

Allied Bombing Devastating Sicily and Italy

16 More Enemy Planes
Bagged—Italy Orders
2,000,000 to War Work

Allied Headquarters, North Africa, June 21 (AP)—Allied bombers attacked airdromes, wrecking parked aircraft and ground installations, and shot down 16 more enemy planes in a series of new blows at axis air strength on the stepping stone island of Sicily yesterday, a communique announced today.

The day attacks followed a week-long night assault Saturday by British Wellington bombers at Messina at the north-eastern tip of Sicily, opposite the toe of the Italian boot. Bomb bursts were seen on the ferry terminus and industrial and dock installations.

Italian Report

(An Italian communique broadcast by radio Rome said that allied planes attacked Naples, Reggio Calabria, San Giovanni and Reggio in southern Italy and Ragusa, Licata and Castelvetrano in Sicily. Altogether 23 enemy planes were shot down, the communique said. An Italian submarine was credited with sinking one allied ship and hitting another in the western Mediterranean. A torpedo plane sank an allied ship off the Tunisian coast, the communique said.)

The repeated attacks on Messina, by bombers from both the northwest African and middle-eastern commands, were believed designed to reduce if not sever ferry communication between Messina and the mainland ports of Reggio Calabria and San Giovanni, both of which were heavily attacked by American four-engine Liberators bombers Saturday.

Mobilization in Italy

London, June 21 (AP)—Italy drew heavily upon her remaining human resources today to meet the invasion threat, ordering 2,000,000 women between 18 and 24 and several hundred thousand men between 18 and 36 into war work.

A Transoceanic (German) dispatch from Rome, broadcast by Berlin, said the call up would be between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 of Italy's 43,300,000 population into war production or military service.

Unrest Among Fascists

The number of men involved was not definite, Transoceanic said Italy had 6,800,000 between the affected ages but that "several million" were in the armed forces and many others already working in industry.

The women would do farm work and the men would be parceled out to fill desperate needs of war production, the reports indicated. The order will become effective July 1.

British radio reports told of unrest among the fascists as allied air power continued pounding Italy from the south. Radio Algiers said Premier Benito Mussolini and Fascist Party Secretary Carlo Scorza, apparent boss of the home front moves, had to replace some local leaders at Palermo.

Axis Says Allied Fleet Massing

(By the Associated Press)

German broadcasts declared today that an allied invasion fleet was assembling in the eastern Mediterranean off the Syrian coast, that landing craft were being moved into position in north Africa and that a large British and American naval force was concentrated at Gibraltar.

The unconfirmed axis reports of the massing of invasion forces in the Mediterranean theater coincided with an allied headquarters communique announcing heavy new aerial thrusts by British and American armadas across the narrow seas at air fields and ports in Sicily and eyewitness reports via Stockholm that Italian morale already was broken by bombings and war reverses.

Short in food, sleep and hope, the Italians were declared ready and eager for peace, and jamming the seven hills of Rome in a search for safety. Reliable allied quarters in north Africa, however, denied rumors that Crown Prince Umberto, Marshal Pietro Badoglio, King Vittorio Emanuele or any other Italian emissary had arrived there to negotiate an unconditional surrender.

The German radio said the allied fleet assembling off the Syrian coast was preparing to steam into the Aegean, presumably to attack the Italian Dodecanese islands, Crete or other objectives.

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British Bomb Lake Constance Zeppelin Plant

London, June 21 (AP)—Lancaster bombers penetrated deep into southern Germany last night to attack the Luftschiffbau radio factory at Friedrichshafen and damaged all main buildings, the air ministry announced tonight.

Three bombers were lost. The factory makes radio location equipment and "is one of the largest of its kind in Germany," the communique said. "Heavy damage was done."

Swiss dispatches earlier had said the reverberation of bombs shook Swiss houses clear across Lake Constance. The German radio had told also of attacks on the northern part of the reich.

