

Coronation of Queen Patricia Opens Festival

Seal of Oregon and Key of Salem to be Presented Tonight

Cherryland Festival Program

Thursday, June 30
 8 p. m. Coronation of Queen Patricia and show at Oregon State Fairgrounds grandstand.
 Friday, July 1
 10 a. m. Grand parade.
 12 Noon. Bond show at Court and High streets.
 8 p. m. Horse Show at State Fairgrounds grandstand.
 Saturday, July 2
 10 a. m. Children's Parade.
 2 p. m. Preliminaries of Drill team and Drum and Bugle Corps contest at State Fairgrounds grandstand.
 8 p. m. Finals of Drill team and Drum and Bugle Corps contest at State Fairgrounds grandstand. Fireworks Display.
 Nightly public dances at Oregon State Fairgrounds grandstand beginning at 10 p. m.

By MARGARET MAGEE

Salem's 1948 Cherryland Festival will officially be opened tonight with the coronation ceremonies for Queen-Elect Patricia at 8 o'clock at the State Fairgrounds.

The queen, gowned in white, will receive her crown from King Bing Deryl Myers of the Cherrians. After her coronation she will be presented her scepter by Sidney L. Stevens, president of the Cherryland Festival association, which annually sponsors the festival.

Also presented to Queen Patricia will be the seal of the state of Oregon and the key to the city of Salem. Gov. Douglas McKay is to present the seal and Mayor Robert L. Eifstrom will present the key.

Four Princesses in Court

Preceding the queen to the stage for her coronation will be her four princesses, all of whom are to wear gowns of orchid colored marquisette designed with a yoke with a wide ruffle trim and a full skirt with a ruffle trim giving an apron effect.

Queen of '48 Present

Also having an honored place on the stage during the coronation ceremonies will be Lois Eggers, queen of the 1948 Cherryland Festival, Mrs. Arthur Weddle, chaperon for the queen and members of her court: Mrs. B. O. Schueking, queen of the first Cherry Festival, which was held in 1903 and Miss Martha Durrette, queen of the 1947 festival.

King Bing Deryl Myers will serve as escort for the queen during the three-day festival and Cherrians are to act as escorts for the princesses, Mrs. Weddle and the former queens taking part in the ceremonies. In the Cherrian group are Greg Lancaster, Robert M. Fischer. Paul (Concluded on Page 18, Column 4)

Lewis to Order 3 Day Week

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., June 30 (AP)—Soft coal operators expressed the opinion today that John L. Lewis will impose a three-day work week on at least the northern and western segments of the industry when the contract expires tonight.

"If the mines work at all, it will be for a three-day week, probably Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday," one leading operator said.

The operators themselves were standing firm against accepting Lewis' plan to spread jobs by adopting the short week. Mainly they fear the anti-trust law.

"We are still opposed to it from the legal standpoint and because of the principle involved," the operator who declined to be quoted by name said.

"What would happen to our mines when the non-union mines could work six days? They would get the business."

The operators running the negotiations here insisted that they have a contract in force until Aug. 14.

George H. Love, of Pittsburgh-Consolidation Coal company and head of the north-west negotiating group, asked, "Why should we change or modify that contract when it still is in force?"

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Daylight Saving Law to Cause More Confusion

By JAMES D. OLSON
 If the daylight saving law becomes effective on July 1 there will be more confusion than at present according to Attorney General George Neuner.

The law, as passed by the 1949 legislature, grants power to the governor to "advance the time one hour" providing the economic condition of the state is affected by the time observed in adjoining states. Of the four border states, California and Nevada are on standard time while some cities in Washington and Idaho are on "fast" time.

No power is granted in the bill to nullify any daylight ordinances passed by cities or towns but all state offices and county offices operated under provisions of the state statutes must observe standard time.

According to the attorney general this will mean that the majority of offices in the courthouses throughout the state will be required to be open to the public during standard time hours while the city government, if daylight ordinances have been passed, will continue on daylight saving, opening and closing one hour later than the court house offices.

"Wherever time is an element in the state statutes, standard time must be observed," said Neuner.

The bill providing for daylight time only in the event such time was being observed in the adjoining states was introduced by Rep. Henry E. Peterson of Ione who was opposed to the daylight time but above all else sought to have uniformity of time throughout the state.

However, as the law now stands, Neuner declares that cities and towns now on daylight saving time cannot be forced to go back to standard time while the state and county offices will be forced to do so.

