

Oregon: Tonight and Wednesday showers, warmer tonight east portion, gentle winds, mostly southerly.



French Troops Occupy Towns In Rhineland Today

Johnson Has Safe Margin In Michigan

Detroit, April 6.—With approximately one-half of the precincts this morning voting in yesterday's presidential preference primary tabulated this morning, United States Senator Hiram Johnson held a lead of 44,637 votes over Major General Leonard Wood for the republican endorsement. The figures from 1,200 precincts gave: Johnson 106,556; Wood, 61,899.

Detroit Gives Lead. Included in the figures was the complete vote of Detroit, virtually complete figures from Grand Rapids and more than half the precincts in other industrial centers of the state. Johnson was running behind in the state outside of Detroit. The complete Detroit vote, however, gave him 69,004 against 16,143 for Wood.

Returns from the northern peninsula, which the Wood campaign managers claimed as one of their strongholds were slow in arriving, figures from 125 of the 257 precincts in that peninsula, however, showed Wood 10,742; Johnson 8,011.

Hoover Leads Democrats Herbert Hoover, whose name appeared on both ballots, was leading the democratic ticket with 11,469 against 10,250 for Governor Edward L. Edwards of New Jersey. William G. McArdoo had 9,254 and W. J. Bryan, 7,887. The democratic vote seemingly was much lighter than had been anticipated. Reports from the western part of the state were that returns in the rural districts might not become available for 48 hours, owing to disrupted wire communication and impassable roads caused by Sunday's snow storm.

Wood led in Grand Rapids where complete returns were Wood 4,734, Johnson, 3,059; Saginaw virtually complete gave Johnson 2,996; Wood 1,990; Flint, half complete, gave Johnson 2,840; Wood 1,352; Muskegon, virtually complete, gave Johnson 1,486; Wood 869; Jackson, virtually complete, Johnson 1,080; Wood 1,397. Johnson led Wood in a number of the principal cities outside Detroit.

Union Promises Aid in Breaking Chicago Strike

Cleveland, Ohio, Apr. 6.—W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, today issued the following statement regarding the employment of brotherhood members as union strikebreakers in the Chicago switchmen's strike:

"Regardless of reports issued by John Gruneau, leader of the strike of switchmen at Chicago, such strike—illegal and members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and others will be fully protected in accepting positions as switchmen or switch tenders made vacant by such illegal strike.

"The question of increased wages had nothing to do with the present trouble but the removal of John B. Gruntan from a position as yard conductor was the cause of a few switchmen in the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul yard, who were members of renegade organization headed by Gruneau, quitting work. The question of increases in the wages was later injected for the purpose of playing upon the sympathies and other train yard men who naturally feel that the federal railroad administration did not grant fair an equitable wages during government control."

Chamberlain Back In Seat In Senate

Washington, April 6.—Senator Chamberlain returned to his seat in the senate Monday, having recovered from the effects of a minor operation upon his ear. He returns just in time to take part in consideration of the army reorganization bill, in which he is much interested.

Can you follow a doctor's instructions properly?

Women Disobey Picket Ultimatum; Two Are Arrested by Officers

Washington, April 6.—Disregarding warnings of the federal government that they would be prosecuted under federal penal statutes, three women favorable to an Irish republic resumed today the picketing of the British embassy which led yesterday to two arrests.

A few minutes after the women appeared carrying banners they were warned by the police to leave when they failed to obey were arrested. They gave their names as Mrs. Honor Walsh, Germantown, Pa., and Miss Elaine Barrie of Philadelphia. The second group of women arrested were Miss Helen O'Brien, St. Louis, and Miss Kathleen O'Brien, Philadelphia. They also were taken to the house of detention.

After being booked at police headquarters on charges of violating the

Salem Victims of Byron Told to Charge Loss to Experience and Forget

That the 120 Salem people who last fall and winter advanced some \$40,000 to \$60,000 to Carlos L. Byron upon timber contracts, might as well charge the money to experience and forget it, is the opinion of United States Attorney Lester H. Humphreys, as expressed in letters to Salem victims.

