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"Without or with offense to friends or foes I sketch your world exactly as it goes."
—Byron

The First Miracle

If the government had entered Wall Street during the stock panic last fall, arbitrarily fixed a price for leading stock issues, such as United States Steel, Standard Oil, General Motors, etc., and begun to buy in large blocks to maintain the price fixed and steady the market, we would have an example of what the Farm Board is now doing to stabilize the grain market.

It is an amazing spectacle—this using of taxpayers' funds to gamble in the wheat pit by heavy purchases while continuing to loan to cooperatives more than the wheat offered as security is selling for in the market. Of course if the Farm Board guesses right, and the market goes up, no money will be lost, but if its guesses are no better on the future market than it has been since it began to function, the money will be lost.

Mr. Legge states that the Farm Board action has the full approval of Mr. Hoover, and he is quite reckless in his speculations. Why shouldn't he be—it is not his money he is risking, but the taxpayers'. And though his first hundred millions be lost—he declares there is still more available.

This is a new province of government, the use of federal funds to upset the law of supply and demand and maintain a fixed price for commodities regardless of world prices. But even if the government was able to establish a monopoly at home, it could not regulate prices abroad and the increased production it would stimulate at home, would eventually spell complete demoralization.

The world has recently witnessed some disastrous attempts by governments at market control. There were the British rubber, the Brazilian coffee and the Cuban sugar monopolies—and their chances for success were much brighter, for they for a brief time secured control of production in the producing countries. But wheat is not a specialized American crop, but a world-wide one.

If it is right to use federal funds to stabilize the wheat market, it is equally right to use them to stabilize, in similar fashion, other markets, including those of industries and even of stocks and bonds. A government, supported by all the people, cannot rightly play favorites. The new paternalism must protect all.

Meanwhile it will be interesting to watch the performance of the first miracle attempted by the "miracle man," the "great engineer," the great individualist who dubbed those who believed in government control of power utilities as "socialists."

Where Is It?

Advocates of prohibition before the House committee considering the measure for repeal of the 18th Amendment, are loud in their insistence that the dry laws have brought us prosperity and all its blessings.

While the witnesses were thus testifying, parades of the unemployed were being staged all over the land and police were clubbing down marchers and using tear gas at the very gates of the White House. Despite the bombardment of optimistic messages from Mr. Hoover, hard times prevail, prices are falling, idleness increasing as deflation completes its cycle of reaction from the long period of inflation. Is this the prosperity that prohibition has brought? If it is, we had better get rid of it.

But many other advocates, besides those of the dry law, have been claiming the credit for prosperity. Mr. Hoover, during his campaign posed as the guardian angel of prosperity and promised to abolish poverty. He gave it out that prosperity was the personal property of the Republican party. The tariff barons, who financed his campaign, asserted that the tariff was the cause of prosperity. The Wall Street speculators declared that it was their stock market gambling that stimulated prosperity. The utility and chain store promoters insisted it was their mergers, monopolies pyramiding and unloading of watered securities on the public that inspired prosperity.

The master of the Grange testifies to the great benefit to the farmer of prohibition—yet ever since its adoption agriculture has been depressed. Demand for farm relief came simultaneously with the dry law, which destroyed the farmer's market for his surplus. More than anyone else, the farmer has experienced the prosperity due to prohibition.

Of course all these claims by special interests for the creation of prosperity, are hokey, for national prosperity does not rest upon politics, acts of Congress or summary laws, but on economic conditions—and the more government interferes, the less prosperity.

A New Low Level

Some time since Senator Bingham was publicly censured by the Senate for having surreptitiously put a tariff lobbyist on the Senate payroll and having sneaked him into secret sessions of the finance committee, and even permitting him to fix duties in the revised bill.

Now, however, comes the disclosure that Senator Grundy, former chief lobbyist for Pennsylvania protective tariff beneficiaries and later appointed to the seat vacated by the lamented Vane, is not only permitting a lobbyist to use his senate office, but that this lobbyist is actually on Grundy's personal payroll for \$500 a month.

The lobbyist in question is Warren F. Donne, editor of The Manufacturer, propaganda organ for tariff seekers. And Mr. Donne admits that Grundy's old organization, the American Tariff League—has moved its headquarters into the senator's office in the Senate office building and conducting its lobbying from there, from a desk assigned by Mr. Grundy. Another officer of the Tariff League admitted that he wrote tariff speeches for senators.

Thus we have the spectacle of a United States senator using his offices as lobbyist headquarters to put through tariff measures—and Grundy shamelessly asserts he has no apologies to make. Neither did Senator Bingham have. Senatorial standards are sinking to a new low level. But what can we expect when the offices of senator and lobbyist for special interests are united in one and the same person?



