Smoke Signals **OCTOBER 1, 2014**

Emergency Management holds first meeting

By Ron Karten

Smoke Signals staff writer

"We're getting ready," said Alton Butler, Tribal Building Inspector, on his way in to the first meeting of the Tribe's Emergency Management Advisory Council held in the Education Department conference room on Wednesday, Sept. 17. "It could happen anytime.'

The meeting was held in conjunction with September being National Preparedness Month.

Leaders of almost every Tribal department attended. Representatives from West Valley Hospital in Dallas; from Tacron, a local vendor that specializes in managing emergencies; from the local Nazarene Church; and from Yamhill County and the state participated.

To more than 20 people in attendance, Tribal Emergency Operations Coordinator Jamie Baxter said, "Our biggest catastrophic threat in the Grand Ronde area, and western Oregon, for that matter, is the Cascadia Subduction Zone earthquake fault that runs from British Columbia, along the Oregon coastline, to northern California."

In response, 19 stakeholders from legislators to engineers to state department heads - created the 2013 Oregon Resilience Plan. Based on information collected by the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, the plan estimates a 37-percent chance of a 9 to 9.5 magnitude earthquake in the next 50 years.



Photo by Ron Karten

Tribal Emergency Operations Coordinator Jamie Baxter talks about emergency management to a group of Tribal department heads and potential partners in the case of a catastrophic event in the area during a meeting held Wednesday, Sept. 17.

Hundreds of aftershocks occur following a subduction zone earthquake. Scientists predict most bridges and overpasses from British Columbia to northern California would come down. Interstate 5 would be impassible for months.

An older Oregon report estimated that an 8.5 Cascadia Subduction Zone earthquake would cause 12,700 injuries, 5,000 to 10,000 deaths, 17,300 displaced households and \$12 billion in economic loss. Some consider these estimates as too conservative.

"There are a lot of fault lines in the area," Baxter said, "and some are still unknown. There will be people we don't know are in trouble."

In addition, there may be 2,000 people in Spirit Mountain Casino and many more children at area schools when an earthquake occurs.

In rural communities like Grand Ronde, help might not come for weeks or months.

"Survival will depend on preparedness," said Baxter. "You can't go back after the event. Catastrophic events do happen. We can and will be impacted; we just don't know when. Life is never the same after you are in a catastrophe."

Part of the preparation has got to be in everyone having emergency kits. "The basics are very important: food, water, toiletry and information," she said.

As an example, Baxter said, most people are not injured from a building falling, but from items falling from shelves or people sliding into

The emergency preparedness meeting and the ones to follow describe the steps it takes to create community, resilience and the kind of personal relationships that will keep the preparation and emergency processes working through communications made smoother by familiarity with emergency co-

Tribal Reservations have a confusing mix of people and lands. "It is hard to write declarations so people in the community are treated the same. The Tribal perspective, though, is to help all," Baxter said.

Federal aid, though it seems remote from actual preparedness, is an important component. Reimbursement will only go to Tribal members and although documentation is difficult, reimbursement counts on it. Child care is a reimbursable expense, for instance. The Tribe pays 25 percent of the cost of personnel involved in the work, but volunteerism, for which the Tribe does not pay, can be included in that 25 percent to bring down the actual cost to the Tribe.

"I'd like to see the Tribe and Willamina schools planning together," Baxter said. "And I want to know how I can help all of you."

"What can we do to help?" asked Penny Edwards, co-chair of Emergency Management at West Valley Hospital. She said of the hospital's part, "We have 10 emergency beds and a good transferring process. We have a dedicated decontamination team and two trailers for mobile responses."

Melinda Seibert, the other cochair at West Valley, added that its emergency team is training with ham radios.

"I'm not impressed with what is between the covers of three-ring binders," said Erik Rapp, Oregon Emergency Management planner. "I'd like to see training and outreach on a continual basis."

"As Jan (Looking Wolf Reibach) would say, 'We're all one people' in an emergency," Baxter said.

Through more meetings, the Tribe is coordinating training and exercises, creating the kind of "muscle memory" that will make "stop, drop and hold on to the table closest to you" automatic.

A check around the room found that not everybody understood their roles in an emergency. Making sure everybody knows their role is one of the purposes of the on-going series of meetings and trainings, Baxter added.

Stories of Tribal Veterans Honoring our Warriors

Land & Culture Department Oral History Project

In honor of our Tribal Veterans, the Tribe would like to memorialize their stories for our future generations.

All Tribal Veterans and their families

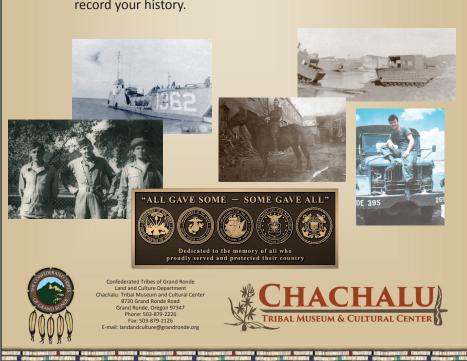
What: We would like to record your story for inclusion in the Tribe's

cultural and historical collections.

Where: We have dedicated a room at Chachalu for recording oral histories. It is set up for both audio only and video recordings. Additionally we have mobile audio equipment for those who wish to participate but are unable to travel to Chachalu.

Contact Reina Nelson at 503-879-2226 to schedule a time to How:

record your history.



West Valley district seeking Fire Explorers

The West Valley Fire District, which covers Grand Ronde, Willamina and Sheridan, is seeking youths for its Fire Explorer

Young men and women age 14 to 20 will become familiar with career opportunities in the fire service through classroom instruction, hands-on training and volunteer work.

The program encourages and promotes accountability, safety, communication, teamwork, fitness and leadership.

Participants must attend weekly drills from 9 to 11:30 a.m. Saturdays, adhere to dress and conduct codes, perform weekly physical fitness and training specific to firefighting skills, and demonstrate a willingness to make improvements and show selfmotivation.

For more information, contact Fire Explorer Post 908 adviser Seth Bellarts at 503-437-2046. ■