

Oregon: Tonight and Sunday fair except probably showers southwest; moderate easterly winds.

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WOMAN DECLARES MARCHERS BROKE RANKS AND RUSHED I. W. W. HALL AT TIME OF ARMISTICE DAY SHOOTING

Witness In Trial Of Alleged Radicals For Murder Of Grimm Testifies She Saw Legion Men Batter Down Door; Admits She Hopes For Acquittal Defendants.

Montesano, Wash., Feb. 28.—Mrs. May Sherman, Tacoma, formerly of Centralia, told the jury in the murder trial of ten alleged I. W. W. here today that she saw uniformed men break ranks during the Armistice Day parade and rush the I. W. W. hall. She saw the door of the hall smashed in, she testified, and heard some shots, but she did not know whether the shooting occurred before or after the hall was rushed.

She saw one wounded man run by the hall, holding his hands to his stomach, she said. He was a large man. She could not describe him further, except to say that he wore a soldier's overcoat.

On cross-examination Mrs. Sherman admitted that a Mr. Bland had talked with her relative to becoming a defense witness. She also said she knew Wesley Everest, I. W. W. organizer who was lynched in Centralia on the night of the shooting. She had lived in the Queen lodging house in Centralia and met Everest there, she testified. She said if more than one had been wounded she would have seen him.

Favors Defendants. In Centralia Mrs. Sherman was known as Bertha Hope, she said. She had been employed at a cannery in Clatskanie. Asked if she had conversed with a woman in the corridor of the court house yesterday, Mrs. Sherman said she had, but she did not remember much of the conversation. Asked if she had said during the conversation in effect, "We will have evidence to meet anything they bring up," she said she might have made such a remark, but that she did not remember it at that time.

"You feel that you want to help out the defendants, do you? Is that your frame of mind?" asked Special Prosecutor W. H. Abel.

"Yes," replied the witness.

On direct examination Mrs. Sherman said she wished to help the defense because she did not think a majority of the men on trial were guilty. She could not testify definitely whether the shooting or alleged raiding started first.

Second Witness Heard. John Meaden, tailor, Centralia, was the second witness called by the defense in an attempt to prove an overt act on the part of Warren O. Grimm for whose murder the ten men are being tried.

Meaden in company with Amen Shure, followed the parade north on Third avenue as far as Second street. He saw Grimm, wounded, behind two As Hilly confectionery stores, at the corner of Second and Tower, and he saw a physician attending him, he said.

At that time he did not know it was Grimm who was wounded, he testified.

On cross-examination Meaden declared he did not hear any shooting until his friend called his attention to it. He heard breaking glass in front of the I. W. W. hall, he said. Asked about a board he had made in the office of C. D. Cunningham, special prosecutor, in the latter's office in Centralia, to the effect that he heard no shooting at all, Meaden said that that statement was true then, that it was true now.

Reverts Judge's Smiles. Just before Mrs. Sherman was excused defense counsel turned to Judge Wilson and objected to a smile that had passed over the judicial countenance. "Your honor has a way of smiling at times during our testimony," Vanderveer complained. Judge Wilson complained. Judge Wilson said that the smile, if there was one, was not intended and had no relation to the testimony.

State counsel asked Mrs. Sherman if she knew Eugene Plitzer, Chehalis, who was wounded in the arm before the I. W. W. hall, the witness answering in the negative.

Forest Campbell, 19, Centralia, cannery maker, testified that he and Fred Ellis, a bin boy, were at the north-west corner of Tower avenue and Second street when the turmoil began and that he saw the marchers break ranks and rush toward the hall.

"Arthur McElfresh was near the door of the I. W. W. hall," Campbell said. "I think he was one of the first to smash the door in." Before the

PEOPLE WHO KNEW HOOVER

Older Salem Residents Remember Now Prominent Man as Unassuming Boy.

