

State School Fund

Following is the apportionment of the state school fund for August, 1910.

Dist. No. 1 Myrtle Bank	\$66.00
" 2 Herman	44.40
" 3 Arago	88.80
" 4 Lampa	86.95
" 5 Browns	81.40
" 6 Empire	86.55
" 7 McKnight	25.90
" 8 Coquille	867.65
" 9 Mansfield	1474.45
" 10 Cunningham	48.95
" 11 Pakenburg	112.85
" 12 Catching Slough	72.15
" 13 North Bend	1126.65
" 14 Riverton	173.90
" 15 Big Creek	27.75
" 16 Coonton	49.95
" 17 Kentuck	96.20
" 18 Flagstaff	75.85
" 19 Strangs	48.10
" 20 Fishtrap	86.95
" 21 Randolph	109.15
" 23 Lee	53.65
" 24 Rackleff	35.15
" 25 Fairview	61.05
" 26 Haines Slough	38.85
" 27 McKinley	62.90
" 28 Cravelford	103.60
" 29 Two Mile	66.60
" 30 Sumner	61.05
" 31 Rural	27.75
" 32 Dora	12.95
" 33 Bald Hill	40.70
" 34 Catching Creek	62.25
" 35 Daniels Creek	72.15
" 36 Rogers	27.75
" 37 Sugar Loaf	22.20
" 38 Templeton	66.60
" 39 Coos River	92.50
" 40 Libbey	170.20
" 41 Myrtle Point	629.60
" 42 Rock Creek	22.20
" 43 Norway	103.60
" 44 Roy	88.80
" 45 Alleghany	86.95
" 46 New Lake	72.15
" 47 Rowland	49.95
" 48 Shiloh	37.00
" 49 Eastside	196.10
" 50 Remote	33.30
" 51 Uter	25.90
" 52 Myrtle Creek	24.05
" 53 North Slough	85.10
" 54 Bandon	1089.65
" 55 Beaver Slough	24.05
" 56 Esterbeck	31.45
" 57 South Slough	55.50
" 58 Sunny Side	51.80
" 59 Halls Creek	53.65
" 60 Prosper	218.30
" 62 Bear Creek	44.40
" 63 Johnson Mill	98.05
" 64 Four Mile	29.40
" 65 Sitkum	24.05
" 66 Lakeside	61.05
" 67 Excelsior	42.55
" 68 Larson Slough	29.60
" 69 Beaver Hill	33.30
" 71 Buel	12.95
" 72 Coaleda	12.95
" 73 Pleasant View	103.60
" 74 Pleasant Hill	31.45
" 75 Locust Grove	48.10
" 76 Glen Junction	31.45
" 77 Bridge	129.50
" 78 W. T. Dement	35.15
" 79 Latin	92.50

80 West Norway 57.35
 81 Laurel Lake 48.10
 82 Coos City 64.75
 83 Lake View 40.70
 84 Sanfords 31.45
 85 Bunker Bill 127.65
 Joint 2 North Lake 31.45
 Very Respectfully,
 W. H. Bunch, Co. Supt.

Large Sawmill for Coquille

A company consisting of Mr. Reynolds, the former owner of the mill, J. A. Collier, R. Hansen, the Coos Bay Manufacturing Co. as the principal stock holders, and a number of our enterprising citizens who go in for smaller amounts in order to insure its success, have taken over the Reynolds mill which was erected at Pony slough, a short distance below North Bend on Coos Bay, and have begun the construction of a building to which the machinery will be moved. Men have gone to work getting out timbers, and a contract was let yesterday to Horace Russell, for the driving of the necessary piles. This mill is of over 50,000 feet daily capacity, and is of modern make up all the way through.

The site chosen for this mill is a point on the river bank a short distance below the depot. It will be directly between the river and the railroad, an ideal place for a mill, which will have ample facilities for handling lumber conveniently for shipping.

This is an enterprise which will be welcomed by the whole community.

—Coquille Herald.

Tex Rickard Invests in Coos County Coal Lands

San Francisco, Aug. 21st.—When Tex Rickard, the fight promoter, who successfully promoted the "greatest battle of the century," arrived at the St. Francis the other day, he announced that he was out of the "square game" for the rest of his life. He proposes to become a coal miner—not the wearer of a candle in his hat or a pick in his hands, of course, but the developer of coal properties in which he has become interested.

