

THE BEND BULLETIN

and CENTRAL OREGON PRESS

The Bend Bulletin (Weekly) 1904 - 1931 The Bend Bulletin (Daily) Est. 1915
 Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday and Certain Holidays by The Bend Bulletin
 726-728 Wall Street Bend, Oregon
 Entered as Second Class Matter, January 6, 1917, at the Postoffice at Bend, Oregon
 Under Act of March 3, 1879
 ROBERT W. SAWYER—Editor-Manager HENRY N. FOWLER—Associate Editor
 FRANK H. LOGGAN—Advertising Manager
 An Independent Newspaper Standing for the Square Deal, Clean Business, Clean Politics
 and the Best Interests of Bend and Central Oregon
 MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS
SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 By Mail By Carrier
 One Year \$5.50 One Year \$7.50
 Six Months \$3.25 Six Months \$4.00
 Three Months \$1.80 One Month .75
 All Subscriptions are DUE and PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
 Please notify us of any change of address or failure to receive the paper regularly

"Father, Dear Father, Come Home With Me Now—"



EVEN \$65,000,000 CAN BE OVERSPENT
 The program, unannounced but none the less real, of increasing federal encroachment on state functions and prerogatives goes on. It progresses through supreme court decision, through enactment of national legislation, through the extension of grants and loans which carry conditions of supervision and regulation. In recent years we have even seen federal agencies in the role of lobbyists in state legislatures, advising, influencing, threatening to obtain the passage of this bill or block the passage of that as it might be expected to strengthen the grip of the agency in question or to weaken it.

In this regard, perhaps, no Washington bureau or authority has been more persistent than that which has the administration of social security. Its influence was made manifest at the legislative session in our own state and in others two years ago. It has been understood that it would be made manifest again this year. Further indication of this has now been given.

Not many months ago a measure in the United States senate calling for unemployment compensation on a scale hitherto unheard of met defeat. It was another attempt to federalize this phase of social security which, in the beginning was turned over to the states. The pretext under which the bill was urged was that unemployment compensation had become a function of federal government because employment is so largely connected with a national undertaking—the prosecution of the war.

It shortly became apparent, however, that defeat in the senate was not to be the end of the story. Control could be undertaken through the states and perhaps could insure one of the objectives of federalization—great increase in the rate of disbursement.

Now a bill which moves toward this objective has been introduced in the Oregon legislature. It is Senate Bill 78 and its ostensible origin is the senate committee on labor and industries. Briefly it provides for a maximum weekly benefit of \$25, for duration of benefits through a maximum of 26 weeks. The present Oregon law allows \$15 a week for 16 weeks.

Unemployment compensation financing in Oregon varies from the financing of social security (that part retained by the federal government) in one very important respect. The federal social security tax is a payroll levy against both employer and employee; the unemployment compensation "contribution," a most misleading term, is paid in Oregon by the employer alone. Nevertheless, Oregon has steadily built up a fund which has assured the meeting of all claims which might be brought against it under the existing schedule of benefits. This was so in the beginning years of the operation of the law. It is so today, even though we can foresee, in the immediate post-war years, the certainty of tremendous claims against the fund.

Today there is more than \$60,000,000 in this fund. For such a state as Oregon the amount is, to put it mildly, impressive. For the sake of easy figuring, as will develop presently, suppose we say that it has reached \$65,000,000. Still more impressive. But how many of the maximum claims of the size that Senate Bill 78 proposes, would this \$65,000,000 pay? Twenty-five dollars for 26 weeks is \$650. The number of claims which could be paid would be 100,000. There could be nearly twice that many. Moreover, under the Oregon law, it is frequently possible for a claimant to come forward for a second benefit year, this because of the peculiar manner in which the base year (on which benefits are computed), is set up.

But long since the fund would have been bankrupt. Thousands of claimants would, perforce, be turned away. What then?

