Nov. 22, 1994

Vol. 19 No. 23

35¢

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U.S. Postage Bulk Rate Permit No. 2 Warm Springs, OR 97761

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Coyote News In Brief

NCAI convention held in Denver The 50th anniversary of the nation's oldest Indian organization was celebrated in Denver November 12-16.

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Healthy Nations welcomes input Plans are in the works for a survey to gather suggestions on the effects of drug and alcohol abuse among community members.

Veterans honored A three-day powwow was held at the Agency Longhouse in honor of veterans.

Dental staff introduced Additional dentists and larger staff help accommodate the growing need for improved dental care among patients.

Elementary students attain perfect attendance Many, many students have gone the entire school year without missing a day.

Families celebrated Life as a family and family relationships are challenging. Help is available through various sources

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Hours for the Warm Springs Post Office for December 12-16 and December 19-23 will be 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. The Post Office will remain open during the lunch hour for the twoweek period.

Deadline for the next Spilyay Tymoo is Friday, December 2 at 5 p.m.



Spilyay Tymoo

(Coyote News)

Spilyay Tymoo photo by Robert Medina

term decision making. Additionally,

there are varying levels of resistance

and/or resentment toward tribal

direction or changes, in general. One

consequence of this situation is the

continued processing of timber sales

that reduce the value and condition

efforts to shrink the size of programs

will impact the BIA and the nature of

its operations and funding. As this

progresses, many tribes are taking

action to bring various BIA programs

and budgets under direct Tribal

management through the use of the

Indian Self-Determination Act (PL

93-638). The tribes that choose this

course are also taking their portion of

the Area and Central office budgets

as well. This will shrink the pool of

Externally, the federal government

of tribal forest resources.

Concerns raised about intent to contract forestry

Veteran's Day may have been cold, gray and gloomy, but patriotism among local residents was not at all affected. Mary Miller Smith and two family members wait patiently for ceremonies near the Eliott Palmer memorial before the parade makes its way to the Agency Longhouse.

intended as a final decision and Tribal

Council may elect to proceed with or

withdraw the notice. The Tribes must

have and deserve to receive the full

value of benefits from their forest. A

clear message must be understood:

Tribal sovereignty will be asserted to

protect the welfare of present and

future tribal membership as the need

arisen from a series of internal and

external developments that seriously

threaten the quality of tribal forest resources and the Tribes' economic

Internally, there is a growing disappointment and doubt that BIA

forestry can deliver an effective

program or can provide reliable

information for both near- and long-

well-being

The most recent decision has

Many questions have been raised since Tribal Council announced its

decision and intent to seek a transfer

of the forest management

responsibility from the BIA to the Tribes. Council has examined this

proposal on several occasions and

has already established Tribal forest

management functions over the past

several years. The protection and

stability of the Tribes' resources are a symbol of the Tribes' commitment

to maintain a spiritual and sacred

trust on behalf of past and future generations. The forest lands help to

shape the quality of life, and they are

a link to tribal heritage and well-

being. Timber and water resources

provide at least 95 percent of the

The declaration of intent is not

Tribes' annual revenue

Council establishes **Bridge Team**

In a November 9, 1994 memorandum to BIA Superintendent Gordon Cannon and tribal Secretary/ Treasurer Ken Smith, Tribal Council Chairman Raymond Calica, Sr. detailed the work of the newly established Bridge Team. The team will provide strategic direction and oversight to the transition process as the Tribe moves toward fulfilling their intent to contract the BIA forestry program.

Serving on the Bridge Team will be the first or second vice-chairman of Tribal Council, Ken Smith, tribal Secretary/Treasurer, Charles Calica, Natural Resources General Manager, Ralph Minnick, Warm Springs Forest Products Industries, Dr. Norm Johnson of Oregon State University, a tribal member with hands-on forestry experience and the interim forest manager, who will be selected by Tribal Council.

The Bridge Team will provide Tribal Council with forestry organization options and recommendations by December 30. These options may include maintaining the status quo or recommending any other options of operating the Tribe's forestry program under PL 93-638.

The Team will also recommend changes to the timber sale and harvest planning process and provide recommendations of any policy changes to the Integrated Resource Management Plan goals, objectives, alternatives or other components that require Tribal Council action.