Petitions are being circulated in Portland to refer the daylight saving law to the people but latest reports are that insufficient names have been obtained thus far to insure referring the measure. However, the proponents of the referendum have until July 16 to file the petitions. If not filed, the bill passed by the legislature will become law.

Two Klansmen in Tennessee Indicted

Chatanooga, Tenn., June 30 (AP)—Two men have been indicted under an 80-year-old anti-Ku Klux Klan statute and charged with terrorizing nearby Dollywood citizens while wearing robes and hoods.

County Patrolmen A. W. Bartlett and Melvin Burns last night arrested Homer Blair, 39, a former deputy sheriff, and William Hardin, 33, at their Dollywood homes.

The two men were indicted yesterday by the Hamilton county grand jury, less than two months after a group of hooded men invaded the little community May 7, blackjacked several men and frightened others with pistol fire.

Sheriff Frank Burns ordered Blair held without bond. Hardin's bond was to be set later, he said.

Both men, the sheriff said, denied taking part in the alleged floggings and both said they were not members of the clan.

Seek Change in Routing Road up Little North Fork

Petitions with 66 signers were brought before the county court Thursday by L. F. Myers asking a changing of routing of the Mehama-Elkhorn road up the Santiam to make what is considered a better grade for an all-year road. In addition the petitioners ask that where the big slide has existed above Lumker's bridge the bank be sloped back to eliminate the future blocking of the road by dirt dropping from the banks which nearly every winter shuts off traffic and requires clearing.

The petitioners ask that the existing road be changed starting at Keel creek and crossing the river to the south side, following up the south side to Lumker's bridge. This, say the proponents, was the logical routing of the road in the first instance but for reasons existing at the time of the original survey the route was not adopted and the road went on the north side instead.

Myers said the sloping desired he is sure would eliminate the trouble had year after year at the big slide above Lumker's bridge. This slide started when logging interests changed the routing of the road which before had been over a hill, but they cut a new

Senate Passes New Labor Bill By Vote 51 to 42

Washington, June 30 (AP)—The senate today passed the labor bill constructed by Senator Taft (R-Ohio). The vote on passage was 51 to 42.

It contains the basic provisions of the Taft-Hartley act and marked a sweeping victory for the governor to "advance the time one hour" providing the economic condition of the state is affected by the time observed in adjoining states. Of the four border states, California and Nevada are on standard time while some cities in Washington and Idaho are on "fast" time.

It was a crushing defeat for President Truman, who during the 1948 campaign pledged repeal of the measure.

Lucas Predicts Veto
 Senator Lucas of Illinois, the democratic leader, predicted before the vote that Mr. Truman will veto the Taft bill if it reaches him.

Senate passage sent the measure to the house.
 House action on any labor bill is doubtful at this session.

In any event there is a strong likelihood that the two-year-old Taft-Hartley act will remain unchanged until after the 1950 elections at the earliest.

Before passage, the senate accepted by a 40 to 44 vote a Taft-written substitute for all that section of the bill he had not previously gotten amended to his liking.

Injunctions Approved
 Taft's plan for injunctions and plant seizure in "national emergency" strikes was approved Tuesday.

Taft's program to make 28 changes in the Taft-Hartley act but preserve its "essential" now has been substituted for the entire administration labor bill.

Preliminary to taking the second session of Taft's plan, the senate beat down an attempt to nullify all state laws which outlaw the union shop.

Weyerhaeuser Takes Willapa

Tacoma, June 30 (AP)—The Willapa Harbor Lumber mills and White River Lumber company will be merged in a \$10,000,000 stock transaction, Weyerhaeuser officials announced today.

The merger agreement approved this week in Enclumail and Raymond by stockholders of the two companies was announced by J. P. Weyerhaeuser Jr., president of the company.

The act, in effect, completes absorption of the two companies by the larger timber firm. Weyerhaeuser has owned approximately 70 per cent of the Willapa company's outstanding stock since the latter was formed in 1931 and 59 per cent of the White River company since it was organized in 1929.

Stockholders of the Willapa company received one timber company share for each five shares in the Grays Harbor concern. One White River share was exchanged for three Weyerhaeuser shares.

The 180,000 Weyerhaeuser shares issued in exchange for the 300,000 Willapa Harbor and 40,000 White River shares are worth approximately \$55 each.

The merger, Weyerhaeuser said, will "provide operating economies through the integration of forest management, research, logging, sawmill and pulp mill operations."

Waltkus went to the criminal court in a wheelchair today to confront the girl admirer who shot him with a rifle June 15.

His assailant, 19-year-old Ruth Stenhausen, was held to the grand jury on a charge of assault to commit murder. Judge Matthew D. Hartigan set her bond at \$50,000.

