

WHAT IS DOING IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION

OREGON EXPRESS SHIPPERS SAVED BIG SUM BY ACT

By timely intervention, the public service commission of Oregon has succeeded in not only preventing an increase in the old express rates as prayed for in applications filed with the interstate commerce commission by the express companies, but brought about a general reduction in the original tariff amounting approximately 65 per cent. Oregon, Washington and California are the only states in the union not affected by a sweeping increase in express charges which have been allowed by the interstate commerce commission.

The American Express company in its fight for an increase in rates was successful in all the eastern states and was proceeding west when the transcendent program was halted by intervention of the Oregon commission. Upon submission of Oregon's petition to the interstate commerce commission it was true and so adjudged by that body that the express rates in this state were not high, and at once filed for consideration an entirely new set of figures. Appearing to the courts, the express company sought to enjoin the Oregon commission from enforcing the reduced tariff, but the local body has now been advised that the proceedings were yesterday dismissed by the courts.

The revised tariff, as recommended by the Oregon commission, will go into effect upon the first of March. Following are a few reductions in express rates as affecting shipments per one hundred pounds between the city of Portland and outlying districts:

Portland to Astland, 85; Astoria, 14; Albany, 44; Baker, 55; Bend, 63; Klamath Falls, 11.17; Coquille, 71; The Dalles, 71; Eugene, 53; Medford, 86; Pendleton, 71; Roseburg, 63; Salem, 44, and Yaquina, 63 cents per 100 pounds first class shipments.

According to the annual reports of the express companies which show the amount of shipments moved in this state during the past year, the above rate reduction means the saving of hundreds of thousands of dollars annually by the shipper and the commission's activity also will be the means of enormously benefiting the fruit grower and agriculturalists throughout the state.

BILL HITS USE OF STATE AUTOS

Anyone using a state-owned automobile for other than state purposes would be fined from \$25 to \$100 upon conviction under house bill 195, introduced by Handall, Clackamas county.

Appropriation of \$17,500 for aiding in convicting and furnishing a hospital in connection with the Louise Home in Multnomah county is asked in house bill No. 191, introduced by Hurlburt, Multnomah county.

The office of county auditor for Clackamas county would be created under house bill 189, introduced by Hammond, Clackamas county. His salary would be \$2500 a year.

Persons drawing checks on banks in which they have no money or insufficient funds to cover such draft could be fined \$1000, sentenced to appear in jail, or punished by both such fine and imprisonment under house bill 190, introduced by Fischer, Douglas county.

Close regulation of chiropractors would be provided under house bill 187, introduced yesterday afternoon by Meindl, Multnomah county. A board of three examiners would be appointed by the governor. The secretary of the state board of health would be secretary of the new board. He would receive an extra \$100 annually for handling the work of his new office. Examinations would be held semi-annually. Applicants would have to be 21 years old, of good moral character and have had at least one year of instruction in and be graduates of some school of chiropractic in good standing with the examining board. An examination fee of \$50 would be provided.

OREGON SENATORS FAIL TO AGREE ON ATTORNEY

Washington, Jan. 29.—Two candidates for the United States district attorneys for Oregon are still under consideration by Senators Stanfield and McNary. They are George Neuner of Roseburg and Robert Kuykendall of Klamath Falls. Senator Stanfield said last night that no decision has been reached relative to the appointment but that an early choice by himself and Senator McNary was in prospect.

Get Rid of Piles—Now

A box of Pyramid Pile Suppositories is your best friend to stop maddening pain, put out the burning soreness, relax protrusion and give you grateful ease and comfort. Thousands testify. Operations stop into any drug store for a 60c box.

HOUSE BILLS

H. B. 126, Bailey (by request)—Making an appropriation to J. D. Mitchell for snow rental.

H. B. 127, Coffey—Relating to and dairy products—For eradication and suppression of tuberculosis in cattle.

H. B. 128, Graham—To amend section 33, chapter 371, 1921 Oregon Laws, pertaining to weights of county truck loads.

H. B. 129, Coffey—Relating to fees of recorders or clerks in counties of more than 50,000.

H. B. 130, Coffey—Relating to fees collected by county courts in counties of more than 50,000.

H. B. 131, Coffey—Relating to fees collected by county clerks in counties of more than 50,000.

H. B. 132, Kilham—Relating to compilation of biennial budget.

H. B. 133, Carlin—Authorizing supreme court to make rules of procedure in courts of Oregon.

H. B. 170, Loneragan—To exempt from estate and inheritance taxes property previously taxed in this state within 5 years.

H. B. 171, Whitcomb—To amend section 111, chapter 105, 1921 Oregon Laws, relating to commercial fishing in Tillamook county.

