

Stock Market Extends Gains In Active Day

New York, June 21 (AP)—The stock market extended its gains today as the industrial average reached its highest level since March 17. Volume was the largest since March 30, the million share market being crossed before the end of the fourth hour.

The rise in industrial average amounted to more than 3 points. The railroad division joined the upturn. Utilities were the poorest performers, the average rising only 38-100ths up to the end of the fourth hour.

Most commodities rose. Wheat, an exception, lost a cent a bushel in the July position. Small gains were noted in cotton, sugar, copper and tin. Rubber was up nearly a quarter of a cent. Bonds continued to gain.

Pittsburgh reported another rise in the price of scrap steel, indicating improved demand. Scrap copper rose 1/4 cent a pound and the export copper price crossed the domestic price of 9 cents a pound for the first time in several weeks. Copper and steel shares were active and higher.

Gold mining stocks were among the few issues that declined. Home-stake mining was down nearly 4 points and others of the group had smaller losses.

Thin markets in several high-priced issues sent them up as much as 10 points in the case of Allied Chemical. Gains of 3 to more than 5 points were noted in Eastman, Inland Steel, Johns Manville, Republic Steel convertible preferred, Wheeling Steel preferred, Coca Cola and Goodyear preferred.

New highs were made by American Tobacco issues, National Biscuit and corn products. Building issues were strong on hopes for a pick-up in home construction.

Dow Jones closing averages: Industrial, 121.34, up 2.73; rail, 21.51, up 0.81; utility, 19.60, up 0.24; 65 stocks, 39.23, up 0.94.

Sales approximated 1,460,000 shares, the largest for any full day since March 30, and compared with 1,090,000 yesterday. Curb stock sales approximated 191,000 shares, largest since May 11, against 141,000 yesterday.

New York Stocks

Closing Quotations by Associated Press

Allied Chemical & Dye	161	Insp Copper	11 1/2
Allied Stores	7 1/4	International Nickel Can	11 1/2
American Can	90 1/2	International Paper & P P	20 1/2
American & Foreign Power	3 1/2	International T & T	9 1/2
American Power & Lt	5 1/2	Johns Manville	23 1/2
American Rad & S	12	Kennecott	23 1/2
American Smelt & Ref	39 1/2	Libbey-O-Pond	32 1/2
American Rolling Mills	17 1/2	Liggett & Myers B	98 1/2
American T & T	153	Low's	44 1/2
American Tobacco B	7 1/2	Montgomery Ward	25 1/2
American Water Works	9 1/4	Nash Keltner	7 1/2
Anasconda	27 1/2	National Biscuit	24 1/2
Armour III	4 1/2	National Distillers	19 1/2
Atchafalca	14 1/2	National Power & Lt	6 1/2
Barrett	14 1/2	Northern Pacific	6 1/2
Bendix Aviation	11 1/2	Packard	3 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	49 1/2	J C Penney	66 1/2
Boeing Air	24 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	35 1/2
Budd Mfg	19 1/2	Public Service N J	28 1/2
California Pack	19 1/2	Pressed Steel Car	6 1/2
Callahan Z-L	1 1/2	Pullman	6 1/2
Calumet & Hecla	5 1/2	Sears Roebuck	60 1/2
Central Trust	8 1/2	Shel Union	14 1/2
Caterpillar Tractor	45 1/2	So Cal Ed	22 1/2
Celanese	14 1/2	Standard Pacific	12 1/2
Central-Teed	24 1/2	Standard Brands	7 1/2
Cheapeake & Ohio	48 1/2	Standard Oil Calif	27 1/2
Chrysler	48 1/2	Standard Oil Ind	49 1/2
Commercial Solvent	1 1/2	Studebaker	2 1/2
Continental & Sou	1 1/2	Sup Oil	10 1/2
Consolidated Edson	25 1/2	Timken Det Axle	9 1/2
Consolidated Oil	9 1/2	Union Carbide	20 1/2
Corn Products	67 1/2	United Pacific	67 1/2
Curtis Wright	48 1/2	United Airlines	8 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	44 1/2	United Aircraft	26 1/2
Du Pont	103 1/2	United Corp	29 1/2
Electric Auto Lt	1 1/2	U S Rubber	29 1/2
Electric Light & Lt	10 1/2	U S Steel	46 1/2
Erie R R	14 1/2	Walworth	6 1/2
General Electric	26 1/2	Western Union	23 1/2
General Foods	20 1/2	White Motors	8 1/2
General Motors	28 1/2	Woolworth	43 1/2
Goodyear Tires	19 1/2		
Gr No By Pf	17 1/2		
Hudson Motors	6 1/2		
Illinois Central	8 1/2		
International Harvester	85 1/2		