The Bridge Team will work with designated BIA officials to develop options in managing the Forestry program, including the status quo and other options of operating the forestry program under PL 93-638. The Bridge Team will also complete a review of all 1994 and 1995 timber sales. Considering the review, the Team will cause the removal of sales or sale units that do not promote

forest health and salvage.

Also associated with sales, the Team will design and recommend a new timber sales development process which is consistent with the IRMP and which emphasizes meeting forest health, salvage and WSFPI wood supply needs.

The Team will enhance the IRMP by directing the development of a mid-course correction to its provisions, including the annual allowable cut and harvest scheduling. The Team will report to Tribal Council at least once a month.

It is hoped that the Team will provide the leadership required to position the Confederated Tribes for future control of the forestry program.

that the 1995 annual allowable cut will be closer to 40 million board feet

(Mbf) that the 60 Mbf as projected in

the Integrated Resource Management

Plan (IRMP). The reduction is a re-

sult of continued over-harvesting

throughout the past several decades

synonymous with fewer jobs. It is

expected that over 150 jobs would be

created with the construction of a

facility be built in one of four sites at

Kah-Nee-Ta: as an addition to Kah-

Nee-Ta Lodge, at the old airport area,

across from the Golf Course or at the

would fund tribal programs, such as education, senior citizens, etc. With

gaming revenues coming in, the Tribe

would be able to let its natural re-

sources rest and recover. It is esti-

mated that a gaming venture on the

reservation would bring in between

\$3 million and \$22 million a year. It

is estimated the nearly 2,000,000

people are within a 100-mile radius

tions, Warm Springs would strike a

"class III" gaming compact with the

state of Oregon. The state would also

conduct background check on all

As with all tribal gaming opera-

Proceeds from casino operations

riding stable area.

of Kah-Nee-Ta.

It is proposed that the gaming

Reduction of the annual cut is

and poor timber sales decisions.

Gaming issue set for referendum December 27

On Tuesday, December 27, 1995, eligible tribal member voters will decide the fate of a proposed gaming facility on the Warm Springs Reservation. Several reason have been given for the decision to explore the possibility of such a facility. A total of 600 votes will be required to validate the election. Voters must be at least 21 years of age or married to vote in the election. Polls will be open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. at the Community Center.

Tribal timber revenues are expected to decline sharply due to a reduction in the annual allowable cut. In 1994, the Tribe derived 65 percent of its revenue from reservation forests. There is a good chance

IRMP II document available

After several months of planning meetings, the Integrated Resource Management Plan (IRMP) for the non-forested and rural areas of the reservation is available for review and comments.

This important planning process is similar to the IRMP I planning of the forest. This initial document covers proposed issues, goals objectives, current resource conditions and desired future conditions. After its review and incorporation of tribal members comments, the draft and final plans will be developed (March and

June 1995, respectively).
Individual copies of the scoping document are being distributed or delivered by mail. Additional copies are available at the Range and Ag Office. District, community, grazing group and family meetings are being planned for December.

funds and services available to those

gaming employees, as is required by the National Indian Gaming Association. A compact is a legal agree-ment that outlines the gaming operation, such as the kind of games offered, the size of the facility, betting limits, regulations, security etc.

Gaming Consultants, International have been hired to assist the Tribe in planning and setting up a gaming operation. However, the gaming operation would be completely managed by the Tribe.

Watch for more information concerning the gaming issue in future editions of Spilyay.

We're looking for interesting stories and photos (if available) of the 1964 flood. The 30vear anniversary of the 'Big One" is coming this winter. Keep Spilyay in mind when remembering the good ol' days. Call us at 553-

intentions were to target the harvest

challenge that direction. BIA

remaining within the BIA system. Tribal membership has voiced long-standing and legitimate concerns about the method, amount and need for planned harvest activities. Within the Forest Management Plan for 1982-1991, BIA forestry asserted that an annual allowable cut of 103 million board feet could be sustained for at least 25 years. The Plan was implemented with a 110 Mbf annual harvest rate. Tribal leaders and officials objected to the soundness of the logic and intent. However, they did not have good information to formally

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