State's Attorney John S. Boyle opened the arraignment with a statement that Waltkus had to be back in the Illinois Masonic hospital in 45 minutes.

It was the first time Waltkus had left the hospital since Miss Stenhausen shot the Phillies' star after luring him to her hotel room.

Seeding Clouds to Avert Hail Damage

Medford, June 30 (AP)—Cloud-seeding experiments to protect the pear crop from hail are being conducted over the Rogue river valley.

The hope is that by seeding clouds with dry-ice pellets, the peak formations can be lowered to an altitude where there is no longer is danger of hail.

Two former navy pilots, Harvey M. Brandau and Eugene K. Kooser, have been seeding cumulus clouds at 15,000 feet or more. Unusually clear weather has made results inconclusive.

The tests are being sponsored by the Rogue river valley traffic association.



They Decided Judith Coplon Was Guilty—Members of the jury holding the fate of Judith Coplon file out of municipal court in Washington during a luncheon recess in their deliberations. She was convicted of stealing government documents with intent to aid Russia. She is liable to a maximum penalty of 13 years in prison and a \$12,000 fine if convicted. (Acme Telephone)

Judith Coplon Guilty Of Being Spy for Russia

Washington, June 30 (AP)—Judith Coplon was convicted today of being a spy for Russia.

The jury convicted her on both counts of the indictment against her. She faces a maximum sentence of 13 years in prison and a fine of \$12,000.

The jury announced its verdict shortly after 1:30 p. m. (EST) after having her fate in its hands for almost 27 hours. It reported ready to give its decision at 1:10 p. m., 26 hours 58 minutes after receiving the case.

The jam-packed courtroom was deathly silent when the jury began filing in at 11:33 a. m. (PDT).

The former justice department employe was tense as she stood up to receive the verdict.

"The defendant will rise," a marshal cried out.

Her attorney, Archibald Palmer, demanded that each juror be polled and this was done by the clerk, Paul A. Roser.

Palmer announced that the verdict will be appealed to the U. S. circuit court of appeals, and if necessary, to the supreme court.

When the jurors had taken their places, Clerk Roser asked: "Have you reached a verdict?"

"We have," Foreman Andrew H. Norford, 34, a telephone company employe, replied.

"What say you as to count one," the clerk asked.

"Guilty," Norford replied.

He made the same answer—guilty—when asked how the jury found on count two.

Miss Coplon, 28, a Barnard college honor graduate, still faces trial in New York along with Valentine A. Gubitchev, a Russian, on espionage conspiracy charges.

Under count one of the indictment under which she was convicted today the maximum penalty is 10 years and \$10,000. That count accused Miss Coplon of taking secret reports from FBI files on counter-espionage and subversion with intent to benefit a foreign power (Russia) and injure the United States.

The second count, with a top penalty of three years and \$2,000, merely charged removal and concealment and made no mention of an intended use for it.

Raymond P. Whearty, assistant chief of the justice department criminal division and a prosecutor in Miss Coplon's trial, told reporters: "We definitely intend to try the New York (conspiracy) case."

Shooting Girl Sent Hospital

Chicago, June 30 (AP)—In rapid-fire disposal of legal routine, the 19-year-old girl admirer who shot First Baseman Eddie Waitkus today was adjudged insane and committed to Kankakee state hospital.

The girl, Ruth Ann Stenhausen, appeared in felony court with the man she shot. After preliminary pleadings she was bound over to the grand jury.

A true bill was immediately voted and the indictment returned before Chief Justice James J. McDermott of criminal court.

This was shortly after Waitkus, sitting in a wheel chair, confronted the girl for the first time since she shot him in a hotel room June 15.

Then a jury of six men and six women adjudged the girl insane. She was committed to the state hospital at Kankakee, Ill., and will be taken there later today.

Jefferson Caffrey today nominated Jefferson Caffrey as ambassador to Egypt to succeed Stanton Griffis. Griffis is resigning.

Caffrey has been ambassador to France.

At the same time, the White House made public correspondence in which the President accepted the resignation of Griffis, who attributed his action to "continued ill health."

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Jefferson Caffrey Envoy to Egypt

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Discontinuance of United Air Lines service to Oregon's capital city with Western Airlines, a feeder line replacing it, was one of the proposals offered at a meeting of the Civil Aeronautics Board in Washington, D. C., Wednesday.

That proposal was made when the board acted on a five-year extension in the operating authority of West Coast Airlines. Also proposed was discontinuance of Western Airlines' service to McMinnville, and investigation was authorized on whether service to Everett, Anacortes and Mt. Vernon, Wash., should be discontinued.