Market Quotations

Portland and Eastern Market

Lettuce—Local 1.15-1.25 crate. California 1.25-1.50. All sorts of prices were in effect and there was a like condition in regard to quality. Sales were 11,000-12,000 crates.

Beans—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Beans with green and wax in call and the latter selling to 9c lb. while the former was around 7c lb.

Cabbages—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Cabbages were scarce at 62-65c crate, bulk 62-65c lb. Peas 6-8c lb. for telephone.

Cherry market more active for good stock. Sales mostly 5-6c lb. for Bings, packed stock 1c higher and Royal Anna a trifle less at 4-6c.

Strawberries 1.15-1.25 top and 1.25 bottom. Raspberries 1.15-1.25. Blackberries—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Currants 1.15-1.25. Raspberries 1.15-1.25. Currants 1.15-1.25. Raspberries 1.15-1.25. Currants 1.15-1.25.

Spinach—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Spinach—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Spinach—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50.

Tomatoes—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Tomatoes—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Tomatoes—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50.

Onions—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Onions—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Onions—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50.

Peas—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Peas—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50. Peas—Local 1.15-1.25. California 1.25-1.50.

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Newport and Toledo Quarrel

Newport, Ore., June 21 (AP)—Lincoln county's largest towns, Newport and Toledo, resumed their family quarrel today over the designation of the county seat.

Toledo had the edge by force of possession in a controversy which has resulted in public action three times since the county was separated from Benton in 1888.

Newport has sought designation as the county seat in 1928 but lost by a heavy margin. Since then the voting strength here has increased by building developments along the coast both north and south.

Toledo and West Yaquina received the highest number of votes in the 1894 contest with Newport and Elk City. The voters selected Toledo as the site of the courthouse at a runoff election in 1886.

Newport will open its county seat campaign tonight with a get-together banquet for voters.

Salem Markets

Compiled from reports of Salem dealers, for the guidance of Capital Journal readers. (Revised daily.)

Wheat, per bushel No. 1 white 80c, No. 2 78c, No. 3 76c. Feed barley 42c ton. Pullet grower mash 23.5c. Egg mash 22.30 net, second grade 22.5c; chicken scratch 18.5c cwt. Whole corn 11.75; cracked corn 11.25; wheat 11.55.

Hoops—Market market: Top grade 140-160 lbs. 85.50; 160-200 lbs. 87.75; 200-225 lbs. 89.50; 225-250 lbs. 89.25. Veal 11c lb. dressed.

Poultry—Heavy colored hens 15c, med. 12c, Leghorn No. 1 12c, Leghorn light, 10c, Old roosters 8c. Leghorn fry 14c lb. Colored fry 15c. Leghorn broilers 15c lb.

Eggs—Butter: A grade 24 1/2c, B grade 23c, C grade 22c. Butter: A grade 24 1/2c, B grade 23c, C grade 22c.

Wool—Med. 18c; coarse and fine, 18c. Mohair 20c.

Markets Briefed

(By the United Press)

Stocks strong in active trade. Bonds higher and moderately active.

Curb stocks higher. Foreign exchange easy. Cotton up about 30 cents a bale. Wheat off 1/4 to 1/2 cents; corn off 1/4 to 1/2.

Rubber up about 1/4 cent a pound.

More Cabins at Clear Lake Resort

Albany—To meet increasing demand for accommodations at the Santiam Fish and Game association resort at Clear Lake, four additional cabins and a larger storeroom for supplies were ordered built at a meeting of the Clear Lake committee of the association, held this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Wilkinson, North Albany.

The cabins are to be completed by the fourth of July, it was reported. Water is to be supplied in each cabin. Byron D. Scott, in charge of the camp, reports that fishing has been good recently at the lake.