Great waves of RAF bombers swept out in daylight today to resume their battering of the European continent. A 90-minute silence of the Kalundborg radio in Denmark suggested another raid on northern Germany. The drum of motors was heard continuously for more than a half hour.

One of the largest German centers around Lake Constance is Friedrichshafen, center of the great Zeppelin works, airplane engines and submarine parts factories. Der Bund of Bern reported that powerful detonations from bombs early this morning resounded across the lake and that flames soon shot up and spread rapidly.

The German broadcasts, recorded by the Associated Press, described the raids in the north as "disturbance attacks."

The British struck a devastating blow at the great French munitions works at Le Creusot Saturday night which was said to have left the sprawling Schneider armaments works "nothing but a mountain of debris" with at least 250 dead and half the 15,000 population of the town homeless.

Utterly Destroyed

The Swiss telegraph agency reported Le Creusot was almost entirely destroyed. Successive waves of allied bombers dropped incendiaries and explosives for 40 minutes producing "horrible spectacles," the agency said. No sector of the town was spared, not a house was left standing and all areas of the city still are smoking, the Swiss report said.

The Bern radio said that some bombs fell in the Swiss canton of Thurgau during the night and that three persons were killed and one was injured in Kuemmershausen.

15 in One Family In Kaiser Shipyard

Portland, Ore., June 21 (AP)—The John H. Braukmiller family, recently of Sioux City, Iowa, today claimed the title of "Ship Buildingest Family in America."

There's Papa Braukmiller, eight sons, a daughter, a son-in-law and four daughters-in-law—a total of 15—all working on the graveyard shift at Henry Kaiser's Swan Island shipyard.

In addition, there's a son in the army and another in war work on the east coast.

Lt. Lentz, Salem Pilot, Bags 3 Nazi Planes Over Sicily

Allied Headquarters, North Africa, June 21 (AP)—In tangled clashes of mounting fury yesterday, Marauders and escorting Lightnings closed with 15 enemy fighters which rose to challenge them as they were leaving Castelvetrano after hitting the airport's traffic control building, straddling the runway with heavy bombs and scoring direct hits with fragmentation bombs on a large number of axis planes dispersed on the field.

Lightning pilots blasted an even dozen from the sky and Marauder gunners brought down two more, leaving only on German flier to return to his base with the story of the defeat.

It was one of the major field days of the campaign for P-38 Interceptor pilots. The participants were paced by Lieut. Harold C. Lentz of 122 Evergreen avenue, Salem, Ore., who shot down three Nazi planes in flames.

One Marauder—"Big Fat Mamma"—was reported by Staff Sgt. Roy W. Rogers, Jr., of 652 North Fourth avenue, Walla Walla, Wash., to have "picked up more holes than a

Court Restores Communist to U. S. Citizenship

Washington, June 21 (AP)—In a 5 to 3 opinion, the supreme court ruled today that the American citizenship of an alien can not constitutionally be cancelled merely because he was a member of the communist party.

Justice Murphy, who delivered the majority opinion, asserted that cancellation of citizenship was not justified by imputing a "reprehensible interpretation" of an organization to a member unless there were "overt acts" committed by the member "indicating that such was his interpretation."

Chief Justice Stone, and Justices Roberts and Frankfurter dissented. Justice Jackson, a former attorney general who handled the litigation in the justice department, did not participate.

Victory for Willkie

The long-awaited decision constituted a victory for Wendell L. Willkie, the 1940 republican presidential nominee, who represented the communist involved before the supreme court.

Murphy declared that "clear, unequivocal, and convincing" evidence was required for setting aside a naturalization decree and that such evidence had not been presented against William Schneiderman, state secretary of the communist party for California and a native of Russia, who became a citizen in 1927.

"Were the law otherwise," Murphy said, "valuable rights would rest upon a slender reed, and the security of the status of our naturalized citizens might depend in considerable degree upon the political temper of majority thought and the stresses of the times. Those are consequences foreign to the best traditions of this nation, and the characteristics of our institutions."