H. B. 172, Loneragan—To amend section 1222 Oregon laws, relating to estates.

H. B. 173, Swan—Substitute for house bill 133, relating to real estate of a minor ward.

H. B. 174, McCallister—Amending section 3147 Oregon laws, fixing terms of circuit court in third judicial district.

H. B. 175, Hatcher and Fisher—To amend section 8861 Oregon laws relating to inspection of infected orchards.

H. B. 176, by Yamhill county delegation—To amend section 9332-3 Oregon laws regulating tax assessment in Yamhill county.

H. B. 177, Hurlburt—Providing for safety of employees of companies engaged in transportation business.

H. B. 178, Woodward—To appropriate money for aid of deaf students in Gallaudet college, Washington, D. C.

H. B. 179, Miller—To amend section 4999 Oregon laws, relating to county auditors.

H. B. 180, by committee on horticulture—Pertaining to employment of secretary of state board of horticulture.

H. B. 181, by committee on horticulture—Appropriating money to prevent entry of insect pests into state.

H. B. 182, by committee on horticulture—Appropriating money for combating alfalfa weevil.

H. B. 183, Bennett—Relating to the state board of accountancy and prescribing issuance of certificates.

H. B. 184, Fuller—Providing manner in which county commissioners shall present claims for pay.

H. B. 185, Swan—Providing inspection of books and accounts of district school clerks.

H. B. 186, Cramer—For eradication of bovine tuberculosis in Josephine county.

H. B. 187, Meindl—Regulating practice of chiroprody.

H. B. 188, Potter—Providing for custody of school funds and manner of disbursing.

H. B. 189, Hammond—Providing county auditor for Clackamas county.

H. B. 190, Fisher—Providing penalties for issuance of fraudulent checks.

H. B. 191, Hurlburt—Providing for construction of hospital at the Louise Home, Portland.

H. B. 192, by committee on assessment and taxation—Substitute for H. B. 114.

H. B. 193, Hercher—Substitute for H. B. 94.

H. B. 194, Miller, Mann and others—Relating to organization of religious, charitable, educational and other corporations.

H. B. 195, Randall—To prevent use of state-owned vehicles except for state business.

H. B. 196, Hercher—Substitute for H. B. 94.

GARLAND URGES STUDY OF BIBLE

Senator Garland, Wednesday, introduced a bill providing for a commission of nine members to select certain portions of the Bible each year to be read in the public schools, the parts selected being designed to teach morality and respect for law. The state superintendent would be ex-officio chairman. The other members would be chosen from church denominations, not more than one from each denomination, and one member to be a Jew, one a Catholic and one a Christian Scientist.

Senator Miller has introduced a bill providing that the membership cards of members of automobile associations may be accepted by magistrates as bail. These would be secured by the sum of \$1000 in cash or approved securities placed with the state treasurer by the association. The act would apply only in cases where the bail did not exceed \$25.

He who has good health is rich though he may not know it.

TICKLING THROAT
It is always an annoyance; worse when it afflicts you in the night, preventing sleep. You can stop it quickly with
CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY
which puts a soothing, healing coating on the dry, inflamed throat and stops the irritating mucus that causes the tickle.
Keep a bottle in your home all the time.
No Narcotics. Sold every where.

HOUSE PASSES MEMORIAL UPON BIRD REFUGE ACT

The house yesterday afternoon passed house joint memorial No. 1 asking congress not to pass the federal migratory bird refuge act. Dr. Linville, said the witness, at one time wanted her to spread propaganda among the women's clubs of Portland for the abolition of the state department. He wanted her to tell them, she said, that Cleaver's men were housebreakers and would steal jewelry.

When she went to work for the Anti-Saloon league Mrs. Washburn said W. J. Herwig, superintendent of the league, told her his investigation was to cover run-running, big bonded liquor dealers and crooked officials.

"What officials were these?" She mentioned Marshall, McKeight and Barker, agents of Linville.

"Weren't they rather small fry?" asked Hare.

"I don't know that you would consider them small fry. Barker was among the bonded dealers, who spoke to me as one of themselves, as Linville's fixer. When they were in difficulty they would say 'See Barker.'"

Asked about her acquaintance with Laronde Pierce, Mrs. Washburn said:

"About Laronde Pierce I had heard that Laronde Pierce had much information about corrupt officials, so I invited him and Dolly Quartier up to my house. He got very chummy with me, but my mother was there. He proposed a scheme to blackmail Mr. Cleaver. The scheme was to lure Cleaver to a room, get a woman there by ruse and then he and I were to come in just as the woman had her arms around Cleaver's neck. But I wouldn't enter into a scheme of that kind. Pierce was going to make \$500 the blackmail sum, which he was to split evenly between himself and me."

"Who was the woman to be who was to have her arms entwined about Mr. Cleaver's neck?"

