

ASSAULT UPON HARD TIMES TO BEGIN AT ONCE

Washington, Aug. 13 (AP)—The "powerful attack" against the depression on all fronts which President Hoover forecast in his acceptance speech is about to begin.

A call for a general conference of nation-wide business and industrial committees is being prepared at the White House. The date is to be announced shortly.

The purpose is to unify the reconstruction program. Federal resources and private initiative are to be co-ordinated.

President Hoover has made it plain that the exigencies of the presidential campaign and the heated argument over prohibition will not sidetrack his one big objective—to stimulate business.

He has declared his personal view that the 18th amendment should be changed so that, with the saloon forbidden, states shall resume control of the liquor problem. Drys, who expected him to go no further than to recommend submission of the question, are slow to comment.

A record breaking flood of congratulatory telegrams at the White House has cheered Mr. Hoover. His advisers sense in this avalanche of approval what they believe is a turn in the tide, with a more sympathetic hearing assured for the president from now on.

Henry Ford sent a telegram of endorsement, registering the position expressed to this correspondent in an interview months ago that Mr. Hoover should be re-elected because he was best fitted by experience to continue the task of reconstruction.

Resignation of Walter S. Gifford as director of the president's emergency unemployment committee will require the president to find another man to handle the unemployment advisory work during the coming winter, Mr. Hoover indicated, in accepting the resignation, that he expected such work would be necessary again for a third winter.

In his acceptance speech President Hoover announced he was organizing private industrial and financial resources of the country to co-operate effectively with the vast governmental instrumentalities now in motion "so that through their united and coordinated efforts we may move from defense to powerful attack upon the depression along the whole national front."

Governor Eugene Meyer of the federal reserve board has been at work on this.

This program was forecast two weeks ago at the White House. It contemplates:

- 1—Stimulation of engineering works through the reconstruction finance corporation's \$1,500,000,000 fund for self-liquidating public works.
- 2—Rebuilding of alum districts into housing groups.
- 3—Expansion of livestock loans.
- 4—Assistance, financial or otherwise, in developing advance purchases of raw materials such as cotton.
- 5—General expansion of industrial credits for production in lines where consumption is assured.
- 6—Expansion of railroad maintenance and repair work.
- 7—Expansion of home building under the new home loan bank system.
- 8—Spreading out of work through voluntary reduction of hours.
- 9—Miscellaneous cooperation between government agencies and special industries.

HAD NO TERRORS FOR AUNT ELIZA

Fort Worth, Tex. (AP)—Those big words "mawgaw" "fo'loshah" didn't mean a thing to Eliza Anderson, 102-year-old negro.

When police ejected her from her home after the foreclosure, Eliza moved right back in, catching the new tenant, Suella Jackson, out. A second removal was too much for Eliza. She bombarded the house with rocks. Suella abdicated amid a shower of window panes.

And to add to Eliza's misery, police charged her with "malicious mischief."

Son Of Coolidge Makes Bed Of Boards

Plymouth, Vt. (AP)—Recently John Coolidge came here with his wife from Connecticut to visit his father, the former President.

Due to alterations in progress at the Coolidge homestead the young couple found no bed available.

Good naturedly rejecting the proffered hospitality of neighbors, John laid some boards across two sawhorses, put a spring and mattress on them, and he and his wife retired.

MEMORIAL STAMPS

Ottawa, Ont. (AP)—Three new postage stamps, commemorative of the Imperial Economic conference which is being held here, have been issued by the federal government.

The stamps are in the denomination of 3, 5 and 13 cents.

USE 100 LEAVES
Haverhill, Mass. (AP)—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Coppola, parents of 14 children, buy 100 leaves a week to feed their family.

Employment in the Irish Free State's protected industries is more than twice the number of 1922.

METALS WORTH BILLIONS ARE UNDER OREGON

Medford, Ore. (AP)—Billions of dollars worth of complex metals lie in the ground of southern Oregon—but the master key for their extraction is lacking.

"Southern Oregon has more rare metals than any other district in the world, besides large quantities of the commonly used commercial metals, but they are mixed together—complexed," declared one expert.

These rare metals sell from \$19 to \$75 an ounce. The mining of them remains as a challenge to the metallurgical world. They are so complexed with each other and with baser metals that their full value never has been properly appreciated.