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CHURCHES

CALVARY BAPTIST—Rev. W. Earle Cochran, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. W. P. Jenks, sup. Praying service at 10:50. Topic "Our Passover." Special music services at 7:30 p. m. Topic "As I Have Loved," suggested to be given by the senior B. Y. P. U. Special music. A popular song service. B. Y. P. U. senior, intermediate and junior, at 6:30. Wednesday 7:30 p. m. prayer meeting. Friday night, 7:45 choir concert.

FORD MEMORIAL M. C.—West Salem. Meredith A. Groves, pastor. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Mrs. J. L. Agard, sup. Morning service at 11. Rev. Robert Bryner will sing and preach. Evening service at 7:30. Rev. Bryner will sing and preach. Other special music. Junior, senior and intermediate leagues meet at 6:30 p. m. Revival services began Thursday evening with Rev. Bryner as evangelist. The meetings will continue each evening except Saturday at 7:30 p. m. Beginning Tuesday afternoon, Bible studies will be held at 2 p. m. at the church. Children's meeting will be held Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, later school.

FIRST BAPTIST—Marion and Liberty Sts. Robert L. Payne, pastor. Fred Broer, Sunday school sup. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. C. W. Smith, sup. 11. Sermon topic "The Great Palm," and sermonette for children. Young people's union meeting at 6:30. Three groups. Evening preaching service at 7:30. Topic "The Feast of Pentecost." Baptismal service in the evening. Special music at all services. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

KNIGHT MEMORIAL—19th and Ferry streets. H. C. Stover, minister. Morning worship at 11. Cup of Life. "Just for Today." J. J. Thompson and H. C. Stover. Evening service at 7:30. Discussion on "Christian Ideals." Christian Ideals of the College Campus. Helen Sikes. Christian Ideals and Amusements. "Carroll Braden." Christianity and Social Ideals. Donald Allison. "Christian Ideals Expressed in Religious Work." Donald Bernard. Young people's chorale "O Love of Christ." Three part chorus An Evening Prayer. Sunday school at 10 a. m. C. C. Harris, sup. Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.

IMMANUEL BAPTIST—Hazel and Academy streets. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

UNITARIAN—Church school at 10 a. m. Services at 11. Clarence J. Young, an attorney from Portland in the pulpit. Sermon topic "The Oracle of Justice." Solo by Mrs. W. J. Minkiewitz. "Just for Today."

HIGHLAND FRIENDS—Highland and Church streets. Edgar P. Sims, pastor. Beginning Saturday evening at 7:30 a missionary conference will be held in this church. Three services Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7:30 and 7:30 p. m. and the same Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday there will be three services at the same hours with C. W. Burt and Rev. Bishop. Beginning Thursday Rev. F. J. Cope, pastor of Second Friends church of Portland will give special evangelistic services at 7:30 p. m. continuing each evening. Mrs. Hazel Keeler Porter will have charge of the singing and children's services. Bible school Sunday at 10 a. m. and C. E. at 7:30 p. m.

GLAD TIDINGS MISSION 353 Court St. C. A. Johnson, pastor. Special meetings are being conducted by Rev. Eugene B. Burrell at 9 a. m. Saturday. They will sing and speak afternoon and evening. Meetings every night at 8 o'clock.

REFORMED—Capitol and Marion streets. W. G. Lienkaemper, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. W. E. Kruse, sup. German services at 10 a. m. Subject "The Parable of the Sower." English services at 11. Subject "The Parable of the Prodigal Son." Special music. Anthem "Whose Delight is in the Law."

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN (Mo Syn.)—North 19th and A Sts. H. W. Gross, pastor. English service 10 a. m. German at 11. Sunday school at 9 a. m. English Lenten service Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

FREE METHODIST—W. N. Coffey, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Herbert Hansen, sup. At 11 o'clock the junior missionary society will give a program under the direction of Edna Hansen, sup. At 7:30 p. m. the young people will have charge of the service which will consist of short talks and special music by the young people.

IMMANUEL FULL GOSPEL—Assembly, 17th and Cheneketa streets. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Praise and worship service at 11. Mid-week service Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday at 7:30 p. m. C. Lewis Rowland, pastor.

EVANGELISTIC TABERNACLE—12th and Ferry streets. C. O. Weston, pastor. Special services 10 a. m. Saturday and 3 and 7:45 p. m. Sunday, closing the week of special meetings being conducted by the new pastor. Sunday school at 7:45 p. m. Sunday. Services will be on regular schedule for the ensuing week. Tuesday night 7:45, bible study, Thursday night 7:45 prayer meeting. Saturday night 7:45 young people's meeting.

