

Capital Journal

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The Dunne Removal

In the resignation of T. Morris Dunne from the Industrial Accident and the Unemployment Compensation Commissions of Oregon, submitted at the capricious request of Governor Holmes, a widely-recognized authority on compensation and its administration is removed from office.

Oregon has had Mr. Dunne's service in office for nearly 25 years, and in that time he has served under eight governors before the present one, Republican, Democrat and independent. Since the office is appointive by the Governor, this long tenure alone is a tribute to his integrity and his capability.

In Oregon Mr. Dunne is known for his keen insight into the intent of the compensation laws and high intelligence in their administration. He has been a leader in guiding the direction of unemployment compensation in this state.

As a symbol of his national recognition a plaque was presented him last year at a meeting of the Interstate Conference of Unemployment Security Agencies, honoring him as one of the oldest leaders in the field.

Mr. Dunne was among the early leaders in the unemployment compensation program to bring about the organization of this association, and served as its first president. He was appointed a member of the Industrial Accident Commission in 1933 by Gov. Julius Meier. Soon after that the unemployment compensation program was started on a federal grant basis and he saw the necessity of an interstate organization in the state-government partnership.

When the unemployment compensation program began in 1935 Mr. Dunne was made commission chairman and has headed it ever since. At its start Gov. Charles H. Martin sent him to Washington to get the preliminary information needed. Oregon became one of the earliest states to pay benefits under the act and Dunne was largely responsible for getting the program under way.

While he has represented the employers on the commission he has done so with discretion and fairness, and has strongly advocated state's rights in the department administration, strictly from a nonpartisan point of view.

The law requires that two members of the commission be members of one political party and one member of the other. Dunne is a Republican. The Governor has replaced him with a Republican, Mrs. Cecelia Galey, first woman ever appointed to the commission.

While the removal of Mr. Dunne was unnecessary and unwise there is ample reason to believe that Mrs. Galey, an attorney, will serve well in his place.

Seek Truck Line Taxes

House Joint Resolution No. 28, introduced by Rep. Roy Dooley (Dem.) Multnomah, calls for a constitutional amendment to be submitted to people for the local taxation of commercial motor vehicles and truck trains that are paid by other carriers, rail air and water, the revenues to be apportioned and used for support of schools and state and local government.

The resolution reads as follows:

That Article IX of the Constitution of the State of Oregon be amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as Section 3a, as follows: Sec. 3a. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of this Article IX, the motor vehicles and other properties of motor carriers engaged in the transportation of persons or property for hire upon public highways within this state may be assessed and taxed on a basis similar to that on which the properties of carriers by rail, air and water are assessed and taxed, and the revenues therefrom may be apportioned and used for educational purposes and for the support of state and local government.

It is Further Resolved, That the proposed amendment be submitted to the people for their approval or rejection at the next regular general biennial election or special election held throughout the state.

The resolution originated by the Association of Oregon Counties at their last annual meeting in November which stressed the need of Oregon counties of additional revenue and the fact big commercial truck lines should pay taxes to local government, schools, police and fire protection and city and county governments the same as every other citizen does, noting the fact that the big truck monopolies do a much greater business than any other transportation industry they should help to meet such obligations.

Clatsop county, through its officials makes the following endorsement:

"We all know the state is desperately in need of additional taxes to pay for ever-expanding schools and costs of local government caused by increased population. May we call to your attention that the largest and most prosperous transportation agency in the state of Oregon, the commercial trucker, has very skillfully avoided its share of taxes of local government and thereby has become a tax-consuming instead of a tax-paying industry.

"What excuse can they give now for not paying their share when we have seen one of the most phenomenal trucking industry expansions in our history? The commercial big trucks should not escape this time, when property owners are burdened with the present and the threat of increased taxes. Please note that the truckers' present program is that they do not have to pay taxes if their big equipment is not operating with freight revenue upon the highways (when a truck is in the garage there are no taxes), but when they operate they consume their own and our highway taxes."—G. P.