"Bert." Not "Herbert" or "Mister," but just Bert. That is the name by which one of the nation's looming personalities is known to older Salem residents. "Bert Hoover? Yes, I knew him when he just a youngster." And so the story runs. And another thing about it is that all of them—all of the older residents "who knew Hoover" nearly a third of a century ago, have a good word to say for "Bert."

"I lived just across the street from the Minthorn's for several years, says W. A. Alderman, veteran resident. "Bert stayed with his uncle, Dr. Minthorn in what was then the 'big house' on the corner of Hazel and Highland avenues."

Hoover "Just Boy." Mr. Alderman says that "Bert" was more serious than many other boys of 12 to 16, but that he was "just boy" in many ways. The elder Salem residents has one story on "Bert" which he mentions just to prove his statement.

One of "Bert's" chores was to take care of the family cow. One night, Dr. Minthorn, came home some time after "Bert" had retired and discovered that the cow had not been attended to. Immediately "Bert" was aroused and "Bessie" was taken care of at once. "The only time I can recall that Bert was ever lax in any of the multitude of boyish tasks that were his share," says the narrator. "Many a night I have called on Dr. Minthorn, and 'Bert' was always working over his books. He is one of the few lads whom I can recall as being eternally anxious to build himself up. He was encouraged by Dr. Minthorn to be self-supporting and to fight his own battles."

Liked by Everyone. In further comment concerning Herbert Hoover's boyhood, Mr. Alderman says that he was well liked by every one who knew him. On the other hand, he is remembered as being a serious young man. Alderman cannot remember that he ever heard "Bert" crack a joke. "He was in dead earnest about everything he tackled, and even as a boy, exhibited a hearty dislike toward irreligious or trivial matters."

The Capital Journal will continue these "Hoover Sketches from day to day."

Portland, Or., Feb. 28.—Organization of the operating and traffic forces of the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railway system, including the Oregon Electric, Oregon Trunk and United Railways lines, was announced Friday upon the arrival from Seattle of L. C. Gilman, who will on March 1 return to the presidency of the system.

During the period of federal control Mr. Gilman has been district director of Oregon and Washington for the United States railroad administration and W. F. Turner has been serving as president of the S. P. & S. system. Turner will resume the vice-presidency and controllership, but his appointment will not be announced until his return from the east probably.

A. J. Davidson, federal manager during the federal control, to the offices of general manager of the system. Carey and Kerr, reappointed general counsel.

W. D. Skinner to continue as general traffic manager.

Others to continue in service are J. C. Davies, right of way agent; H. K. Relf, general claim agent; W. C. Smith, tax agent; J. A. Dundon, chief special agent.

Excitement prevails at German seaports as the time approaches for delivery of the last German commercial ships, and several unions have appealed to the government, advocating the retention of the boats. It is pointed out that reconstruction of the industry may be impossible and that new disturbances in the labor market are inevitable.

Hoover's Name To Appear On Both Michigan States

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 28.—The names of Herbert Hoover, Major General Leonard Wood and Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer were added today to the list of those who will appear on the presidential preference primary ballot in Michigan April 5. Petitions were received by the secretary of state to place Hoover and Wood on the republican ballot and Palmer on the democratic ticket.

Hoover's name probably will appear on both republican and democratic tickets. He lacks less than twenty signatures to qualify for a place on the democratic ballot and these, it is understood will be filled before Monday noon when the nominations will close.

Negro's Language sends Him To Jail

H. A. Bost, colored man, will spend ten days in the city jail for calling Mrs. R. C. Cook proprietress of the Blue Bird Cafe, vile names as a result of a decision of Police Judge Earl Race Saturday morning.

Bost was found guilty by a jury in municipal court Friday and the pronouncement of sentence was postponed until 10 a. m. Saturday. He was fined \$20 and sentenced to 10 days in jail, and accepted the latter penalty.

H. H. Pomeroy, special investigator of the state fire marshal's office, has returned from a trip into Eastern Oregon. It is understood that a suspicious case will be placed before an Eastern Oregon grand jury.

