BANDON RECORDER

FLOWER AND TREE.

A few pieces of charcoal dropped int the water assist in preserving cut flow

The hole for a free should be mad wide and deep and the bottom be filled

with rich earth. The seeds of nearly all forest trees do best if not allowed to become dry before planting.

For the finest flowers sow pansy seed through the winter, and you will be well rewarded.

The sweet william is a biennial, but will sow their own seeds and come up year after year, as do hollyhocks, thus making them practically perennials. One of the handsome perennials that

flower in July is the digitalis, which has long spikes of blue thimble shaped flowers. It makes a striking clump. The principal advantage in fall sow-

ing of flower seeds is that the plants grow stronger, root deeper and flower earlier and longer than those from spring sown seed.

The grape is one of the most desira ble fruits to plant. It is inexpensive to get a start with, it bears early, it is productive and easily managed, and the fruit is delicious and wholesome.

A burglar, while attempting to rob a bloated bondholder of Maryville, by mistake got into the humble residence of an editor next door. After unsuc cessfully fumbling about for suitable assets for some time he was disgusted to observe the tenant of the house sitting up in bed and laughing at him.

"Ain't you old Skindersen, the capitalist?" inquired the housebreaker. "Nary time," chuckled the journalist. "I'm the editor of The Screaming

Eagle.' "Jerusalem!" said the burglar, look ing at his stemwinder. "And here I've been wasting four precious hours on this branch almshouse. I say, old quill driver, you never poke fun at your subscribers, do you?"

"Not the cash ones." "Exactly," said the burglar, taking out his wallet. "Here's six months' subscription to call this thing square If there's one thing on earth I can't stand, it's satire."-Tit-Bits.

Don't Be Afraid of Work. One thing that keeps young men down is their fear of work. They aim to find genteel occupations, so they can dress well, not soil their clothes and handle things with the tips of their fingers. They do not like to get their shoulders under the wheel, and they prefer to give orders to others or figure as masters and let some one else do the drudgery. There is no doubt that indolence and laziness are

the chief obstacles to success. When we see a boy who has just serured a position take hold of everything with both hands and "jump right into his work" as if he meant to succeed, we have confidence that he will prosper. But if he stands around and asks questions when told to do anything; if he tells you that this or for it is not his work; if he does not try to carry out his orders in the correct way; if he wants a thousand exrand and makes his employer think that he could have done the whole thing himself, one feels like discharging such a boy on the spot, for he is convinced that he was not cut out for suc cess. That boy will be cursed with mediocrity or will be a failure. There is no place in this century for the lazy man. He will be pushed to the wall.-

Wood Too Hard to Burn. There are certain kinds of wood that are too hard to burn, or refuse to ignite for some other reason, such as Iron wood and the good brier root, but it is a curiosity to come across a piece of which so many boxes are made-that cannot be set fire to.

The piece of wood in question was was remarkable for its comparative dragged below the surface of the wamile by a harpooned whale. The length of line and the short distance from the point of descent after being struck at which the whale rose to the surface was a proof of the depth to which it had dragged the boat.

Only part of the boat came up again at the end of the line, and it was taken on board when the whale had been killed. That piece of wood was so hard that it would not burn in a gas jet. The weight of water had compressed it .- London Standard.

Where She Differed From Paul.

A Scotch clergyman called upon a parishioner not long since, an old woman who was not blessed with many virtues, but who possessed a very varied assortment of vices. He took the latter as a text for a sermon and spoke to her at considerable length upon the subject, concluding with some extracts from one of St. Paul's epistles which he felt to be apropos.

She didn't speak for several minutes after he had finished, and he thought that he had made an impression upon her at last. He was mistaken, however, for she suddenly turned round with the remark: "Humph! That's just where Paul and I have differed

these ten years." The argument was not continued.

Sedan Chairs In France.

The sedan chair still exists in Orleans, a bustling town not far from Paris. In this pretty city, says a Paris newspaper, especially on Sundays at the bour of mass, the classic sedan chair, as it was known to the gallants of the eighteenth century, is borne through the streets by robust carriers, its occupants being aged people and invalids, to whom the joiting of a carriage is intensely disagreeable.