Lie Detectors Needed

Alleged ties between Portland's underworld of gangsters, city officials, Teamsters' union bosses in the hearing before the Senate Rackets Investigating Committee now underway in Washington, headed by Senator John L. McClellan (D., Ark.) has developed such conflicting testimony over an alleged bribe given Mayor Terry Schruink that it has been referred to the police department for "possible perjury prosecution."

The objective is to decide whether perjury has been committed when there was a conflict between testimony.

Big Jim Elkins, ex-press of Portland's under-

world, has testified he was told by a gambling raid associate that Schruink accepted a \$500 bribe to call off a gambling raid in 1955, when Schruink was Multnomah county sheriff. Six other witnesses have corroborated parts of the story so lie detectors will be utilized to find out.

The FBI refused the request to give Mayor Schruink a lie detector test and Chief Counsel Kennedy will seek to arrange to have the Secret Service give the test next Monday. No reason for refusal was given by FBI.

In these days of scientific discovery and electronic development it ought to be easy to perfect a lie detector, truth serum or other apparatus to be utilized before a witness goes on the stand to determine automatically whether he is lying in his testimony or telling the truth. It would save a lot of time and speed up justice.

Senator McClellan and his Chief Counsel young Robert F. Kennedy, are doing a good exposure job, but it is highly probable that Senator Estes Kefauver views it sadly and gloomily as stealing his thunder for a third presidential campaign.

Estes would have staged the investigation over television, for the personal glamor and publicity, even though he had shaken the hands of the gangsters recently in quest of votes.—G. P.

RAY TUCKER

Israel Received More Than Arabs

WASHINGTON—“Have you any figures on the amount of money the United States has spent in the Middle East in recent years?” inquires Mrs. L. J. of Bridgeport, Conn. “It is true that the Administration has shown partiality to the Arabs in this respect, as so many people charge, and that there has been discrimination against Israel.”

Answer: The official statistics do not substantiate that indictment of the Administration, although it has been widely propagandized. During the 1951-56 period, eight Arab states received only \$73,000,000, and no military material aid. The bulk of the money allocated to the Middle East, which totaled \$273,000,000, went to Israel.

Three Arab countries — Syria, the Sudan and Yemen—got nothing. Here are the actual advances: Saudi Arabia, \$2 million; Egypt, \$27 million; Iraq, \$8 million; Jordan, \$22 million; Lebanon, \$14 million. These comments, of course, do not apply to Iran, Turkey or Pakistan. As members of the Baghdad Pact, they obtained considerable economic and military loans and grants.

Money Arabs Did Not Receive

Congress did authorize the expenditure of \$170,000,000 in the Arab area, but it was not spent because the prospective recipients did not meet our requirements for aid. They had no projects planned that could be developed wisely or advantageously.

This fact also furnishes the answer to many other readers, who have asked why Senator Russell of Georgia and so many other Southerners opposed the economic feature of the Middle East Doctrine. The reason is, based on this experience, that they do not believe the \$200,000,000 wanted by the President could be devoted to constructive developments.

They figured that factors and emotions stirred by the immediate Suez Canal dispute would play too large a part in the distribution of the money. Moreover, the 1958 foreign aid bill will provide a vehicle for even additional funds for the Middle East, if necessary.

“What effect, if any,” asks M. K. of Oakland, Calif., “do you think the McClellan Committee's expose of Teamster Union ‘scandals’ in the Northwest will have on the labor movement and problem?”

Answer: I am afraid that it will hurt many honest and legitimate unions, just as a few bad apples damage a whole barrel, unless extracted. Political and economic interests antagonistic to unions will undoubtedly try to make capital of these revelations.

It presents the AFL-CIO hierarchy with its most difficult situation since their amalgamation. If Teamster President Dave Beck is connected with these goings-on, he must be disciplined by President George L. Meany and his executive committee. It may mean a showdown with the head of one of the largest and most powerful unions in the United States. It could mean a crack-up.