FORMER MEXICAN CONSUL FROM U.S. SHOT BY BANDITS

Augustus Morrill Attacked and Wounded Twice While Enroute from Colima to Hacienda El Balcon

Washington, Feb. 28.—Augustus Morrill, formerly American consul at Manzanillo, Mexico, was killed by Mexican bandits February 26.

The present consul at Manzanillo, in reporting he killing to the state department, said Morrill was attacked while on his way to the Hacienda El Balcon, three miles from Colima, where he lived, and that in a fusillade of pistol shots received two wounds.

The American embassy at Mexico City has been instructed to make urgent representations to the Mexican government looking to the arrest and punishment of the murderers and the American consulate at Manzanillo has been instructed to make similar representations to the local Mexican authorities.

Mr. Morrill's widow, who is 30 years old, lives at Colima. He also is survived by several children who live at San Francisco, Oakland and San Rafael, Cal. He was appointed vice-consul of the United States at Manzanillo January 26, 1919, and was made consul at the same place August 5, 1921.

Mr. Morrill was 38 years old and retired from the consular service in 1911.

Hogarty Reported Safe. Washington, Feb. 28.—Barry Hogarty, an American citizen, who was reported kidnapped by Mexican bandits February 23, returned to his home safe and well February 24, the state department was advised today by the American consul at Horrocon. He is superintendent of the American Metal company at Mapimi.

EIGHTEEN KINGS OF SPEED TRACKS HOP OFF AT LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 28.—A clear morning with the sun often showing from behind fleecy clouds, indicated that the twice postponed opening races at the new Los Angeles speed way would be run today at 2 o'clock. The speedway management said last night that only a severe downpour at the actual hour set would now postpone the meet and the indications were that the weather would be entirely favorable.

Eighteen entrants who in practice heats have all attained speed in excess of 100 miles an hour were to compete for the \$25,000 prize money, of which \$10,000 goes to the winner. Early reports from the speedway were that trains and automobiles were beginning to bring a crowd which officials estimated would exceed 50,000 people when the flag falls for the start.

Those starting were: Driver Car Car No. Jimmy Murphy, Deussenberg 10 Ralph Mulford, Meteor 12 Tommy Milton, Deussenberg 9 O. J. Thomas, Frontenac 3 Roscoe Saries, Frontenac 5 Joe Boyer, Frontenac 7 Ralph DePalma, Ballot 15 Ken Goodson, Frontenac 5 Reeve Dutton, Stutz 29 Art Klein, Peugeot 27 Eddie Pullen, Richards 27 Cliff Durant, Chevrolet 2 Eddie Hears, Chevrolet 4 Ira Vail, Philbrick 25 Bennett Hill, White 17 John DePalma, Mercedes 17 Eddie O'Donnell, Hudson 15 Waldo Stein, Oldfield 28

Violators Of Dry Law To Feel Heavy Hand Of Authority

Washington, Feb. 28.—All persons found violating the federal prohibition enforcement act will be proceeded against to the "limit of the law" irrespective of any state statutes legalizing the sale of liquors, it was announced today by the Commissioner Roper of the internal revenue bureau.

Mr. Roper's ruling resulted from the bill now pending before the New Jersey legislature legalizing the sale and manufacture of beer containing 3 1/2 per cent alcohol.

There were four fatalities all in the logging industry, among the 345 accidents reported to the state industrial accident commission for the week ending February 26. Of the accidents reported 312 were subject to the provisions of the compensation act, 19 were from firms and corporations that have rejected the provisions of the compensation act and 14 were from public utility corporations not subject to the provisions of the act.

Daring Aviator Tells of Reaching Record Height and Fall of Five Miles

Dayton, O., Feb. 28.—Major R. W. Schroeder, chief test pilot at McCook field who yesterday fell more than five miles in two minutes after shattering the world's altitude record, miraculously escaping death, lies today in the army post hospital near here, recovering from partial blindness, and determined to make another ascent into the heavens at the first opportunity.