Why then we would hear from the social security administration in Washington to the effect that the state of Oregon had failed to meet its obligations and that the social security board would simply have to take over. A nice bit of strategy—and it could work. Let it be stressed, however, that the only way in which the social security board could possibly improve on the state's administration would be by levying the employe tax which the state does not levy.

The Oregon legislature will do well to scan carefully Senate Bill 78 and its possibilities. It is excellent to be generous, to play Lady Bountiful, but it the part of wisdom to make no promises that cannot be kept. The unemployment compensation fund is adequate for the benefit schedules it was accumulated to insure. It is quite inadequate for any such schedules as are proposed in Senate Bill 78.

Bend's Yesterdays

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO
 (Jan. 24, 1920)
 (From The Bulletin Files)

Jesse Harter of Tumalo, creates somewhat of a sensation in Bend when he drives here with a team hooked to what had once been a flivver.

The Knights of Pythias in Bend elect E. D. Gilson head of the order.

Plans are completed for the laying of the cornerstone for the new Catholic church tomorrow, with the Right Rev. Joseph McGrath, bishop of the eastern Oregon Diocese, officiating.

As steps are made to give wholesale vaccination in Bend for smallpox, druggists report they have only enough virus for 120 persons.

Gus E. Stadig of the Deschutes Valley Potato Growers' association, reports that local potatoes are bringing between \$4 and \$4.25 per hundred pounds.

As a feature of Thrift Week, R. A. Ward of the First National bank, addresses a gathering of high school children.

Twenty-three friends assemble last night at the home of Miss Elsie Horn in celebration of her birthday.

Miss Agnes Campbell, who will teach in the high school, reaches Bend from Eugene.

Mrs. F. Dietrich and daughter, Adeline, visit in Bend from their Terrebonne home.

J. C. Thorp of Tumalo, is a Bend business caller.

The new widely known insecticide DDT is harmless to man and warm-blooded animals as commonly used, but is poisonous if swallowed in sufficient quantities.

Has His Points



(USMC photo from NEA)
 It's just 16 months old, and pretty cute, so imagine what it will be when it grows up. The mustache, we mean, not its proud owner, who is Marine Pfc. William B. Messinger, 23, of Denver, Colo., pictured on his return to the U. S. after 27 months Pacific service.

Washington Column

By Peter Edson
 (NEA Staff Correspondent)

Washington, D. C.—When the Hon. James Clement Dunn was up for the senate foreign relations committee investigation and ratification for appointment as assistant secretary of state in charge of everything except western hemisphere affairs, a lot of rocks were thrown at the gentleman because of his alleged pro-fascist and anti-democratic leanings. Specifically he was charged with being pro-Franco, anti-de Gaulle, anti-soviet and, by intimation, anti-semitic. And because he was an adviser to former Secretary of State Cordell Hull, Dunn was credited or blamed with being responsible for shaping the policy which the United States government has followed in dealing with Spanish, French and other problems.

None of these charges was ever satisfactorily cleared up. Most of the senate foreign relations committee's testimony was taken in executive session. Dunn made a blanket denial of all the charges in the committee's one open session. And he was eventually confirmed, which would indicate he was found not guilty.

But because of this man's key position as head of European, African, Near Eastern and Far Eastern divisions of the department of state and because of the important dealing which the United States must have with countries of the old world in the immediate future, it may be worth while trying to get at the bottom of his record.

First take this pro-Franco charge. Jimmy Dunn has been given the blame for shaping the policy of the American arms embargo which made it illegal to send arms to republican Spain, as a result of which Franco was able to overthrow the established government, putting Spain in the axis camp.

The Spanish revolution broke out on July 10, 1936. In July, 1935, Dunn had been named chief of the division of western European affairs in the department of state and as such he would be nominally in charge of dealings with the Spanish government. But in June, 1936, just before the revolution broke out, Mr. Dunn himself broke out with stomach ulcers and went to the Mayo Clinic in Rochester. While he was gone, the U. S. president on Aug. 22 announced his own "hands off" policy with regard to the Spanish revolution. Jimmy Dunn apparently had nothing to do with it.