Byron, who is now serving a 15 months' sentence at McNeil's island, states Mr. Humphreys has a long record as a land swindler and is judgment proof. The remarkable thing about Byron is his faculty of hypnotizing victims into a belief in his innocence.

Whether or not fresh prosecutions will be launched by the government

Silverton Mill Workers Strike; Ask Reinstatement of 40 Discharged Men But Company Refuses to Hear Proposal

Silverton, Ore., April 6.—Anticipating that trouble of a serious nature might follow the strike declared here yesterday morning among the timber workers, Sheriff Needham was asked to attend a meeting in the opera house last evening. The sheriff and his deputy, Oscar Bower, accepted the invitation and reached here early in the evening. The meeting was called by members of the Timber Workers' Union, and was attended by Walter Denton and L. J. Simeral, representatives of the Salem union. Employers entirely ignored all efforts of the union to make adjustments by refusing to attend, and nothing was accomplished in the way of settling the difficulty. The matter will be put up to the state arbitration board today.

The Silver Falls Mill continued work this morning with a small crew and it is said that but few new men for the vacated positions are available. Guards are stationed in all directions about the mill yards and no one is

Wood's Campaign Manager Target Of Texas Legion

Fort Worth, Texas, April 6.—The executive committee of the American Legion of Texas, meeting here, adopted a resolution asking National Commander D'Olier to demand the resignation of Thomas W. Miller as chairman of the legislative committee of the legion. The resolution declared that Miller, who is campaign manager for Major General Leonard Wood, would violate the constitution of the legion by remaining in office.

Transport Sails To Return Yankee Dead From France

Brest, Apr. 6.—The United States transport Mercury will leave here Friday for the United States with the bodies of 315 American soldiers who died in France.

Stolen Machine Is Found At Hubbard

The Oldsmobile car stolen Sunday night from the George Ramp garage on the Pacific highway, was found Monday near Hubbard, according to word received by Sheriff W. I. Needham.

The machine had been abandoned when the gasoline supply was exhausted. The travel indicator on the car showed that the machine had been on a hundred mile drive and it is presumed that the car thieves had started to Portland and became confused in the network of smaller roads. No special damage, other than ordinary wear and tear on the machine was reported by Mr. Ramp.

Can you follow a doctor's instructions properly?

Rotary Clubs Of Northwest Name Cochran As Head

Victoria, B. C., April 6.—Rotary club members of the northwest district, in convention here, last night elected C. E. Cochran, Portland, district president to succeed Clayton M. Williams, Everett.

Forgery Cleared Up By Confession

Passage of a forged check at the Peoples Cash store last Saturday for the sum of \$5 was cleared up by Officer Morelock Monday evening when he recognized the hand writing of Lloyd Zachary, inmate at the state reform school, and was able to get a confession from the boy. Brought in the store from the training school, Zachary was identified by a woman clerk as the man who passed the check.

Zachary, with E. Stikney, were permitted to leave the training school last Saturday to spend Easter Sunday with their folks. Zachary was "set up" for forgery, and although denying it at first he admitted that he wrote this bogus check to "get some easy money."

Council Has Full Roster Once Again

With John B. Geisey, elected to succeed Councilman Weist from ward 4, in his chair for the first meeting; and with the election by the council last night and his confirmation of George Wenderworth to serve the people in ward 5, and the election of O. L. Fisher, to ward 3, the city council is again intact with a complete roster. Vacancies recently created with the re-establishment of ward boundaries in the city were filled; and further upheaval in the council, that a month ago stirred the attention of every citizen in the city, seems, for the time at least, ended.

Wenderworth was elected by unanimous vote of the council following the reading of a petition signed by residents in ward 5, and a resolution passed by the North Salem Improvement association endorsing him. A petition asking the appointment of Mr. Fisher to the post on the council from ward 5 was also submitted.

Spur Franchise Vetoed. A volume of business concerning the improvements of streets in the city occupied the attention of the council last night. The ordinance proposing a method of payment of increased salaries to members of the police and fire departments was read and referred to the ordinance committee for action. Perhaps the most important action the council took was in supporting a vote of Mayor Wilson to a franchise for the Standard Oil company to construct a railroad spur along Leslie street to its station. The mayor based his veto on contention that the franchise, if granted, would retard future development in that vicinity; and declared that if a spur were constructed there that it should be possible to other concerns having occasion to use it. He said he was not opposed to granting the franchise to the Southern Pacific railroad company, because that would not curtail the right of franchise to one company.