Awards Made In Lamb Show At Monmouth

Monmouth—The first fat lamb show ever held in Polk county was pronounced a most successful event Saturday. The show was conducted under the supervision of County Agent W. C. Leth, who was assisted by H. A. Lindgren, head of the extension department of animal husbandry, O.S.C.; O. M. Nelson, O.E.C., head of the sheep and wool department, and A. W. Oliver, O.S.C., head of the meat department. Claude Steusloff of the Valley Packing company of Salem, acted as official judge.

Twenty pens of fine lambs were judged, first as individuals, second as pen of three fat lambs, as champion individuals, and as champion pen of three lambs. A large number of 4-H and Future Farmer boys and girls exhibited showmanship and the best their farms produced, eager to secure a share of the \$98 in prize money.

A Hampshire lamb of Ronald Hogg's was placed first as the grand champion and the champion pen of three lambs was owned by Eldon Riddell. Bobby Lorenze was awarded first place in the 4-H contest; Melvin Jones, second; Donald Rawlins, third; Perry Carmichael, fourth; Albert Riney, fifth.

Medium wool individual lamb: 1st, Red Hogg, West Salem, Hampshire; 2nd, Harold Wells, Independence, Hampshire; 3rd, Eldon Riddell, Monmouth, Romney; 4th, Henry Dickinson, Independence, Hampshire; 5th, Francis Carmichael, Dallas, Dorset Horns; 6th, Perry Carmichael, Dallas, Dorset Horns; 7th, Joe Harland, Rickreall, Dorset Horns; 8th, Marvin Rock, Monmouth, Hampshire; 9th, Edwin Wells, Riddell, Dorset Horns; 10th, Edwin Wells, Riddell, Dorset Horns.

Medium wool, pen of 3 lambs: 1st, Eldon Riddell, Monmouth, Southdowns; 2nd, Sam Hogg, West Salem, Hampshire; 3rd, Harold Wells, Independence, Hampshire; 4th, Henry Dickinson, Independence, Hampshire; 5th, Francis Carmichael, Dallas, Dorset Horns; 6th, Perry Carmichael, Dallas, Dorset Horns; 7th, Joe Harland, Rickreall, Dorset Horns; 8th, Marvin Rock, Monmouth, Hampshire; 9th, Edwin Wells, Riddell, Dorset Horns; 10th, Edwin Wells, Riddell, Dorset Horns.

Long wool individual: 1st, Jimmie Riddell, Monmouth, Romney; 2nd, William Riddell, Jr., Monmouth, Romney; 4th, Jack Wells, Independence, Romney; 5th, Riddell & Son, Monmouth, Lincoln; 6th, Ralph Winesap, Monmouth, Romney; 7th, C. H. Jones, Independence, Lincoln; 8th, John Lorenz, Independence, Cotswolds.

Long wool, pen of 3 lambs: 1st, William Riddell, Monmouth, Lincoln; 2nd, Jimmie Riddell, Monmouth, Lincoln; 3rd, John Lorenz, Independence, Cotswolds; 4th, C. H. Jones, Independence, Lincoln; 5th, C. W. Sifers, Independence, Lincoln; 6th, William Riddell & Son, Monmouth, Lincoln; 7th, Jack Winesap, Monmouth, Romney; 8th, John Lorenz, Independence, Cotswolds; 9th, Barbara Wells, Independence, Lincoln.

Fur: 1st, Fur lamb predominated over the crossbred for mutton and in number exhibited.

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Chinese sources said the invading forces were divided into two armies. One, they said, apparently would join the Yangtze river offensive against Hankow and the other would attempt a new campaign against the Chinese communist stronghold in Shensi province in the northwest.

Strawberries Found Better Than Oranges

Strawberries as a provider of vitamin "C" have a greater value than oranges, considered for many years as the outstanding commodity to build up several important structures of the body, including the teeth, some special nervous tissue and the like. That this is a fact is derived from reading the results of a series of experiments conducted over a period of months by Dr. G. C. Bellinger, superintendent of the State Tuberculosis hospital.

