

French to Copy U. S. Bathrooms For Peace Epoch

By Dudley Ann Harmon
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris (UP)—Frenchmen, whose primitive bathrooms have bothered thousands of prewar American tourists, are dreaming of post-war houses which will feature new-fangled American gadgets such as plumbing that really works.

With more than a million French homes destroyed or damaged by bombing, a mission soon will visit the United States to study our bathrooms, kitchens and prefabricated houses.

How the Frenchman will pay for such features when a workman in his own country who earns \$80 a month is considered highly paid, is a question yet unanswered.

Will Import Units

Urban Cassan, architect and member of the newly formed ministry of reconstruction, said flatly that France will not be able to pay for importation of prefabricated houses on a large scale.

"It will take all the money we earn to pay for such vital imports as coal and gasoline," he said. "But we do hope to be able to import such features as bathroom units from America, while building the houses themselves from materials in France."

He hoped the ministry would decide against using prefabricated houses except in extreme emergencies "because they are ugly and apt to remain long past the emergency." He said in the Ardennes people still were living in barracks left over from the last war.

To Keep Exterior Charm

An attempt will be made to retain original charm of villages which have been bombed and which will be rebuilt, at the same time keeping their interiors modern.

"A young generation of French is growing up which has become accustomed to cleanliness through sports programs and stadiums with showers," he said.

Thousands of refugees have entered into a sort of communal life with other families because shortages of materials prevent building of emergency barracks, but Cassan hoped some chateaux would be acquired for house refugees.

He said a survey showed that French peasants would welcome central heating—rare in France—but only if they kept their big fireplaces, before which they dry their clothing after working in the fields. Through thrift, or lack of money, usually a French peasant has only a single change of clothing.

Coming to Bend for June 7 Show



War bonds in action as medical aid men of an infantry unit go to the rescue of an infantryman "wounded" in a barbed wire entanglement. Simulating a wounded man in the "Here's Your Infantry" demonstration is Staff Sgt. George R. Harrison, of Toledo, Ohio, who holds the bronze star medal and cluster. Administering first aid is Technical Sgt. Virgil C. Thompson, of Decatur, Ill., who holds the bronze star medal, purple heart and various citations. Crawling up through the smoke is Staff Sgt. Joseph Deddoor, of Poplar, Mont., who holds the silver star for gallantry in action, purple heart and other badges. "Here's Your Infantry" will be in Bend on June 7, at the Lava Bear field.

Troops Welcome Frozen Foods in Distant Burma

By Jack Guinn
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Calcutta, India (UP)—After more than a year of planning, hard work and disappointments, American troops in the China-Burma-India theater are now beginning to receive a better variety of food, frozen and flown to them even at the front lines and including that only dreamed of American delicacy—good American ice cream.

First major accomplishment was the delivery to the Americans at Myitkya in North Burma of a plane load of frozen chicken and ice cream, sped to them from the freezing plants in Calcutta, nearly 1,000 miles away. It was the first fresh chicken and ice cream the troops had eaten throughout their long campaign there.

The idea of moving frozen foods by plane and by rail in the theater belongs to Lt. Col. A. M. O'Dell of Bellevue, Neb., commanding officer of General Depot No. 2 at Calcutta, who had been helped in most of his planning and work by Maj. M. C. Coop of Abilene, Tex., depot veterinarian.

Army Runs Ice Plant

Col. O'Dell and Maj. Coop have now spread out in their fields of food operations and have gone into the hog and chicken business, plus the seemingly far-fetched GI

Venezuela Voice



(NEA Telephoto)
Caracciolo Parra-Perez, Venezuela's minister of foreign affairs and chairman of his country's delegation to UNCTO, sketched by NEA artist Rafael Freyre at San Francisco Conference.

profession of large-scale salt water fishing. Besides that, they have installed the first puffed rice plant in India's history.

Very shortly, American troops in the theater will begin to receive, in rotation, ice cream and frozen chicken, ham, beef and fish, shipped in planes under what is called "inherent refrigeration"—in which the low temperature is maintained by insulation only—and by rail in cars cooled with dry ice, for which the army has taken over three idle dry ice plants in India.

Fatten Own Pigs

Under the program, as Col. O'Dell explained it, the army does not take a thing from the Indian population. The army uses its own garbage to fatten the scrawny,

razor-backed native Indian pigs, which heretofore have managed to survive solely by their wits. The American army increases the production of hogs, through its cooperative program, and takes only that increase. The same principle is applied to all projects. The army takes only that amount by which it increases the Indian production.