Russian Troops Incited Attack Upon Vladivostok

Washington, April 6.—The Japanese attack on Vladivostok which gave them control of the city resulted from "threatened and aggressive acts of a portion of the Russian army," according to an official dispatch from the Japanese war department received today by Major General Kazutsugu Inouye, the Japanese military attaché here.

The dispatch said the Japanese commander, after disarming the Russians issued a proclamation that his action had no motive other than to maintain order. It was added that the Russian authorities were "now being negotiated with in an endeavor to arrive at a harmonious future policy."

The dispatch said that the battle between the Japanese and Russian army at Nikolai and Khabarovsk was continuing. This battle was said to have been forced "by the sudden aggressive action of the Russian army."

Truck Drivers Of Astoria Demand Advance In Wage

Astoria, Or., Apr. 6.—Motor truck drivers employed by Clatsop county and those employed by the larger transfer and draying companies here, went on strike today following a vote taken last night by union voters. The only motor truck in operation in Astoria today are those being operated by owners individually, and by a few concerns who operate only one or two trucks, according to union officials.

The men are demanding an increase in wages of one dollar a day.

Many Improvements Proposed

Some of the street improvements proposed last night were: lower and re-establish grade on High street, north of Union; pave North 16th street, between D and Market streets; pave Trade street, between High and Church streets; pave North Summer, between Market and the Fairgrounds road; pave Fourth street between Belmont and Pine streets; and also open Fourth street from North Mill creek, across the old woolen mill site to connect up with North Fourth street at Belmont street; pave Lincoln street, between Commercial and High streets; pave North 12th street, between Union and Union streets; pave Division street, between Water and Front streets.

The "whites" of Hungary are having huge bonfires of books. Public and private libraries are stripped of the works of Marx, Babel, and Jaures in an effort to exterminate their ideas. The "whites" appear to be as stupid as the "reds."

Auto Thieves are Caught by Clever Automobile Man

Running a "bluff" that he was a detective on their trail, J. H. Graham, president of the J. H. Graham Motors company of Portland, and with the aid of Halley Doe, proprietor of the Fairgrounds store, Monday evening arrested three auto thieves here and recovered a large auto belonging to Dudley Clark of Portland. The thieves, Harry Evans, 29, of Portland, Jack Wellner, 29, and Seattle, and Earl Townsend, 24, of Hillsboro, are being held in the city jail here pending the arrival of officers from Portland to return them there to answer to the charge of auto theft.

Graham Starts Hunt. Dudley Clark, an employee of Mr. Graham's, reported to Portland police Sunday night that his auto was stolen. Monday morning Mr. Graham, who was going to drive to Salem, believing that he might encounter the thieves on route, got his revolver. He forgot the weapon, however, and left it at his office.

When he drove into Salem Monday evening he saw the stolen auto standing in front of the Fairgrounds store. Recognizing it, and determined to capture the thieves, he alighted from his own car, and approaching the other one he jerked back the curtains and commanded:

"Throw up your hands! There are too darn many auto thieves, and I'm getting pretty tired of it!" He reached in his hip pocket where a six-inch pliers serenely reposed. The trio threw up their hands; but as Mr. Graham was preparing to force them to drive the auto into town, Wellner leaped from the car and ran. Realizing the predicament, and believing that Mr. Graham was an officer after the boys, Halley Doe, grasping a club, started in pursuit. Although Wellner had a block start, Doe captured him in three blocks, witnesses declare.

Meanwhile a woman in the store notified police and Chief Welsh aid Officer Rowe drove to the store. They handcuffed the trio and brought them to jail.

Murder Verdict Is Sustained by Supreme Court

The verdict of the Klamath county circuit court by which William Holbrook and J. E. Paddock were sentenced to serve from one to fifteen years in the state prison for the murder of O. T. McKendree is affirmed in an opinion written by Justice Burnett and handed down by the Oregon supreme court this morning.

