

AIRPLANES REPLACED BY SLIDERS

Germans Forced by Ban on War Craft to Develop Home Made Affairs For Air

London, Nov. 19.—Germany is forbidden to fly, so she is learning to glide. The ban on the installation of engines in aeroplanes, imposed by the peace terms, has produced a new type of locomotion.

This is the astonishing news brought home by Mr. Handley Page, who has been paying a visit to Garsfeld, on the Bavarian border.

"German aeroplane constructors have turned their attention to the development of aircraft with no engine propelling power," said Mr. Handley Page, "and they are producing substantial results. The gliders are of various types. One called the Munch has made the longest flight of five miles. It has no engine, propeller, under-carriage, wheels, ailerons or elevators. It possesses simply the fuselage and movable wings, operated by the pilot.

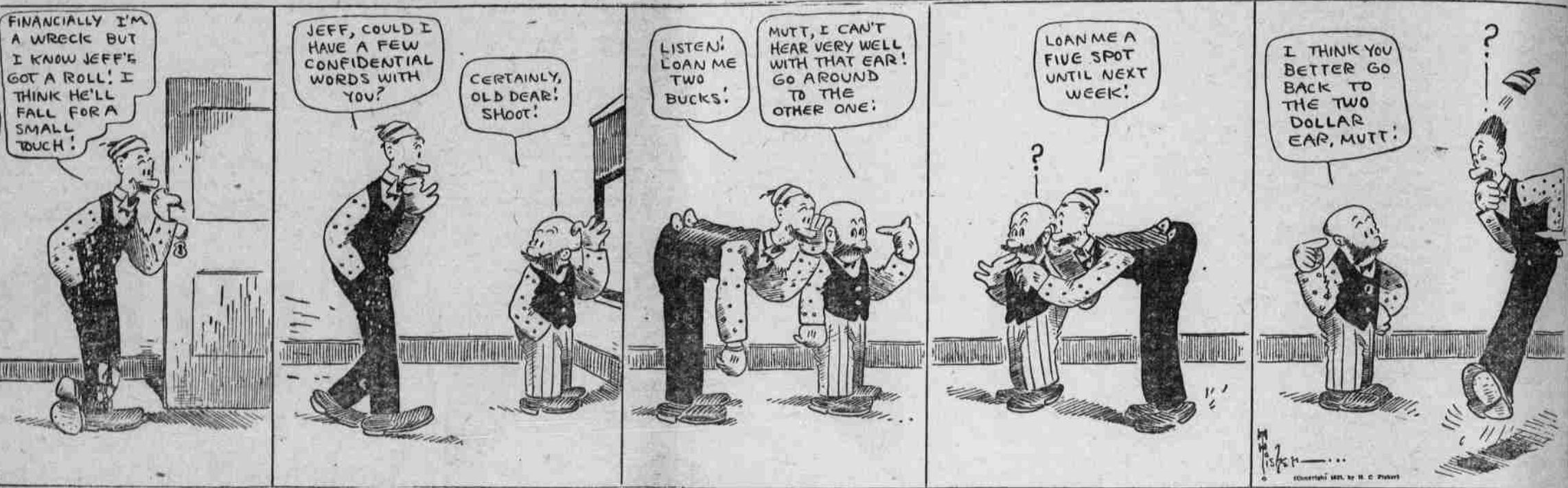
"Another machine called the Hanover, has given the best performance in turning in the air and is peculiar in that it lands on two footballs and has pneumatic shock absorbers attached to the wings. The Aachen type lands on skids instead of wheels. Shock absorbers are fitted, but the landing speed of the glider can be reduced to little more than a fast walk, and wheels become unnecessary.

"The method of launching machines for a flight is very interesting. The machine is placed on a suitably selected piece of sloping ground. A rubber cord is attached to a rope, which is passed round the chassis legs. Three men strain the rubber cord, which, when it reaches the necessary tension, is released, and the machine is shot away as from a catapult."

Bringing Up Father—By George McManus—



As we go to press, Mutt's still a financial wreck.



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Is Candidate for Seat in Congress



Mrs. Winford Huck, from Illinois, who is a candidate for the position of Congressman-at-Large from that State.

Drug Traffic Held Menace Of Nation's Life

Washington, Nov. 19.—Underground traffic in drugs, developing startlingly in recent years, has become a serious menace to the welfare of the nation, in the opinion of federal officials.

