

LEGISLATORS VOTE FOR SALARY GRAB

JOSEPH WOULD HAVE VOTE UPON PAY INCREASE

Although he did not support the resolution providing that members of the legislature receive \$5 a day additional as "expense money," Senator Joseph yesterday introduced a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment to increase the pay of the members from \$3 to \$10 a day. The resolution was introduced immediately after passage of the \$5 resolution.

Under the law the measure would have to be voted on by the people. Unless before a measure for the purpose has been submitted to the people and defeated, but both the previous resolutions were different from the Joseph resolution. One of the former measures carried with it a provision for divided legislative session and the other a provision that the duration of the session be increased from 48 to 60 days. The Joseph measure contains only the provision for an increase in the pay.

RECLAMATION BILLS OFFERED IN SENATE

The reclamation measures introduced in the house by Representative Havlett, embodying the program of the Oregon Irrigation congress, were applied in the senate by Senator Miller yesterday with one change.

The state reclamation commission as provided for in the house bills would include the state engineer as an ex-officio member. But another part of the same bill says he shall be appointed by the governor with the consent of the commission and also that he shall be secretary of the commission. Miller objects to this on grounds that it would make the engineer his own employee. Like the house bill, the senate bill provides that the commission shall have as members the governor, the secretary of state, the state treasurer and the attorney general. But for the fifth member instead of making the engineer fill that post it provides that the governor appoint a citizen at large.

CONSOLIDATION PLAN APPROVED BY SENATE

The senate yesterday adopted the MacPherson house resolution for the appointment of a special committee of three representatives and two senators, appointed by the respective presiding officers, to make a study of a more simple and efficient machinery of state government, with consolidation in view. The resolution requires the committee to report to the present legislature not later than the 24th day of the session.

STATE BARBER CODE OFFERED IN HOUSE

Regulations governing the barbering business in Oregon would be sharply stiffened by house bill 129 introduced by Representative Frank Lomenan, Multnomah county, this morning. The measure is a copy of the Illinois code, according to Lomenan.

SENATE BILLS

- H. B. 82, Elliott (by request)—Raising standard of requirements and increasing license fee of chiropractors.
- H. B. 83, Judiciary committee—Relating to taking and perfecting of appeals.
- H. B. 84, Marks—For the relief of Alexander Smith, a veteran of the civil war.
- H. B. 85, Upton—Relating to state license funds.
- H. B. 86, Upton—Regarding automobile certificate of title law.
- H. B. 87, Eddy—Designating the governor, secretary of state and state school superintendent instead of state board of education as members of board of regents of agricultural college.
- H. B. 88, Eddy—Designating governor, secretary of state and state school superintendent instead of state board of education as members of board of regents of University of Oregon.
- H. B. 89, Miller—Providing for refunding of indebtedness of irrigation districts, lease and sale of refunding bonds, providing for assessments and relating to procedure in the Columbia river.
- H. B. 90, Miller—Changing personnel of desert land board, executive state reclamation commission.
- H. B. 91, Elliott—Relating to registration and licensing of business and abandonment of fees.
- H. B. 92, Elliott—Relating to suppression of disease of bees.
- H. B. 93, Jones—To prohibit use of seines and traps for catching salmon in the Columbia river.
- H. B. 94, Elliott—To prohibit the fishing for salmon by trolls in the Pacific ocean.

Senate Turns Deaf Ear To Attacks Hurlled at Expense Fund Measure

Riding through on the strength of the "round robin" signed by 15 senators before the measure had been so much as introduced, which pre-agreement is said to have prevented at least two members from voting their convictions for fear of retaliation, the house joint resolution appropriating to the members of the two houses \$5 a day additional in the guise of "expense money" received the sanction of the senate yesterday afternoon by the narrow margin of one vote.

Adoption was over the protest of Senator Eddy that such acts as these are undermining the confidence of the people in the legislature and breaking down the means of representative government, coupled with charges by Judd, Staples, Strayer and others that the action was in violation of solemn contracts entered into by the legislators with the people of the state when they accepted their office.

Sixteen Answer "Aye"

For—Eddy, Beck, Bell, Butler, Carmer, Davis, Dimes, Hill, Hare, Hunter, Klepper, Mann, Miller, Flower, Newhall, Upton.

Abstain—Bailey, Brown, Eddy, Dunn, Eddy, Elliot, Jones, Joseph, Marks, Staples, Strayer, Connett.

Absent—Kiddie, Reynolds.

The resolution was reported out without recommendation. Senator Judd, chairman of the resolutions committee, explained that the committee was not harmonious, that a majority of the committee was for it and a minority against so it was thought best to report it without recommendation and let it go to a free-for-all fight on the floor.

Senator Judd, opening the fight against the resolution, declared the measure was not constitutional for the reason that the constitution limits the pay of legislators to \$5 a day.