The Importance of Legs.

Herman Stump, ex-commissioner immigration and prospective United States senator from Maryland, whose bachelor home is in the little country town of Bel Air, Md., made a flying trip to New York city recently on the musicians, etc. Thousands of dol- Catholics and 100,000 Jews.

John D. Rockefeller has built a monment for himself better than the most costly granite or marble monument bearing his name and having chiseled thereon in letters of stone the short history of his life in birth, death, etc., that others might read of his good deeds and pass on, forgetting it the moment in the fall. Protect the young plants after, for he has founded a luxurious club-house for his Bible class. This house for the homeless young men has the most fastidious clubman could desire. There are dainty brac-a-brac, choice works of art, books and everything that is elevating and will make day's work is ended. One thing that liquor shall be allowed, and cards are for out the culprit will go into the cold leaving Paradise or the Garden of Eden. He will have plenty of time for reflection and for regrets, for once ousted from this little earthly Eden it would be a hard matter for him to get back into the luxurious mansion. The basement of this commodious and elegantly fitted-up mansion has been turned into a luxurious smoking-room, where they can lounge at their leisure and dream of a land that may be fairer than this, but not much more comfortable, according to their manner of thinking possibly, as they watch the pearly smoke floating off into space in marvelous wreaths and fantastic shapes. It must cost the members of this Bible class a small fortune to live, you say. There's where you are mistaken, for all it will cost them is from four to five dollars a week, Mr. Rockefeller only asking that the house bring in \$2000 a

**** Polly only wishes that a few more o our prosperous men and women whom fortune has smiled upon and could write their bank account in a great many figures, would do likewise. What happiness it would bring to people whose lives have hitherto been dreary

enough. I would like to see homes es tablished where men whose days of usefulness have passed and who are considered too slow to keep up with the pace of the robust young men of the day, who are keenly alive to business and thoroughly up-to-date. Silverhaired men, who are trudging down re to be pitied, and the world is full of sense of the word.

necessarily being eavesdroppers.) It will be as cheap as typewriters. seems that some millionaire in New York had given a ball and reception and had been lavish in his expendcommon deal-the soft, light wood of iture in the way of fruits, flowers and everything that goes to make the "perfect whole" on such occasions, "Do common white deal from Sweden, but you know that rich old fellow spent thousands of dollars just on flowersweight. It had formed part of a boat perishable things-that were dead when belonging to a whaler and had been the morning came? Just think of it, thousands of dollars for flowers, when ter to the depth of more than half a a lot of us poor people can carely make two ends meet, work as hard as we may, besides putting every chick of a child out to work," said a black-eyed little woman, snappishly. "Not only that, but he used yards of silk for draperies and to help decorate his tables, when we can hardly afford a piece of silk, even for our hats. Of course it was ruined and never could be used again." They were in full sympathy their husbands, who made possibly sist another fellow-workman who made ital. but twenty-five, or to give it to men who did not desire work and only made The latter are the ones usually who cry loudest at the unfairness of this world wealth. Polly cannot understand how deriding the man who gave the ball and reception and spent so much on sight. the floral decoration could look at things in that light. The gardens were stripped of their floral treasures Who raised them? The poor man, who was glad enough to dispose of the flowers that would have had their day and died on bush and vine if they had not

been gathered and sold to decorate the

home of the man who paid the price

asked without parleying, for money

was no object to him. The decorators

were not rich men. The farmers came

in for their share of the gains in eggs,

poultry and other edibles for the ban-

these different classes that otherwise would have remained hoarded up in

the bank. Isn't it better to disburse money in that way, making the receivers feel that they have well earned it, instead of being objects of charity and Reasons Why Animal Figures Are receiving aid for which no value is received? Polly thinks it is, dont you?