The president was, in a sense, bound to set this course by previous congressional action. In August, 1935, congress had passed the neutrality act, making unlawful the export of arms to any belligerent country.

On Jan. 6, 1937, the president sent his annual message to congress, and two days later, by unanimous vote in the senate and by 400 to 1 in the house, congress passed the joint resolution declaring strict neutrality in the Spanish revolution and embargoing shipments of arms to either faction. This is a result of congressional declaration of policy—not presidential nor state department policy. James C. Dunn had nothing to do with its writing, and as assistant secretary of state he would be one of those directly charged with seeing that this policy would be carried out.

Sgt. Poole, Pacific Veteran, Meets Daughter for 1st Time

After 23 months as a member of a raider battalion in Pacific battle areas, Sgt. Dixon Poole, U. S. Marine Corps, kept a long-deferred date yesterday afternoon. He met for the first time his nearly two-year-old daughter, Susan, and found the young lady much to his liking. Susan arrived with her mother and seven-year-old brother, Dixon, Jr., from Chelan, Washington, where they have been living with Mrs. Poole's parents.

The reunion was not the first one, however, that has marked the homecoming of the young sergeant of Marines. Since Saturday when he arrived in Bend he has been visiting with his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Louis D. Poole at 415 Federal. His father is one of the old-time sawyers of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber Company Inc. The family has resided in Bend for many years.

Twenty-nine months ago Dixon Poole left his service station and tire business to enlist in the Marine Corps. After six months of training, he embarked for service in the islands. Since then, he recalled, it has been pretty steady going, with some intervals of rest camp and hospitalization.

He was in three campaigns—New Georgia, St. Matthias Islands (directly on the equator), and Guam—spent time also in Samoa, New Caledonia, Guadalcanal, the Marshalls and Hawaii.

At Guam Sgt. Poole was in the first invasion wave and it was on Guam that his right arm was broken in a "tank accident." He was hospitalized for five months at Pearl Harbor before being sent home. "Had to write my letters left handed for quite a while," he said. "Hope they weren't too hard to read."

Sgt. Poole doesn't think much of the Japs, indicates that this opinion was pretty generally shared by his outfit. The navy, he applauds, is not only "doing a grand job", but has been doing just that from the beginning. So, he adds, are the people at home. As to the campaigns in which he took part, he boils down his comment to, "Well, we had a job to do, too, and I guess we did it!"

Sgt. Poole is home for 30 days, then reports to the Marine Corps hospital at Klamath Falls, where he is now enrolled as a patient for treatment of tropical ailment. When the war is over he is coming back to Bend and resume the operation of his business.

Cloverdale

Cloverdale, Jan. 24 (Special)—Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Jackson of Salem spent several days here last week looking over their property interests here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Coombs and son spent the week end in Prairie City visiting Mrs. Coombs' parents.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Mack entertained at a farewell party Saturday night honoring Ira Dawson who is leaving on Thursday for Portland for induction into the army.

Mr. and Mrs. George Billingsley spent last week in Portland on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Mrs. Olga Johnson and Homer Brown returned Sunday from a two weeks stay in California. Mrs. Johnson visited her two daughters in Oakland and Brown visited his son, Seaman first class Edwin Brown in San Diego.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Goodrich, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Marion South of Grandview attended the wool growers convention in Prineville Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Farquarson of Cline Falls were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Simmons.

Mrs. Ray LaBlanc and daughter Suzanne spent four days last week in Bend.

Roy Christy has gone to Portland where he is now working in the ship yards.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. King came from Portland last Wednesday to take back with them a load of their furniture. While here they

were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Edgington.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cooley and Mrs. Roland Van Bibbler left Monday for Portland where Mrs. Van Bibbler will receive medical care.

Robert Johnson is leaving for Portland Thursday to take his medical care.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Smith and family of Terrebonne have moved to the Johnson ranch and will farm it this summer.

