

FEARS OF CROP DAMAGE SENDS WHEAT HIGHER

Chicago, July 13 (AP) — Reported maximum temperatures of 100 degrees in the spring wheat belt had a bullish effect on grain values today.

Fears of crop damage as a result of excessive heat were persistently voiced. European demand for wheat from North America was disappointing, with shipments overseas this week totaling only 382,000 bushels against 2,158,000 the

Wheat closed unsettled, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ above yesterday's finish, corn 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ up, oats $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ advanced, and provisions varying from 10 cents decline to 10 cents gain.

Opening at $\frac{1}{4}$ decline to $\frac{1}{4}$ advance, Chicago wheat futures showed all around gains later. Corn started $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ up, and subsequently held near the initial range.

With spring wheat growth now entering a critical stage, prospects of a hot weather wave in the northwest likely to affect the crop adversely tended to give some stimulus to buyers. Reports were that some unexplained heavy buying at Winnipeg might be linked with the economic conference to be held shortly in Ottawa.

Considerable skepticism was expressed over the new official estimate of wheat output, which was

WARNING SENT

SCHOOL BOARDS

Already lining up work for the next school year, County Superintendent Fulkerson is sending out a general letter to chairmen of the school boards in all the county districts.

She warns them that no school should be allowed to open until the

building is thoroughly cleaned. A check will be made, she states, on water supply, toilet accommodations, washing facilities, heating ventilation, lighting, school building grounds, and drainage in all school plants and she asks hearty cooperation of all boards. She also calls attention to the fact that a flag should be displayed on all days when the weather is good, and asks enforcement of this law.

Teachers must register their contracts before the beginning of school with the county superintendent. She also calls attention to the fact that if it is intended to levy a district tax a copy of the budget and notice of the special levy must be filed with the county clerk, assessor and superintendent not later than the last week in November. The school census must be taken October 25 and filed with the superintendent no

**HUGE RELIEF BILL
PASSED BY HOUSE**

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dividuals. Also, the requirements for the corporation to make public its loans was not in the first bill.

In other essentials, including the sections providing \$300,000,000 for relief to needy states and \$322,000,000 for public building, the two measures are similar.

In the senate, meanwhile, an ef-

Senator Bingham (R., Conn.) said the democrats by "jamming through their so-called relief bill" had not done all the work congress had accomplished to balance the budget.

Secretary Mills said after a conference with the chief executive had discussed the situation at length, but declined to comment upon the bill passed by the senate other than to say that the amendment allowing the federal reserve system to make loans on certain

approval. The house bill slated for expeditious action this afternoon does not carry the senate provision to permit federal reserve banks, to help individuals.

It provides for an increase to \$3,800,000,000 in the reconstruction finance corporation fund and a \$322,000,000 public works program.

Meantime, Senator Glass

Val.), today told newspapermen that both Secretary Mills and Governor Meyer of the federal reserve board had approved his amendment to the bill to permit direct loans from reserve banks to individuals.

Meyer and Mills conferred with Glass in his office just a short while before the Virginian's announcement.

"When they left my office a half hour ago," Glass continued, "the

Glass said the amendment, "put the member banks (of the reserve system) on notice that if they re-

will do so" adding that "the tendency will be to liberalize credit."