Outside the Scope

Murphy said the tribunal did not consider whether Schneiderman "was a believer in, and a member of, an organization teaching disbelief in organized government, and that his oath of allegiance was false." Murphy said, "these issues are outside the scope of the complaint."

(In 1940 congress provided specifically that no person should thereafter be naturalized who advocated or belonged to an organization that advocated "the overthrow by force or violence of the government of the United States.")

Beliefs Personal

Murphy said that "under our traditions, beliefs are personal and not a matter of mere association" and that "men in adhering to a political party or other organization notoriously do not subscribe unqualifiedly to all of its platforms or asserted principles."

"The constitutional fathers, fresh from a revolution, did not forge a political strait-jacket for the generations to come," Murphy said. "Instead they wrote Article V and the First amendment, guaranteeing freedom of thought, soon followed."

Schneiderman came to this country in 1908 at the age of three, became an American citizen in 1927.

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Madame Chiang Kai-shek Visits Ottawa (AP)—Canada's Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King (center), introduced Madame Chiang Kai-shek to Commons Speaker J. A. Glen and Senate Speaker Thomas V. Blanton, when Mme. Chiang visited parliament at Ottawa recently. I. K. Kung, secretary-general for Mme. Chiang, stands back of her.

48 Jap Planes Routed In Attack on Darwin

Allied Headquarters in Australia, June 21 (AP)—Forty-eight Japanese planes stabbed at Darwin, Australia, Sunday but at least nine of them were cut down in a furious 10-minute battle with Spitfires. Two of the allied planes, flown by British and Australian pilots, were missing but ground damage and casualties were minor. Six enemy bombers and

three fighters were listed as definitely shot down. They were seen crashing on the ground and into the sea.

Thirteen others were so badly damaged they possibly never got home. Of these, two bombers and one fighter were in flames and falling when last seen. Eight other bombers and two fighters were observed trailing and losing altitude as they scurried away from the avenging Spitfires.

On the offense, American-flown Liberators dropped 31 tons of explosives and incendiaries on three airdromes in the Rabaul, New Britain, area. Many fires, indicating heavy destruction of parked aircraft, were started on each field. One on Vunakanau airdrome was visible 50 miles away.

The raid raised to 176 the number of tons of bombs dropped on Rabaul airdromes in six raids since June 10.

Independence, Ore., June 21—The body of an unidentified young woman was found in the Willamette river near the Wells log dump about a mile and a half north of Buena Vista by three fishermen about 8 o'clock Sunday night. The trio making the discovery were A. E. Ardedy, of Independence; John Ross, of Portland and Beryl Bageley, of Lebanon.

There were no discernable marks of foul play but an autopsy was being held today to determine the cause of death. Indications were that the body had been in the water about two weeks. The body was taken in charge by C. W. Henkle, of Dallas, Polk county coroner, and Walter Baum, of the Smith-Baum mortuary.

The body is described as that of a woman around 20 years old, weighing 110 pounds and five feet one inch in height. An upper front tooth is missing. State police are seeking to identify the remains.

Washington, June 21 (AP)—Every state in the union attained new record levels of income payments in 1942, the first full year of the nation's participation in the war, when the national income total amounted to \$114,000,000,000, commerce department experts reported yesterday.

Among state income tax payments in 1942 (in millions of dollars) and the percentage increase over 1941:

California, \$8,735, 30.1; Idaho, \$365, 31.5; Montana, \$450, 16.8; Oregon, \$1,129, 41.8; Washington, \$2,160, 46.8.

Washington, June 21 (AP)—The supreme court held constitutional today military regulations imposing a west coast curfew on all persons of Japanese ancestry and excluding them from specified areas. Chief Justice Stone delivered the opinion on a challenge of the regulations by two American-born persons of Japanese ancestry, who contended they were citizens of this country against whom the restrictions could not constitutionally be applied.