But it is agreed among mining authorities familiar with the region that the chemist, or metallurgist, who devises a process of separating the precious metals not only will build himself a great fortune, but will cause Oregon to become the most important mineral producing state of the western hemisphere—or perhaps of the world.

Millions of dollars in placer gold already has been taken from southern Oregon soil and millions more will be taken. A vast project financed by eastern capitalists and calling for development of the rich Mount Emily and Grave Creek deposits on a 50-year basis, was recently launched.

Large quantities of gold have been taken from "pockets" or from oxidized free milling ores. But as soon as these ores went below the oxidized zone, complex sulphides were encountered and were rejected as too complex or refractory to treat.

The experts declare that southern Oregon holds vast deposits which compound together chrome-iron, gold, platinum, palladium, iridium, osmium, ruthenium, tantalum and other rare metals. Ores that ran from 10 to 20 pounds of tantalum a ton have been reported.

DYNAMITE SALE TO FARMER IS PROBED

Richmond, Va. (AP)—Caroline county officials are investigating the sale of six sticks of dynamite to George Duibak, a farmer bereft of his reason by financial troubles, who used the explosive to commit suicide.

While his family looked on, Duibak slashed the throats of his horses and cattle and then lighted the fuse attached to the dynamite and blew himself to pieces. His children fled from the barn, which was destroyed in a second explosion which their father had caused by lighting a longer fuse.

OFFICE BUILDING COOLED BY STEAM

Detroit (AP)—A system for cooling business offices by steam has been tried here and proven successful, according to the Detroit Edison company.

A building here is one of the first in the United States to try the system, officials of the company said. The method of cooling is to pass steam under pressure through a nozzle at high velocity, which it acts as a pump to remove the air and vapor from a tank of water. This produces a vacuum and causes a rapid evaporation of some of the water in the tank, cooling the remaining water to 45 degrees.

The cold water from the tank is pumped through cooling coils and the air is cooled as it is blown over the water by a ventilating fan.

The apparatus is compact and can be installed in a space nine feet long, two feet wide, and six feet high.

Dogs' Food Stolen By Mountain Bears

Estes Park, Colo. (AP)—The depression is forcing the bears Rocky Mountain park to march into the Husted's front yard for their meals. The guide's dog is going on lean fare, because the bears, sensing when his meals are put out for him, amble down from the hills and enjoy the food.

The dry season, which has cut down the bears' rations of berries and plants, Husted believes, has prompted them to come closer to civilization.

Jobless Fill Pools And Crowd Out Kids

Philadelphia (AP)—The unemployed of the city are causing the municipal authorities considerable worry on a new front.

While the problem of food and rent is acute, police officials said that the unemployed are using the municipal swimming pools in such large numbers that the children are unable to gain admittance.

As a result, patrolmen have been stationed at each pool.

London (AP)—Never too late to learn has been demonstrated by Miss Eleanor Hake, of Leamington, Spa, Warwickshire, who commenced to learn typewriting when one hundred years old, and, although in her hundred and fourth year is in possession of all her faculties, has a good memory, and moreover, rides a motorcycle, and sidecar, of which she gained her first experience when ninety years of age.

COUNTY CLERK'S SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Semi-annual report of the County Clerk of Marion County, Oregon, showing the amount of claims allowed by the County Court of said County, for what allowed, the amount of warrants drawn, for the six month period beginning January 1, 1932, and ending June 30, 1932, and also a statement of the amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid on June 30, 1932.

STATEMENT OF CLAIMS ALLOWED AND WARRANTS DRAWN

On What Account Allowed	General Government	County Assessor's Office	Auditing	Circuit Court
	6,103.17	798.50		13,413.26

County Clerk's Office	4,711.66
County Coroner's Office	381.96
County Court and Commissioners	3,004.15
Court House	4,538.97
District Attorney's Office	1,194.46
Salem Justice Court	2,445.34
Outside Justice Court	202.30
Juvenile Court	761.41
Law Library	47.00
County Recorder's Office	3,054.30
Registration and Election	5,372.96
County Surveyor's Office	1,102.48
County Sheriff's Office	9,156.78
County Treasurer's Office	2,082.57

Sealer of Weights and Measures	275.05
Fire Protection	256.83
Scalp Bounty—Predatory Animals	24.50
Conservation and Development of Natural Resources	
County Horticulturist	791.58
Advertising	200.00

Health Conservation	
Health Officer	3,215.35
Herd Inspectors	580.28
Indemnity for Slaughter of Diseased Cattle	152.96