Gulf Between Leaders and Workers

Politically it insures that the union rank-and-file will be less responsive to the exhortations of their officers in election campaigns. They broke away from the higher-ups' advice in the 1952 and 1956 Presidential elections when a majority voted for Eisenhower. But the disclosure of their officers' ties-up with crooked politicians and the underworld should encourage them in their skepticism.

A vast gulf, it appears, has opened between many union leaders like Beck, who have become millionaires and businessmen, and the millions of workers whose welfare they are supposed to promote. Labor must clean house, or have its house smashed.

A Smile or Two

An insurance couple had just completed a lesson. “Pretend you are asked, ‘do you think I will ever be able to do anything with my voice?’” “Well,” replied the instructor, “it might come in handy in case of fire.”—Wall Street Journal.

JAMES MARLOW

Ike Might Weaken on Huge Budget

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Eisenhower shows signs of weakening on his record peacetime budget of \$71,800,000,000 which has been attacked inside and outside Congress.

He talks now of the possibility of cutting the budget by going slower on some of the programs he proposed. This is now how James Marlowe talked right after he submitted the budget Jan. 16. But that was before the budget act in Congress.

Businessmen and his own Republicans — even more than the Democrats — have demanded cuts. Didn't Say Where

At his Jan. 23 news conference after the budget unveiling Eisenhower said there were places where cuts might be made — he didn't say where — and he added his aides were under instructions to look for such places.

But he quoted Secretary of the Treasury Humphrey as saying this was the best budget the entire government, after months of trying, could bring out. Then he said:

“As long as the American people demand and, in my opinion, deserve the kind of services that this budget provides, we have got to spend this kind of money.”

But at yesterday's news conference he said he has instructed his aides to “find out whether it (the budget) represents the minimum in services and programs that the United States requires.” And he added:

“Some of these (services and programs), I think, can be slowed up. We don't have to pursue them in the same speed at a time like this when everybody is contending for dollars.”

But everybody was contending for dollars on Jan. 16 and Jan. 23 and nothing new has been added since then except the broad criticism of the budget. Since then these things have happened:

House Republicans have circulated a petition to cut almost seven billion dollars off the budget. The House Republican Policy Committee unanimously called for a cut.

U. S. Chamber of Commerce President John S. Coleman says cuts are a must. And Republican House Leader Martin of Massachusetts, thinking in terms of perhaps a three-billion cut, says this budget is “unbearable” on the people.

Much Unfavorable Mail

In addition, members of Congress have reported enormous mail on the budget subject, much of it in some cases, most of it, unfavorable. But the mail, and polls among businessmen, show not everyone is critical.

Secretary Humphrey, even before Eisenhower made his budget public, said he thought there were lots of places in it that could be cut. But he declined to say where, then or since.

The one man in government who knows more about the budget than anyone — including Eisenhower and Humphrey — is Budget Director Percival Brundage. This week Brundage said he doesn't see much hope for substantial reductions in federal spending for at least two years.

BEN MAXWELL

History in The Making

March 9, 1951

Gov. Douglas McKay had directed District Attorney John B. McCourt of Multnomah county to request the circuit court to call for a grand jury investigation of the administration of the state liquor commission.

Ralph Moody, chief clerk of the house representatives in the 1951 session, says that in 1947, had an engagement to tell the Marion County Historical society about “The Ramp Session of 1947.”

Al May and Bob Sawtelle were members of a Woodburn Junior Chamber of Commerce committee with plans to sponsor a waste paper and bottle salvage campaign to raise funds for the “Better Books For You” project.

Patsy Spangler, daughter of Mrs. Robert Emis, had again been named winner of the “Land of Make Believe” art program.