McKendree, who was a large sheep owner in Klamath county, was killed in April, 1918, while engaged in a controversy with Holbrook and Paddock, an employee of Holbrook, over the right to the grazing land in the Dry Prairie country. Holbrook and Paddock pleaded self-defense, asserting that McKendree had threatened violence. The jury, however, found them guilty of murder in the second degree and Judge D. V. Kuykendall passed the sentence which is affirmed by the opinion of the supreme court today.

Other opinions were handed down as follows: In the matter of the estate of J. T. Frizzell, appeal from Marion county; proceeding by widow on behalf of herself and minor child to have an exempt homestead consisting of house and lot in Salem set aside a her own individual property and to have allowance set aside to her in addition to the one of \$100 per month for the first year after death of her husband. Opinion by Justice Bennett. Judge George G. Bingham affirmed.

Clatsop county, appellant, for the use and benefit of Frye & company, vs. Fidelity & Deposit company of Maryland et al, appeal from Multnomah county; an action instituted by Clatsop county for benefit of Frye & company on bond guaranteeing performance of contract for construction of part of Columbia highway. Opinion by Justice Bean. Judge George W. Stapleton reversed.

J. Lesser and S. G. Lubliner vs. M. Pailay, appellant; appeal from Multnomah county; suit to enforce award of arbitration. Opinion by Justice Benson. Judge C. U. Gantenbein affirmed.

Petition for rehearing denied in Reed vs. Hollisted.

It is being suggested in several quarters that Chinese coolie labor be imported into the United States to stabilize the mining industry. "I am strongly opposed to any importation into America of coolie labor," says Herbert Hoover. "It would involve an undesirable mixture of races. The Chinese can never be assimilated with the American people."

Census Figures

Washington, April 6.—Population statistics announced today by the census bureau included:

- Vinita, Okla., 4,861, increase 976 or 21.5 percent. Logan, Utah, 9,439, increase 1,917 or 25.5 percent. Grand Junction, Colo., 8,685, increase 911 or 11.7 percent. Albany, Ga., 11,555, increase 3,265 or 41.1 percent. Carrick, Pa., 10,504, increase 4,287 or 71.7 percent.

German Advance In Ruhr Region Continued Today

Essen, April 6.—Reichwehr forces marched into Essen from two sides of the town this morning.

Berlin, April 6.—The progress of the German troops into the Ruhr region was chronicled in the following official statement issued today:

"The action of the police forces in the industrial region is proceeding according to plan. Regular troops are present north of Bottrop, Westphalia which has not yet been occupied. The clearing action is also progressing east of Dortmund, which the first detachment has just entered and where it advanced against considerably stronger detachments of red guards on the Leunen-Kamen mts. In the Hoerde district the Wickede railway station has been stormed by red guards, as were also the Admiral and Gluckauf mines.

"Considerable plundering occurred in Dortmund. At Essen the Krupp provision department was robbed."

Wilson Asked to Express Opinion As to Occupation

Washington, April 6.—The French government through Ambassador Jusserand has asked for an expression of opinion by President Wilson as to the French occupation of cities in the neutral zone beyond the Rhine. It was learned today that the French ambassador presented a statement of the French position to Secretary Colby yesterday and asked that it be communicated to the president.

Presumably this was the communication referred to in recent press dispatches from Paris as having been sent to the American, British and Italian governments.

At the state department today it was said that the United States had made no statement with regard to the advance of the French forces and that it was unlikely that any would be made for the present at least. The position of the American government was described as that of merely an interested spectator.

Officials said Great Britain and Italy had taken the same view as the United States, that there was no objection to the movement of German troops into the Ruhr district to quell disturbances there provided they were withdrawn as soon as normal conditions had been restored.

Japanese Offer To Withdraw All Troops In Siberia

Honolulu, T. H., April 6.—(By The Associated Press)—Cable advices received here today from Tokio by the Nippu Jiji, a Japanese language newspaper, state that Minister of War Tanaka has dispatched a note to the soviet revolutionary government at Vladivostok saying that Japan will immediately withdraw her troops from Siberia if the Russian revolutionists will settle the unrest in Vladivostok.