"Some floozy, Pierce said."

"Pierce wanted to be prohibition commissioner himself," she went on. "He said he had dug up the information that had beaten Ben Cleaver for governor and could do the same thing with Governor Pierce. He also said he had the stuff on Sam Koser, Dr. Linville, Frank Mitchell and the state highway commission."

Ill Jacked a Diamond

Another story Mrs. Washburn told on Laronde Pierce was, according to Dolly Quartier, "queen of the bootleggers," that Pierce had "hijacked a diamond."

"Hijacked a diamond," interrupted Representative Loneragan. "What in the world is that? I have heard of hijacking booze, but how do you hijack a diamond?"

"Steal it from a bootlegger," was the answer.

The committee had a laugh at Loneragan's expense.

"Dolly said I could trip Pierce," she continued, "if I would tell him I was in the market for a diamond. I did that. He told me he could get me an \$800 diamond for \$400, but he became suspicious and didn't finish the deal."

Asked how she came to know Dolly Quartier, Mrs. Washburn answered:

"I didn't know much about Dolly until she and Bill got to fighting. They were fighting over Captain Nutter of the moral squad of the Portland police department. She claimed she went with him when he went to houses of vice to make his collections."

Mr. Loneragan interrupted with the assertion that there was no Captain Nutter in the police department.

"Anyway he was the moral squad," said the witness.

"I also posed as a bonded liquor dealer in the St. Johns district," continued Mrs. Washburn. "Desk Sergeant Black offered to show me where I could get a house and where I could land my boatloads."

CALL LINVILLE TO REPLY TO ACCUSATIONS

(Continued from Page One)

ings yesterday. Only one witness appeared on the other side. This was Asa Smith, son of former Warden Johnson Smith of the state penitentiary for a time work ed under Cleaver.

When asked to give something of her personal history Mrs. Washburn told of having worked in Chicago with Bishop Walter Taylor Sumner in his social campaign there, of her former connection with Hull House and similar sociological work in most of the states of the union except the extreme south. A book recently written by her, "Tilly from Tillamook," which one morning this week was found on the desk of every member of the legislature, she said, is a picture of social life in Portland at present as it has been disclosed to her. Recently, she told the committee, she had attempted to form an organization in Portland for the protection of girls, and in this connection got into investigatory work with Abe Weinberg and the Anti-Saloon league.

Posed As Bootlegger

"Under the name of Madge Burns I posed as a woman who sold liquor," said the witness. "I got into the confidence of bootleggers and liquor dealers so that they considered me one of them. Everywhere I heard of the corruption of public officials, and the liquor traffickers complained that the money they paid out to officials for protection failed to protect because the state officers picked them up. I did not hear of any corruption of United States senators, but I did hear that the senators winked at conditions."

Among places that Mrs. Washburn said she had visited was the establishment of Billy Woods, a bootlegging dive and house of prostitution. Among men whom she mentioned as liquor dealers were Ollie Egan, one Miller and Teddy Wolf.

"These men," she said, "were all ways kicking because the federal officers kept punishing them for protection while at the same time the state officers were picking them up for their liquor operations."

When she gave tips to officers Mrs. Washburn said she got results from Cleaver's department, but not elsewhere.

Concealed Witness

According to her testimony, Mrs. Washburn was a concealed witness when Abe Weinberg gave the \$100 bill to H. L. Barker, one of Linville's men, in an attempt to trap him. Barker was on the stand yesterday.

"I was concealed in a cupboard in the room where the transaction took place," said the witness, "and the couch where the man sat was so arranged that I saw it all. I read in the newspapers that Barker said the money was forced up on him, but it wasn't; he asked for it."

She told of another purpose for which the cupboard was used. Weinberg posed as a big bonded liquor shipper, she claimed, and the other big dealers would come up to his room where they exchanged all the latest run-running and bootlegging gossip.

"Mr. Weinberg would meet these men in one room. I was hidden in the cabinet in another, while Mrs. Weinberg and one or two others were stationed elsewhere. By the use of a dictaphone I could hear all the conversation in Mr. Weinberg's room."

Among other dealers mentioned

For Cold on the Chest

Musterole is easy to apply and it does not blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. Simply made it is gentle with the finger tips you will be delighted to see how quickly brings relief.

To Mothers: Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole. 5¢ and 55¢ in jars & tubes; hospital size, \$3.

When your child is constipated, bilious, has colic, feverish breath, coated tongue, vomiting, diarrhea, a teaspoonful of genuine "California Fig Syrup" sweetens the stomach and promptly cleans the bowels of poisonous gases, bile, souring food and waste. Never cramps or overacts. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Children love its delicious taste.

Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has full directions for babies and children. It will also relieve painful constipation in adults. Beware of cheap imitations. The name "California Fig Syrup" is on the wrapper.

by her was Tom Johnson, who, she said, boasted that he was the only dealer who could go directly to Linville and get protection.

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MOTHER!

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of liquor. Also he promised to get me protection."

Loneragan then read and placed in exhibit a letter written by Cleaver to a woman operative at Albany, advising her as to how to trap a man in the Abbey house at Newport who was described by the letter as "a ladies' man when his wife was away." The reason for the coup, as stated in the letter was to get enough evidence against the Abbey house to close it for a few months.

Livy Stipp, district attorney of Clackamas county, was the first witness of the afternoon. He said that he had always got help from Cleaver's office when he asked for it, but that there had been no cooperation with the sheriff's office. He said the sheriff at that time, in his opinion, would not have cooperated with anyone. He credited Cleaver's men with making a crucial arrest soon after the department became operative. Most of the work, however, was done under his own direction he said, by men with authority from the governor but paid by the district attorney's office. His opinion was that conditions in Clackamas county were such that no sheriff could handle the situation alone. Answering a question by Cleaver, Stipp said one of the first arrests by the department: there was a deputy sheriff who was operating a still and whom the sheriff had been urged to get rid of.

Huston Testifies

Willard M. Huston, Cleaver's deputy, testified at some length. He said he had no friction with Sheriff Roberts of Deschutes county, but his story of a still in Jefferson county that Roberts wanted him to get was different from Roberts' story as told a few days ago. Roberts claimed no effort was made to get the still. Huston said he went to the acting sheriff of Jefferson county, and that he and the sheriff and two other men went to the place mentioned by

Cleaver's Trap

Referring back to her story of Laronde Pierce's plan to blackmail Cleaver and her scruples against it Loneragan asked:

"What would you think of a man who would attempt to get a woman to trap a married man into a

compromising situation?"

She said it wouldn't be "white." Loneragan then read and placed in exhibit a letter written by Cleaver to a woman operative at Albany, advising her as to how to trap a man in the Abbey house at Newport who was described by the letter as "a ladies' man when his wife was away." The reason for the coup, as stated in the letter was to get enough evidence against the Abbey house to close it for a few months.

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He was questioned about the raid on the British ship "London Merchant" and on the Labbe home in Portland. The liquor on the ship, he said, was unseized. At the Labbe home, it was his opinion that Labbe himself and several men and women were intoxicated. Labbe, he said, was jailed, but started action to have the warrant quashed and was successful.

Asa Smith was questioned by Hare particularly about activities in Washington county, and said that Cleaver's instructions were that he was not to stop at the sheriff's office. He branded as poor Cleaver's method of failure to work with local officers. He spoke in high terms of Sheriff Alexander of Washington county.

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Colds Feve. Gripp.
Be Quick-Be Sure.
Get the right remedy—the best men know. So quick, so sure that millions now employ it. The utmost in a laxative. Bromide-Quinine in ideal form. Colds stop in 24 hours, La Grippe in 3 days. The system is cleaned and toned. Nothing compares with Hill's!
All druggists. Price 30c
CASCARA QUININE
Get Red Box with portrait

Correct Your Disordered Stomach
Instantly! End Indigestion, Gas, Heartburn, Acidity

The moment your stomach rebels, chew up and swallow a few Pape's Diapiesin tablets.

For indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis, flatulence, heartburn or any distress in stomach, nothing else gives such comfort as this pleasant, harmless corrective, digestive and antacid.

Millions of the best of families always keep a large 60 cent package at hand—they know its magic and druggists guarantee it.—Adv.

15¢ per Quart For Pure Prejudice

That's what you're paying—and so needlessly—you who prefer eastern to western motor oil.

Actually, the only difference between the two is one of price. The western product costs less for two reasons: Volume production and low freight rates.

All motor oils, in time, leave a carbon deposit. One is hard and gritty. The other, soft and fluffy. One is harmful. One is not.

The hard gritty carbon tends to cling to metal. It clutters valves and pistons, causing power losses. If left too long it scratches and scores cylinders. It must be removed every few thousand miles.

Not so with Aristo Motor Oil—a product from the finest western crude.

The soft, fluffy residue from Aristo Motor Oil does not tend to cling. Most of it blows out with the exhaust. It cannot scratch or score a metal surface.

10,000—20,000—50,000 miles without a sign of carbon are records that Aristo users frequently report to us.

Aristo in addition, is a perfect lubricant—the product of one of the largest and best equipped refineries in the world. That is quality insurance.

So use Aristo regularly if you want protection and less carbon trouble at a minimum of cost. You can pay twice as much for "Eastern," and not get as good an oil.

Union Oil Company of California
Also Producers of Union Gasoline

ARISTO MOTOR OIL
BEST ALL WAYS