He has bought several properties in Coos county, Oregon, and declares that he intends to develop them. He will never enter the prize fight business again.

Gypsy Fortune Telling

The fortune telling of the Gipsies, or "dukking," as they themselves call it, is a wonderful thing, and the power undeniably supernatural which reads "past, present and future, yer wish an' all ye want to know." But, though the Romany's gifts are marvelous, they cannot strictly be said to be related to psychical phenomena. Yet they are as interesting, being delightfully human, and as mysterious and baffling as East Indian jugglery.

The Romany's usual method of divining the future is by the palm, though it is sometimes by cards, sometimes by dropping coins into clear water, and again by certain charms, varied by trifling sleight-of-hand performances. In the gipsy's palmaristry there is no book learning and little "science," although she professes to attach some importance to the lines of the heart and life. For the lines and mounts gipsies have their own explanations, which sometimes happen to coincide with those of the ordinary gorgio palmist, but which for the most part are not to be found in any written book.

It is almost entirely upon face-reading and a cultivated, keen, ready perception of general characteristics that the gipsy depends. Nothing escapes her quick eye and brain. The bearing of a stranger, the dress, speech and manner, the expression and type of feature, and a thousand details which could be overlooked as unimportant trifles by a gorgio, count with the Romany. She refuses to "dukker" before more than one person at a time, possibly on the plea that she belongs to a "secret order" which forbids it, or that a fortune told in such manner would not come true. These statements, though deliciously appetizing, are lacking in truth, for the fact is only that she needs the undivided attention of the one who consults her in order to get the best results of concentration of mind. In justice to the gipsy, it should be taken into consideration that the atmosphere of skepticism which is apt to surround a gay party of curiosity seekers is not conducive to success in the exercise of any profession.

The Romany fortune teller is an adept in the art of flattery, for there are few exceptions to the rule that nothing is so interesting as one's self. The gipsy knows how to draw out unconscious admissions or confessions of her oft-repeated, "Do ye on-erstan' me?" and "Can ye look me in the eyes an' say it is not the truth I'm a-tellin' you?" She forces the acknowledgment of truths at which she has already shrewdly guessed, and such admissions are the stepping stones by which her "knowledge grows from more to more." She can, for instance, recognize at a glance the tokens of sadness to which the casual observer is blind, and whether the unmistakable stamp is from sorrow by visitation of death or the result of bitter earthly disappointment, the odds are that the gipsy will make the sifter tell her without being aware of having

The Black Death.

The terrible plague known as the "black death" began in China about the year 1333, and from China it went by way of the great caravan route to the north of the Caspian, through central Asia to Tauris and on to Constantinople, reaching Europe by 1348. It raged for more than twenty-six years, with a mortality that will never be accurately known, and to this day the results of its ravages are visible. The disease was bubonic in character and oftentimes was fatal within twenty-four hours after its attack. It was attended by a burning thirst that nothing could allay, and many of its characteristics were too horrible to mention. It is estimated that at least 25,000,000 human beings perished from this great plague.—New York American.

A Bit of John Bright's Sarcasm.

A noble lord once said on the occasion of Mr. Bright's illness that Providence was punishing him for misuse of talents by inflicting a disease of the brain. The following was Mr. Bright's sarcastic rejoinder when he resumed his seat: "It may be so, but in any case it will be some consolation to the friends and family of the noble lord to know that the disease is one which even Providence could not inflict upon him."

Napoleon Bonaparte

In spite of all the contradictory views which have been presented of Napoleon; in spite of hostile historians, poets, English literature and English criticism; in spite of obstacles such as no other man ever conquered, Napoleon Bonaparte stands forth the most amazing phenomenon of human achievement, personal magnetism and moral greatness the world has ever seen.

A man who raised himself from obscurity to a throne; who changed the face of the world; who made himself felt through powerful and civilized nations; who sent the terror of his name across seas and oceans; whose will was pronounced and feared as destiny; whose donatives were crowns; whose ante-chamber was thronged by submissive princes; who broke down the awful barrier of the Alps, and made them a highway, and whose fame was spread beyond the boundaries of civilization to the steppes of the Cossack and the desert of the Arab—a man who has left this record of himself in history has taken out of the hands of mortal the question whether he shall be called great.