Major Schroeder climbed yesterday to a height of 36,020 feet, then plunged downward more than five miles when he lost control of his machine after his oxygen supply was exhausted. While still 2,000 feet above the ground the aviator righted the plane, and sailed down to make a graceful landing on McCook field.

When attendants rushed to the machine they found him sitting erect in the plane, blinded and unconscious. His eyeballs had been frozen, the temperature at the height to which he has ascended being 67 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit.

Tells Of Climb. At the hospital last night Major Schroeder told of the climb to heights never before attained, of his battle against the cold, wind and lack of air, and of his determination to mount 10,000 feet above the ground, his objective when he took the air yesterday.

"I was thinking only of my desire to climb forty thousand feet when suddenly my oxygen stopped flowing," he said. "Then, all at once it seemed that an explosion took place inside my head. My eyes hurt so that I could not open them and I knew I was falling. I guess I pulled hard on the stick, for I knew I must straighten out for a glide. The plane rode easy. I opened my eyes but could see nothing of the ground. Then I closed my eyes again for a moment and when I opened them saw Wilbur Wright field. I knew I couldn't land there because of the hangars and tilted my machine for a climb, intending to make sure of a good altitude and then jump with my parachute. But at that instant I saw McCook field and came down."

Major Schroeder took the air yesterday forenoon. He climbed above the clouds, but the exhaust gas from his plane freezing in the field temperature, caused a cloud-like formation to hang in the sky. As the plane was not visible from the earth thousands of Dayton citizens believed it to be the tail of a comet.

Thousands Saw Fall. Some witnesses inclined to the belief that a strange body was coming with a message from Mars. Professor William Beck, astronomer at St. Mary's College observed the airplane through a telescope, however.

Thousands saw the machine appear, a mere black speck against the larger, leaving a long white tail sky. They saw it become larger and in its wake as it fell, when the machine was about 2,000 feet above the ground the watchers saw the machine suddenly righted. It was at this time that Major Schroeder pulled the control stick.

The instruments on Major Schroeder's machine tell the story of his fight against the elements as he climbed upward. His thermometer recorded a temperature of 67 degrees below zero. The barograph reading indicated an altitude of 37,000 feet and when calibrated by Captain Harrison W. Fickinger, showed an official altitude of 36,020 feet, a new world's record, and a variation of less than 1,000 feet.

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Editor Of Labor Paper To Address Library Meeting

Representative Eugene E. Smith will speak from the public library platform next Wednesday evening on "Industrial Relations—Some Basic Principles." As an official of organized labor on the Pacific Coast, and as editor of Labor Opinion, Mr. Smith has well-defined ideas on the industrial questions that compel attention now. It was his good fortune to visit the National Industrial Conference during its three-weeks session in Washington early in the winter.

This is the fifth number on the library lecture course. The lecture recital which was postponed last Wednesday evening because of the illness of Miss Mary Alice Holman will be given in the near future. It is hoped, announcement of the date will be made later.

Girl's And Teachers Manufacture Wine And Are Dismissed

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Four students and two teachers at Kemper Hall, an exclusive school for young women at Kenosha, Wis., were expelled Thursday "for flagrant violation" of school discipline, it became known today. Rev. Alfred Griffin, rector, would not discuss the dismissal but students reported the girls and teachers were drunk making raisin wine.

Dr. Griffin declined to discuss the "moonshining" reports and denied a report the girls had been gambling with dice.

Canned goods will be in strong demand this year in the opinion of C. E. Wilcox, manager of a large grocery firm.

WILSON'S COURSE IN ADRIATIC NOTE TANGLE SCORED

President's Policy is Bitterly Criticized on Senate Floor by Kellogg; Allied Replies to Get Early Answer

Washington, Feb. 28.—The president's course in the Adriatic matter was criticized today in the senate during the first debate on the subject. Senator Kellogg, republican, Minnesota, one of the mild reservation republicans who has been working for ratification of the treaty, took the lead in the attack and he was joined by the treaty's irreconcilable foes.