**** Miss Etta Dungan of Gold Hil!, Or., who swindled a large number of men tenced by Judge Bellinger of the Fedfine of one dollar and to serve one day been elegantly furnished with velvet in jail. All of Miss Dungan's victims carpets, servants and everything that were men who were trying to find a wife through the medium of a newspaper advertisement and who were foolish enough to send her money and presthe young men feel that they have She has netted hundreds of dollars found a paradise on earth after the within the past few years by answering Mr. Rockefeller insists upon is that no ing with the advertiser, exchanging advertisements for a wife, correspond-

strictly tabooed. Woe to the young him. Then she would find herself man when either is found in his room, short of funds and would ask him to world to find some stuffy little room him. The money was forthcoming and with no conveniences, and the change then she would cease to write or answer subsequent letters. The postmaster at Gold Hill stated that Miss Dungan had received large sums of money, and she confessed that it all came from these matrimonially inclined men. These eccentric wife-seekers got just what nearly all of the same class get in the long run, viz: sold, and intelligent people have very little patience with them. I knew of one man who got a divorce from the sweet, refined lady who had been his wife for a number of years. In fact their children were grown, but he saw the advertisement of a husbandhunter who advertised that she was a ed for the purpose of providing the wealthy widow, fair to look upon, etc. He had not been the kindest husband place on which to offer prayers. It is and father in the world, and his wife was willing that he should secure a place not perfectly clean, and unless each one has his own special rug he is divorce. The advertiser came from a not certain that the spot has not been

> were purple; she was awkward and coarse, but she had the money, but it never did him any good, for she knew how to keep it, and not a dollar of it ever fell into his hands. He was sick unclean a rug that is on the floor may of his bargain and ashamed to acknowl- be, because over it they place the pray edge the woman as his wife. But he

BRIEF REVIEW.

got his just deserts.

Automatic Bookkeeping. The head bookkeeper in a Philadelphia carpet factory, who has just returned from the Pan-American Expothe hill of life slowly and hopelessly, sition, says that labor-saving machines and only the memories of happier and for keeping accounts displayed there rugs, for they regard them as valuable other days to dream of would feel that threaten to put him and many more property, to be sold only under the the last days of their journey through like him out of business. He says he pressure of great extremity. The weavthe last days of their journey through last film out of business. He says he cre are so frugal in their manner of this world were gliding swiftly and saw five machines that will enable a living that their daily earning of 15 to pleasantly by if such a haven of rest merchant to dispense with his bookwere opened up for them. These men keeper and turn over the control of ac- wants. Their food consists usually of counts to a young woman, who incijust such people longing for homes in dentally acts as a typewritist. The ally a small piece of mutton. their old age that are homes in every machines, manipulated by the typewritist will make out a bill, copy the invoice permanently in a book and make This is what Polly heard on the cars a permanent sales sheet copy. Their the other day. (You will think that accuracy, rapidity of action and econo-Polly is always hearing something on my of labor strongly recommend them the cars, but it is a great place to hear to employers. The principal drawback biased and unbiased opinions, facts and just now is the cost. The lowest-priced fancies, as well as prejudices well aired machine is \$160. But it may be only a for those who choose to listen without question of a year or two before they

Florists' Lives are Short.

It is commonly supposed that the men who work in the naines or those whose occupations necessitate breathing of poisonous fumes and gases are the shortest lived. This is a mistake, and it will surprise many to learn that the highest death rate is found among a class who breathe in the sweetest odors -florists. The reason is a simple one. The florist lives at once in the torrid and the frigid zone. From a greenhouse atmosphere of nearly 100 degrees in the winter months he must step out into one that is nearly always below a freezing point.

Eggs as Small Change.

