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Loganberry Laughs

By Robert Quillen.

The only tears shed over falling prices are profiteers'.

More frequent arrests would have a soothing effect on unrest.

Live stock notes: The candidate who shoots too much bull becomes a little hoarse.

It costs people a lot more to feed their pride than it does to feed their faces.

A question of national honor usually involves a question of individual profit.

A magazine writer has an article on "The Hoarder's Sequel." Doesn't he mean sequel?

The former kaiser has made a new will, but it's too late now to make a new Bill.

A successful drive for funds is one that brings in enough money to pay all expenses of the drive.

In the war college the diploma is the crutch.

The chap whose knees shake when another talks rough to him has a firm conviction that strife is wicked.

The public is neutral. It doesn't care who drops a profit or who it falls on, just so the price comes down.

When little Willie pouts and tries a hunger strike, his mother makes very effective use of a hair-brush strike.

Dropping a three-thousand-dollar car to two thousand is hard on the banker who has a twenty-five-hundred-dollar mortgage on it.

He objects to soft drinks because he can't drink enough of them to generate the impudence to accost a strange woman on the street.

There are twenty-three languages spoken in New York. Money talks all of them.

There are wonderful actors in the movies. None but a good actor could kiss a woman all covered with grease paint and seem to enjoy it.

If the state department moves carefully it may yet persuade Japan to concede that America's interest in California are paramount.

It is easy to worry about bolshevism until one remembers what happened to the submarines that were going to sink every troop ship that started across.

Custom is a funny thing. Application blanks for life insurance still contain that question: "What is your daily consumption of alcoholic beverages?"

Wibble and Wobble

Senator Harding has again changed his position on the League of Nations. After declaring his unalterable opposition all of last week, this week finds him championing such an organization.

Last Thursday he declared:

I do not want to clarify those League obligations, by reservations. I want to turn my back on them. It is not interpretation but rejection that I am seeking. I understand the principle of the Democratic nominee, he understands mine. In simple words, it is that he favors going into the Paris league and I favor staying out.

Harding "turning his back" on the League caused such a storm of protest that on Monday he proceeded to reverse himself as follows:

I am in favor of a world association—call it what you will, the name is of slight consequence—that will discourage or tend to prevent war and that will encourage or tend to encourage a better understanding of the other. The old order of things is done with, not only in America, but throughout the world, and the United States, always quick with sympathy, always just and usually led by common sense, must play its part in this new order.

Harding has been for the League and against the League, and neutral. He has been for the treaty with reservations, against the treaty with reservations and for separate peace. He has voted for the League and for scrapping the League and refrained from voting. He has proposed revival of the Hague tribunal, the creation of a new League and pronounced the League "dead beyond possibility of resurrection," then declared for a revision of the League covenant and asserted it "folly to talk about a specific program."

Bill boards throughout the country are placarded with huge portraits of Harding and Coolidge, bearing the strange legend: "Steady, America, Steady! Lets be done with wibble and wobble." In view of Harding's vacillation on the League issue, the legend should read:

"Steady, Harding, steady. Lets be done with wibble and wobble!"

America is steady enough. It's the candidate that wibbles and wobbles.

A Vicious Measure

Among the freak measures on the referendum ballot to be voted at the general election is a proposed constitutional amendment, known as the "Anti-compulsory vaccination amendment." The measure is much broader than its title and in its results will effect public health control in a serious manner. It reads as follows:

Section 9. No form of vaccination, inoculation, or other medication shall be made a condition in this state for admission to, or attendance in, any public school, college, university, or other educational institution; or for the employment of any person in any capacity, or for the exercise of any right, the performance of any duty, or the enjoyment of any privilege.

The measure is in brief, a surrender of the powers of the state to enforce quarantine and prevention measures against contagious disease or epidemic and nullifies any effort in this direction by local or state government.

