

THE WEST

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

FLORENCE, LANE COUNTY, OREGON

W. H. WEATHERSON
Editor and Proprietor

DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRIES.

S. F. Chrocinick.

The manufactured product of the New England States in 1890 was valued at \$1,499,000,000; that of the Middle States was \$5,618,000,000; the Southern States in the same year produced only \$706,000,000. Commenting on these figures, which show a production per inhabitant of \$319, \$253 and \$39 respectively for the sections mentioned, Mr. Mulhall says: "The inferiority of the South as regards manufacturing is due to the lower level of instruction, owing to one third of the population being colored and to the fact that the average wealth per inhabitant is much less than in other parts of the union, and hence the ability to consume manufactures is less." Mr. Mulhall is a great statistician, but when we reflect that the tier of states which he includes in his prairie section of the union, increased its product of manufactured articles from \$147,000,000 in 1850 to \$3,161,000,000 in 1890 we are inclined to believe that he does not size up the situation correctly. Had the prairie states remained content to be merely producers of agricultural products they would have been as poor to-day as the south. But they took advantage of the protective system, promoted manufacturing industries, and their possessions increased so rapidly that the per capita wealth of the section is nearly as great today as that of the Middle or New England States. If the south perseveres in her present course she will have the same story to tell, in spite of the admitted drawbacks of an ignorant colored population. All the south needs to do is to follow the advice of Adam Smith and cease acting as a heaver of wood and drawer of water for manufacturing countries, and she will soon have wealth enough to consume as abundantly as the people of the north.

SQUATTERS' RIGHTS GOOD IN ALASKA

The trouble over land titles in Juneau, Alaska, has at last been settled by a decision of Judge Delaney of the United States court at Juneau. The possessory rights of squatters who have improved their holdings are held to be good against invasion. Titles given by the original locator are by the decision rendered valid even though the holder shall be absent from the property. The case at issue involved valuable property of O. H. Adsit, who held a deed from the original locator to property in the business portion of the town. During his absence it was invaded by another. Adsit began suit in the United States court for ejectment. The case was tried last December and Judge Delaney has just rendered a decision in favor of Adsit. A deed from the locator made while the premises had improved though unoccupied was held to convey a good title.

The parole law passed by the Missouri legislature went into effect lately. It provides that all persons under 25 years of age, who have been convicted of offenses against the law for the first time may secure an arrest of judgment for two years conditioned on good behavior. If the person is guilty of a second offense during the probationary period the first punishment stands. If, on the contrary, his conduct is good, the sentence is revoked and the court has no further jurisdiction over him. The law is applicable to all cases except murder, treason and highway robbery.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All drug stores.

THE FACT of the whole matter is, that people who go abroad or send abroad to buy supplies of any sort have a right to do so if they choose, but in doing it they work more injury to their home town than does any other influence towards tearing down home establishments and institutions. Dollars thus sent abroad never come back, and the more of them that are sent away the poorer the home town and its establishments become. Injury to one class is injury to all classes for each depend upon the other. The amount sent away may seem small but in the aggregate it becomes an important factor. A good way to make home newspapers shabby and home newspapermen shabbier is to send printing abroad, and the same is true of the merchant and every other business, trade or profession in the town.—Corvallis Times.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. All C. C. C. fall, druggists refund money.

KEEP THE CHILDREN IN SCHOOL.

Bonne River Courier.

Last week we were informed by one of the merchants of this city that a certain little boy has been lounging around the store, ostensibly to while away the time, but in reality to see something that he might by chance put into his pocket, while the merchant was busily engaged in some other direction. The littleurchin's hand followed the inclination of his mind and he seized a small article which he endeavored to conceal in his pocket, but the pocket was too small to completely hide the article and hence the merchant found him out and brought him to task about what he had done, and further inquired of him why he was not in school, and to this the boy gave answer, "I don't want to go to school." In this the little fellow evidently spoke the truth by natural instinct and not by any parental training. He was in school the day before and now he is out because "he don't want to go." His parents are as though they were dead as far as having any control over the boy.