Of all the mighty conquerors of the world, Napoleon stands second to none. The day of horrors in France had been going on for some time before Napoleon Bonaparte, the small, slender, pale faced, smooth cheeked youth of 25, encountered and quelled the disturbance. The monarchy of France had been dethroned, Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette had paid, with their lives, the forfeit of oppression which was not all their own. The Royalists and the Jacobins had joined the howling mob of insurgents, and all together were rushing on to attack the convention, which was the only representative of government then in France.

The troops of the convention had been sent to meet the mob, but retired in fear and panic. The mob advanced and the convention trembled. In the midst of the terror and confusion one member exclaimed:

"I know a man who can defend us if any can. It is a young Corsican officer, Napoleon Bonaparte." The convention immediately sent for him. All expected to see a stalwart soldier, of gigantic frame and imperious bearing. "When they saw Napoleon's boyish appearance, the president in credulously inquired:

"Are you willing to undertake the defense of the convention?"

"Yes," was the laconic and calm reply. With half disdainful contempt, the president continued:

"Are you aware of the magnitude of the undertaking?"

"Sweeping the assembly with his magnetic glance, and fixing his eagle eye upon the president, Napoleon replied, "Perfectly, and I am in the habit of accomplishing what I undertake."

And accomplish he did. But how? By the same measure he had declared should have been taken when, a short time before, he had watched the furious mob rush unrestrained through the palace of the imprisoned monarch. Then he exclaimed, "They should have swept down the first 500 with grape shot, and the rest would have soon taken to flight."

And his own successful quelling of the insurgents proved the correctness of his plans and the marvelous executive force of the genius. So Napoleon established the new government of France called the Directory Napoleon; the little commoner who was born upon the island of Corsica, on the 15th of August, 1769.

Napoleon's father died when he was quite young, and at the age of 10, through the assistance of a friend of the family, he obtained admission to the military school at Brienne, near Paris. Regarded as a charity student by his companions, he was here subjected to neglects and taunts. And in spite of this and many other misfortunes he had to contend with, when he was examined for appointment in the army at the age of 16, one of the professors wrote opposite the signature of Napoleon: "This young man will distinguish himself in the world, it favored by fortune." The prophecy came true in every sense of the word.—Oregon Journal.

Bandon Recorder

THURSDAY AUG. 25, 1910

Lodge and Professional Directory

Lodges are Requested to Notify this Office on Election of Officers and on Change of Meeting Night. Cards under this Head are 50c per in., month

Lewah Tribe No. 48, Imp. O. R. M.
 MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 run at the Bandon Wigman. Sejourning chiefs in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
 G. E. Wilson, C. S. Hubbard, C. of R. S. Achen.

Masonic.
BANDON LODGE, No. 130 A. F. & A. M. Stated communications first Saturday after the full moon of each month. All Master Masons cordially invited.
 J. A. Morrison, W. M. G. T. Treadgold, Secretary

I. O. O. F.
BANDON LODGE, No. 133, I. O. O. F. Meets every Wednesday evening. Visiting brothers in good standing cordially invited.
 A. G. Hoyt, N. G. A. Knopp, Secretary

Rebekah Lodge No. 126.
 MEETS in I. O. O. F. hall every second and fourth Tuesdays. Practice nights 1st Tuesday of the month. Social evening the 3rd Tuesday of the month. A cordial invitation extended to all members in good standing.
 Clara Goetz, N. G. Belle A. Kolp, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias
DELPHI LODGE, No. 64, Knights of Pythias. Meets every Monday evening at Knights hall. Visiting Knights invited to attend.
 C. B. Wade, C. C. B. N. Harrington, K. of R. S.

Woodmen of the World
 Seaside Camp No. 212 meets every first and third Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors cordially invited.
 R. W. Ballard, C. C. J. N. Hosking, Clerk.

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C. R. BARROW
 Attorney and Counselor-at-Law
COQUILLE, - ORE
 Office over Skeels' Store
 Office Phone, Main 355; residence, Main 346

DR. E. W. ROSSITER
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 BANDON OREGON
 Office and residence in Panter residence property next door to Bijou Theatre

DR. J. D. KELLEY
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office in Donald Charleston home, opposite Presbyterian church, Bandon, Oregon

BANK OF BANDON
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