIETOR

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring a portrait of a man and text describing the benefits of the pills for various ailments.

FOR... A house is a half in on pre...