

Bribery Threatened.

The following paragraph appears in a recent issue of the *Boston*:

The friends of Senator Williams of Oregon, by the way, do not abandon their hopes of his re-election, although the Legislature recently elected in that State is Democratic. He has many personal friends in Oregon, and it will be fortunate for that State if his services are retained.

So it seems that Ben Holladay & Co., not content with sending their shabby-genteel emissaries into all the Democratic counties of this State, to bribe the popular vote, are going to try their hands upon the Legislature which has been elected especially to oppose their schemes of subsidy and corruption. These gentlemen seem to fill the first Napoleon's definition of the Bourbons—"they learn nothing and forget nothing." The great and impressive lesson of the June election seems to have been utterly lost upon them.

The idea of an avowed intention of coming out and openly trying to accomplish, by purchase of men, what they had before attempted to their utter discomfiture, shows how desperate the stratagem to which the Radical blather elite, Williams, and his abettors are reduced. It also shows what brazen effrontery they have in openly proclaiming their intentions to resort to such criminal expedients. Lastly, it shows there must be enormous stealings in the office of United States Senator, or they would not be justified in going to such expense as they incurred in the late political campaign, to say nothing of what they propose to spend hereafter. Their money has been idly disbursed so far, and would be again, for the same purposes, for all Ben Holladay's money cannot buy one vote for George H. Williams in the coming Legislature of Oregon.

Many strange things have happened in this world, and we may be prepared to hear of many miracles, but we never expect to hear of such a miracle as Geo. H. Williams being elected, except to stay at home. When whisky ceases to "make drunk come," when ladies tame grizzly bears for lap dogs; when a jackass beats Norfolk at four-mile heats; when Grant declines a present; when fleas refuse to bite; when ducks forget how to swim; when George Francis Train learns common sense; when figs grow on jineseen weed, and Ben Butler learns to look his fellow man straight in the face, then and not till then, we may expect to hear of George H. Williams being elected to the United States Senate by an Oregon Democratic Legislature.

WILLIAMS AND RAILROADS.—The *Sentinel* tries hard to force upon the people the specious plea that we can never have a railroad in Oregon, unless we send Judge Williams to the United States Senate again. We must re-elect him or we are lost. This is like the Irishman on trial for riot in Mobile, as told so laughably by the late Judge Baldwin, of California. Forty two of his fellow rioters had been convicted on the testimony of a single witness—one Ferguson. "Patrick Flynn," says the Judge, "are you guilty or not guilty?" "Yer honor, is Mr. Furkisson to be a witness forinst me too?" "Yes, I believe so!" "Thin, yer honor, I plade guilty; not that I'm guilty, at all at all, for God knows I'm innocent as yer Honor's suckin' babe at the brest, but I plade guilty for the sake of savin Mr. Furkisson's soul!" This is about what neighbor Dowell wants the Democrats to do—vote for Williams, not because they are Republicans but for the sake of saving a railroad through Jackson county. We guess we can get along without the loyal incubus for the next six years. There are plenty of men in the Democracy of Oregon who can afford to spend their time legislating for Oregon, rather than imposing unfriendly enactments upon the South. We could have had a railroad by this time if Geo. H. Williams had remembered Oregon and let the South alone.

LOOKING AHEAD.—A newly elected member of the Legislature was seen driving four hogs through the streets in Canyonville, last Monday. On being asked his destination, he replied "S'lem, by thunder. Et I go to a hotel to board, they'll say I've been bribed to vote for Williams. So I drove along these hogs, so I can keep 'back' out in the brush and vote for Stout."

SOUND MAN.—A newly married couple in Benton county recently received a present of a broom from the editor of the *Scio News*, with the following pithy motto:

This trifling gift accept from one
Who would its use commend;
In sunshine use the brushy part,
In storm the other end."

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY.—The Sister's school will open on the 1st of August.

Taxation or Repudiation.

All the old issues between the Republicans and Democrats are being, one by one, swept away, and now in order to save themselves from certain defeat at the next Presidential election, the Republicans are resorting to the advocacy of the very measures which they denounced as treason on the part of the Democracy six years ago. A few days since, in the House of Representatives, both Aron A. Sargent and Thomas Fitch, representing respectively the States of California and Nevada, voted for the taxation of United States bonds. Upon being questioned about it, W. Fitch said "We must either tax these bonds, or the Federal debt will be repudiated in less than six years. The holders of these bonds ought to be satisfied with exemption from taxation for the last seven years."