In some parts of Peru-for example, in the province of Jauja-hens' eggs are with the subject and thought that every | circulated as small coins, forty-eight to successful man who had made his fifty being counted for a dollar. In the money by hard work and the active market places and in the shops the Inuse of his brains should be compelled to dians make most of their purchases with distribute the reward of his labors with this brittle sort of money. One will those who had been less successful. Yet give two or three eggs for brandy, anthese same women would have thought other for indigo and a third for cigars. shopkeepers and sent to Lima. From seventy-five dollars a month, should Jauja alone several thousand loads of have been called upon to divide or as- eggs are annually forwarded to the cap-

The cinematograph for the blind is a a pretense of finding something to do. machine which passes under the fingers of the blind, a series of reliefs representing the same object in different and the government in general and positions—the branch of a tree, a bird, would make all capitalists divide their or any other object. The blind person has the illusion of moving scenes, just people like the two women who were as photographs passing over a luminous screen lend the illusion to those with

Massachusetts is supporting a State bathhouse at Revere Beach. It was receipts amounted to \$38,272, an average son's Weekly. of about 22 cents per capita.

A London paper notes the fact that the death of President McKinley occurred on the anniversary of that of Wellington and of General Montcalm

the boy, who was lingering in the doorway. The last census taken in Holland quet, so did the butcher and the baker, shows 2,000,000 Protestants, 1,700,000

lars went into circulation among all THE RUG DESIGNERS

PATTERNS DESCEND FROM PARENT TO CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

Rarely Seen on Persian Rugs. Prayer Rugs of the Mohammedans and Their Use-The Rugs of Sivas.

The designs of eastern rugs are often the spontaneous outcome of the fancy out of various sums of money and who of the weaver. Sometimes they are pleaded guilty to a charge of using the handed down from one generation to mails for fraudulent purposes, was sen- another. In some cases young girls are fact, my whole being seems toned up. taught the design by an adult, who New York and its crowds are more eral Circuit Court of Portland to pay a marks it in the sand. At other times a drawing of the rug is made on paper, ever struck. After a two weeks' stay the instructor showing her pupils the here I return home feeling like another arrangement of every thread and the man." color to be used. When all this has been done, the pupils must make the rug without looking at the drawing.

Persian rugs excel those of other countries in artistic design as well as seem to have a natural intuition in the use and blending of different shades, a results. It is really wonderful what exquisite fabrics these people, born and reared in ignorance and poverty.

The designs in Persian rugs are generally floral, and in some districts, especially Fars, the women weavers in vent the designs, varying them every two or three years. The Mohammedan religion does not allow any direct representation of animal forms, conse quently rugs woven under its influence however, numbering about 15,000,000, of whom 8,000,000 are Persians, do not regard representations of animals as unlawful. By the industry of this sect and that of infidels and of all who disregard the law of the Koran anima forms are seen on some Persian rugs.

The prayer rug was evidently invent worshipers with one absolutely clean not lawful for a Moslem to pray on any distant state and they were married; polluted. With regard to the purity of but you should have seen the prize he | the place of prayer Mohammedans are won. She had a cross in her eyes, wore specially careful when making their a wig, dyed her eyebrows until they pilgrimages, the rugs which they take with them having been preserved from pollution by being rolled up until the journey is begun or until the hour for prayer arrives. It does not matter to these followers of Mohammed how

er rug when their devotions begin. The Turkish rugs made at Sivas are always woven of wool, and almost every hamlet carries on the industry of weaving in the homes. There are no factories, the young girls and women doing the work here as in other parts of Turkey. Sivas rugs are in most cases small, measuring about eight by four feet, but in these years larger and more attractive rugs are being made Even the poorest families have fine rice and crushed wheat, with occasion

Smyrna is only a mart for the sale of comparatively inferior rugs that are made in the interior from the coarse hair of the Angora goat. These are woven in irregular designs and, although not artistic, are largely sought as coverings for the bare floors and to add warmth. The weaving of these rugs is crudely done by girls and women. Sometimes the loom is primitive ly constructed from the trunks of trees The designs are very simple and have either been banded down from earlier generations or are supplied from the

Yuruk rugs are so called from a band of nomads who dwell among the mountains of Anatolia. They have large flocks of fine sheep and weave rugs of firm, even texture. The colors are very good, the field often of dark brown, ornamented with large designs.