The illegitimate traffic in narcotics is conducted by the so-called "dope peddlers," who appear to have a perfectly organized, country-wide "ring."

These drug vendors, for the most part, obtain their "dope" supplies from Mexico and Canada, although smaller quantities are obtained by thefts and illegal transactions with unscrupulous dealers. Considerable drug smuggling is practiced on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, where the drugs arrive on ships sailing from the Orient and Europe.

The smuggling problem has developed a perplexing situation. It has been ascertained that a large portion of the drugs that enter this country through illicit channels was shipped from the United States, after manufacture, by reputable firms.

The belief has been expressed that the headquarters of the extensive "dope ring" is located outside the United States and that they obtain the drugs shipped from this country with the express intention of smuggling the "dope" back for illegal sale.

It is largely through these underground channels that the drug addict now obtains his supply of "hop."

A recent government survey disclosed the startling fact that the use of opium and its alkaloids, for other than legitimate medical purposes, has increased amazingly in recent years. About 90 per cent of the amount of narcotics entered for consumption in this country is used for other than medical purposes. It has been estimated,

Open Forum

Contributions to This Column must be plainly written on one side of paper only, limited to 300 words in length and signed with the name of the writer. Articles not meeting these specifications will be rejected.

To the Editor:—Replying to the letter of the governor of November 10, an investment a new word for loot. The investment is to doubt good for L. M. Kuser to come from Iowa to Oregon for nearly double the salary that he receives in Eldora, Iowa. I don't blame him for making the change. But how are Oletch and Koser justified in getting Kuser? Is he to build or construct the new buildings? It is generally supposed that an architect is employed to draw plans and superintend the construction work. As to the mounding of character when the buildings are finished, they acknowledge that Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert are most exemplary citizens, and have for the past four years been more successful than any in charge of the school for the past twenty years.

The increase in salary offered Mr. Kuser and wife is nothing more than a graft. The board also went to the soldiers' home and raised the salaries nearly double and two years ago Mr. Koser favored the raising of salaries of the supreme court so he might stand more popular and have their influence for promotion. The whole program of the board is graft.

The majority of the state board say they have determined to replace the present superintendent and matron with persons they believe much more qualified and fitted to handle the work. They have pondered the problems in connection with their job back east to find some one wanting the job. No doubt Mr. Kuser is a fine man and competent, but with Oregon's fine schools, colleges, etc., they could find home material just as good. The time has come to call a halt on increase of salaries and grafts on the taxpayers. No more bonds for fairs or anything else to burden the taxpayers.

If necessary the farmers, grazers and heavy taxpayers will push a recall on the majority of the board of control.

The fight on Mr. Hoff for bill in making his report of the treasury for past two years, that the people should have. Also a report of governor and secretary of state. The people will stand by Hoff in all that is right.

R. R. RYAN.

Morgantown, W. Va., Nov. 19.—Mrs. H. M. Farrell, sixty-eight, worried over an unpaid bill of \$1.50 for forty-nine years. Then she came to this city from her home in Pittsburgh to pay the bill contracted when she was a young girl attending school here with the firm of George M. John & Co. She had an account with the store and left the city owing \$1.50, which debt, she said, she could not dismiss from her mind. Mr. John, head of the firm, is still living, though no longer actively connected with the store. She hunted him up at his home and paid the bill.

To the Editor:—
Wolf-Creek, Or., Nov. 16, 1921.
Editor Capital Journal, Salem, Or.
In your issue of The Capital Journal of Nov. 4, '21, you print a list of the number of slackers in Oregon. I do not see what the Journal can gain by printing the names of these men the Legions call slackers. It is three years since the war closed, why keep on agitating the country about the slackers? All this agitation is more or less in the way of bringing the country back to normalcy. Not one of these men we call slackers would have been a slacker or had there been an invasion or even an attempted invasion of our country. I have long believed that not one of our boys was sent over to Europe to fight for the United States, they were sent over there to fight for England, France, Italy, Belgium and Russia, and for the benefit of Wilson and our big profiteers.

All this talk we have heard about making the world safe for democracy was purely Wilson bunk. Never can the world be safe for democracy until we improve the human race and eliminate from the human animal the instinct of greed and the instinct to fight and quarrel. It will require the lapse of thousands of years before the race can be improved to make the world safe for all the nations of the earth. Man is as yet only a few generations removed from the cave man.