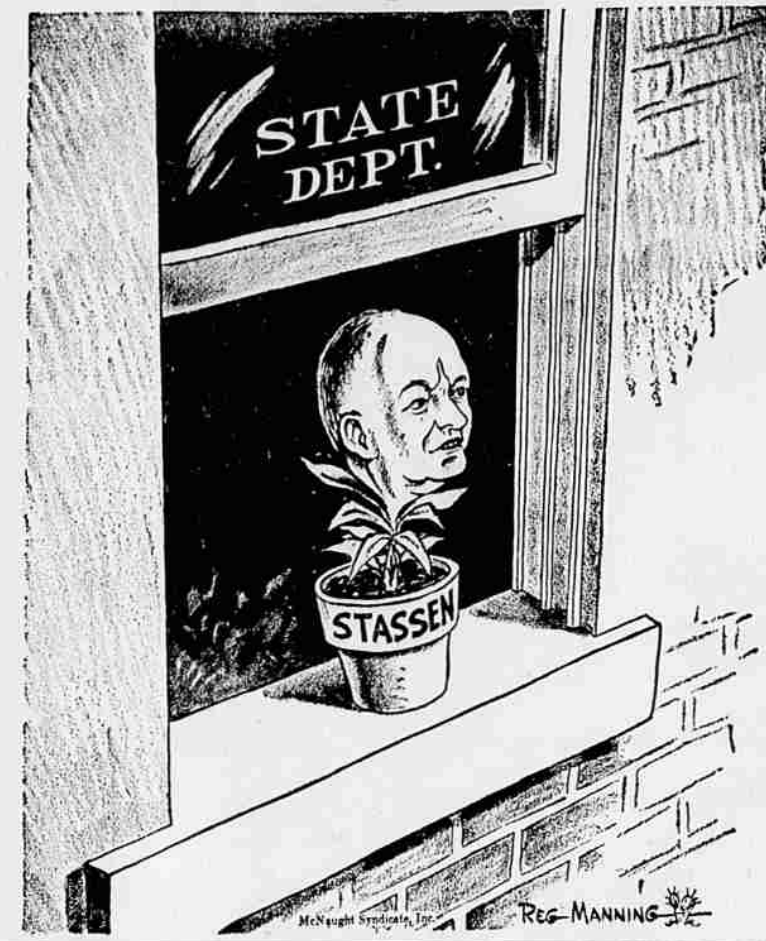
Rep. Carl Francis of Dayton had introduced a legislative bill that would provide \$13,000,000 annually in increased income taxes from Oregon.

Sen. Howard Belton had advocated drastic reduction in state personnel as means of meeting the \$1,100,000 a month cost of living wage increase in the salary schedule for the next biennium.

OUT OF DATE

RAGINE, WIS. — Thieves who stole \$1,350 from the safe at the Swimming Wheel cafe will have trouble spending \$200 of it. Proprietor Charles Presta said the \$200 represented old coins and old bills which are out of circulation. He said the collector's items included 30 commemorative half dollars from different states, some of them in odd shapes and sizes.

Transplanted



DAVID LAWRENCE

Ike Doctrine Puts Commies on Notice That U.S. Will Fight in Middle-East

WASHINGTON—The real significance of the Eisenhower Doctrine resolution, just passed by both houses of Congress, may not be immediately apparent to the public in these days of swift-moving events, but the lesson will not be overlooked in Moscow.

For the truth is that, for all practical purposes, the United States now has declared war on international Communism in every area of the world. America specifically has warned that any attempt to invade or interfere with the national independence of any country

in the Middle East, either by military threat or by internal subversion through economic means or otherwise, will meet with counter-measures which could involve the use of military force.

Final Text Much Stronger

The final text of the resolution, which passed the Senate by a vote of 72 to 19 and the House by 350 to 60—more than two-thirds in each case—is much stronger than when originally proposed by the President and secretary of state. This is conceded in a formal report of the Senate Foreign Relations committee.

The Eisenhower Administration in some ways would have preferred the original version as approved by the House, but the broad language used by the Senate Foreign Relations committee

DR. WILLIAM BRADY

Some People Should Wear Face Masks All the Time

Some persons worry about infection only when they see or feel the droplets of moisture or mucus in the spray given off by one who coughs or sneezes without covering nose and mouth.