COURT ST. CHURCH OF CHRIST—Court and 17th Sts. B. P. Shoemaker, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Mrs. Frank Marshall, sup. Morning services at 11. Subject "Stumbling Blocks and Evils." Christian Endeavor and juniors 6:30 p. m. Evangelistic meeting at 7:30. Special musical program and sermon by Evangelist Mortimer on most vital and interesting subject. Meetings every night next week except Saturday. Sunday night 7:30 p. m. Christian church will join in the service.

CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE—One block south of Center on 19th St. L. D. Smith, pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. F. M. Lilveritt, sup. Our large children's choir will sing. Morning worship at 11. Sermon topic "Sanctity, Purity, Jealousy." Mr. and Mrs. John B. Friesen will sing. "Grace Greater Than Sin." Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. Miss Flossie Sampson in charge. Mrs. L. D. Smith will have charge of the junior meeting. Evening evangelistic service Sunday, Special music and singing. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. and young people's meeting for prayer and Bible study Friday evening at 7:30 p. m.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Cottage and Cheneketa streets. Rev. L. C. Buck, pastor. Sunday masses at 7:30 and 10 a. m. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday mass at 8 a. m. On Wednesday and Friday evenings in the Lenten devotions and benediction. Saturday mass in the academy.

CHRIST EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN—16th and State streets. Rev. August E. Minneman, pastor. German morning service at 10 a. m. Christian Endeavor service at 6:30 p. m. Subject "The Valley of the Wilderness." Evening services 11 a. m. subject, "God Has a Plan for Every One." Evening services 6:30 p. m. subject, "The Messages to the Church at Ephesus." Sunday school 9:40 a. m. Martha Batsch, sup. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evening services at 7:30 p. m. in German on Wednesday and Friday and in English on Friday evening.

SOUTH SALEM FRIENDS—Corner S. Commercial and Washington streets. Chas. E. Haworth, pastor. 10 a. m. Sunday school. Mrs. Marguerite P. Elliott, sup. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, "Some Elements of a Successful Church." The choir will sing 7 p. m. subject, "The Church as a Combination of the Christian Endeavor and regular evening meetings." Notice the hour, 7:30 o'clock.

WOOL GAINING AS IMPORTANT STATE PRODUCT

Eugene, Ore. (AP)—Important developments in the Oregon livestock industry during the past few years have been a notable increase in wool and a gradual decline in the use of horses, according to a survey made by different investigators for the University of Oregon. A. I. Lomax and T. N. Van Gulder.

The wool industry of Oregon has expanded to such an extent that at present it produces enough fiber to supply Oregon and still have an exportable surplus of more than 14,000,000 pounds annually. Production of mohair is approximately 462,000 pounds and all available for export and shipped mainly to the Atlantic seaboard where it is used for upholstering and draperies.

Texas mohair is listed generally at a price two cents higher than the Oregon product, the survey pointed out, a condition due to the fact that the Texas growers are building up their flocks and fleeces by selective breeding and the use of thoroughbreds whereas there is only a slight indication of similar activity on the part of Oregon farmers.

Figures on the cattle industry tend to indicate that Oregon is killing more beef than it is raising, since a decrease of 27.2 per cent in the last 11 years is shown by the loss of 252,000 head since 1919 where there were 925,000 head on Oregon farms. There is, however, a considerable exportable surplus of beef as well as veal, mutton, and pork. Oregon's exportable surplus of cattle is in direct competition with the corn fed cattle of the middle west, especially when the demand is slack. At other times when prices are firm and rising, the range fed animals of this state find no difficulty in meeting buyers, the report stated.

Horses on farms in Oregon since 1919 have shown a decrease mainly because of the more extensive use of tractors and other mechanical farm machinery previously operated by teams, the report said.

SUNDOWN STORIES

By Mary Graham Bonner

"I've turned the time 'way ahead," said the Little Black Clock, "and we're going to make one or two calls."

Usually John and Peggy didn't like to make calls. Sometimes their mother would take them to see some people where they would have to wear their best clothes and keep rather quiet and where it would be ever so long before they would even be offered a piece of cake. But calls with the Little Black Clock were different.

They got into a plane and almost before they had started, it seemed they were landing again.

"They had landed near a very handsome house. It was large and instead of a garage in the back there was a great hangar in which were a number of planes.

"They went inside the house and the Little Black Clock pressed a button. He seemed to understand everything. In a minute their host came forward.

"So glad to see you all," he said. "When number three button rang I knew it was my friend the Clock bringing John and Peggy with him. Let's have something to eat. I'll press number five button. That will tell the cook that we want ice cream made at once and a cake baked for our honored guests."

"Oh, we probably couldn't stay this long," said Peggy.

"Yes indeed you could! It won't take more than a minute or two to make the ice cream and freeze it and bake the cake."

"Almost before he had finished speaking the ice cream and the cake were brought.