Now this is merely what the Democratic party has always contended for—the right to impose equal burdens of taxation upon all kinds of property. The idea that the publisher of a newspaper should be compelled to pay license first as a publisher, secondly as a retail dealer and thirdly, a per centage upon all advertising over \$2,000 per annum, while the holder of six millions of Government Bonds escaped payment of either license or *ad valorem* tax, is so manifestly unjust that no party advocating such an inequality can long survive. The hue and cry raised during the late campaign by Republican papers in Oregon, that the Democracy were in favor of total repudiation of the debt, was as absurd as it was false. What the Democracy desired was that the debt should be paid in the same currency as that in which it was contracted; that that portion of it contracted to be paid in gold was illegally contracted, and should be paid in currency; and that the debt should be taxed until paid, and made to contribute to the support of the Government, like any other property owned by citizens. The justice of this proposition has been so manifest from the start, that new advocates to the cause have been found every day. The growing party is composed of men who read and think—men who can see no good reason why a State can legally tax its own indebtedness, while the Federal Government must except its bonds from taxation. During the past seven years industry has been overtaxed; that idleness and luxury might escape taxation; the silent foundries and empty shipyards of New York too faithfully bear witness to this act. Twenty years ago the Morgan Iron Works employed 250 men; now they employ but fifty men and they only work on repairs to boilers. The Allaire Works built the engines of all the past ships of the Vanderbilt and Aspinwall lines twenty years ago; now they are occupied as a stable for car-horses. The life of these monster foundries has been crushed out by exorbitant taxation, levied by a corrupt Congress, that a bloated aristocracy might go untaxed. This is why Oregon raised the banner cry of "Equitable adjustment—taxation or repudiation." Nobly was the battle fought, and nobly won. Had we but clamored for equal taxation, we could have accomplished no thing. But the cry of "taxation or repudiation" has aroused the working men all over the Union, and although the present Congress has defeated the proposition to tax these bonds, its succession will not dare to avoid taxing them. All the bayonets and negro votes between here and Africa will not save the Radicals from defeat at the Presidential election of 1872, if they attempt to exempt the debt from taxation another year. The day of class legislation is nearly at an end, and another year will put a different aspect upon matters. Till then, Democracy can well afford to wait. Let us be patient that we may meet victory, not with the frantic glee of madness but

Proud to meet a nation proud,
With steps that tells of triumph tasted.

GOOD GRADE.—Lindsay Applegate Esq., of Ashland, who accompanied his brother on the survey of a railroad route up Butte Creek to the "Dead Indian" country, informs a friend of ours that the grade is uniformly less than eighty feet to the mile, all the way to the summit. On the Central Pacific in California it often exceeds 108 to the mile.

A NEW PAPER.—We have received the first number of the *Daily Oregon Bulletin*, published at Portland, Oregon, by James O'Meara, Editor and Proprietor. It is the largest daily newspaper published in Oregon, and presents a neat typographical appearance.

CLOSED.—The Ashland school, which closed on Friday, has been in session for three months, during which time 67 children have been in attendance. The highest number in attendance at any one time was 53.

Correspondence.

NEAR HANNA'S FERRY, }
July 21-22, 1870. }

ED. NEWS.—I send you this "on the wing." We left camp this morning and proceeded a half mile, when the front axle weakened, snapped off and turned our load out. Word was sent ahead to the surveyor and viewers, who have just returned. Mr. Howard has made arrangements to get another wagon; so the survey will be delayed but a half day. The distances thus far are as follows: From Jacksonville to Bybee's Ferry, 11 1/2 miles; to Foster's creek 20 1/2 miles; to Hanna's 22 1/2 miles; to the scene of this disaster, 23 miles.

We are well supplied with everything, except *aqua miravelous*, or snake medicine. If you hear of anybody coming this way, send us a bottle by all means; as snakes are numerous, and becoming more bold and hostile in their movements every day.

A band of 2,000 sheep crossed the river at Hanna's Ferry, yesterday, on their way to California, via Link river.

Mr. Gordon's little girls, who were bitten by a rattlesnake, are entirely well again. I hear of several others in this vicinity who have been bitten by rattlesnakes, and have all been saved by whiskey. [We will here state, for the information of those who may hereafter be bitten by rattlesnakes, that sweet oil is said to be a sure cure for the same.—ED. NEWS.]

Yours Evermore,
A CHAINTOTER.