It is not particularly the anti-vaccination feature that make the bill a vicious one, it is the throwing open of schools, colleges, factories and places of employment, restaurants, dairies and theatres to anyone afflicted with contagious disease, whether it be minor maladies like the itch, and infectious sores, or fatal diseases like scarlet fever, diphtheria and small-pox, and the loss of power by authorities to check the spread of such a disease.

If the bill passes there will be no power to prevent those afflicted with loathsome and contagious maladies from going where they please and doing what they want to "performing any duty" and "exercising any right" despite the fact that they are instruments of death to their associates and to the people.

The bill is a step backward, calculated to destroy the work of public health service, a surrender of all that has been gained in scientific knowledge and control of disease, a restoration of feudal conditions when ignorance ruled the world, and affliction was regarded as the act of God or the devil.

In the interest of public welfare and public health, and for the safety of each and all of us, this measure should be defeated. Vote NO in the anti-compulsory vaccination amendment.

A B C of the League of Nations

By Will Irwin.

XIV.—Eminent Americans Who Have Advocated a League of Peace.

Q. Would it not be desirable to promote better relations among the nations through the development of international law than through the compulsion of a league?

A. Undoubtedly. It is the hope of all those who believe in the league that in the course of time nations may find it just as normal to submit their disputes to international courts of law as individuals now go to court.

Q. What does the covenant provide in this respect?

A. Article 14 of the covenant est-

ablishes a permanent court of international justice which "shall be competent to hear any dispute of an international character which the parties thereto submit to it."

Q. What has been one of the main difficulties in connection with international tribunals before this?

A. The question of how the judges shall be selected. The great powers were unwilling to give equal representation to all the nations.

The little nations resented this discrimination.

Q. How are the judges of the in-

If You Make No Will

The Law requires immediate distribution of your property. Regardless of loss, your business must be terminated and your affairs closed. Regardless of the folly of giving property into inexperienced or extravagant hands, the principal must be forthwith divided among your heirs and next of kin.

If You Make A Will

YOU DECIDE the method of distribution. Whether your wife or some of your legatees will be best protected by receiving a stated income for a certain period, or for life, instead of receiving the principal in cash; whether your business or investments shall be continued for a time to prevent sacrifice.

Only by making a Will and appointing a trustee can you make such wise provisions.

A corporate trustee and executor has many advantages over an individual.

Your lawyer will explain.

Capital National Bank

(More about Wills in this space tomorrow.)

Just Folks

By Edgar A. Guest

The Rules of Life.

The rules of life are simple, and the code is writ for all, And as we break or keep it, each one shall rise or fall; We may go far for pleasure, we may do much for fame, But he who barter honor shall wear the badge of shame.

Each one is free to labor where-ever he may choose, But he must labor fairly, though he may win or lose; And rich or poor no matter, the judgment is the same, Who sells the truth for profit shall wear the stamp of shame.

ternational court of justice to be nominated?

A. According to the plan worked out by Elihu Root and his associates the Hague tribunal will submit a long list of names from which the league and assembly will select nine.

Q. What eminent Republicans have been in favor of a league for the promotion of peace?

(1) Theodore Roosevelt said: "It would be a master stroke if these great powers bent on peace would form a league of peace, not only to keep the peace among themselves, but to prevent, by force if necessary, its being broken by others."—Theodore Roosevelt.

(2) Elihu Root has said: "The allied nations in their council must determine the lines of reconstruction. Their determinations must be enforced. They may make mistakes. Doubtless they will; but there must be decision, and decisions must be enforced. Under these conditions the United States cannot quit."—Elihu Root to Will Hays, March 24, 1919.

(3) William H. Taft has said: "People are prone to treat the league as an academic question, as if it were for college professors and philanthropists. I agree that at one time it was confined to those people, but now it is an absolute necessity as required by the situation."—[Ex-President Taft at New York, March 10, 1919.]