"To pass it," he said, "is to ignore the constitution which we have sworn to support. We should be lawmakers and not law breakers." He cited an election in which the people had turned down a similar measure and demanded a recall vote.

Was Contract Violated

"I consider that when I was elected to this senate," said Senator Staples, "that I made an implied contract with the people. They are the other parties to the contract and are not here to defend themselves. We are their hired men. Who of you would expect his hired men to raise their own wages?"

Staples was heckled by several senators, who since they knew the measure was sure of passage, were in a highly good humor. Staples cited other extravagances, skipping the Oregon Code, which a generous state places in the desks of all members. Staples said, "These are an extravagance, I don't understand them, and no two of these smart-aleck lawyers agree on them."

Senator Banks, speaking on the other side, declared there was nothing in the resolution that does violence to the constitution for the reason that the constitutional provision refers "entirely" to compensation while the resolution provides "expense money."

"The resolution does not compel anyone to accept this money, but I venture the guess that the senator from Yamhill will sign a receipt at the end of the session."

Dime Hides Bill

Senator Dime of Jackson poked fun at the resolution.

"Under the present system," he said, "we have in this senate the finest body of men that could be gathered in this state. While we are got plenty of good men to work for \$5 why pay more. It's good business to keep it at \$5."

Senator Joseph, reminding the opposition that when the constitution was adopted meals cost 23 cents and the finest hotel room could be gotten for \$1 a night. He predicted that the resolution would place the legislature on a higher plane.

"Dangle Now or Never" Mower complained, "that they don't understand how men can come here for \$5, and they seem to think there is some graft in it. You and I know there isn't."

"Senator Mower says he knows there is no graft here," Senator Joseph said. "He may know it, but I don't. I have seen men come here wearing hand-made suits and by the middle of the session they would be wearing tailor-made clothes."

Subterfuge Charged

The resolution's reference to "expense money" Senator Eddy branded as a subterfuge. Citing various restrictions upon the legislature that have been placed in the constitution he declared, "Disturb the legislature is engrafted in the constitution, and the old idea of representative government is breaking down. I resent this distrust that is being voiced about the state, and I hesitate to do anything in the legislature that will cause distrust to grow. If we defeat this resolution we will do much to keep the confidence of the people. It was brought before the legislature by the circulation of a paper for the members to sign. Senators, I communicate with you that you have signed away your right to vote your own judgment. It is a reprehensible way to bring legislation before this body, and it makes you mere automatons, mere puppets, who vote as someone else pulls the strings."

Senator Hill said he was going to vote for the measure because he considered it right, and that he had not signed any agreement. "I believe in adequate compensation," Hill said. "I practice it with my own employees and I have voted for nearly all the salary increase bills that have come up since I have been in the senate. I am perfectly willing to tell my constituents that I have done so."

Senator Dime of Portland admitted to signing the paper, and would do it in broad daylight with his eyes open.

"I don't like the argument that you can make a man honest for \$5 a day," declared Senator Elliott. "If a man is crooked this extra \$200 isn't going to make him straight. I am against it."

Dare Not Risk Vote

"I am wondering," spoke Senator Strayer, "how many of you senators would have had the courage to tell your constituents that as soon as you got to Salem and were sworn in you would vote \$20.00 into your own pockets. Had you done so I am wondering how many of you would have been elected. I venture that you would be here. We were sent here by the people, and the people would not approve such an indirect method of loading the devil around the stump. I don't think it is fair with our governor, who I understand is trying to give us a business administration."

Senator Hill, closing the debate said the speeches of the opposing members reminded him of the story of the devil signing a bill. "He is reported to have said," the senator remarked, "that he got a bill of a appeal and very little work." He opined that Strayer had the wrong idea in thinking a legislator "must get down on his hands and knees to satisfy some old long-bearded taxpayer."

Here declared that the legislature stands higher in the estimation of the people than ever before, and that if the resolution passed he was going to check up at the end of the session and find out how many of the opposing senators "took their share of the swag."

ALTERS TESTS FOR MUSIC TEACHERS

In reorganizing the work of accrediting music teachers for work in connection with the Oregon schools State Superintendent C. A. Howard has tentatively planned a system that has not heretofore been used in Oregon.

Instead of having applicants submit their applications at any time of the year he would have them sent in for the attention of the accrediting committee in August and January, to conform with the semester division of the school year. Applications would be submitted anonymously instead with names signed, and would be so considered by the committee.

The committee would be a small one and would be appointed for one session only, so that the personnel at one meeting might or might not be different from that of the preceding meeting.

ASK WHY O.A.C. GIVES NO REPORT

Investigation of the reasons why the O. A. C. has not complied with the orders of the 1923 session of the legislature calling upon it for a detailed financial report is sought by Representative Edward Schulz, member of Washington county. He introduced a house resolution this morning calling for the appointment of a committee of three to find out why an itemized statement of O. A. C.'s expenditures had not been made.