BANCROFT'S NEW BOOKSTORE.—Nothing more truly marks the intellectual progress of a community than the patronage bestowed upon newspapers, printing offices and book stores. The people of the Pacific Coast may well look with pride upon the magnificent structure which they have enabled the Messrs. Bancrofts, of San Francisco, to build. Six floors each 75 by 170 feet—nearly two acres of flooring; all the departments of books and stationery, scientific, law, school, medical, miscellaneous and religious books, paper, blanks and envelopes; a steam printing office, including copper plate and seal engraving, lithographic engraving and printing, monogram cutting and stamping, map making, blank book manufacturing and book binding; all this and much more under one roof and one management, is no where equaled in America.

Let this country go on as it has commenced, in the encouragement of literature, the fine arts, and education, and future generations will find no where upon the face of the earth a higher type of civilization than upon this Pacific Coast.

PERSONAL.—A. H. Martin, Esq., who has been East on business, returned Tuesday evening last. Dr. A. B. Overbeck, who left with his family about two months ago for the East, returned last Thursday evening. Also Granville Sears who has been East on a visit, returned during the week.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. W. Jackson, who has been visiting the northern towns of this State, returned Thursday evening last. The Doctor will be pleased to wait on all those having work in his line. His rooms are in Horne's Hotel—adjoining new hall—on stairs.

New, Co-Dan.

\$50 Reward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM KLAMATH Agency, about the last of December, 1869, two horses—one sorrel horse; thin mane, bald face, all of his legs white to the knees, no brand, harness and saddle marks, about 15 hands high, and a sore under the lower jaw; 9 years old. Also, one bay horse, dark mane and tail, 1 1/2 hands high—Morgan stock,—branded thus: An inverted "c" on the hollow of the right thigh; a small white crooked strip in the forehead; saddle and harness marks—six years old. The above reward will be paid to any person delivering said horses at S. D. Vandyke's ranch, 7 miles east of Jacksonville.

S. D. VANDYKE,
Jacksonville, July 23d, 1870.

ALL OF OREGON & WASHINGTON TERRITORY INDIAN WAR CLAIMS PAID IN FULL

To Claimants in 60 Days!

FOR ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING the above, or any other Government claims, apply to the undersigned, who will furnish all necessary information gratis, and charge no fees for collection until claim is paid.

ALFRED L. GROSS,
Notary Public for Oregon; Commissioner of Deeds for Washington Territory.
OFFICE—St. Charles Hotel, Morrison Street, Portland, Oregon. jly23-3m.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER TENDERS HIS THANKS to the citizens of Jacksonville, for their timely aid in protecting his dwelling house from threatened destruction, by the burning of his stable on Monday last.
Wm. HOFFMAN.
Jacksonville, July 23d, 1870.

EXHIBIT

OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF Jackson county, Oregon, for the year ending July 9th, 1870.

AMOUNT OF COUNTY WARRANTS ISSUED.

On acc't of Courts and Criminals.....	\$3,413 40
" " " Insane and Paupers.....	4,042 14
" " " Salaries and fees of County officers.....	4,417 85
" " " Roads and bridges.....	2,384 46
" " " County Jail.....	918 50
" " " Stationery, blank books and advertising.....	250 99
" " " Repairs and furniture of Public Buildings.....	252 26
" " " Collection of Chinese taxes.....	1,029 60
" " " Assessment and collection of revenue and express charges on State tax.....	1,280 53
" " " Discount on Legal Tender notes.....	32 18
" " " Refunded on over assessm't.....	98 07
" " " Fuel and lights.....	53 87
" " " Expenses of Election.....	154 60
	\$18,328 45

Amount of County warrants outstanding unredeemed..... \$1,340 00
Amount due the County from the State on acc't of State patients..... \$477 00

COUNTY FUND DR.

To bal. in Treas'y July 9th, 1869.....	\$ 3,369 76
" Taxes collected for 1869.....	15,801 13
" Rec'd on delinquent taxes for 1868.....	50 00
" Received on delinquent tax and interest (assessed by Sheriff in 1867), and paid by Owen.....	1,035 00
" Received on account of licenses.....	230 50
" " " Chinese licenses.....	5,148 00
" " " China, Kanaka & Negro Poll Tax in 1870.....	1,915 00
" " " Forfeitures on bail bonds.....	295 00
" " " Horse sold, forfeited the Co.	10 00
" " " Trial Fees.....	54 00
	\$28,008 39

COUNTY FUND CR.

By County Warrants returned canceled.....	\$18,230 31
" Treasurer's receipts for State tax.....	7,590 78
" bal. in Treasury July 7th, 1870.....	2,187 30
	\$28,008 39

SCHOOL FUND DR.