Charities and Corrections	
Care of Poor	17,896.48
Dependent Mothers' Assistance	455.00
Indigent Soldier Relief	1,272.00
Insane Examinations and Care	825.47
Feeble Minded Examinations and Expense	10.00
Jail	2,730.02

Education	
County School Superintendent's Office	3,338.00
Unclassified	
Circuit Judges' Salaries (fees)	624.00
District Attorney's Salary (fees)	250.00
Delinquent Tax Foreclosure	771.50
County Property	1,293.61
Rebate of Taxes	67.21
Wood	126.50
Emergency	668.75

Other Funds	
Dog License Fund	1,639.26
Prohibition Enforcement Fund	772.50
Fire Patrol Fund	716.29

Roads and Highways Funds	
County Roads, Bridges and Ferries	47,338.83
Market Road Improvement	29,811.56
Market Road Maintenance	14,451.31
Reimbursable Expenditures	101.13
General Road Fund	577.79
Road Districts	42,457.92
Road Districts—Special Tax	4,865.30

Total Roads and Highways Funds	\$139,604.74
Total General Fund	95,194.54
Total Other Funds	3,128.05

Grand Total	\$237,926.33
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Total Roads and Highways Funds	\$139,604.74
Total General Fund	95,194.54
Total Other Funds	3,128.05

1922	\$ 5.80	\$ 5.80	\$ 5.80
1924	86.40	84.60	171.00
1925	218.20	28.00	246.20
1926	74.15	81.55	155.70
1927	34.20	62.56	96.76
1928	95.85	43.57	139.42
1929	66.11	27.42	93.53
1930	44.55	1,120.48	1,165.03
1931	82.55	56.70	139.25
1932	620.43	3,406.36	4,026.79
TOTAL	\$1,328.24	\$4,911.24	\$6,239.48

SUMMARY STATEMENT	
The following is a statement of the financial condition of Marion County, Oregon, on June 30, 1932:	

GENERAL FUND	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$161,161.44
Taxes Receivable—1929	29,728.57
Taxes Receivable—1930	111,703.79
Taxes Receivable—1931	410,431.70
Accounts Receivable	6,405.40
Road Equipment	
\$137,356.75; Less reserve for Depreciation	62,634.19
Road Equipment, non-operating	5,822.10
Market Road Improvement	97,063.90
ments	65,000.00
Estimated Revenue	394,218.98
Liabilities and Surplus	
Reserve for Uncollectible taxes	\$51,864.06
Warrants Payable	1,328.24
Accounts payable	1,152.10
Market Road Bonds payable	65,000.00
Appropriations for County Roads, bridges and ferries	\$152,976.64
Market Roads	64,035.33
Miscellaneous	222,080.07
Previous Years	
(Dr.)	97,063.90
Unappropriated Surplus	217,301.34
Surplus Invested in Equipment	68,456.29
TOTAL	\$1,247,106.17

ROADS AND HIGHWAYS FUND	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$580,353.87
Taxes Receivable—1929	4,500.14
Taxes Receivable—1930	16,528.40
Taxes Receivable—1931	61,117.88
Estimated Revenue	80,676.03
Liabilities and Surplus	
Reserve for Uncollectible Taxes	\$2,146.42
Appropriation for Gen'l. Road Fund	47,900.34
Appropriation for Road Districts	34,384.46
Warrants Payable	4,911.24
Unappropriated Surplus	\$43,833.86
TOTAL	\$713,176.32

HIGH SCHOOL FUND	
ASSETS	
Taxes Receivable—1929	\$2,502.70
Taxes Receivable—1930	19,871.40
Taxes Receivable—1931	130,411.26
Estimated Revenue	154,701.13
Liabilities	
Cash Overdraft	\$6,261.22
Reserve for Uncollectible Taxes	162,785.36
Appropriations	148,449.91
TOTAL	\$317,486.49

COUNTY SCHOOL FUND	
ASSETS	
County School Fund Cash	739.90
County School Fund	
County School	111,804.00
School Library Fund Cash	117.69
Estimated Revenue	1,719.90
School Library	1.13
Elementary School Fund	
Cash	53,624.73
Estimated Revenue—Elementary	168,007.35
Liabilities	
County School Fund	\$112,543.90
School Library Fund Appropriations	1,837.59
Elementary School Fund Appropriations	63,625.86
TOTAL	\$168,007.35