(4) Herbert Hoover has said: "As the covenant stands today there is a place at which redress can be found and through which the good-will of the world can be enforced. The very machinery by which the treaty is to be executed and scores of points yet to be solved, which have been referred to the league of nations as a method of securing more mature judgment in a less heated atmosphere, justify the creation of the league. To abandon the covenant now means that the treaty itself will collapse."

Having gone in with our eyes open and with a determination to free ourselves from the dangers that surrounded us, we cannot now pull back from the job."—Herbert Hoover, July 27, 1919.

(5) Henry Cabot Lodge has said: "The intent of congress and the intent of the president were that there could be no peace until we could create a situation where no such war as this could recur."—[Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, October, 1917.]

Higher Rate Granted. New rates involving slight increases over those heretofore in effect are granted to the Lafayette Telephone company of Lafayette, Yumbill county, in an order issued by the public service commission, Tuesday.



A Noisy Crowd.

When the night of the races and other sports finally came, a great crowd began to gather about Farmer Green's place, soon after dark. Although Benjamin Bat had told people that the fun wasn't going to begin until almost morning, they were all so excited that they couldn't wait for the night to pass. They lingered around the doorway and talked so loudly that they actually disturbed the household.



"If I could see you," he declared.

Farmer Green was even tempted to get up and shut his window, he found it so hard to go to sleep.

The noisiest of all the gathering was Mr. Frog, the tailor, who lived over by the creek.

He had a great deal to say about everything, and it soon became plain to everyone that he was trying to manage the whole affair. Mr. Frog objected to every arrangement that Benjamin Bat had made. When he learned that he was expected to enter a jumping contest with Kiddie Katydidd he exclaimed that he and Kiddie were such good friends that he hated the thought of trying to beat Kiddie at jumping.

"Kiddie might feel bad," said Mr. Frog. "People might laugh at him, because I won't."

"Don't you worry about me!" Kiddie Katydidd called out. "Where are you?" asked Mr. Frog, looking all around. "I can hear you, but I can't see you." But Kiddie Katydidd refused to show himself.

He preferred, for the time being, to remain safely hidden among the leaves, where he could listen to what people said — and talk to them when he wanted to.

"Wouldn't you prefer some other sort of contest?" Mr. Frog then

asked him. "Now, there's swimming! We could swim in the watering-trough, or the duck pond. And if I beat you, you could stick your head under water, so you wouldn't hear what people said. Don't you think that's a good idea?"

"Goodness, no!" cried Kiddie. "I'd drown myself in no time."

"Dear me!" said Mr. Frog. "I never thought of that."

And then everybody laughed so loudly at him that he hurried off to the watering-trough to dive under water, and stay there until he was sure his remarks had been forgotten.

Meanwhile Benjamin Bat was worrying. He couldn't find anybody who was willing to try the sport of hanging head downward by his heels. He asked Kiddie Katydidd, and Kiddie declined flatly to do any such thing.

Now, since Benjamin had not yet dined, he was very short-tempered. And he grew angry at once.

"What's the matter?" he sneered. "Don't you know how to do an easy trick like that? If I could see you—" he declared, peering among the maple leaves—"If I could see you I'd show you how it feels to hang beneath a limb."

Kiddie Katydidd said no word in reply. He knew well enough what Benjamin Bat meant. Benjamin wanted to eat him! And he wished that Benjamin would go away and get a good meal somewhere before he came back again.

Dallas News

Some of the Dallas folks believe that Columbus discovered America October 12, and consequently closed their business to celebrate. The banks and all the offices in the court house, except the sheriff's and county clerk's offices were closed and the doors locked.

Lawrence Miller of the Airline country, has moved his family into Dallas and will work at the local mills this winter. Mr. Miller has been on a farm southwest of Abilene for a number of years.

Thomas T. Kirkwood of Salem was transacting business in Dallas yesterday.

Dallas Couple Wed.

One of the surprises of the matrimonial season was made known yesterday when S. D. Springsteen of Dallas procured a marriage license to marry Helen Greenwood.