Everything is utilized in the program to set up a more varied menu for the American troops, most of whom have been away from home so long they can't remember just exactly what it was that mother used to cook. In the production of ice cream, for instance, the milk used for its manufacture is milk taken off ships in containers which probably could not survive shipment to more distant parts of the theater. If this milk were not used to make ice cream, it would be wasted entirely, Maj. Coop said.

As for the actual manufacture, an Indian plant is used 12 hours a day—the 12 hours a day it wasn't being used before. American troops supervise the manufacture and turn out 1,000 gallons a day.

Five fishing boats, two of them 55-foot motor launches, have been secured for the army's fishing venture, which Maj. Coop said will eventually net 60 tons a week. Fresh fish, frozen and flown to GI's deep in the jungle, will be a welcome addition to the menu. Heretofore, about the only fresh fish eaten by jungle fighters were those that were retrieved from a stream after somebody had tossed in a hand grenade.

The amount of frozen beef that will be shipped out to the troops will depend on the amount that is

to be shipped into India, Col. O'Dell said.

There was a long record of trial and error and experimenting in the shipment of frozen foods by plane, Col. O'Dell said, but it was finally discovered that foods could be frozen, then packed in kapok-lined containers in a plane padded with kapok "blankets" and shipped many hours away without thawing.

The methods for getting better foods to American troops are now being polished up; the problems now, Col. O'Dell said, are to increase production and increase the number of times each American unit gets its share.

Mrs. Anna Schnur, 70, Dies in Bend

Mrs. Anna Helen Schnur, 70, a native of Austria and resident of Bend for six years, died last night at the home of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph G. Mack, 846 South Third street. The funeral will be held at 2 p. m. Saturday in the Niswonger and Winslow funeral chapel, with Rev. G. R. V. Bolster officiating. Burial is to be in Greenwood cemetery.

Mrs. Schnur is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Mack and Mrs. Robert K. Innes of Bend; two sons, Paul Schnur of San Francisco, and Maj. James J. Schnur, now in Borneo, and four grandchildren.

FOUR LOSE LIVES PORT ALBERNI, B. C., May 28 (BUP)—The cause of an explosion that wrecked the 35-foot Seattle beam trawler "Summit" and took four lives a week ago remained a mystery today.

Tokyo's Big Edifices Modern; Lesson Taught By Earthquake

Washington, D. C. — Modern steel and concrete business buildings and apartment houses rise near "matchbox" areas of unpainted wooden and bamboo dwellings in Tokyo, world's third largest city now being bombed by Superfortresses.

The strikingly new and western appearance of Tokyo's principal districts is the result of the 1923 earthquake and fire which destroyed nearly half the city, says the National Geographic society. Reconstruction work was done with materials and architectural styles which the Japanese hoped would withstand future earthquakes.

More than half the houses, however, are only one-story high, and most of them are inflammable. They are queer mixtures of Japanese tradition and twentieth century conveniences. Electric lights and radios are common in rooms furnished oriental-style, with mats on the wooden floors substituting for chairs and beds.

In the early part of the last decade Tokyo enlarged its boundaries to take in 82 suburban villages. Now its estimated population of 6,580,000 is exceeded only by the peacetime populations of London and New York. Like New York, Tokyo is a city of commuters; its workers travel daily by subways, buses, trolleys, and bicycles. Unlike New York, however, it has no skyscrapers.

The imperial diet, or parliament, meets in a building corresponding to the United States capitol—a granite-faced structure of concrete, topped by a 216-foot tower. A symbol of the older Tokyo is the imperial palace, whose broad grounds are surrounded by a moat. Visitors are not allowed within the gray stone walls.

Tokyo is one of Japan's greatest industrial areas. Before a recent move to decentralize industry it had more than 40,000 factories of all sizes, but the average did not employ more than ten workers. In peacetime a third of the factories processed foodstuffs, and another third made metal products, machines, and tools. There also were many textile mills, chemical and woodworking plants.

Five thousand bridges, largely of stone or iron and concrete, cross Tokyo's network of canals and rivers. Although the Sumida river provides a wide but shallow harbor, most of Tokyo's shipping is handled from the Port of Yokohama, less than 20 miles distant.

