

Spilyay Tymoo

News from the Warm Springs Indian Reservation



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Coyote News In Brief

Survey provides information

The tribal Construction Department is using information gained from a survey presented to participants at the Information Fair.

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Budget presented

Information about the 1991 tribal budget is presented to readers.

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Archival records become new column

The "old days" will be presented as archival information becomes available. The minutes from meetings during the signing of the 1855 treaty will begin the column.

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Buffaloes take District in cross-country

The White Buffaloes cross-country track team will be heading for state finals November 3.

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4-H clubs accepting members

Twelve 4-H clubs have room for more members.

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First Annual Veteran's Day Powwow

November 9 and 10

Organizer Daisy Ike requests photos and family histories of veterans so the information can be included in a commemorative program

Secretarial seminar to be held at Resort 11/9

Tribal secretaries are invited to attend a get-acquainted seminar at Kah-Nee-Ta November 9 from 1 to 5 p.m. A \$5 registration fee will be charged. Walk-in registrations are welcome. Call Ginger Smith at 553-3213 for more information.

Deadline for the next issue of *Spilyay Tymoo* is November 9, 1990

Weather

OCT.	HI	LOW
18	52	46
19	54	31
20	54	26
21	64	44
22	56	34
23	62	36
24	72	32
25	70	35
26	60	35
27	58	31
28	65	32
29	60	32
30	56	40



Young trick-or-treaters poured into tribal offices in disguise on Halloween.

Poor market forces sawmill closure

The last day of operation in 1990 for the big pine sawmill at Warm Springs Forest Products Industries was Wednesday, October 31. Forest Products general manager Bob Macy cited low market prices for dimension pine and internal coordination problems as the causes for the shutdown. No other areas of the mill will be directly affected by the shutdown of the sawmill.

"We're losing money in pine lumber and we're trying to minimize those losses by shutting down now," said Macy. Hopefully, the market will improve enough by the first quarter in 1991 that operations will resume.

Lumber processed at both the small log mill and the big sawmill must undergo drying in the dry kiln. Because there is so much material to be processed through the dry kiln, a bottleneck is created. "We've added another kiln operator and a swing shift crew" to help alleviate that bottleneck, Macy said.

Employees at the big mill, which operates during the day, will transfer to the small log mill as swing shift operators. There are 31 employees at the big mill and 28 at the small log mill. The overflow will be absorbed into operations throughout the mill as the need arises. "The impact on WSFPI employees will be minimal, if not nil," said Macy. He anticipated the swing shift would be operating by November 5.

Most drastically affected are the contract loggers. The last day truckers could deliver to the mill was October 31. The loggers have had their season cut short by 15 working days. Under normal conditions, the season would continue until November 21. Macy estimated the early shutdown would reduce the amount delivered to WSFPI by five million board feet.

November 8 ballot offers voters choice on candidates, issues

Voters will be voting for representatives and for eleven measures on Tuesday, November 6. It is important that citizens exercise their right to vote and become informed about candidates and issues.

Candidates presented to Jefferson County voters include:

National United States Senator—Republican Mark O. Hatfield, Democrat Harry Lonsdale;

Representative, 2nd District—Democrat Jim Smiley, Republican Robert Smith;

State Governor—Republican Dave Frohn-mayer, Independent Al Mobley, Libertarian Fred Oerther, Democrat Barbara Roberts;

Commissioner, Bureau of Labor and Industries—Democrat Mary Wendy Roberts, Libertarian Mary

Ann Ruggiero;

State Representative, 55th District—Democrat Steve Carsey, Republi-

can Beverly Clarno;

County County commissioner—Democrat
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Community discusses budget

Agency District members gathered at the Agency Longhouse October 23 to discuss the proposed 1991 operating budget. Members expressed concern not only about the budget but other issues, such as natural resource management, youth issues and tribal enterprises as well.

Following a brief overview of the budget, tribal chief executive officer Ken Smith invited members to ask questions saying that management staff members were prepared to present explanations. Mike Clements stated that people

wanted to hear explanations from their "elected officials, not the management staff." Council members answered most questions during the night.

Uren Leonard, in question of the McQuinn blowdown issue, stated that he felt "very strongly that someone has to pay for the mistake made out there." If mistakes continue, he said, "we won't have anything left." Leonard also questioned employment practices at Warm Springs Forest Products and said there should be "90 percent tribal member employment there." Leonard asked about economic devel-

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Construction projects begin in Spring

Have you been wondering about the construction of the new tribal museum and the Early Childhood Education Center and why it seems to be taking so long to get things rolling? Local officials attribute the construction delays to weather, financing and design changes.

Barring any unforeseen catastrophe, construction on both projects, say officials, should begin in April or May, 1991. If construction began now, it would only be halted by seasonal weather conditions within the next two months.

According to Public Utilities general manager Ed Manion, construction bids on the museum may be released in December, while bids on the childhood center will probably be released shortly after the first of the year.

Since the May, 1989 referendum in which tribal voters approved a \$1.125 million tribal appropriation toward the \$4.5 million learning center, \$160,000 has been pledged by the Oregon Economic Development Department. The local center was one of two projects funded by the OEDD.

Museum fundraisers were dealt bad news when state lottery officials announced a 30 percent across-the-board cut in regional strategy funding. The cut resulted in a \$139,000 reduction for MOHS,

putting the museum nearly \$200,000 from their \$4.2 million goal. Tribal voters, in November 1988, approved a \$1.5 million appropriation toward the project.

Museum officials and the Warm Springs Tribal Council do not wish

to start construction until the \$4.2 million goal has been reached or is exceeded.

If construction on the projects begins when anticipated, both should be completed by the fall of 1992.

Deschutes River planning continues—

BLM asks Tribe for campsites

The Deschutes River Management Plan alternatives will be presented to citizens at public meetings during the upcoming winter months. Until that time work continues to refine the plan.

The Deschutes River Executive Review Board established proposed boating use levels for each segment of the lower 100 miles of the river, the need for campsites and other facilities.

The Bureau of Land Management, one of the involved agencies in the DRMP, recently approached the Warm Springs Tribal Council with a proposal to include campsites on tribal land bordering the river. The BLM identified 123 undeveloped campsites on tribal

land. The BLM proposed that the Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs allow public camping at 20 specific undeveloped areas on tribally owned land between Warm Springs and the north boundary of the reservation. According to the proposal these sites: are areas with no direct road access; have little or no use by tribal members; are suitable and capable of accommodating overnight camping; and would be specifically identified and limited in size. Regulations governing the use of these sites would be strict and would not allow any open fires, no discharge of firearms or other activities which would be precluded in other camping areas on BLM or

State land. The federal agency cites the purposes behind the proposal to allow public camping on tribally-owned lands to: 1. More evenly distribute camping use in the primary camping zone; 2. Allow the closure of more than 40 other existing sites on BLM land which are not suitable for camping or are in need of rehabilitation; 3. Reduce camping impacts on sites where camping will be allowed as a result of less frequent occupancy; 4. Improve the quality of the camping experience by allowing greater distance between campsites; and, 5. Create a partnership between the Confederated Tribes, BLM and the public for tribal and public use of the river

while still protecting the basic and fragile resources of the area. A special meeting to discuss the proposal was held October 25 between BLM representative Bruce Cunningham, Deschutes River Management Review Board member Jim Noteboom, who is also the tribal attorney, and tribal representative for the DRMP Louie Pitt, Jr. According to Pitt, the Tribe has worked very well with BLM in plans for the Deschutes River. Management problems will continue to be discussed openly. The decision regarding use of tribal lands by river users will be discussed among committees and with Tribal Council. Tribal Council will make the final decision.