

JOURNEYING IN LAND OF DREAMS

Imprecable Democratic Propo- sition for Trust Control.

Convincing Exposition of Fallacy of Bryan's Panacea for Solving Problems of Modern Business.

(From Gov. Hughes' Youngstown
speech.)

When we consider remedies that are proposed for the trusts, we find ourselves journeying in a land of dreams. Again the magician of 1896 waves his wand. At a stroke difficulties disappear and the complex problems of modern business are forgotten in the fascination of the simple panacea. And, as the free coinage of silver in the ratio of 16 to 1 was to destroy the curse of gold, so the new found specific of equal perfection is to remove the curse of industrial oppression. The delusion of 1908 is comparable only to that of twelve years ago.

The first suggestion is that the law should prevent a duplication of directors among competing corporations. However advisable it may be to have independent directorates of competing corporations, it would seem still more important to have independent stockholders, for a majority of the stockholders of a corporation choose the directors. If a law were passed preventing the duplication of directors it would easily be evaded in the selection of men who would represent the same interests. The most ordinary experience shows that it is not necessary to serve on a board of directors in order to control its proceedings. Whatever the advantage of such a law as is proposed, it hardly rises to the dignity of a "remedy," or vindicates its title to a place in an imposing scheme of reform outlined in a national platform.

But the more important proposal is "that any manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce shall be required to take out a federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent of the product in which it deals." A license is permission, and the object of the remedy is not to regulate large businesses, but to destroy trusts. Hence the supposed efficiency of the plan is to be found in the prohibition of the control by any such corporation "of more than 50 per cent of the total amount of any product consumed in the United States." This is another delusion of ratio.

It might be interesting to inquire what is the meaning of "any product consumed in the United States." Does it refer to a class of commodities? And, if so, how shall the classes be defined? Or does it refer to each separate article of commerce? And, if so, what account does this proposal take of the skill and initiative of manufacturers who have built up a more or less exclusive trade in particular articles, often protected by trade-marks, although in most active competition with other articles designed for the same general purpose and seeking the same market? In a desire to correct the evils of business are we to place an embargo upon honest endeavor whose activities present none of the abuses requiring remedies? And, if not, what statutory definitions shall be found to be adequate and just if we lay down our prohibition in terms of volume or ratio of business and not in terms of right and wrong? If we adopt Mr. Bryan's proposal, to what period of production is the prohibition to apply? Is the excess for a day or for a month to be considered? Or is the average production for a year to be taken? And what system shall be devised by which suitable information may be furnished in the nature of danger signals along the routes of trade so that the manufacturer may know when he is about to exceed the prescribed ratio? He may justly be required to govern his own conduct, but how shall he be apprised of the conduct of others upon which is to depend his guilt or innocence?

The patent laws confer a true monopoly in the exclusive right to manufacture and sell. Are these laws to be repealed because a "private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable?"

Bryan's Crude Reasoning.

An example of Mr. Bryan's reasoning is found in his statement that "when a corporation controls 50 per cent of the total product it supplies forty millions of people with that product." There are, of course, specialties which have a limited market and are used by a relatively small number of the people of the United States. More than 50 per cent, and indeed even as much as 100 per cent of the trade in such articles may be in the control of a particular corporation. This may, in fact, be relatively a small corporation. It may never have aspired to the unenvied renown of a "trust." But by prosecuting its particular line with fidelity and meeting satisfactorily a limited want; or by reason of some secret processes or advantage of experience, it may control the trade in a given article of commerce. Or, suppose a concern controls the whole trade in some useful byproduct which it has found it advantageous to make, is the trade to be prohibited?

The Democratic platform makes no exceptions to cover such cases, and we have learned that it is equally "binding as to what it omits."