Parents, you will please pardon us if we take the case of this little boy as a pretext upon which to deliver a short lecture containing some wholesome advice.

The public school is now in session and every boy and girl in this district between the ages of 6 and 20 by all means should be in attendance. "Tis your duty to see to it that your children are in school every day, you do them a wrong if you keep them at home without a good and legitimate excuse, or permit them to hang around the streets, and you do them a double, yea a quadruple wrong if you allow them to stay out because "I don't want to go." "Can't make them go," did you say? How often we have heard expressions of this character, but they really make us heart sick and weary. Better for you and for your children that they had never been born than to be allowed to go astray in this manner.

Are there any parents in the city who realize the sad fact that there are boys and girls under 18 years of age who have been seen on the street at the midnight hour perambulating to destruction? Can any parent be so enraptured in slumber as to know nothing and to care nothing of the whereabouts of their own flesh and blood at this hour.

Put your children in school and keep them there every school day for nine months in the year, and then the teacher will have them in charge but one eighth of the time. The impressions made upon the child by the proper or the improper training of the child is, we think, more than eight times that of the teacher. The teacher has his work to do and thousands of them fail to do the work of training properly, but the teacher cannot do the work of the parent and he should not be expected to do it, and it is shameful for the parent to shift so important a responsibility. There are parents who make their children obey a few times, but they seem to grow weary of the task, not realizing the fact that eternal vigilance is the price of success in any worthy undertaking. Keep it up, be sure that your boys and girls obey you in every detail until they are in a manner grown, and then they will honor father and mother and the day of their birth, but allow them to say, "I don't want to go to school," and to follow this course in their childhood days, then when they are grown the chances are in the majority of cases that they will curse father and mother and the day of their birth. The child who is brought up to respect father and mother may go wrong in after life, but this is the exception and not the rule, and the child who is allowed his own way of disobedience may in after life go right, but this too is the exception and not the rule.

Again we say to the indifferent, careless parent, send your children to the public school. 'Tis your duty to send them there and keep them there, the teacher's duty to teach them obedience, but if they are found incorrigible because of neglect on your part, then it becomes the duty of the teacher to suspend them, the directors' duty to expel them and some one's duty perhaps your own, though it is shameful to have to say it, to send them to the reform school, and there as a last resort a further effort is made, where the environments are favorable, to instill obedience and manhood into them, failing in this dernier resort, there is probably foul for the penitentiary and it may be for the gallows.

Keep the children off the street after school closes give them a little manual labor to perform, work with the hands is one of the most potent factors in rearing children. The bucksaw and the wood pile will do the boys no harm, but on the contrary it develops muscle and prevents the brain from being the "Devil's Workshop." The girl employed with the broom or in some other household work will do much toward increasing

respect for mother. There is plenty of work about most homes to give employment to the boys and girls after they return from school that would add much more to their dignity and usefulness than to be seen after 4 o'clock on the streets with a wad of gum or with a cigarette in the mouth.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASH., D. C. Sept. 29, 1897.

Senator Elkins is rather proud than otherwise of his connection with the much discussed section 22 of the Dingley tariff, the provisions of which are about the same as those contained in a separate bill introduced in the senate by Mr. Elkins. He says the section was intended to take away business heretofore held by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, and thus emphasizes his own position: "I am opposed to the Canadian Pacific Railroad securing business that ought to go to American railways. I think the business which the Canadian Pacific is now doing ought to be broken up and San Francisco become the port of entry of the goods now going to Vancouver. I am in favor of American shipping against foreign shipping." The candor of Mr. Elkins is decidedly refreshing when compared with the lodging which has been done by some of the other gentlemen who are supposed to have had a hand in fixing up section 22.

President McKinley has personally requested Consul General Lee to return to Cuba and resume his duties at the expiration of his present leave of absence and General Lee has agreed to do so. This is authentic and official and it effectually disposes of much gossip. It also indicates that President McKinley expects matters in Cuba to reach a crisis at a date not far in the future. General Lee does not expect to return to Havana until about the middle of October, unless something occurs to make an earlier return advisable.