The experiments were largely induced by learning that patients entering the tuberculosis hospital were found to be generally low in their vitamin "C." Naturally those commodities which were found to possess a high content of this vital element were the ones to be given sick folk.

For the purpose of checking the values of food stuffs, the laboratory workers determine the number of milligrams of vitamin "C" per 100 grams of substance tested.

Fresh Berries Best

A report from Germany which said that strawberries had 50 per cent more than the average orange in vitamin "C" interested Dr. Bellinger, who had already conducted a number of investigations. Oranges which were tested all during the winter months ran from 42 to 66 milligrams of vitamin "C" per 100 grams. Frozen strawberries were found to be about equal to oranges while high grade canned ones were found to run about the same. When fresh berries came on the market they were tested. The arrivals from California ran from 70 to 85. The locals commanded testing around 80 and ran up to 95, while a batch of Marshalls brought in from Drake's crossing in the Silverton Hills country ran 111. Red Hearts from the same district tested 83, although they were not in prime condition. Wild berries gathered at a little higher elevation went 71.

Checking back over the series of investigations Dr. Bellinger has arrived at the conclusion that soil, seed, varieties and even elevation play an important part in fruit when vitamin "C" is at stake. Fruits should be in prime condition and "the more pains we take to put up fruit or vegetables, the higher will be the vitamin content of the canned stuff."

Apples Not So Good

While American food authorities generally rate strawberries about as tomatoes in connection with vitamin "C," the experiments conducted at the hospital have not borne this out.

Since vitamin "C" is not stored in the body as several of the other vitamins are, there has been a constant search for the commodity which will provide the greatest returns. Along this line it is pointed out that vitamin "C" is found in many fruits and vegetables, such as pineapples, pears and peaches, but to a less extent than in tomatoes. Apples are still lower and vary so that some kinds of apples run six and seven times as high as others, but even the highest apples are only about one-fourth or one-fifth as rich as the best tomatoes. New potatoes run about half to best tomatoes, but are subject to considerable loss as they grow older.

The average serving of berries at a restaurant would run about 100 grams and if they were as rich as the Marshalls mentioned above this would yield around 110 milligrams, which is two or three times as much vitamin "C" as the human body needs each day. It would be a little more than equal to the returns from a half pint of orange juice.

New Franchises Are Voted to S P Railroad

The city council last night authorized City Recorder A. Warren Jones to advertise a call for bids on the \$50,000 sanitary and storm sewer bonds authorized by the people at the May election. The bill was introduced and hastened through three readings without opposition.

New 20-year franchises were voted to the Southern Pacific company for the operation of spur tracks on Front street and on Trade between Cottage and Church.

The bid of the Portland General Electric company offering \$12,000 cash for the hydroelectric plant of the water department was accepted and a formal agreement authorized.

Another proposal to furnish parking meters to the city was submitted, this time by N. J. Arnold as agent. It was filed along with others.

An ordinance bill providing for a zone change affecting the Don Upjohn property in Columbia addition was not reported out, and a remonstrance against the change signed by Marie L. Martin and 26 others was referred to the buildings regulation committee.

As a report on the condition of the boiler in the city hall by Alderman Lawrence N. Brown, chairman of the public buildings committee, the committee was authorized to receive bids for the installation of new tubes in the boiler. On recommendation of the committee a bid of W. W. Rosebraugh company of \$65 for a new screen for the smoke stack at the city incinerator was accepted.

The fire and water committee and Fire Chief Harry Hutton were authorized to confer with Architect Lyle Bartholomew relative to needed repairs at the East Salem fire station.

City Recorder A. Warren Jones was authorized to advertise for bids on materials to be used on the Court street sewer project and also bids for cement and gravel needed by the city.

Labor Threat of Boycott Heard

Tillamook, Ore., June 21 (AP)—Two resolutions asking boycotts against the Associated Farmers of Oregon were submitted to the Oregon State Federation of Labor convention yesterday after Ben T. Osborne, executive secretary, had threatened such action.

Osborne charged that "misguided farmers who have taken membership in the Associated Farmers who are cooperating with the anti-union association employers are unwittingly aiding their own enemies."

He framed a joint state grant and labor federation committee and urged its continuance to "defeat the present attempt to divide the two great producing groups."