To bal. in Treasury July 9th, 1869.....	\$1,411 40
" Percentage of taxes of 1869.....	2,136 11
" Received on delinquent tax and interest (assessed by Sheriff in 1867) and paid by Owen.....	172 50
" on delinquent taxes of 1868.....	5 60
" on account of Estrasys.....	63 20
" on interest on school notes.....	129 20
" on account of fines.....	283 50
	\$4,201 51

SCHOOL FUND CR.

By amount paid School Districts.....	\$2,785 98
" " of discount on Legal Ten. notes.....	18 63
" bal. in Treasury July 9th, 1870.....	1,396 90
	\$4,201 51

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING is a true statement of the condition of the public funds of Jackson county, Oregon, July 9th, 1870, as taken from the books, and per vouchers from the County Treasurer, now on file in this office.
SILAS J. DAY, County Clerk.

COUNTY HOSPITAL.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Board of County Commissioners, for Jackson county, Oregon, at the August Term, for keeping, maintaining, nursing, and medically treating all sick and disabled poor persons, and all other poor persons in the County who are or may become a county or public charge, by reason of bodily infirmity, idiocy, lunacy, or other cause, within the meaning of Chapter 43 of the General Laws of Oregon, and the Amendments thereto, for one year from the 4th of August, 1870, to the 4th of August, 1871.

Proposals will also be received at the same time for keeping the sick and poor persons, within the meaning of the above chapter and amendments thereto, at a sum specified per week for each person kept. The Hospital and Poor house to be located at the County Seat, or within one mile thereof, and to be divided into two departments—one department for those persons requiring medical treatment, and the other department for the disabled poor persons, or other poor persons, being charges upon the County. Bids will be received up to 2 o'clock, Tuesday, August 21, 1870. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
Jacksonville, July 16th 1870. jly16-w3.

Notice of Final Settlement.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon for Jackson county. (Sitting in Probate, Sept. Term 1870.)
In the matter of the Estate of George P. Fauck, Deceased.

Silas J. Day, Administrator of said Estate, having filed in said Court his final account, and also paying for an order for fixing the time for hearing; therefore notice is hereby given that said final account will be heard and determined in said Court on Thursday, the 8th day of September, 1870, at which time all persons having objections to said final account and settlement, must then and there make the same. By order of the Court.

SILAS J. DAY, Clerk.
July 12th, 1870. jly16-w4.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LET-TERS of Administration on the Estate of B. Levy, deceased, late of Jackson county, Oregon, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned, at his place of business in Jacksonville, within six months from this date, and all claims not presented within ten months will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

G. KAREWSKI, Administrator.
July 14th, 1870. jly16-w4.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

BRICK POMEROY,
HORACE GREELEY,
TOM THUMB,
AND
HARRY JACKSON,

All completely played out in Jacksonville, being overslaughed by

MORRIS BAUM,
Who can, and will sell goods cheaper than any of them.

WOMEN STARE,
and think he stole them when he offers his best prints at twelve and a half cents a yard.

MEN WILL
scarcely believe it when they hear that BAUM sells BEAVER SUITS for \$26, and really laugh at the idea of getting a CASSEMERE SUIT out and out for \$18, and CASSEMERE PANTS from \$5 to \$7.

AN OLD LADY
walked into his store the other day to see some alpaca; on asking the price, she was informed that it was 30 cents a yard. Throwing back her head and elevating her specs, she exclaimed: "Why, bless my soul, this must be a pawnbroker's, where they aller's sell for half price!"

FOULARD DELAINES, - - 50 cts.,
COMMON DELAINES, - - 20 cts.,
MUSLINS, - 12 1-2 to 18 cts.

They have an endless variety of goods, which they sell in proportion. SILKS and SOAP, LACES and TOBACCO, HATS and CANDLES, COAL OIL and SUGAR, NAILS and COFFE, BOOTS and SWISS MULL; and everything else in the Dry Goods, Grocery and Crockery line.
If any man, woman, or child don't believe the above, just call around and see for yourself; nothing but amusement to

SHOW GOODS.
August 28th, 1869.
MORRIS BAUM.

THE PLACE To Buy Goods CHEAPER THAN THE

Cheapest!

—AT—
FISHER & BRO.'S

DEALERS IN
FANCY, STAPLE & DR' GOODS,

Clothing,
Boots & Shoes,
Groceries,
Liquors,
Cutlery,
Crockery,
Etc., Etc.,

OF THE BEST QUALITY,
AND THE
CHEAPEST IN THIS COUNTRY.

FISHER & BRO.'S,
(Corner California and Oregon Streets.)
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
May 1st, 1869.