Commissioner H. Clay Evans, of the pension bureau, estimates that the payment for pensions during the present fiscal year will exceed the appropriation by more than \$6,000,000. The appropriation for the year is \$141,263,880. The deficit will, the commissioner says, be created by the old claims for pensions, some 200,000 in number, which will be acted upon during the year.

In the big batch of appointments to office, made by President McKinley while he was in Washington was a cousin of his own—Frederick E. McKinley, to be receiver of public moneys at Guthrie, Oklahoma—and a cousin of Vice-President Hobart—Edward F. Hobart, to be receiver of public moneys at Santa Fe, New Mexico.

All the politicians are deeply interested in the efforts of Senator Platt and his followers to get President McKinley to commit himself and the administration against the independent municipal ticket in greater New York headed by Hon. Seth Low, ex-mayor of Brooklyn, and president of the Columbia college. While nobody can state positively that President McKinley will do as Senator Platt wishes him to do, there are several very good reasons for believing that the outcome will be very near to being what Mr. Platt wants it to be. It has been represented to President McKinley and is probably true, that if Mr. Low succeeds in becoming mayor of Greater New York, he intends to enter the field as a candidate for the republican nomination for president in 1900. It is needless to say that Mr. McKinley hopes to get another term; he is not less human than all his predecessors. So he isn't likely to assist in boosting a possible rival. But the strongest reason for believing that Mr. McKinley will throw the influence of the administration against the candidacy of Mr. Low is the record of Mr. McKinley at home; he has always stood by the regular ticket of his party and opposed all independent movements. The only obstacle to the success of Senator Platt in getting a declaration against Mr. Low's candidacy has been the doubt as to whether Mr. Low would succeed in his efforts to be made the regular republican candidate, a doubt his friends have made the most of, but which Senator Platt and his followers say does not exist. If Mr. Low gets the endorsement of the regular republicans, he can count on the support of the administration to the full extent that it shall be deemed judicious to go in a municipal campaign; otherwise not. While it is not probable that Mr. McKinley will support any candidate not endorsed by the Platt republicans, a condition may arise that will cause him to remain neutral as far as it may be possible. He knows how closely his actions are being watched in this matter, both by friends and opponents, and will exercise all care for which he has a reputation in Ohio politics not to take a step that he may afterwards regret.

Everybody Says So. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, clearing the entire system, dispelling colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. 10-day, 10c. 25c. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

How to Find Out. Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do. There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-root, the great kidney remedy fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention The West and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

Greenleaf Items. By a West Correspondent. Sept. 25th, 1897. Charles Potter and family of Alpha are visiting at Hale.

Ernest Tabor returned today from a week's visit to Eugene.

Great, luscious apples are begging a market at 25 cents a bushel.

Travel over the low-pass road has been heavier this fall than ever before.

Hans of Chickahominy is trying to sell out and go east to his family. He's homesick.

William Wheeler of Nelson creek has a carbuncle on each hand and does nothing this week but lie around the house and howl.

The Deadwood and Lake creek baseball teams expect to play next Saturday if Fred Peil of the Deadwood team gets home from the valley in time.

Emil Robert took some cattle to Junction for sale a week ago and has not got home yet. He seldom stays away like that. Besides, he had been home only a day from his long visit to Switzerland.

Deadwood has been shaken worse than by an earthquake. One citizen told another that a certain married man and the wife of another were no better than they ought to be. No. 2 told another. No. 3 told another. Thus it went till everybody had been told. Last Tuesday the lady in the case visited. Nos. 1 and 2 with fire in her eye and a large vocabulary of wrath on her tongue and solemnly promised to send a constable for them right speedily. And there is repentance and marveling and wagging of tongues.

Literary.

(ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.)

If we rightly estimate what we call good and evil we shall find it lies much in comparison.

Cruelty, like every other vice, requires no motive outside of itself, it only requires opportunity.

Courage is generosity of the highest order, for the brave are prodigal of the most precious things.