Stone asserted that "in a case of threatened danger requiring prompt action it is a choice between inflicting obviously needless hardship on the many or sitting passively and unresisting in the presence of the threat."

"We think," Stone added, "that constitutional government, in time of war, is not so powerless and does not compel so hard a choice if those charged with the responsibility for our national defense have reasonable ground for believing that the threat is real."

"The challenge orders," Stone said, "were defense measures

Gilbert Island Group Attacked

Washington, June 21 (AP)—Heavy bombing raids scoring a number of hits on the Japanese airfield at Tarawa in the Gilbert Islands were reported by the navy today.

Communicate Number 420: "South Pacific: (All dates are east longitude)

"1. On June 18-19, during the night American Liberators (Consolidated B-24) heavy bombers attacked Japanese installations at Tarawa in the Gilbert Islands. A number of hits were scored on the enemy positions. Although seven enemy Zero fighters were in the air over Tarawa they did not press a determined attack against the United States bombers.

"2. On June 19th, during the night American Liberators attacked Japanese positions at Kahili, Buin area. A number of fires were started.

"3. On June 20th during the morning, navy Dauntless (Douglas SBD) dive bombers and Avengers (Grumman TBF) torpedo bombers escorted by army Warhawk (Curtis P-40) and navy Wildcat (Grumman F4F) fighters, attacked Vila, Kolombangara island. A supply dump was hit and a fire started. Hits were also scored on the runway.

"4. On June 20th during the day, navy Ventura (Vega PV) medium bombers attacked Japanese installations at Kiska. Results were not observed.

"5. In all of the above operations all United States planes returned."

Scouts Couriers For USO at Bend

Bend, Ore., June 21 (AP)—Thirty-one Boy Scouts of Bend, Ore., are enrolled in what is said to be the first project of its kind in the United States—courier service for the USO.

In uniform, scouts serve in two-hour relays at the USO center here, running errands for staff members, besides serving as guides for servicemen.

War Evacuation and Curfew Laws for Japanese Upheld

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530,000 Coal Miners Strike for Third Time in Two Months and Look to Government for Cue

Rejecting WLB Proposal, Lewis Invokes "No
Contract, No Work" Ultimatum—Stoppage Felt
In Steel Centers Where War Production Curtailed

Washington, June 21 (AP)—Secretary Ickes disclosed he met to John L. Lewis to discuss the ending of the third general

Washington, June 21 (AP)—Another walkout of John L. Lewis' half-million United Mine Workers cut war-vital coal production to a mere trickle today, but by mid-afternoon there was little to indicate an immediate break in the tense situation.

Neither the War Labor Board (WLB) nor the fuels administration office under Interior Secretary Ickes had taken any action by mid-afternoon, although some observers saw the possibility that Ickes might have something to say later in the day.

The miners, branding as an "infamous yellow dog contract" an over-the-week-end proposal by the WLB that the men return to work without immediate decision on their portal-to-portal pay demand, paid no heed to work whistles at the government-operated mines.

It was the third time in two months and the second time since the Stars and Stripes have flown over the pits that production came to a halt. It was not known what move Ickes might be contemplating since his aides indicated earlier in the day that he takes the view that the WLB still has jurisdiction over the dispute and that he is powerless to act without a further grant of authority from the White House.

No Action Taken

The nominal operator of the mines since the government took over last May 1, Ickes nonetheless has contended he has no power to negotiate, conciliate or reach an agreement with the miners.

Only other indicated action in the dispute was a statement from Ickes' office that officials there are preparing to reinstate for a third time freeze orders on coal in transit, needed to assure delivery to war production plants as long as possible.

In addition to the UMW miners idle in nearly a score of states, some 2,500 AFL progressive miners laid down their tools in a sympathy walkout in Illinois.

Steel Centers Hit

The Republic Steel Corp. said at Birmingham, Ala., it was forced to halt its coke oven production and added that its four blast furnaces there were operating at only 80 per cent of capacity.