Senator Kellogg said the president without justification had "undertaken to dictate absolutely" an Adriatic settlement. He added that the development was "discouraging" to friends of the peace treaty. The senator said he did not know "why Italy should not defend herself."

Says Wilson Justified. "My position is that it is none of our business," he continued. "I do not believe the president is justified in attempting to dictate an adjustment. If we're going to dictate in that way before we have any treaty at all, what are we going to get into, until we have an adequate reservation to article X after the treaty is ratified?"

Quoting from the president references to self determination in his recent notes to the allied premiers, Senator Kellogg asserted that in many cases territory was "parceled out" at Versailles without regard to the people interested.

Replying to Senator Kellogg, Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska declared that attacks on the president for failing to carry out all of his proposals for self determination came with poor grace from republican senators who had tried to discredit him during the negotiations.

Reply to Be Made Soon. Washington, Feb. 28.—The British and French premiers reply to President Wilson on the Adriatic question was read today by the president and he is expected to send his reply early next week.

Officials were not disposed to discuss the latest note from London but it was said that the withdrawal of the agreement of December 9, pending an attempt by Italy and Jugo-Slavia to reach a satisfactory agreement among themselves as proposed by the premiers could have little effect on the ultimate outcome of the negotiations.

The principle enunciated in that agreement will remain the same, it was explained, and the American government will continue to adhere to its original position that a settlement to which Jugo-Slavia objected was not to be forced on that country.

Railway Strike In Panama Is Broken

Panama, Feb. 28.—Indications early today were that the strike of approximately 15,000 maintenance of way workers in the Panama canal zone was over for the time being at least. It was announced by British Minister Bennett that the leaders of the striking union members had accepted his offer to act as mediator between the men and Governor Harding of the canal zone and the war department in Washington, and that the men meantime had agreed to return to work at noon today. The great majority of the strikers are West Indians largely from British possessions.

Rain Predicted For Coast During Week

Washington, Feb. 28.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Monday are: Northern Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions: Snow first of week and again about Friday with temperature about normal. Frequent temperature alterations up and down.

Pacific states indications point to a short period of rain about Wednesday and again Saturday; normal temperatures.

There will be a recount in several districts just outside Medford, according to Census Enumerator Crawford.

WHO KNEW HOOVER?

During the period 1883 to 1891, Herbert Hoover spent his boyhood in Salem and Newberg. When he first came to Oregon, he was about nine years of age and the greater portion of the eight years of Hoover's Oregon residence was spent in this city.

The Capital Journal will publish reminiscences of Hoover's boyhood, submitted by Journal readers. Those who remember him as a young man and as a boy, are invited to furnish the Journal with any interesting biographical bits of general interest.

Undoubtedly, the boyhood of this man, who is now in the foremost ranks of internationally known personalities, was replete with character indications which should be made public, not for purposes of partisanship or propaganda, but from the viewpoint of specific interest.

The older residents of the city who came into contact with Hoover are invited to take part in this work. Articles may be submitted in the writer's own style, or if difficulty is experienced in composing the story, phone the Capital Journal and a member of the reportorial staff will aid you.

DEMOCRATS ASKED TO SIGN HOOVER NOMINATING PETITIONS

Petitions have been sent to the Capital Journal office and can be signed there to place Herbert Hoover's name upon the primary ballot as a democratic candidate for president.

The fact that Hoover has refused to state his party allegiance does not prevent the people of either or both parties from nominating him against the wishes of the politicians, and his own wishes. It is a case of the job seeking man.

Only registered democrats are eligible to sign these petitions, but if any republican will get out similar petitions to nominate Hoover, the Capital Journal will render similar aid in securing signatures.

It is up to the people to beat the politicians to it and name the next president. If you are a democrat, sign this petition. If you are a republican, get out a petition of your own.