For every individual so infected, scores are similarly infected via the germ or virus laden droplets of moisture or mucus in the spray given off from the mouth in quiet conversation.

One difference between sneeze or cough spray and conversation spray is a matter of effective range. Sneeze or cough spray may carry 10 or 12 feet; conversation spray carries not more than five feet.

Another difference is that you can see and feel the droplets of sneeze or cough spray, but as a rule the droplets of ordinary conversation spray are invisible and imperceptibly fine so that you are unaware that you are in range.

Except in ancient movies via TV and in the plate glass show window of the newborn nursery in a 19th century hospital, the only purpose of gauze masks is to stop spray droplets. Even when such masks are made of not less than 10 layers of gauze of 32 threads to the inch fineness—as most are not—they are not as efficient as masks should be.

I do not believe that everybody should wear a mask as part of his or her everyday attire—except in time of epidemic flu, for example. But if you imagine everybody masked, please don't make the picture melodramatic.

Some Should Wear Masks

Let people wear masks, which are no more conspicuous or hideous than the horn-ribbed spectacles affected by odd characters with the Hollywood complex.

Whether the mask is made of cheesecloth or of washed X-ray material, persons in certain occupations should be required to wear one constantly when at work.

Barbers, hair dressers, cashiers, tellers, theater ticket sellers; conductors on buses, trains, or streetcars; waiters; clerks at desks or counters; dentists; nose, throat, and ear specialists; ophthalmologists and optometrists; manicurists.

Even though all this seems far-fetched and you don't believe you can catch anything via conversation spray, you're stuck with the idea now, and it is bound to make you just a little more careful to avoid exposure to infection when you can.

TO THE DOGS

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill. (AP) — A resident on Olive Street says the dogs are too smart for the dog catcher.

She says huge packs roam the neighborhood. “I have called the police and they refer you to the Health Department. When the Health Department truck comes by there is not a dog in sight. “I tell me to catch the dogs and confine them but how are you going to go out and grab other people's dogs? “Something is going to have to be done or we will have to move out and leave the city to the dogs,” she said.

THE OPEN FORUM

On Delinquency: Says Sound Moral Training Is Overdue

To The Editor: In your issue of March 2, a Mr. John Standish expresses doubt as to the increase of juvenile delinquency in these modern days, citing personal reminiscences as proof.

It seems to me, however, that proof of increasing lawlessness among young people — yes, even young children — today, is overwhelmingly as evidenced in our daily newspapers, as well as all published statistics on the subject. All statistics I've seen of late years show a marked growth in the percentage of misdemeanors of young people, and a steadily increasing number of crimes, even to the most fiendish murders, committed by children in their teens or even younger, such as were practically unheard of 50 or 60 years ago.

During just this past year there have been several murders of parents by children; of children by other children; and other such terrible crimes as were committed years ago only by mature and hardened criminals. Several times, during recent years, I have read statistics showing not only the increasing percentage of the prevalence of crime, but also the lowering of the average age of the criminals.

While it is true, as Mr. Standish says, that parents are not altogether responsible for this situation, to a large degree they are to blame. In the first place, modern conditions and practices have wrought great changes in the majority of the parents and the home environment of today, as compared to those of a half-century ago; and most certainly these changes are not all for the better.

The first teaching and habit-forming is home teaching. In the older days, as I can well remember, this first teaching was, in the great majority of cases, provided by parents who lived a good, moral, exemplary life, with no daily portrayal of wrong-doing and crime, such as is furnished today by radio, T.V., and some “comic books.” Also, in these old-time homes, there was no such excitement before the children as a matter of accepted morals and social practices as is furnished today by the drinking and smoking mothers as well as fathers, as well as in many cases a laxness of what used to be — and still should be — fundamental moral conduct.

It seems in many cases that modern day “equality” for women has resulted in lowering women's standards, so that their equality is shown in their “right” to share the vices and moral shortcomings of men; so that the old-time standards of morals and behavior are, in too many cases, discarded.