Defeat of Governor Charles H. Martin in the democratic primary election Osborne termed "of first magnitude, not only for labor but for all the forces of sane government."

The secretary predicted the next session of the legislature and the November ballot would bring anti-labor measures, which he urged unions to fight by assessing each member 25 cents.

A struggle between AFL and CIO forces for control of the lumber industry appeared near an end, Osborne said, because the CIO was at the point of "disappearing." No dispute was left as a state-wide roundup of alleged labor terrorists was made, but Osborne said "the labor movement should be militant, but militancy is not synonymous with violence."

Methodists At The Dalles

The Dalles, Ore., June 21 (AP)—Ministerial members of the Oregon Methodist conference arrived here this morning for the 86th annual session, which will be organized late today.

The early arrivals included Bishop Wallace E. Brown of Chattanooga, Tenn., who will preside in place of Bishop Titus Lowe of Portland in conformance with the new exchange plan.

The conference marks the 100th anniversary of the first sermon preached by Jason Lee to the Indians from Pulpit Rock, and appropriate services will be held on Thursday.

Tonight's program will include a reception at which delegates will be welcomed by W. E. Nelson, secretary of The Dalles chamber of commerce, and the Rev. Edgar B. Luther, of The Dalles ministerial association.

Bishop Brown will speak early tomorrow on "A Working and Workable Religion."

Sublimity—Mr. and Mrs. Joe Wolf and family have recently moved here from Mill City. Wolf has taken charge of the Sublimity service station, which was formerly operated by Frank Raucher. Raucher is again being cared for at the veterans hospital in Portland.

Grain Cooperative Goes to Portland

Spokane, Wash., June 21 (AP)—Portland was selected yesterday by stockholders of North Pacific Grain Growers, Inc., as the new headquarters for the cooperative grain elevator.

The group elected A. E. Suttion, Portland, general manager to succeed E. B. Schulz, who resigned, and re-elected as president, A. R. Shumway, Milton, Ore.

A subsidiary office will be maintained here, although headquarters and the loan division will be shifted to Portland because of the concentration of export business there.

Directors elected included Harry Proudfoot, Wasco, and Carl Engdahl, Pendleton, Ore. The cooperative has 7000 members in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and western Montana.

Shipyards of Japan were constructing 133 vessels at one time recently.

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Morgenthau announced he would send his recommendations to the president for approval without the endorsement of Chairman Marriner S. Eccles of the federal reserve board if the latter were not received in 48 hours.

The treasury head has held up the new policy two weeks in an effort to get Eccles' approval. The comptroller of currency, the federal deposit insurance corporation and the national association of state bank examiners already have endorsed it. Eccles has opposed the policy on the ground that it does not go far enough in liberalizing bank examinations. He has reiterated in recent weeks that "restrictive" rules were retarding the flow of credit into business and thereby delaying recovery.

Morgenthau's new program provides some liberalization of banking rules, but places more emphasis on standardization. The chief differences in view as expressed by the two officials in recent discussions can be summed up briefly:

Morgenthau holds that the first duty of banks is to their depositors, and bank examinations should be strict enough to insure full compliance with that obligation.

Eccles contends that deposit insurance, by removing the threat of bank runs, should permit more latitude in making loans, and that liberalized credit policies would stimulate recovery.

Among the Morgenthau program are those to permit banks to purchase some local bond issues which they do not purchase now, and to permit banks to disregard temporary market depreciation of their highest grade securities.

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They said Chinese lines now were virtually prepared to withstand any onslaught while Japan's mechanized army still was bogged in the mire of the flooded battlefields, and her air squadrons were grounded by rain.

Sixty new divisions, numbering about 500,000 men, were said to have been prepared to take up positions in Hankow's last line of defense.

The unexpected delay also was vitally helpful, Chinese declared, in assembling new equipment, including a large number of planes from Soviet Russia and elsewhere, 1200 Russian tanks, 380 Russian guns and 300 other guns.

Blocked by the floods, the Japanese were reported in a great retreat from the Honan province front where, two weeks ago, wavering Chinese resistance placed Chengchow, junction of the north-south Peiping-Hankow and east-west Lungtai railroads, in peril of capture.

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