General OI, commanding the Japanese troops, has informed the soviet revolutionists, the cable stated, that the troops would be withdrawn if the Russians would restrict the movement of Koreans to Siberia and guard the railroads. No time for the withdrawal of the Japanese was announced.

Do you know any simple home remedies?

Frankfort and Darmstadt Entered Without Violence Under Instructions of Foch

Mayence, April 6.—French troops entered Frankfort at 5 o'clock this morning, finding a small German force, left there to afford protection for the people. The occupation of the city was a mere military march and was not attended by any fighting. Darmstadt was entered shortly afterward by French forces. The German government garrison of that city had left at midnight to avoid contact with the French and this morning was six miles east of the city.

General DeBoutte has issued a proclamation to the cities and towns within the area to be occupied, declaring French troops have crossed the Rhine to compel the Berlin government to respect its agreement with the allies and asserting there is no hostile intent toward the people of that region.

Occupation Temporary. The proclamation says the French troops will withdraw as soon as the German forces have evacuated the neutral zone, and declares no one will be affected by the presence of the French as long as order is maintained. The proclamation makes the following provisions for public order:

Frankfort, Darmstadt, Offenbach, Hochstadt, Koenigstein and Bieburg, as well as all towns and districts within the circle of Gross Gerau, Lang Schwalbach and Wiesbaden, with the exception of Biebrich, are declared under a state of siege.

German authorities and public service will continue to function under French officials and strikes will not be tolerated.

People are temporarily forbidden to circulate in the various communities from 9 o'clock at night until 5 in the morning.

Newspapers Suspend. More than five persons must not collect in streets or in private or public meetings without authorization.

Newspapers are temporarily suspended and permission must be given to use the telephone and telegraph. Postal censorship is temporarily established, wireless installations must be dismantled and the use of carrier pigeons is forbidden.

All arms and grenades must be deposited in city halls within six hours after the posting of the proclamation but regular police will be allowed to retain sabers and revolvers. Safety guards must disarm.

Any infraction of these rules will result in court martial.

"The general commanding the army of the Rhine," the proclamation concludes, "counts on the public powers and the population to understand the necessity for the above measures and hopes repression will not be necessary."

Foch Orders Advance. Paris, April 6.—French soldiers today occupy the German cities of Frankfort on Main and Darmstadt, 16 miles south. Forces commanded by General De Goutte, which have been holding the Mayence bridgehead, were ordered forward by Marshal Foch following the efforts on the part of the French government yesterday to induce the Berlin government to withdraw its forces from the neutral zone along eastern bank of the Rhine, where they had been ordered to disperse communistic units that for the past fortnight have conducted a revolt in the Ruhr valley.

Stirring scenes at Mayence yesterday as described by Henry Bidot, military critic of the Journal Des Debats, in a telegram to his paper. He says that during the afternoon troops' activity began and soon auto trucks and field kitchens began moving eastward, accompanied by Moroccan troops with machine guns.

Chief interest in the situation as evidenced by newspapers here is whether the allies will support France and to what extent. This query was put to Premier Millerand by the Echo De Paris last night, the premier answering:

"England was victorious and so was France. I am confident everything will work out perfectly."

Germany Must Pay Claim. Asked who would pay the expense incident to occupation, M. Millerand replied:

"Why, Germany, obviously, since it was she that by her acts obliged us to resort to coercion."

Occupation of Frankfort, Darmstadt and other German cities in the neutral zone is generally endorsed by Journals of all shades of political opinion. It is recognized the operation will be risky and burdensome but unavoidable in view of the tendencies of the German government. Critics of the premier, however, deplore the

(Continued on page two)

LATE BULLETINS

Paris, April 6.—Up to noon today the French government had not received a reply from Great Britain and Italy to its notification to them of the occupation of Frankfort, Darmstadt and other German cities in the Rhineland.

Washington, April 6.—The senate naval committee today voted to establish an extensive deep water naval base on San Francisco bay, and authorizes the appointment of a naval commission to decide on a site and submit plans and recommendations by October 1, 1920.

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