Unless the foundation of sound moral training and example is laid in the home in very early

life, there is little chance for a youngster to build a good character and become a good citizen in the world of today, with all its attractions, distractions, and temptations. As long as such a large part of their “education” is found in T.V., in murder stories, wild-west shooting programs, etc., crime “Comics” and radio, in pleasure-seeking and indulgence, with no firm moral and religious training or example, no prayer or good council in the home, there can be no improvement in the situation.

PEARL W. OAKES,
2915 Evergreen Ave.

Hits Sunday Ban on Sale of Automobiles

To The Editor: If our legislative committee pass a law forbidding the sale or purchase of automobiles on Sunday, then let them close all business, including grocery stores, filling stations, taverns, drug stores, and all business in general.

Looks impossible! No court would uphold a ban on one type of business, we are still a free country to do with our time as we wish, whether we buy a car, gas, groceries, or the like, lets keep our nose out of other people's business.

If John Doe wants to stay open on Sunday, that's his business, or stay closed on Sunday; that still is his business. He pays his help and a heap of taxes. The city, the state, even Uncle Sam won't help him on this. Let the business man run his store as he sees fit. Lets not be a dictator. Those kind of laws belong in Russia not a free country like ours.

A tax payer, a buyer, a dealer, Dewey Baumgart, Dewey Cat Cars

CAUGHT CAT

LISBON, Ohio (AP) — Maybe Mrs. William Vaughn and her neighbor Robert Adkins in East Liverpool didn't invent washing machines, but as far as Hector, the Persian cat is concerned, they share responsibility.

Hector's tail got caught in the gears of Mrs. Vaughn's washing machine. When she tried to free him, Hector let her have it with his claws. Then Adkins tried. Same result.

O. E. Scott, city dog warden, finally got Hector loose. From past experience, Scott uses leather gloves.

AN ABROGATION

We note this abrogation of the rights of man: a bill to consider a man arrested on a traffic charge convicted if he does not appear in thirty days. —Sherman County Journal.

REV. GEORGE H. SWIFT

Fireside Pulpit: Scientific Discoveries Not Always New

According to a story in one of the local papers this week, a Danish archeologist searching beneath the ruins of a 16th century Portuguese port on the Persian Gulf is

land of Bahrain, uncovered a 3000 year old powder room, complete with water flushed toilets and with indications of an advanced standard of hygiene.

Jet-Propelled Arrow

Another article in the papers this week told of a very ancient jet-propelled arrow being exhibited by the Chinese, indicating that the principle of jet propulsion now being extensively put to use, is an old idea. In fact, flying squirrels operating like jet-propelled planes were sailing above the water ages before modern jet propulsion was thought of by man.

We are told that bats have had built in radar systems to guide their movements through the total darkness of caves even before scientists thought of modern radar systems.

The Scriptures do say, “There is nothing new under the sun.”

We rightly marvel at modern scientific discoveries and developments. But the principle underlying all these things, even the explosion of atoms, was going on millenniums before man appeared on this earth.

God Created Principals

The wonder is that some modern people do not seem to understand that God (not man) not only created and put all these principles into operation in nature, but designed the very brains with which our greatest thinkers have comprehended these principles, and have come to use them for their own ends.

When we realize the kind of war made possible by radar, jet propulsion, and the splitting of the atom, it might have been better to have left the radar to the bats, jet propulsion to the squids, and the splitting of the atom to the sun. At least we should at all times keep the Great Creator of the principle involved as a consultant on the moral implications!

The Road to Recovery

Your doctor's prescription is the first step on your road to recovery. The second step is having it filled by our pharmacists who always give you just what the doctor ordered.

OUR EXPERIENCE IS YOUR PROTECTION

Capital Drug Store

2 Locations to Get Prescriptions

- 405 State St.
- 617 Chemeketa

WE GIVE YOU GREEN STAMPS