The United States was never in any danger of an invasion and had we spent one fourth of what the war cost us for submarines and home defense all the nations of the world could not have invaded us. Had England at the start of the world war raised an army of 3,000,000 of men and had them on the western front at the time when Austria broke down, Germany could not have withdrawn her men from the western front to help and save Austria from defeat and once Austria defeated Germany would not have lasted long and the war would have been over in two years after it started. It is alleged on fairly good authority why England did little fighting until Russia broke down, is that she had the promise from one man in this country that as soon as the Wilson administration entered on its second term war would be declared by our country and all our resources and men pledged to the support of England, France and the other countries.

During the past administration lies were at a premium and truth at a discount. But our country has entered a new epoch in its history when truth and light will again prevail.

—A. W. ZOELLNER.

JOURNAL WANT ADS PAY

Case of State

(Continued from page one)

of asking the judge for a direct verdict in favor of Todd.

George N. Ausman of Salem was the last witness for the government, and when he left the stand the jury was having a good laugh over oil, boots and \$1000. Ausman almost turned the dignified hal of justice into a comedian's palace when he explained to the jury how he dug out an old pair of shoes, and oiled them up and had caulk put in, in order that he might be ready to make a hurried journey to the prospective timber claim.

Ausman Not Caught.

"So you are out some oil and a pair of shoes," said Todd's attorney in trying to overcome the impression Ausman had made on the jury.

"Yes," answered Ausman, "and \$1000 also."

The testimony of W. E. Park, Salem grocery clerk, had exactly the opposite effect on the jury. As a result of his statements Todd received a sharp, repulsive stare from Judge Bean, which practically everyone in the court room noticed.

Park testified to calling Todd on the telephone on February 20, 1920, and requesting the return of his \$500, which he had borrowed in order to take out a contract. Todd, he said, asked him what was the matter, accused him of getting cold feet, and stated Byron was a man of great wealth and able to pay back three times the amount Salemites had given him.

Todd Led Him On.

"It wouldn't be a great misfortune if you lost that amount anyway," Park said Todd asked him. Park said he explained that it would, as he was in ill health and had no finances of his own.

Todd, he declared, encouraged him further by stating that his brother, Dr. E. H. Todd, had just sold his claim the previous week for \$20,000, which he thought a very foolish act, as within a short time it would have been worth double that amount. When Park completed this statement Todd got his piercing stare from the judge.

To contradict previous statements of Todd that Byron was the victim of the big timber interests because he had gathered evidence for the government in the Hyde-Benson land fraud case, the government prosecutor called Judge C. A. Millerich, a member of the board of review of the general land office, to the witness stand. Judge Millerich stated that Byron had never furnished the government any information in any criminal or civil matter and particularly in the Hyde-Benson cases, and added that Byron bore a very unfavorable reputation in the land office.

Court Record Used.

Blanche Barratt, court reporter at Todd's civil trial in Salem, read considerable from the records of that trial. The government asked her to read Todd's testimony where he confessed that on December 4, 1919, he returned to his office and found Byron waiting for him, and stated that on that occasion he first learned Byron's criminal record.

preys wanted this testimony in the record to prove to the jury that Todd continued to collect money after he knew Byron was an ex-convict. One of these victims who took the stand after Miss Barratt was W. C. Young of Salem, who said he gave Todd \$1500 on January 29, or over a month later.

Claims of victims of Byron and Todd who gave their money for a worthless contract after December 5, 1919, total \$7000, according to a tabulation kept of the testimony.

Prince Also Victim.

Another of the "willful" victims of Todd was F. F. Prince, Marion county fruit grower, who testified he gave Todd a \$500 check on January 20. L. P. Aldrich, assistant cashier at the Ladd & Bush bank, was the only other Salem witness on the stand Friday afternoon. He identified certain checks which passed through his hands.

That the defense played its trump card in Todd's favor by excluding all witnesses from the court room, is evidenced by the statements of two witnesses at the conclusion of the government's case.

"Well, what do you think of the trial," they were asked at the conclusion of the case. "We don't know anything about it," one of them responded. "We couldn't get in the court room."

By excluding all government witnesses from the court room, defense attorneys made sure that none of Todd's friends deserted him during the trial.

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