At Pittsburgh the Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corp. banked its first beehive coke ovens, asserting the company's coke stockpile still was materially reduced as a result of the second walkout which closed 11 of the firm's 23 blast furnaces in that area.

Pennsylvania with 200,000 hard and soft coal miners and West Virginia with 130,000 bituminous workers represented more than three-fifths of the total number idle. Numbers of UMW miners in other states include 60,000 in Kentucky, Illinois 25,000, Alabama 22,000, Virginia 23,500, Ohio 21,000, Tennessee 10,000, Indiana 8,000, Arkansas-Oklahoma 6,000, Colorado 6,600, Wyoming 4,100, Utah 3,300, Iowa 2,000, New Mexico 1,800 and Montana 1,300.

Idaho Dam Break

Caused \$100,000 Loss

Murphy, Ida., June 21 (AP)—Ranchers and row crop farmers today surveyed damage estimated at nearly \$100,000 caused by the breaking of the 70-foot Sinker Creek dam that sent 2,700 acre feet of water surging through the narrow valley into the Snake river.

One man, William P. Bales, 50, of Marsing, lost his life as an indirect result of the break. He was drowned when his row boat capsized as he was attempting to salvage lumber that was sweeping down the Snake river.

A tense red army awaited the summer offensive many observers believed Hitler must launch soon if he hopes to try to knock Russia from the war before the allies attack in the west, but the continuation of day and night bombings was the only indication that a large-scale smash might be expected soon.

The Russians announced last night that 276 German planes had been knocked down during last week, boosting enemy aircraft losses to 3,395 in seven weeks.

A German transport was sunk and a tanker and two transports were set afire in the Barents sea during an attack by Russian bombers, torpedo carriers and torpedo planes, the Russians said today.

Ground action in the Orel sector which had centered about Mtsensk, northwest of Orel, shifted to the Sumy area 100 miles northwest of Kharkov Saturday after 50 German counter attacks to regain lost positions near Mtsensk had been repulsed.

Coal Mining in Washington Ceases

Seattle, June 21 (AP)—Coal mining operations were halted in Washington state's 57 mines today, as more than 2000 workers stayed away from their jobs.

The Coal Mine Operators' association here had reports from nearly 90 per cent of the state's mines. All were closed except for maintenance crews, and Secretary James Ash of the association said he believed the same situation existed at remaining mines.

At Renton Secretary Richard Francis of Local 10 of the United Mine Workers said he expected no work today at any of the state's mines.

10 Die in Race Riots in Detroit

Detroit, June 21 (AP)—Widespread race riots that cost the lives of eight negroes and two whites, one a physician, and resulted in more than 200 injuries to negroes and whites alike flickered and flared intermittently this afternoon.

Gov. Harry Kelly of Michigan, before speeding to Detroit from Columbus by army bomber, ordered Michigan state police and state troops mobilized to preserve order.

Mayor Edward J. Jeffries, Jr., of Detroit said he would ask the governor on his arrival to declare martial law in the city.

About 75 military policemen, drawn chiefly from an army post at suburban River Rouge, arrived at police headquarters this afternoon. They were to be assigned to patrol duty to keep servicemen out of the riot areas, police officials said.

Tear gas was used within a stone's throw from Monroe avenue into the Campus Martius, on the east side of Woodward avenue. Officers used the gas to disperse the crowd which gathered, many of whom were shoppers attracted by the commotion.

The physician who was fatally beaten as he was answering a call in the riot area was identified as Dr. Joseph De Horatis. Eight negroes also were dead, victims of the racial flare-up and a police sergeant was critically wounded in a gun fight with a negro store-losing gang.

Lull in Battle Russian Front

Moscow, June 21 (AP)—Land warfare on the soviet front lapsed into local scouting operations and sporadic artillery bombardments today just one day short of the second anniversary of Germany's attack on Russia.

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