Crimes lead into one another. They who are capable of being forgers are capable of being incendiaries.

The court is like a palace built of marble. I mean that it is made up of very hard and very polished people.

In the man whose childhood has known caresses there is always a fibre of memory that can be touched to gentle issues.

Courage that grows from constitution often forsakes the man when he has occasion for it; courage which arises from a sense of duty acts in a uniform manner.

A flippant, frivolous man may ridicule others, may controvert them, scorn them; but he who has any respect for himself seems to have renounced the right of thinking meanly of others.

If men could learn from history, what lessons it might teach us! but passion and party blind our eyes, and the light which experience gives is a lantern on the stern, which shines only on the waves behind us.

The truth is, that most men want knowledge, not for itself, but for the superiority which knowledge confers; and the means they employ to secure this superiority are as wrong as the ultimate object, for no man can ever end with being superior who will not begin with being inferior.

The world has a particular way of acting towards public persons of acknowledged merit; it gradually begins to be indifferent to them, and to favor talents which are new, though far inferior; it makes excessive requisitions on the former and accepts of anything with approbation from the latter.

With children we must mix gentleness with firmness; they must not always have their own way, but they must not always be thwarted. If we never have headaches through rebuking them, we shall have plenty of heartaches when they grow up. Be obeyed at all costs. If you yield up your authority once, you will hardly ever get it again.

It is defeat that turns bone to flint; it is defeat that turns gristle to muscle; it is defeat that makes men invincible; it is defeat that has made those heroic natures that are now in the ascendancy, and that has given the sweet law of liberty for the bitter law of oppression. Do not, therefore, be afraid of defeat. You are never so near victory as when you are defeated in a good cause.

A man of business should be able to fix his attention on details and be ready to give every kind of argument a hearing. This will not encumber him, for he must have been practical beforehand in the exercise of his intellect and be strong in principles. One man collects material and there they remain, a shapeless heap; another, possessed of method, can arrange what he has collected; but such a man as I would describe, by the aid of principles, goes farther and builds with his materials.

It is both the curse and the blessing of our American life that we are never quite content. We all expect to go somewhere before we die, and have a better time when we get there than we can have at home. The bane of our life is discontent. We say we will work so long, and then we will enjoy ourselves. But we find it just as Thackeray expressed it, "When I was a boy" he said "I wanted some taffy,—it was a shilling—I hadn't one. When I was a man, I had a shilling, but I didn't want any taffy."

Cures

Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT

We are Prepared to Meet all Demands for Winter Goods, With a New Line of Heavy Woolen Underwear, Mitts, Fascinators, Hosiery, Boottees, Oil Clothing, Rubber Boots, Over Shoes Etc.

These Goods Will Run Out at Rates so Low That it Will Make Quick Work of Their Distribution.

WE ARE GOING OUT

Of Ready made Clothing, that Means that Mr. Cash can Fit Himself out at Cost of Manufacture. Have some Special offerings in Boots Shoes and Hats

Excellent Value for Your Money at all times at FLORENCE STORE AND SEATON BRANCH.....

HURD & DAVENPORT

THE SEATON STORE

Will Continue to Carry a Well Selected Stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Which will be handled on the closest possible margin Consistent with the original cost and transportation.

Cash or Anything Marketable

WILL BE THE BASIS; This we intend shall work no hardship on our patrons; LOWER RATES MORE THAN COMPENSATING FOR PROMPT SETTLEMENTS.

HURD & DAVENPORT

HAMPTON BROS.

FOR DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING.

All the Latest in Dress Goods, Trimming Etc.

BLANKETS FOR 65c. a PAIR,

SHIRTS 25cts. TO \$1.50

HAMPTON BROS.

Eugene, Oregon.

ENTERPRISING LEADING

S. H. FRIENDLY.

S. H. FRIENDLY.

PROGRESSIVE MERCHANT

CARMAN'S CHEAP CASH STORE!

Dry Goods, Groceries and Notions.

FLORENCE MEAT MARKET.

Just Opened.

Goods as Represented.

J. W. CARMAN, PROPRIETOR