Mrs. Greenwood is about fifty years of age and an ardent worker in lodge circles. She has several grown children and has been living with her son, Wayne Greenwood.

Mr. Springsteen is a well known railroad man and has been living in Dallas several years. He is about fifty years old and has several married children who also reside in Dallas.

The couple were married at the residence of Mrs. Greenwood last night at 8 o'clock by Justice of the Peace John R. Sibley. They will leave at once for an extended trip in the east. They will first go to Flint, Michigan, which is the hometown of Mr. Springsteen.

They will visit other large cities in Michigan and, later, go to Cleveland, Ohio, which is the birthplace of the bride. Their trip will extend down the Mississippi river to New Orleans and around the southern part of the United States; thence to Winnipeg, Canada, and back home by way of Vancouver, British Columbia, which will take about two months.

After they return, they will reside in Dallas and Mr. Springsteen will resume his work on the railroad.

The Dallas Knights of Pythias has contracted for a winter lyceum course which is to be held in the Majestic theatre, beginning November 16, and from all investigations made of the numbers to be rendered it will be one of the best entertainments yet offered to the Dallas people.

Season tickets for the six entertainments will be ready for sale next week and those buying season tickets will save from 35 to 70 per cent on the course.

Rheumatism's Pains Will Soon Begin

But You Can Do Much to Head Them Off.

So many people dread to see the fading of summer, for to those afflicted with Rheumatism it means that the comfort they have enjoyed during the warm season is soon to give way to the pains and pangs of torture.

Warm weather seems to render the germs of Rheumatism inactive and harmless—but soon they will arouse and renew their furious attacks with all of their old-time vigor.

Are you quite sure that you have ever treated your Rheumatism in an intelligent manner? Doubtless you have tried remedies by the score because the pains are always increasing in severity and are a source of constant suffering. But just here is where you make your mistake, as others have done by the thousands.

Just because your Rheumatism causes so much pain and discomfort you feel that the proper way to treat the disease is to endeavor to get rid of its pains. So you rush for the liniment bottle and begin to rub and rub in a frantic effort to relieve your suffering. And at times, possibly, you get some slight relief.

But did you ever know of anyone ever ridding themselves of this painful disease by the use of liniments or other local treatment?

A disease that can cause so much suffering is not confined to the surface of the skin, and cannot be successfully treated by local remedies. You have but to look

around you at the helpless victims of Rheumatism to confirm this statement. Ask any of them and they will tell you that no matter how much liniment they use, each season again they are in the grip of the disease.

Do You want to have the same experience? Or are you willing to take advantage of a treatment that has successfully used by many victims?

Many cases of Rheumatism are due to a tiny germ in the blood, which multiplies in different parts of the body. Such cases must be treated through the blood, and disease germs eradicated before the disease can be cured.

This is why S.S.S., the old blood remedy has given such satisfactory results in the treatment of Rheumatism. It is such a thorough blood cleanser that it removes foreign substance from the circulation thus clearing the germs that cause the disease.

You must first remove from your blood the germs that cause your Rheumatism before you can be free of its pains.

Begin taking S.S.S. today; you can get it at any drug store. And if you wish special instructions about your own case, our trained physician will take pleasure in giving you any desired information. Write fully to Chamberlain's Medical Adviser, 281 S. Laboratory, Atlanta, Georgia.



DISORDERS of the stomach and constipation are the most common diseases of children.

correct them you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Tablets. One tablet at bed time will do the work and will make your child bright and cheerful the following morning. Do not punish your children by giving them castor oil. Chamberlain's Tablets are better and more pleasant to take.

Chamberlain's Tablets

"You'll Always Find" says the Good Judge

That you get more genuine satisfaction at less cost when you use this class of tobacco.

A small chew lasts so much longer than a big chew of the ordinary kind. And the full, rich real tobacco taste gives a long lasting chewing satisfaction.

Any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew will tell you that.

Put up in two styles

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco

RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

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