About 200 years ago small embroider ed rugs were largely made in Persia. chiefly at Ispahan. These were prayer rugs, and on each of them, near one end, was a small embroidered mark to show where the bit of sacred earth from Mecca was to be placed. In obe dience to a law of the Koran that the head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the fore head when the presentation was made and so the letter of the law was carried women who weave the finest prayer rug.-"Rugs. Oriental and Occidental."

Silence You Can See. There is no such thing as silence in his world. It is an impossibility. That s partly the reason why science has en-

The explanation of the paradox is it the height of injustice and cruelty if These eggs are packed in boxes by the this: Silence, as we understand it, simoly means that there are sounds too delicate or too loud for the ear to register. In other words, when we can't hear anything we call that condition 'silence." But wherever you are there are sounds around you. Even in the leepest mine the air vibrates and makes a sound. An instrument has been invented that will catch these ounds and permit of the vibrations being represented pictorially on a screen, and in that way you may see silence and properly understand what

> By comparing the pictures of noise with those of that condition of things known as silence we gain an idea of the difference between a noisy night, for instance, and one when "absolute silence reigns," as the novelist puts it. It patronized last summer by 170,993 per- is rather surprising to find so much dissons, 11.6 per cent in excess of the pat- turbance at the time when everything ronage of the previous year. The total appears to be perfectly quiet .- Pear-

means.

They Hold More, "Do you ever wish you were a girl?" asked the visitor who was waiting in the reception room. "Only at Christmas time," answered

"Why do you wish it then?" "Because of the stockings they wear." was the prompt reply.-Chicago Post.

NEW YORK CROWDS.

The Different Ways In Which They

"What I like about New York," re marked a westerner, "is its tremendous energy. The crowds and bustle have upon me the exhibitanting effect the masses on the sidewalks and look upon the perpetual stream of vehicles of all descriptions in the streets I am conscious of a buoyancy of spirit and Guiteau. an increased physical energy.

"I feel like going all the time, my mind is brighter and clearer, and, to beneficial to me than any resort I have

"Well, that is strange," said the per son to whom this statement was made. "Do you know New York has upon me just exactly the opposite effect. To me what I might term the surplusage of in harmonious coloring. The Persians life here is depressing. I am by no means fond of solitude. I have lived in moderate sized city all my life, and and in the designs that contain these it bores me to stay in the country for certain colors they achieve the happiest any great length of time, but when I come to New York and am caught in the tides of humanity, see the overcrowded tenements and have my ears assaulted with the perpetual din of the streets I become positively melancholy.

"I feel what an insignificant atom I am, after all-no more than a drop of water in a great river-and the feeling oppresses me. It seems so like there was nobody here who cared what became of anybody. The only relief I find from the feeling is in the theaters. take floral, geometric and vegetable I go to a show every night while I am forms. The Shiah sect of Moslems, here, and of course I enjoy that immensely. But as soon as I have made the rounds of the shows I am ready to return home, where I know most everybody and there are many who care." -New York Times.

RAILWAY RUMBLES.

Our miles of railroad track exceed by nore than 10,000 all the tracks of Eu-The Dominion of Canada has granted

\$88,884,557 and 39,725,130 acres of land to railways.

More than 45,000,000 passengers a ear go through the North Union and South Union stations in Boston.

In most European railways the principal difference between second class and first class lies in the color of the seat cushions, first class being usually red, second class gray. The average cost of the body of a

modern long electric car is \$2,000, the average price of a set of double trucks for such a car is \$600, and the average cost of the motor is \$1,500, making the total cost of the car \$4,100. Some of the Austrian railways have

followed the German custom of selling numbered seats in the cars of fast trains, both first and second class. An extra charge of from about 25 to 50 cents is made for these seats, according to distance.

The other day, just as a train was about to leave Kutas, in Hungary, for Palfalva, an official appeared and put seals on the wheels of the engine. The passengers had to get off and walk. mpany was 296 crowns in arrears in payment of taxes. Next day the taxes were paid, and the train proceeded.