Substitution of Western Airlines service in Salem would mean that persons leaving Salem by air would have to transfer to another airlines if going outside the area served by Western Airlines.

United Airlines, which inaugurated service here in 1941 with two flights daily and now has six flights into Salem each day with four of these flights

Housing First Major Success For Fair Deal

Washington, June 30 (AP)—The house discovered today that by mistake it had passed a housing bill calling for construction of 1,050,000 public housing units.

This is just what President Truman asked, but the house was under the impression it had cut the figure to 810,000 units.

House Speaker Rayburn said a house-senate conference committee will trim it to 810,000.

The mistake occurred during the parliamentary back and forth that preceded house passage of the big bill yesterday, 228 to 185.

How It Happened
 When clerks untangled all the parliamentary red tape they found one series of steps had the effect of wiping out an earlier action cutting down the number of public housing units.

The senate passed an 810,000-unit bill on April 15. There are minor differences between the senate and house measures that must be worked out.

Rayburn said the committee to adjust these would fix the figure at 810,000.

Both democrats and republicans in the senate predicted little difficulty in reaching a compromise. There was a chance the measure might go to the White House before the end of the week.

Last-Minute Switch
 Supporting the vast program on the final house showdown were 193 democrats, 34 republicans and one American labor party member. Opposing were 131 republicans and 54 democrats.

The bill authorizes grants and loans up to more than \$14,000,000 over the next 40 years for slum clearance, 810,000 publicly owned city dwelling units and farm housing aids.

Passage of the bill was greeted by a great roar from the democratic side.

Opponents, mustering all their strength in an effort to kill the bill if possible, or cripple it in any case, succeeded at one point in reducing the measure to a skeleton of the program Mr. Truman had requested.

Taft Applauds Passage
 Shouting "socialism" and arguing that the housing costs would imperil the nation's financial stability, a coalition of republicans and southern democrats mustered 168 votes to the administration's 165 in a drive to kill the publicly-owned housing program.

Two hours later administration leaders asked for a roll call on the public housing section, which accounts for about five-sixths of the money authorization in the bill.

They won by a five-vote margin—209 to 204.

Among those who applauded the victory was Senator Taft of Ohio, chairman of the senate republican policy committee, who had fought for the bill in the senate.

Russian Asserts Marshall Plan's Failure Shown at Paris

Moscow, June 30 (AP)—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vishinsky said today that the western powers have abandoned the firm policy toward Russia because the Marshall plan has failed.

He claimed a total victory for Russia in the recent Big Four foreign ministers' conference in Paris in a statement published in the official newspapers Pravda and Izvestia.

Vishinsky also said: "Says Marshall Removed
 1.—U. S. Secretary of State George Marshall was removed from his post because of the failure of the Marshall plan.
 2.—It will be necessary in the future to make "certain mutual concessions" on the Potsdam agreement just as mutual concessions were necessary to hold the Paris conference.
 3.—Russia withdrew its support of Yugoslav claims to Austria Carinthia and Austrian reparations because it learned that the Yugoslavs began "secret negotiations behind the back of the Soviet union" with Britain on this issue two years ago.

Refutes Acheson

Vishinsky rebutted point by point assertions by U. S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson at a recent press conference.

Ridiculing Acheson's contention that the success of the Marshall plan led to agreements at the Paris meeting, he said: "I consider to state that it is not the successes but the failures of the Marshall plan one should talk about, if you consider facts known to the whole world."

"Actually, if the Marshall plan was successful, how do you explain the fact that the author of this plan was relieved of his post as secretary of state of the United States and replaced by another?"

Claims Soviet Victory
 "I believe that precisely the failure of the Marshall plan was one of the reasons for the departure of three western ministers from their original so-called firm policy . . .

"No matter how strongly the western government may try to deny it, the fact remains that the four-power agreed communique was drafted in the spirit of the Soviet proposals."

Congress Drops Probe of Klan

Washington, June 30 (AP)—A congressional investigating group washed its hands today of further inquiry into Alabama's hooded nightrider troubles.

After a brief hearing yesterday, Rep. Byrne (D., N. Y.) said he had no plans for continuing an investigation into flogging incidents which already are under study by FBI agents and Alabama law enforcement authorities.

Byrne is chairman of a house judiciary subcommittee which heard testimony from three Alabama newspaper men yesterday.

The newsmen witnesses related accounts of violence by hooded mobs. But they suggested that congress let the home folks handle the situation.