If we could imagine such a crude prohibition to be enacted into law, and to be regarded as valid, what would be the effect? Mr. Bryan, with his usual readiness, suggests that the concern may sell as much of its plants as are not needed to produce the amount allowed by law. He speaks as though every manufacturing concern had as many fully equipped units of production as would correspond to any given percentage of trade which it might be required to stop. Plants are not so easily dismembered. Reduction in output means reduction in work, reduction in the number of men employed and curtailment of the efficiency of a going concern. Let us suppose a concern which controls 80 per cent of a given product—that is to say, makes and sells \$8,000,000 in value out of a total trade in the product amounting to \$10,000,000. Is it to be compelled to reduce its output to \$2,000,000 because only \$2,000,000 in value are made by others? Then, if it could sell a part of its plant to Mr. Bryan's theory, what should it sell? Should it sell off enough to reduce its capacity to \$5,000,000, and allow three-fifths of its plant to remain idle until others developed a capacity for handling the other \$5,000,000? Should it assume that the total trade will increase and is not always to remain at \$10,000,000, and hence retain a larger portion of its plant in idleness? Or suppose a concern controls 100 per cent of the trade in some article, what plants shall it retain? It can produce nothing until others produce; but it may produce an amount equal to the production of others, and it hopes the trade will grow. What a vision of business uncertainty and confusion, of idle and impaired plants, of the ruin of workmen whose lives have clustered around particular industries and who depend upon their continued efficiency, is presented by this fanciful remedy for the destruction of trusts!

Apart from this, if the dissolution were effected in the manner desired and portions of plants could be sold and were sold as suggested, to whom would the sale be made? Would it be necessarily to foes or to those ambitious to be competitors and anxious to take advantage of its plight?

This proposal in its utter disregard of the facts of business, in its substitution of the phantasies of the imagination for the realities of life, stamps the Democratic platform with the fatal stamp of 1896. The commerce and industry of this country, the interests of its wage earners and of its interdependent masses, who must rely upon the stability of business, cannot afford to give license to such vagaries.

In the solemnity with which this proposal has been declared, and the insistence with which it is advocated, we find an appropriate test of the capacity of our opponents to deal wisely with the problems of the day.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Ore.
Aug. 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William Doyle, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on Aug. 13, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 0708, for NE 1-4 NW 1-4, Section 35, Township 29 South, Range 14 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, for Oregon, at Bandon, Coos County, Oregon, on the 2nd day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Cassius M. Doyle, of Bandon, Oregon,
Cory Stillwell, of Bandon, Oregon,
Alfred West, of Bandon, Oregon,
Amos E. Hadhall, of Bandon, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Sept. 3.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, April 28th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ralph M. Knight, of Roseburg, Oregon, who, on October 25, 1907, made Timber Application, No. 9788, for N 1-2 SW 1-4 SW 1-4 Sec. 1 NE 1-4 SE 1-4, Section 2, Township 30, South, Range 14 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver, at Roseburg, Oregon, on the 16th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Henry Miller, of Myrtle Point, Oregon
J. L. Knight, of " " " "
L. A. Marsters, of Roseburg " "
William Page, of Klamath Falls, "

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Aug. 27.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at
Roseburg, Oregon,
May 12, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charley A. Davis, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on Jan. 2nd, 1903, made Homestead Entry, No. 12335, for S 1-2 NW 1-4, W 1-2 NE 1-4, Sec. 9, Township 29, S, Range 14 W, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five years Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 19th day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Sam Barrows, of Bandon, Oregon.
en Haynes, of " " "
Dale Barker, of " " "
Lyman Davidson " " "

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First publication July 2nd.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at
Roseburg Oregon May 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that John J. O'Neil, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on May 21st, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 10094, for N 1-2 NW 1-4, Sec. 25, and SW 1-4 SW 1-4, Sec. 24, Township 31 S, Range 15 W, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 19th day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
James P. Olsen, of Langlois, Oregon.
O. P. Hagensen of " " "
John Doe Olsen of " " "
Kittie O'Neil of Bandon, "

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication July 2nd.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at
Roseburg, Oregon, June 2nd 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles D. Lamb, of Bandon, Oregon, who on June 2nd, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 10115, for SE 1/4 of SE 1/4, Section 21, Township 30 South, Range 14 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 24 day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
N. R. Smith, of Haire, Oregon.
C. R. Smith, of " " "
C. C. Fisher, of Bandon, "
William Smith, of " " "

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication July 9th.