WOULD LIBERALIZE RULES FOR MUTUALS

A bill providing that mutual insurance companies may change their articles of incorporation at any regular meeting by a vote of members present, was introduced in the house by the Yamhill county delegation. At present the law provides that two thirds of the stockholders must vote on the question. In the case of mutual insurance companies it is almost impossible to reach the necessary number of the delegation's bill points out. It is understood that the bill is primarily for the convenience of the Oregon Fire Relief association of McMinnville.

TWO SPOTLIGHTS ON AUTOS IDEA OF BILL

Two spotlights would be permitted on automobiles in accordance with house bill 129 introduced this morning by Representative C. A. Tom of Gilliam, Sherman and Wheeler counties who seeks to amend the lighting regulations made by the last legislature. It would also permit the use of a white light not to exceed 12 candlepower for use on the rear of a machine as a convenience for going reverse. The bill would also change the lighting law in a number of other respects.

The Honorable Theodore H. P. Cramer, Jr., representative from Josephine county, does not doubt the honesty of fellow members of the house, but says he has his suspicions of several from the senate. Rather than run the risk of losing his Caveman's club he has taken it to his lodging for guaranteed safe keeping. Representative Cramer was, in 1917, president of the student body at the Oregon Agricultural college. He is a member of the Cavemen, the booster organization of the Grants Park chamber of commerce.

Charles Haskins of Bend was appointed attorney for the commission in Wasco county.

HOUSE BILL WILL CHANGE COURT TERM

The house Thursday passed house bill 88 introduced by Representative A. T. Peterson of Lincoln county providing that the county court of his county shall meet on the first Wednesday of every month to transact probate and civil business. At present the Lincoln county court meets for such purposes only on certain months.

Women's Lives

are relieved of a great hygienic handicap in this way. Positive protection—discards like tissue

By ELLEN J. BUCKLAND
Registered Nurse

THERE is now a new way in woman's hygiene. A way scientific and exquisite that ends the uncertainty of old-time "sanitary pads." It is called "KOTEX." Eight in every 10 better-class women have adopted it.

You wear short frocks and gowns without a second thought, any time, anywhere. You meet every day, every business or social demand unhandicapped.

Discards as easily as a piece of tissue. No laundry. No embarrassment.

Five times as absorbent as ordinary cotton pads, it banishes danger of mishaps.

Deodorizes, too. And thus ends all fear of offending.

You obtain it at drug or department stores simply by saying "KOTEX" without hesitation. Be sure to get the genuine. Only Kotex itself is "like" Kotex.

KOTEX
No laundry—discard like tissue

WOULD LET COURTS FIX RATE OF PAY

County commissioners of county courts would set the salaries of county officers if the provisions of house bill 137 introduced by Representative Theodore P. Cramer, Jr., of Josephine county became law. The same bill would also prohibit the raising of salaries during terms of office.

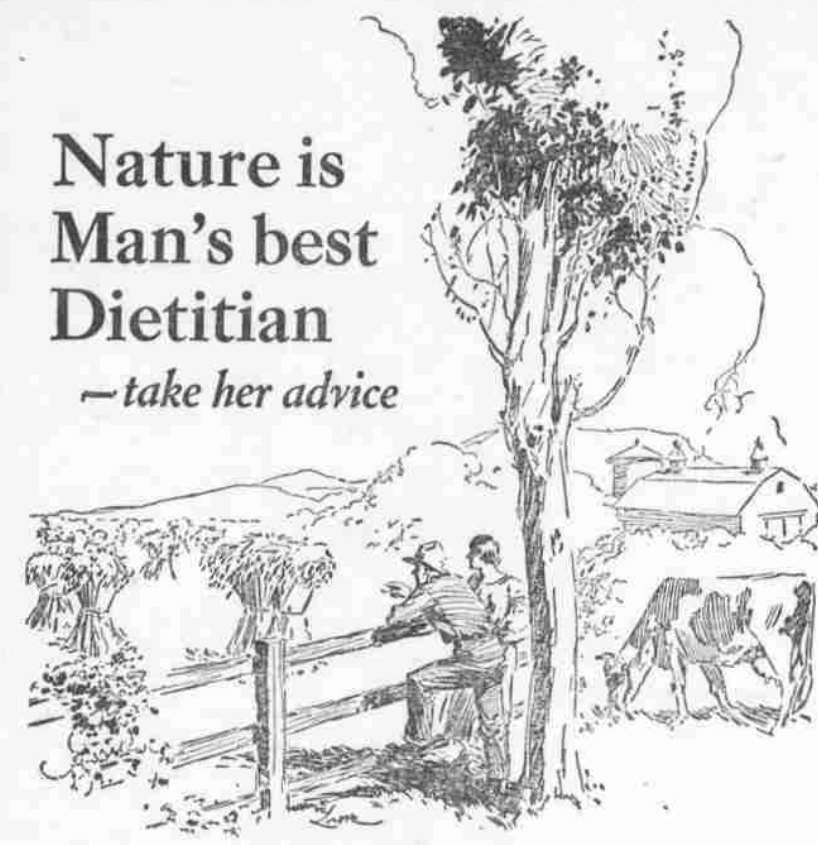
Increase in the compensation of county judges and commissioners would have to be made by a vote of the people.