Edgard G. Brown, director of the National Negro Council, demanded that the committee call in Alabama Negroes for testimony on floggings and "terrorism" at the hands of white-sheeped mobs.

"We don't agree that everything is all right in Alabama," said Brown, a white-bearded Negro. "It hasn't been for 80 years."

Byrne adjourned the hearing without comment on Brown's demand.

Salem May Lose UAL Service And Get WA Coast Service

Discontinuance of United Air Lines service to Oregon's capital city with Western Airlines, a feeder line replacing it, was one of the proposals offered at a meeting of the Civil Aeronautics Board in Washington, D. C., Wednesday.

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Vishinsky Says Suit Filed to Break-up Huge DuPont Concern

Clark Would Force Withdrawal from Motors and Rubber

Washington, June 30 (AP)—The government sued today to force the great DuPont industrial empire to give up its alleged controlling interest in General Motors Corp. and the United States Rubber Co.

It described the three industrial giants together as the "largest single concentration of industrial power" in the nation.

The government suit said that for the year 1947, the three companies held combined assets of \$4,259,000,000, made combined sales of \$5,189,000,000, and had a combined net income, after taxes, of \$420,000,000.

Civil Anti-Trust Suit
 It asked in a civil anti-trust suit that the DuPont company be forced to sell all its stock in General Motors and that members of the DuPont family be required to sell all their stock in U. S. Rubber.

The suit, filed in federal district court in Chicago, said the DuPont company owns 23 percent of the General Motors common stock, the rest of which is split up among 436,000 stockholders. It said members of the DuPont family own 17 percent of the U. S. Rubber stock, the rest being split up among 14,000 stockholders. This division of stock, the suit said, gives DuPont control over the two companies.

128 DuPonts Named
 Named in the suit besides the three big companies were 128 members of the DuPont family, the Christiana Securities company and the Delaware Realty and Investment Corporation, Wilmington. The latter two companies were described as personal holding companies of the DuPonts.

Filing of the suit, believed to be one of the biggest anti-trust actions in recent years, was announced here by Attorney General Tom C. Clark.

The suit charged that the E. I. DuPont De Nemours company, General Motors, and U. S. Rubber sell their products to each other at preferential prices and in closed markets.

Hold Controlling Interest
 It said that the DuPont family, through its personal holding companies, Christiana and Delaware, holds a controlling stock interest in the DuPont company, which in turn controls General Motors. It said that members of the DuPont family also hold controlling interest in the U. S. Rubber company.

The suit charged the defendants with "combining and conspiring" to violate the anti-trust laws in the "development, production, manufacture, distribution and sale" of things produced by DuPont, General Motors, and U. S. Rubber.

Sheriff Jails Self As Slayer

Pembroke, Ga., June 30 (AP)—The case of the sheriff who arrested and jailed himself for murder was set for a hearing Friday.

In jail charged with the murder of James K. Strickland, 43, was Sheriff E. W. Miles of Brynlee.

Miles arrested himself yesterday on a murder warrant sworn to by Strickland's son, James Lee.

Prior to arresting himself, Sheriff Miles said he sought to jail Strickland on a drunken driving charge and became embroiled in a fight.

During the fight, said the sheriff, Strickland gripped in his ear, "One of us is going to die now." A few minutes later, while Strickland had one of his arms pinned, Sheriff Miles said, he managed to free his gun and emptied it into his opponent.

Miles said Strickland had threatened his life repeatedly after the law enforcement officer had sought to arrest him on bootlegging charges.

Marsh Appointed Regional Director

Washington, June 30 (AP)—Cyrus S. Ching, director of the federal conciliation and mediation service, today announced the appointment of Ernest P. Marsh, regional director at Seattle, as a special representative.

Commissioner Harry H. Lewis, who has been with the service at Seattle for more than seven years, was named Marsh's successor. The appointments are effective tomorrow.

In his new position, to be held until his retirement Nov. 30, Marsh will be available for special assignment throughout the service, Ching said.

WEATHER	
(Released by United States Weather Bureau)	
Forecast for Salem and vicinity:	Fair tonight and Friday with warmer daytime temperatures. Lowest temperature expected tonight, 49 degrees; highest Friday, 62. Conditions will continue favorable for all farm work. Maximum yesterday 68. Minimum today 40. Mean temperature yesterday 58 which was 6 below normal. Total 24-hour precipitation to 11:30 a. m. today 0.1 of an inch. Total precipitation for month, 97 of an inch which is 23 of an inch below normal. Willamette river height at Salem Thursday morning, -1.5 feet.