Why His Clock Was Slow. There is an Italian fruit dealer, with

a well stocked store near one of the suburban railway stations, who has adopted a unique device, and one which shows a deep knowledge of human nature, to hold his own in com petition with another dealer, whose stand is some fifty yards nearer the station than his own. A commuter was leisurely peeling a banana in his store the other day when the Italian remarked:

"You gotta fiv' minute before your train.'

"No; twenty," replied the commuter, glancing at a big clock on the wall. "Thata clock fifteen minute slow, said the Italian. "I keepa it slow. Peepl' used come in a-here, looka at clock, getta excite, go way, not buy. Time to buy at Pedro's stand, notta here. Now keepa clock slow, get mucha trade. No, I not letta peepl' miss train. I tella them after they buy de banan'."-New York Commercial Advertiser.

Insect Plagues. The insect plagues of summer are no matter of jest. Man must strive with them as he strives against the other postile forces of nature. He must fight the Hessian fly or the wheat crop will out. The custom prevails. The Persian not be garnered, he must fight the weevil or the grain will perish in the bins. rugs seldom weave any other kind of he must fight the army worm or the cattle will starve in the pastures, he must fight the tent caterpillar and the borer or his forests will wither and the streams disappear. The entomologist, herefore, wages the war of civilization against forces all the more terrible be rause of their minuteness and apparent insignificance.-St. Louis Globe-Demo

More Rest.

Doctor-There's nothing much the matter with you.. You only need rest. Patient-Oh, but, doctor, look at my

Doctor-That needs rest, too, madam. -St. Louis Republic.

His Error.

Consumer-I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst obacco I ever tasted. Dealer-Beg your pardon, but yo are wholly in error. There isn't a particle of tobacco in that cigar. It is so easy to be mistaken, don't you see?-

Boston Transcript.

He had gone to ask her father for her hand in marriage. "Well, sir, what is ft?" snapped out the old man. "Remember. I am a man of few words." "I don't care if you're a man of only one sultor. He got the girl.-Philadelphia Post.

The most effusive argument a charm ing woman can use to a man is an ap pealing "Don't you think so?" - Smar

Patience is the key of content. - Mo mmed.

WHEN GARFIELD LAY DYING THE FIRST AERONAUT A Pathetic Incident of His Removal

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to Long Branch. A pathetic incident is related apropos of the day of fasting and prayer which was appointed by all the governors of the United States at the time President of a stimulant. As I move along among Garfield was removed from Washington to Long Branch in the hope that the change might help him to recover from the bullet wounds inflicted by

"Crete," said the president to his brave little wife about 11 on that Thursday morning as the ringing strokes from the belfry of the Episcopal church almost across from the cottage reached his ears, "what are they ringing that bell for?" "That?" said Mrs. Garfield, who had

been waiting for the surprise. "That's the church where we were when you first came down. They're all going to pray for you to get well," and, falling on her knees, she said, "And I'm going to pray, too, James, that it may be soon, for I know already that the other

prayer has been heard." From where he lay Garfield could see group go in. He could even hear the subdued refrain of "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," as it was borne by on its heavenward way. Thrilled with emotion, a tear trickled down the president's face. Then he closed his eyes and turned his face as a sweet woman's voice arose singing from one of Sir Michael Costa's oratorios. "Turn thou unto me and have mercy upon me," sang the voice, "for I am desolate-I am desolate and afflicted; the troubles of my heart are enlarged. Oh, bring thou me out of my distresses-out of my distresses-my God.

The people in the church sat almost spellbound under the voice, for the singer was affected deeply and made it seem to all, what it must have been to ber, a prayer in music.

The Wrong Leg.

There was an eminent sergeant at law some years ago who had a cork leg straw, which served as fuel. that was a triumph of artistic deception. None but his intimates knew for was the sham limb. A wild young wag of the "outer bar," who knew the sergeant pretty well, once thought to utilize this knowledge of the sergeant's secret to take in a green, newly fledged young barrister. The sergeant was adstyle, and the wag whispered to his neighbor:

"You see how hot old Buzfuz is over

traordinary man in that way." This was more than the greenhort rould swallow, so he took the bet. The wag took a large pin from his waist- d coat and, leaning forward, drove it up end and the judge's wig almost fall off, rang through the court.