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SYNOPSIS OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CANADIAN INDEMNITY CO.

of Winnipeg, in the Dominion of Canada, on the thirty-first day of December, 1944, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

Income

Net premiums received.....	225,528.25
Total interest, dividends and real estate income.....	36,254.95
Income from other sources.....	62,519.92
Total income.....	324,303.12

Disbursements

Net amount paid policyholders for losses.....	62,921.05
Loss adjustment expenses.....	4,107.12
Agents' commissions or brokerage.....	51,752.90
Salaries and fees—officers, directors, home office employees.....	18,227.35
Taxes, licenses and fees.....	9,964.87
All other expenditures.....	22,739.85
Total disbursements.....	169,712.12

Admitted Assets

Value of bonds owned (market value).....	845,328.57
Cash in banks and on hand.....	11,118.92
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1944.....	111,258.92
Total admitted assets.....	1,067,706.41

Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds

Total unpaid claims.....	276,107.90
Total unearned premiums on all unexpired risks.....	249,674.94
Estimated amount due or accrued for taxes, license, etc. due or accrued for.....	11,324.95
Commissions, brokerage, or other charges due and accrued.....	28,181.00
All other liabilities.....	55,182.19
Total liabilities, except capital.....	610,376.98
Reserve for unexpired risks.....	300,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities.....	300,129.44
Surplus as regards policyholders.....	509,109.04
Total.....	1,179,815.92

Business in Oregon for the Year:

Net premiums received.....	1,122.47
Net losses paid.....	5,124.11
NEW CANADIAN INDEMNITY CO.	
C. B. Hill, President	
J. Theissen, Secretary	
Statutory resident attorney for service, L. B. Schmitt, Bend Building, Portland 4	

SYNOPSIS OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CENTRAL SURETY AND INSURANCE CORPORATION

of Kansas City, in the State of Missouri, on the thirty-first day of December, 1944, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

Income

Net premiums received.....	5,593,454.36
Total interest, dividends and real estate income.....	245,188.82
Income from other sources.....	16,527.20
Total income.....	5,855,169.38

Disbursements

Net amount paid policyholders for losses.....	2,609,425.47
Loss adjustment expenses.....	274,142.12
Agents' commissions or brokerage.....	1,219,084.22
Salaries and fees—officers, directors, home office employees.....	348,578.92
Taxes, licenses and fees.....	39,845.04
Dividends paid to stockholders (Cash, 100,000; stock, none).....	125,000.00
Dividends paid or credited to policyholders.....	0
All other expenditures.....	564,590.16
Total disbursements.....	5,271,617.50

Admitted Assets

Value of real estate owned (market value).....	19,418.95
Loans on mortgages and collateral, etc.....	3,494.91
Value of bonds owned (market value).....	8,648,527.24
Cash in banks and on hand.....	427,361.85
Cash in banks and on hand.....	747,619.45
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1944.....	894,561.74
Interest and rents due and accrued.....	74,226.55
Other assets (net).....	2,563.44
Total admitted assets.....	12,067,949.50

Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds

Total unpaid claims.....	1,331,219.89
Estimated loss adjustment expense for unpaid claims.....	303,502.01
Total unearned premiums on all unexpired risks.....	2,561,126.52
Reserves, rents, expenses, bills, accounts, fees, etc. due or accrued.....	155,246.25
Estimated amount due or accrued for taxes.....	336,793.41
Commissions, brokerage, or other charges due and accrued.....	185,626.24
All other liabilities.....	109,632.09
Total liabilities, except capital.....	7,794,232.30
Capital paid up.....	2,000,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities.....	2,273,717.01
Surplus as regards policyholders.....	4,276,713.61
Total.....	12,067,949.50

Business in Oregon for the Year:

Net premiums received.....	19,204.27
Net losses paid.....	19,204.27
CENTRAL SURETY AND INSURANCE CORPORATION	
G. T. Smith, President	
R. T. Smith, Secretary	
Statutory resident attorney for service, Insurance Commissioner	

SYNOPSIS OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK UNDERWRITERS INSURANCE CO.

of 50 John Street, New York, in the State of New York, on the thirty-first day of December, 1944, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

Income

Net premiums received.....	2,374,992.42
Total interest, dividends and real estate income.....	299,380.78
Income from other sources.....	39,493.56
Total income.....	2,713,866.76

Disbursements

Net amount paid policyholders for losses.....	1,074,233.31
Loss adjustment expenses.....	29,769.05
Agents' commissions or brokerage.....	699,936.50
Salaries and fees—officers, directors, home office employees.....	68,225.67
Taxes, licenses and fees.....	117,570.08
Dividends paid to stockholders (Cash, 100,000; stock, none).....	100,000.00
Dividends paid or credited to policyholders.....	0
All other expenditures.....	202,187.37
Total disbursements.....	2,274,622.22

Admitted Assets

Value of real estate owned (market value).....	0
Loans on mortgages and collateral.....	0
Value of bonds owned (market value).....	5,685,045.00
Cash in banks and on hand.....	2,203,400.00
Cash in banks and on hand.....	1,017,724.00
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1944.....	307,424.02
Interest and rents due and accrued.....	42,277.16
Other assets (net).....	403,997.17
Total admitted assets.....	11,300,548.40

Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds

Total unpaid claims.....	718,848.56
Estimated loss adjustment expense for unpaid claims.....	45,000.00
Total unearned premiums on all unexpired risks.....	2,004,120.01
Reserves, rents, expenses, bills, accounts, fees, etc. due or accrued.....	2,508.00
Estimated amount due or accrued for taxes.....	190,000.00
Commissions, brokerage, or other charges due and accrued.....	12,309.00
All other liabilities (Voluntary reserve, 400,000.00; other, 102,713.00).....	462,713.00
Total liabilities, except capital.....	3,426,238.57
Capital paid up.....	2,000,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities.....	5,874,309.83
Surplus as regards policyholders.....	7,949,309.82
Total.....	11,300,548.40

Business in Oregon for the Year:

Net premiums received.....	27,302.22
Net losses paid.....	27,302.22
NEW YORK UNDERWRITERS INSURANCE CO.	
F. B. Host, Secretary	
Statutory resident attorney for service, Chester A. Wheeler, 324 S. W. Stark St., Portland 4, Oregon	
Pacific Coast Department—L. Biglow and J. H. Coates, Managers, 728 California Street, San Francisco 24, California.	

SYNOPSIS OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CAMDEN FIRE INSURANCE ASS'N

of Camden, in the State of New Jersey, on the thirty-first day of December, 1944, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

Income

Net premiums received.....	7,179,368.00
Total interest, dividends and real estate income.....	821,243.10
Income from other sources.....	82,472.89
Total income.....	7,983,113.99

Disbursements

Net amount paid policyholders for losses.....	2,500,012.00
Loss adjustment expenses.....	211,372.00
Agents' commissions or brokerage.....	1,094,428.00
Salaries and fees—officers, directors, home office employees.....	443,522.00
Taxes, licenses and fees.....	238,560.00
Dividends paid to stockholders (Cash, 100,000; stock, none).....	600,000.00
Dividends paid or credited to policyholders.....	0
All other expenditures.....	1,097,250.00
Total disbursements.....	7,982,942.00

Admitted Assets

Value of real estate owned (market value).....	215,544.84
Loans on mortgages and collateral, etc.....	0
Value of bonds owned (book value).....	672,300.00
Cash in banks and on hand.....	5,000,000.00
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1944.....	992,543.21
Interest and rents due and accrued.....	55,161.29
Other assets (net).....	220,543.21
Total admitted assets.....	11,067,949.50

Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds

Total unpaid claims.....	1,331,219.89
Estimated loss adjustment expense for unpaid claims.....	303,502.01
Total unearned premiums on all unexpired risks.....	2,561,126.52
Reserves, rents, expenses, bills, accounts, fees, etc. due or accrued.....	155,246.25
Estimated amount due or accrued for taxes.....	336,793.41
Commissions, brokerage, or other charges due and accrued.....	185,626.24
All other liabilities.....	109,632.09
Total liabilities, except capital.....	7,794,232.30
Capital paid up.....	2,000,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities.....	2,273,717.01
Surplus as regards policyholders.....	4,276,713.61
Total.....	12,067,949.50

Business in Oregon for the Year:

Net premiums received.....	19,204.27
Net losses paid.....	19,204.27
CAMDEN FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION	
John F. Gilliam, President	
Charles G. Makin, Secretary	

Food Savings for Friday Saturday

COLUMBIA

Food Savings for Friday Saturday

FOOD MARKET

STOP BUY SAVE

Food Savings for Fri. — Sat.

Schillings Coffee 2 lbs. 65c

SWANS-DOWN FAMILY Flour 40 lb. 2.29

ALBERS PANCAKE Flour No. 10 69c

CAMAY TOILET Soap 3 bars — 20c

Kellogg's Pep 2 for 19c

Del Monte Corn can 16c

Merrimac Peas can 15c

Staco String Beans can 15c

Leslie Salt 2 for 15c

Milks, All Brands 4 for 39c

Yamhill Olives 23c

Vanilla, Boquet 4 oz. 12c

Tang pints 23c

Cream-of-Wheat pkg. 25c

Grapenuts 2 pkg. for 27c

QUALITY MEAT SAVINGS

1 lb. Franks — 1 can Kraut 49c

Sirloin Steak lb. 39c

Hamburger or Sausage lb. 29c

Hens Fryers

Krispy Crackers White or Graham 2 lb. 31c

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Austelles — Iced and Refreshing! 7.90

Fool the rising mercury — keep cool and unwilted throughout the summer! It's easy — just wear light, delicate rayon prints with clipped sleeves; colorful cottons with flirtatious pleurms; black bordered designs!

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