"By the way," he said, "it's a little chilly here. I'll press number nine button, and we'll have some electric heat in a flash."

The Little Black Clock was laughing. "You'd better tell our young friends how you manage," he told their host.

QUICK WORK
By Mary Graham Bonner
"I'll tell you all about our way of living," said their host.

"As your friend, the Little Black Clock, has told you, the time is 'way, way ahead of your own time, and I really have a very up to date house."

"I have a set of buttons to press in every room. They all are numbered and they each mean something different. Now I just turned on the heat and in a moment it's warm. Then you were surprised because I had ice cream and cake made for you in a very few minutes."

"I'll press a button to show the cook what I wanted. She pressed another button which mixed and made the ice cream. Then she put it in a freezer—pressed another button and in a second it was all ready to eat. She did the same way with the cake, pressing an

POPULATION ON FARMS SHOWS DECREASE, 1929

Washington (AP)—The farm population on January 1, 1930 was estimated at 27,222,000 or a decrease of 269,000 in a year, according to the agriculture department.

Births on farms last year were estimated at 631,000 and deaths at 281,000. The department's records showed that 1,876,000 persons moved from farms to cities in 1929 compared with 1,923,000 the previous year, while 1,257,000 persons moved from cities to farms, compared with 1,247,000 in 1928.

In the New England states last year 67,000 persons left the farms and 59,000 returned to the farms; Middle Atlantic states 139,000 from farms and 110,000 to farms; East North Central 275,000 from farms and 304,000 to farms; West North Central 327,000 from farms and 223,000 to farms; South Atlantic 292,000 from farms and 152,000 to farms; West South Central 331,000 from farms and 294,000 to farms; Mountain states 177,000 from farms and 78,000 to farms; Pacific 114,000 from farms and 88,000 to farms. Births on farms were 23 to the 1,000 and deaths were 10 to the 1,000.

"You see, it has become so crowded in the city," said the Little Black Clock, "that every bit of space is needed. And people are finding these new apartments just the thing. Come and I'll show you."

The Little Black Clock led them down from the roof to an apartment which was evidently a new one.

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BOOK AND THIMBLE CLUB ENTERTAINED

Kingwood—Members of the Book and Thimble club met at the country home of Mrs. A. J. Krueger on the Kingwood Heights road Thursday afternoon, with quilting as the diversion. Following a brief session of routine business, with Mrs. Darnell in charge, a program was given by Mrs. E. St. Pierre and Mrs. Mary Beaver. Refreshments were served by the hostess, Mrs. Krueger.

Those present were Mrs. A. Oehler, a special guest for the afternoon, and members, Mesdames Mary Beaver, Elmer Cook, Ross Darnell, Ray Lacey, Charles Adams, Hettie Simpkins, Charles Schwartz, Ella St. Pierre and the hostess, Mrs. A. J. Krueger.

CUBS WORKING HARD

Auburn—The "Cubs dramatic club of Auburn" is practicing a play and several other features for an elaborate program to be given in connection with a basket social at the next meeting of the Auburn community club, March 21.

LIBRARY IS AIDED

Stayton—The Stayton Library received 150 books in the drive which necessitated more book shelves. There have been made and the women have about completed numbering, lettering and placing the books on the new shelves.

GET HIGHWAY BID

Jefferson—Saxton & Looney of Jefferson were the low bidders on the Denmark-Port Orford section project of the Roosevelt highway. The job consists of about 19 miles of regrading and resurfacing and the furnishing of crushed gravel in stock piles. The bid was \$104,948. W. C. Looney and sons left Wednesday for the job.

PILES

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What's in a NAME?

\$200

For months, without ceremony or general public knowledge, workmen have been building roads, building reservoirs, piping spring water in preparation for the opening of the wonderful wooded and scenic tract of

Eola Wildwoods

located just four miles from the U. S. Bank on the Dallas Highway this beautiful tract borders the Highway on one side and runs up into the Eola hills, accessible by easy grade boulevards and providing building sites galore, with water piped to each.

We want names for these boulevards and are willing to pay for them. If you will call our representative at 737 he will give you all the details.

PHONE 737

Kidnapped by Chinese Bandits!

Sunday at 3 P. M.
Mr. Walter Oldfield, Missionary to China for twenty-six years will give personal experience.

Christian and Missionary Alliance Tabernacle
655 FERRY ST.—DOWN TOWN
CONVENTION PROGRAM—

Saturday 7:30 P. M.—"A Counterfeit Religion"—Miss Julia Derr
Sun. 11 A. M.—"The Great Commission"—Rev. W. J. McCarvey
Sun. 3 P. M.—"Kidnapped by Chinese Bandits"—Mr. Walter Oldfield.
Sun. 7:30 P. M.—"Our Debt to India"—Miss Julia Derr

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