HOUSE BILLS

- H. B. 132, by H. E. Hamilton—Requiring liability and indemnity insurance companies to include in policies submission of those insured by the insurance to sue on policies in event of insolvency.
- H. B. 134, by Haskitt—To provide for relief for settlers on irrigation projects.
- H. B. 135, by Haskitt—To combine state irrigation and drainage securities commission with the desert land board and to change the name to the State Reclamation Commission.
- H. B. 136, by Mett—Creating compulsory accident liability upon every owner of an automobile in the state of Oregon.
- H. B. 137, by Repeal of Laws Committee—Repealing certain clauses in the bounty law.
- H. B. 138, by Yamhill County Delegation—Providing method of organization of domestic insurance companies.
- H. B. 139, by Gley—Amending law providing method of election for supervisors of drainage districts.
- H. B. 140, by Tom—Amending Oregon Motor Vehicle Lighting Law.
- H. B. 141, by Mett—Creating state board of reforestation and outlining method for encouraging reforestation.
- H. B. 142, by Gordon—Amending law providing for division of counties into road districts.
- H. B. 143, by McGowan—Amending law regulating operation of trucks and buses and providing for issuance of certificates of pub-

lic convenience and necessity for same.

- H. B. 124, by Roberts—Providing for establishment of junior colleges.
- H. B. 125, by R. S. Hamilton—Amending law providing method of securing water right certificate.
- H. B. 126, by Committee on Constitutional Law—(Sub for H. B. 9)—Providing that injury to person and property caused by same act may be joined in one complaint.
- H. B. 127, by Lomenan—Increasing salaries of all circuit judges in Oregon.
- H. B. 128, by Committee on Forestry—Amending forest code adopted by 1925 legislature and correcting defects.
- H. B. 129, by Lomenan—Creating board of barber examiners and regulating business of barbers in Oregon.
- H. B. 130, by Chindgren—Appropriating \$10,000 to be expended by Oregon Agricultural College in poultry investigations.
- H. B. 131, by McCourt—Amending Oregon laws affecting adoptions.
- H. B. 133, by Burdick—Amending law providing method by which claim against irrigation districts may be paid.



Nature is Man's best Dietitian
—take her advice

The whole trouble with our eating these days is that we are getting away from the kind of diet Nature intended us to have. Foods are being refined, denatured, and devitalized. We eat too much of some elements and not enough of others. Our diets have become unbalanced and unhealthful, simply because they have become unnatural.

Whole wheat supplies all the food the body needs in perfectly balanced form

But eat whole wheat and you get just the things that the dietitians say are necessary to health and strength. Eat Shredded Wheat and you get whole wheat in its most appetizing form, easy to digest—with all the proteins, carbohydrates, vitamins and mineral salts in just the right proportions—as Nature intended. And bran, too—every bit that was in the grain—to help you keep your system clear and active.

Make Shredded Wheat a part of your daily diet—for breakfast and for luncheon. Give your body the balanced diet that Nature provides.

Shredded Wheat WHOLE A FULL MEAL IN TWO BISCUITS



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Something Different on the Wire

BLACK & O'DONNELL
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After the "Flu" is over —you need a Tonic

Help is Needed to Restore Your Wasted Strength and Energy.

"Flu" leaves the body weakened and run-down. In such cases, a tonic is clearly indicated. Restores the appetite and rid yourself of that let-down feeling.

"Flu" is a very enervating disease. It leaves its victims so weak and debilitated that there is as much danger from the after-effects as from the disease itself. In other words, after an attack of the "flu," you need a selective tonic to rebuild the system so that you may have your old-time strength and energy restored.

S.S.S. is unequalled for restoring strength and vitality.

You owe it to yourself and family to give S.S.S. a trial. It helps Nature build up red blood corpuscles. It improves the processes by which the body is nourished. It is timely and reliable. S.S.S. is made from the roots of fresh herbs and plants, and is prepared in a scientific way in a modern laboratory.

S.S.S. is sold at all good drug stores in two sizes. The larger size is more economical.

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THE GRAND
Saturday

THE CITY

The OREGON
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"The Kid Brother"
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