SPECIAL AND DISTRICT TAX FUNDS	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$8,896.55
Estimated Revenue	5,785.98
Road Equipment—Operating	7,054.00
Liabilities and Surplus	
Appropriations	\$14,682.53
Surplus Invested in Equipment	7,054.00
TOTAL	\$21,716.53

MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS	
ASSETS	
Dog License Fund Cash	\$1,896.74
Bee License Fund Cash	16.23
Prohibition Enforcement Fund Cash	1,448.25
Fire Patrol Fund Cash	651.70
Indemnity Fund Cash	1,243.23
County Fair Fund Cash	2,610.45
Liabilities	
Dog License Fund Appropriations	\$1,896.74
Bee License Fund Appropriations	16.23
Prohibition Fund Appropriations	1,448.25
Fire Patrol Fund Appropriations	651.70
Indemnity Fund Surplus	1,243.23
County Fair Fund Appropriations	2,610.45
TOTAL	\$14,168.62

TAX SUSPENSE FUNDS	
ASSETS	
School District Tax Cash	\$19,244.78
City Tax Cash	11,949.94
Union High School District Tax Cash	1,832.32
Drainage District Tax Cash	34.90
Liabilities	
Due to School Districts	\$19,244.78
Due to Cities	11,949.94
Due to Union High School Districts	1,832.32
Due to Drainage Districts	34.90
TOTAL	\$33,061.94

State of Oregon, County of Marion, ss:	
I, U. G. Boyer, County Clerk of the County of Marion, State of Oregon, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the amount of claims allowed by the County Court of Marion County for the six month period ending June 30, 1932, on what accounts allowed, the amount of warrants drawn and the amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid on June 30, 1932, and also a statement of the financial condition of Marion County on June 30, 1932, as the same appears upon the records of my office and in my official custody.	

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court this 23rd day of July, 1932.	
(SEAL)	
U. G. BOYER, County Clerk.	

SHERIFF'S SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Salem, Oregon, July 1, 1932.
Semi-annual statement of money received for Taxes and amounts turned over to the County Treasurer by the Sheriff and Tax Collector of Marion County, Oregon, from January 1, 1932 to June 30, 1932, Inc.

1924 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 92.88
Collected as per receipts No. 24546	\$ 92.88
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 92.88

1925 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 199.22
Collected as per receipts No. 25216 to No. 25218	\$ 199.22
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 199.22

1926 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 557.93
Collected as per receipts No. 26394 to No. 26414	\$ 557.93
Turnover No. 25 to County Treasurer	\$ 557.93
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 557.93

1927 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$.00
Collected as per receipts No. 27289 to No. 27322	\$ 898.78
Turnover No. 23 to County Treasurer	\$ 883.72
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 35.06

1928 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 24.22
Collected as per receipts No. 37361 to No. 37455	\$ 4,253.62
Turnover No. 22 to County Treasurer	\$ 2,025.48
Turnover No. 23 to County Treasurer	\$ 2,020.83
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 231.53

1929 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 55.70
Collected as per receipts No. 27126 to No. 27413	\$ 20,824.97
Turnover No. 22 to County Treasurer	\$ 6,570.25
Turnover No. 23 to County Treasurer	\$ 4,450.86
Turnover No. 24 to County Treasurer	\$ 8,545.53
Turnover No. 25 to County Treasurer	\$ 204,534.28
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 95.02

1930 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$ 7,469.14
Collected as per receipts No. 22126 to No. 24368	\$ 155,069.95
Turnover No. 15 to County Treasurer	\$ 26,568.05
Turnover No. 16 to County Treasurer	\$ 52,620.75
Turnover No. 17 to County Treasurer	\$ 18,733.40
Turnover No. 18 to County Treasurer	\$ 12,401.92
Turnover No. 19 to County Treasurer	\$ 46,146.46
Turnover No. 20 to County Treasurer	\$ 5,158.30
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 910.21

1931 TAX ROLL	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1932	\$.00
Collected as per receipts No. 1 to No. 10,336	\$ 563,093.29
Turnover No. 1 to County Treasurer	\$ 100,081.53
Turnover No. 2 to County Treasurer	\$ 101,303.90
Turnover No. 3 to County Treasurer	\$ 204,534.28
Turnover No. 4 to County Treasurer	\$ 139,100.26
Turnover No. 5 to County Treasurer	\$ 13,841.83
Cash on hand June 30, 1932	\$ 4,231.49