"By Jove, it's the wrong leg! I've lost ny money," exclaimed the dismayed and conscience stricken wag, quite regardless of the pain he had inflicted upon the learned sergeant.-London An-

To Judge the Age of Lace. In fixing the approximate date of

any given piece of lace it is well to renember that machine made thread was not used till after the beginning of the eighteenth century. Before that time the threads ran in lengths of about twenty inches, for the worker could stretch no farther than her distaff and had to break off and join again, so that born which may one day be a man." after unraveling some twenty-five nches of thread no joint is found the lace is surely after the introduction of ! machine made thread. The "bride's ornee" alone are enough to go by. In the fifteenth century the bar had only a knot or a dot as ornament, in the sixteenth a double or single loop and n the seventeenth a star. The edging also helps. A sharp angle in the scallop fixes the date in the middle ages the rounded scallop came in with the nineteenth century, with the seven eenth a dotted scallop, and the eightenth century one is more elaborate, a arge alternating with a small scallop and dots along in the center of each.

Some Tyrolean Epitaphs.

Connoisseur.

A German traveler has discovered some quaint epitaphs in a Tyrolean cemetery. On a tombstone in a valley of Tux was this inscription: "In plous remembrance of the honest widow Anna

Kriedi, forty years long." A miller is thus remembered: "In Christian memory of H-, who de parted this life without human assist. ance.

A farmer whose initials only are given and who appears to have been the author of his own epitaph has this memorial: "Here rests in God F. K. He lived twenty-six years as man and thirty-seven years as husband."

On the tomb of a man who fell from a roof and was killed are these words: "Here fell Jacob Hosennkopf from the roof into eternity."

This wall of a desolate husband caps the climax: "Tears cannot bring thee back to life. Therefore I weep."-

Household Words. She Needed Them.

"I wish, John," she said regretfully "I had had sense enough not to destroy all the letters you wrote me during th year and a half of your courtship. He smiled in a gratified way. knew you would regret that some time.

be said. "Indeed I do," she replied. "I need a Ilttle change the worst sort of way. and the man who buys rags and old paper was here today. How wasteful we are in our youth!"

He looked at her reproachfully, and almost involuntarily his hand sought his pocketbook. It is seldom indeed that a resourceful woman has to make

He Had Great Expectations. "How do you account for the fact

that Miss Bullion, the wealthlest heiress of the season, is going to marry Nodo, who hasn't a cent to his name?" "Oh, but he has great expectations." "He has? What are they?"

"He is going to marry Miss Bullion."

HIS INITIAL FLIGHT INTO SPACE WAS AT PARIS IN 1783.

Pilatre des Rosiers Was the Piqueer of the Long Line of Daring Spirits Who Perished In Their Attempts to

Navigate the Air. The first attempts to make ascenons by means of balloons were made in Paris in the year 1783. Pilatre des Roslers was the first and most illustrious of the long list of eronauts who have fallen victims to their desire to

advance the art of aerostatics. In July and August of the year 1783 balloons filled with hydrogen gas were sent up from Paris, and in September at Versailles the first balloon was sent up freighted with living animals.

In the same year Montgolfler constructed a balloon which he claimed would be capable of carrying passengers, his workshop being in the gardens of the Faubourg St. Antoine. The balthe carriages draw up and group after loon was sixty feet in height and forty. eight broad. Its exterior was richly painted and embroidered, there being represented upon it the twelve signs of the zodiac, the arms of the king of France and numberless fleurs-de-lis and ower down, amid a crowd of grotesque reads and garlands of flowers, a flock of engles, with extended wings, that cemed to be flying and supporting the age balloon upon their shoulders.