Health Council Holds Meeting

Deschutes county contributed \$3,901.37 in the recent Christmas seal sale conducted by the Deschutes county health association, according to Mrs. Maurice Roberts, president. This is an increase over the 1943 seal sale, in spite of the loss of Camp Abbot which contributed heavily to the fund last year.

Bend led the county with \$2,271.99 contributed. Other localities report the following amounts: Redmond, \$1,032.66; Sisters, \$126; Route 1, \$213.60; Route 2, \$1,119.51; Lapine, \$42; Brooks-Scanlon Camp, \$18.66; and Terrebonne, \$76.95.

Funds obtained from the sale will be used to provide tuberculin tests for school children of the county and for the X-ray mobile unit which will be here later this spring.

Patterson Heads Litter Quiz Unit

Salem, Ore., Jan. 24 (AP)—The Oregon legislature's litter investigating committee was organized today with Rep. Paul Patterson as chairman. It decided not to make the investigation a joint

proceeding with a similar probe by the Washington legislature.

The committee, created by a resolution passed at the request of Gov. Earl Snell, is to look into the purchase of the Waterfill and Frazier, and Shawhan distilleries in 1943 by the Oregon and Washington liquor control commissions.

An auditor and a court reporter will be hired by the committee, members said.

Members of the committee include Sens. Angus Gibson and Paul Patterson, and Reps. Henry Semon, Ralph Moore and Harvey Wells. Semon is the only democrat.

Control the temperature of your motor, save your gasoline on short trips, makes your hot water heater function quickly and efficiently. Available for

Ford V-8 1937 to 1942
 Mercury 1939 to 1942
 Buick Chrysler
 Chevrolet DeSoto
 LaSalle Dodge
 Oldsmobile Plymouth
 Packard Hudson
 Pontiac Nash
 Studebaker Lafayette
 Champion Terraplane

Houk-Van Allen
Firestone
Home & Auto Supply
 900 Wall St. Phone 880

Central Oregon's Furniture Headquarters

For more than a quarter-of-a-century Bend Furniture has been headquarters for Central Oregon furniture buyers. With representative stocks of nationally-known furniture, it pays to buy here.

SHOP BEND FURNITURE FIRST FOR VALUES

TWIN-BUNK BED OUTFIT!

Smartly styled walnut finished bunk beds—or attractive twin beds—this versatile outfit can be used either way.

2950

Maple Bunks

Highly finished clear maple bunk or twin bed set. Ideal for the children's room or for spare where small space is available.

4250

Coil Springs For Bunk Beds

A good selection of coil springs for these sets. Priced at

10⁸⁵ - 14⁵⁰

Chest of Drawers

Chest of drawers to match twin-bunk bed outfits. Priced at—

24⁵⁰

Walnut Bunk Beds Including Springs

Thirty-six inch bunk beds in rich dark walnut finish including springs. One of the choice values. **52.95**

4 Piece OREGON TRAIL SUITE

The original Ponderosa Oregon Trail Suite consisting of bed, chest, vanity and bench. Only a limited number remain at this very special price. **89.50**

BEND FURNITURE CO.

Phone 271 — Central Oregon's Home Furnishers — Easy Terms

Heater Thermostats

Control the temperature of your motor, save your gasoline on short trips, makes your hot water heater function quickly and efficiently. Available for

RAW FURS WANTED

Mink - Muskrat - Lynxcat - Skunk
 Weasel - Domestic Rabbit
 We Will Continue the Purchase of Deer and Elk Hides.
 Coyote pelts... No. 1s and No. 2s will run between one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) and four dollars and fifty cents (\$4.50) with a few exceptional pelts at higher prices. No. 3s and 4s are practically worthless.
Cecil C. Moore
 1132 Newport Ave. Bend, Ore., Phone 643

Beware Coughs That Hang On

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.
CREOMULSION
 for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

Dr. Grant Skinner
 DENTIST
 1036 Wall Street
 Evenings by Appointment
 Office Phone 73 Res. Phone 819-W