NOTICE OF STREET ASSESSMENT

Notice is hereby given, that on the 28th day of February, 1908, the Board of Trustees of the Town of Bandon, Coos County, State of Oregon, did pass an Ordinance authorizing and directing the improvement of that portion of Atwater Street between Columbia Avenue and Little Street (otherwise known as Pacific Avenue), which cost of improvement was by said ordinance directed to be assessed to the property fronting on such street, and to be entered in the Docket of Town Liens, which assessment is \$1.18 per lineal foot.

This notice will be published for the last time upon Thursday the 10th day of September, 1908, and the law provides that all such street assessments will be due and must be paid on or before five days after the last day of publication of such notice, and further provides, that upon failure to make such payment, execution may issue, be levied upon such property and the same sold for delinquent taxes.

The assessments are as follows: In the Wood-Mill Addition to Bandon, Lots 1, 3 and 4, block 7, total frontage 193 feet at 59 cents a foot, assessed to D. P. Strang, \$113.87.

Lot 7, block 2, J. J. O'Neil 119 feet \$70.21.

An unplatted tract situated between Block 2 of the above addition and Block 6 of the Wood-Mill Addition, belonging to the Bandon Manufacturing Company, frontage on Atwater St. 74 feet \$43.66.

Dated at Bandon, Oregon, August 27th 1908.
C. R. WADE,
Recorder.

Notice for Publication--Isolated Tract.
PUBLIC LAND SALE
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at
Roseburg, Oregon, September 4, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stats., 517), we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 20th day of November, next, at this office, the following tract of land: SW 1-4 SW 1-4 of Sec. 29, Tp. 29 S, R. 14 W. of W. M.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for the sale.

Not coal land.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register,
J. W. LAWRENCE, Receiver.
First publication Oct. 15.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office, Roseburg, Ore.
Sept. 22, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Lovina C. Rockwell, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on Sept. 22, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 01447, for Lots 1 and 2, Section 3, Township 30, Range 14 W, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, United States Commissioner for Oregon, at Bandon, Coos County, Oregon, on the 8th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Amos E. Hadhall, Russel A. Kent, Robert Walker Jr. and George Cox, all of Bandon, Coos County, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Oct. 8.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon,
Aug. 4th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Hunter, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on January 19, 1908, made Homestead Entry, No. 12377, S. R. 0418, for lots 2 & 3, SE 1-4 of NW 1-4 SW 1-4 of NE 1-4, Section 5 Township 29, South, Range 14 W, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon on the 13th day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Abrsham Corson, of Bandon, Oregon.
Joseph Young, of Bandon, Oregon.
Henry Bowen, of Bandon, Oregon.
Edward E. Oakes, of Bandon, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Aug. 13.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION--Isolated Tract

PUBLIC LAND SALE
Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
Roseburg, Ore. Aug. 28, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stats., 517), we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 23rd day of October next, at this office, the following tract of land: NW 1-4 SW 1-4, Sec. 15, T. 30 S., R. 14 W., W. M.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described lands are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for such sale.

Not coal land.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register,
J. M. LAWRENCE, Receiver.

First Publication Sept. 3.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
LAND OFFICE at Roseburg, Oregon
August 27th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles F. W. Blumenrother, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on February 24th 1902, made Homestead Entry, No. 11322, S. R. 0749, for S 1-2 NE 1-4 Sec. 23, SW 1-4 of NW 1-4; NW 1-4 of SW 1-4 Section 24, Township South, R. 15 West, W. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 12th day of November 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
James F. Alumbaugh, of Bandon, Oregon, Wallace P. Pomeroy, of Bandon, Oregon, William Noedburg, of Bandon, Oregon, Robert Hunt of Bandon, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Sept. 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roseburg, Ore.
August 10, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Brown, of Myrtle Point, Oregon, who, on August 10th, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 9721, for S 1-2 SW 1-4 Section 1 and E 1-2 NW 1-4, Section 12, Township 30 South, Range 13 W, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 2d day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Viola M. Gouley, of Myrtle Point, Oregon
Louis Sell of Myrtle Point, Oregon
James Gouley, of Myrtle Point, Oregon.
Earnest Schneider, of Myrtle Point, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First Publication Aug. 27.