Below the balloon proper was contructed a circular platform of wickervork, covered with silk, which was sed as a car. This platform was very arge and was surrounded by a balustrade to prevent the aeronauts from falling out. In the center of this platform or car was an opening, below which was suspended by chains an iron stove, which was to be used for rarefying the air in the balloon, while in on corner was a magazine intended for the storing up of an immense quantity of

Pilatre des Rosiers, generally alone, out at one time accompanied by the certain which was the real and which Marquis d'Arlandes and on another occasion by M. Girond de Villette, had asended in the balloon without cutting he rope which held it captive to a

neight of 1.290 feet. Roslers had much difficulty in obtaining permission from the king to make dressing a special jury at Westminster an ascent without being held down by in his usual earnest and vehement the rope, but consent was at last secured, and on the 20th of November, 1783, everything was made ready. During the day the wind and rain were viohis case. Now, I'll bet you a sovereign lent, and it was found necessary to I'll run this pin into his leg up to the postpone the ascent. The next day, the head and he'll never notice it, he's so 21st, the weather was more favorable, absorbed in his speech. He's a most ex- and at 1:30 in the afternoon in the presence of the dauphin and his suit Pilatre des Rosiers and the Marquis d'Arlandes set out together from the Jarins de la Muette upon the first aerial voyage ever attempted and performed. to the head in the sergeant's leg. A yell The wind was still very rough and the that froze the blood of all who heard it, weather stormy, but in spite of these that made the hair of the jury stand on disadvantages the balloon rose rapidly. Having passed over Paris and beome free from all fear of getting entangled among the buildings of the city. he aeronauts suffered themselves to descend considerably until they found hemselves in a fresh current of air,

which bore them in a southerly direc-After proceeding a few miles farther alloon descended about five miles from Paris. When the aeronauts returned to the Chateau de la Muette, they were greeted with the atmost enthusiasm by the assembled crowds. Benjamin Franklin was a witness of the whole spectacle, and when asked what he thought of it he replied, "I have seen a child

Aerostatics had advanced to such a legree that on the 7th of January, 1785 Planchard, a rival of Rosiers. crossed over the channel from Dover

o Calais. Rosiers was spurred on by Blanchrd's success and set to work constructing a balloon which, when completed, he called an aeromontgolfier. t consisted of an immense balloon of ydrogen gas, with a large cylinder aced under it, the use of it being to refy the air without losing gas.

When a favorable day had arrived, 'drive for the last time made his reparations. He was assisted by a Poulogne physician named Romain, and on June 15, 1785, they stepped into the basket, the ropes were cast off, and the balloon rose with the utmost majsty from the earth.

When it had risen about 200 feet, it struck a fresh current of air which took it directly toward the sea. It soon ound another current which rapidly carried it back again. It possibly may have been the desire of the aeronauts descend to find a more favorable curnt of air, for while opening the vaive o let the cold air into his cylinder unortunately a buge rent was made in the balloon. The consequences were kamediate and barrible. At that time the balloon was 1,700 feet above the surface of the earth. A few moments afterward the two aeronauts lay on the ground dead and borr'bly muti-Inted.

Near the spot where Pilatre des Rosiers was buried a monument was erected in 1853 to commemorate the almost miraculous crossing of the sea by Blanchard, upon the very spot of earth on which that intrepld aeronaut descended. He had become for France a hero, and numbers of inscriptions are still readable. - New York Times.

John D. Long, in the Massachusetts campaign of 1878, was making his first run for governor against General Ben Butler, who had captured the Democratic nomination, and Judge Josiah G Abbott, who was the candidate of the old line Democrats.

The late Judge Thompson was making a speech for Abbott before a big Democratic audience and, after praising the candidate as a jurist and a statesman, asked sarcastically, "And now, who is this John L-L-Long?" No one answering, he proceeded: "They word if it's the right one," replied the a direct request for money.-Chicago say he has made a translation of Homer's 'Iliad!' What g-g-good is that to us? All Democrats read Homer in the

original." At this the person to whom the judge was telling the story laughed, but the judge continued: "Th-th-that's not the real joke at all! The real toke is that not a m-m-man in the audience so much as smiled!"