NOTICE OF FILING OF PLAT OF SURVEY

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, Sept. 10, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the E 1-2 of sec. 21 and the N 1-2 of sec. 28, in T. 26 S., R. 10 N., has been surveyed and the plat of survey will be filed in this office, on Friday, October 23, 1908, at 2 o'clock p. m. and on and after such day we will be prepared to receive applications for the entry of the unreserved and unappropriated lands therein.

All persons are warned, however, that the said N 1-2 of sec. 28 is patented land and the said S 1-2 of sec. 21 is unbraced in an uncancelled railroad selection and a timber and stone entry of record.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register,
J. H. LAWRENCE, Receiver.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
United States Land Office at Roseburg, Ore.
Oct. 6th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Abraham Jones, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on October 6th, 1908, made Timber Application, No. 01675, for N. W. 1-4 N. E. 1-4 Section 19 Township 29 S., R. 13 W., Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before G. T. Treadgold, U. S. Commissioner for Oregon, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 21st day of December 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Edward L. Ohman, William Prewett, A. C. Adams, J. M. Adams, all of Bandon, Oregon.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

First publication Oct. 15.

A. MC NAIR THE HARDWARE MAN

BRIDGE & BEACH Stoves, Ranges and Heaters have in them so many excellencies that they are now acknowledged the greatest sellers on the coast and they are growing in favor every year. We have the exclusive agency in Bandon for these household and office necessities, and prices range exceedingly modest in either case.

TINNING AND PLUMBING A SPECIALTY.

Our Assortment of Hardware, Tinware and Edged Tools is Most Complete.

Hotel Gallier

Rates \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day. Special rates by week or month. Sample Room in Connection.

Bandon Oregon

J. E. YOUNG W. C. PARKER

YOUNG & PARKER

Parkersburg and Bandon, Manufacturers of

White and Red Cedar Shingles

Wholesale and Retail Shippers
Special Attention to Local Trade

FRED T. TUTTLE

A full line of Confectionery, Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks, Etc.

NEWS STAND IN CONNECTION

Next to Vienna Cafe - BANDON, OREGON

I. A. TURNELL

EXPERT PIANO TUNER

Tuning, Repairing, Regulating and Modulating Organs repaired and General Overhauling Carry a Full Line of Repairs and Supplies Permanently located in Bandon.

Tuning \$4.00; all other work similarly reasonable
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Leave orders at P. B. Hoyt's Barber Shop.

C. T. BLUMENROTHER, Notary Public.

Bandon Real Estate & Loan Co.

All Kinds of Real Estate Bought and Sold.
Money Loans Negotiated on Approved Security. All U. S. Land Matters a Specialty and Promptly Attended to. Pension and Insurance Agency. Bond Brokers. Trans-Atlantic Steamship and Railroad Ticket Agency.

Rooms 2 and 3, Up Stairs
Office---New Denholm Building,
Bandon, Oregon.

YOUR ATTENTION

Is called to the fact that COL. C. T. BLUMENROTHER of Bandon, Oregon will insure Sawmill men, Loggers, and other kinds of workmen against sickness, accident or death at reasonable rates. It will pay you to call on him and see what he offers in that line.

Fire Insurance Burglary Insurance

THEO. NEWHOUSE

THE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER

Is prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES at SHORT NOTICE and at REASONABLE PRICES.

REPAIRING NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

SHIELDS & KENNEDY

BLACKSMITHS AND WAGONMAKERS

Wagons of All Kinds Made to Order Horseshoeing a Specialty

Job Work attended to promptly and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Prices reasonable. Shop on Atwater Street, Bandon, Oregon.